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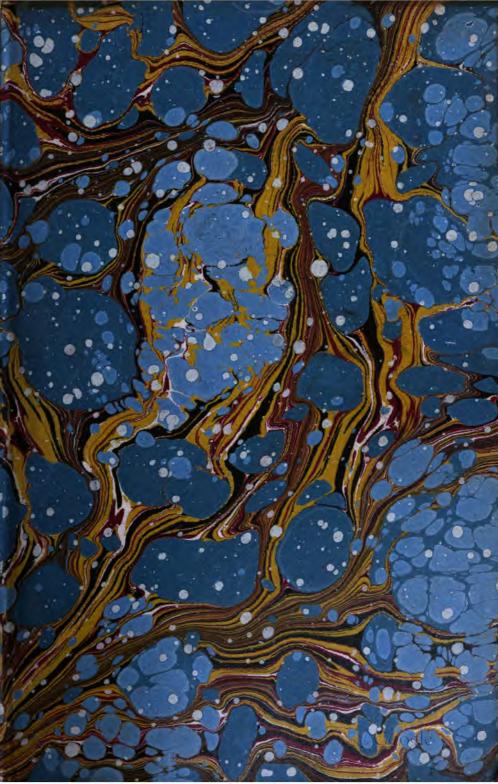
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Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF

CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY

AND ITS LITERATURE

EDITED BY M. C. COOKE, M.A., A.L.S.,

Author of "Handbook of British Fungi," "Fungi, their uses," \$\mathcal{G}_c., \$\mathcal{G}_c

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Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY
AND ITS LITERATURE.

FUNGI OF PERAK.

By M. C. COOKE.

This collection was made under the superintendence of Dr. Geo. King, of the Calcutta Botanic Garden.

Lentinus exilis, Klotsch.

Lentinus dactyliophorus, Lev.

Lenzites platyphyllus, Cooke.

Pileo subreniformi (vel orbiculari) suberoso, albido, postice lato (vel centro), affixi, subtiliter velutino, præcipue margine radiato-sulcato, dein striato, contextu concolore tenui (2 mm.) lamellis subdistantibus, latissimis (1 unc.) furcatis, ochroleucis.

On rotten wood. Goping. Malay Peninsula. Aug., 1840.

(No. 607.)

Pileus from 2 to 6 inches broad. Size and habit of L. ochrophyllus, B., but gills more distant, much broader, and the pileus distinctly radiato-sulcate, or striate. The mycelium, running under the bark, is of a bright orange colour.

Lenzites applanata, Fries.

Polyporus (Melanopus) hemicapnodes, Berk., var. dimorphus.

Pileo coriaceo-membranaceo lento quandoque infundibuliformi, alias reniformi, vel lobato, vel fissurato, pallido vel ochroleuco, subtiliter striatulo, initio leniter sericeo, demum glabrescente. Stipite centrali, lateralive, gracili, erecto, basi discoideo, nigro-velutino, sicco rugoso; hymenio albido, poris parce decurrentibus, rotundis, æqualibus, minutis (mm. diam.).

On dead logs. Goping. Malay Peninsula. (No 665.)

Pileus scarcely exceeding 1 in. diam. Stem about the same length, 1 line thick. It is evidently allied to P. Leprieurii, but differs in several important points. The pileus is sometimes infundibuliform, or discoid, with the stem central, but more usually reniform, with the stem lateral. The pilei of two or three specimens are sometimes confluent.

Polyporus (Mesopus) rugosus, Nees.

Polyporus (Mesopus) xanthopus, Fries.

Polyporus (Pleuropus) flabelliformis, Kl.

Polyporus (Pleuropus) affinis, Nees.

Polyporus (Pleuropus) sanguineus, Fries.

Polyporus (Pleuropus) incurvus. Cooke.

Carnosus, demum cartilagineus, rigidus tenuis stipitatus. Pileo semi-orbiculari vel reniformi, repetito purpureo-zonato, ruguloso, pruinoso, albido, margine acuto inflexo, crispato-lobato, stipite laterali brevi vel elongato ruguloso, concolori, hymenio concavo pallido. Poris minutis subæqualibus, rotundatis $\frac{1}{5}$ - $\frac{1}{6}$ mm. Dissepimentis tenuibus.

On rotten logs. Goping. Malay Peninsula. (No. 610.)

Pileus 2½ × 2 in. Stem 2-3 in. long, ¼ in. thick. Strongly resembling pale forms of *Poly. zonalis*, Berk., but with a distinct and often long lateral stem.

Polyporus (Placodermei) cornubovis, Cooke.

Maximus, lignoso-suberosus, induratus, imbricatus, nigrescens. Pileis dimidiatis postice confluentibus, decurrentibus, concentrice sulcato-zonatis, glabris, margine tenui acuto. Contextu fibroso tenui atro-purpureo. Hymenio atro-fuligineo, sæpe glaucescente, poris minutissimis rotundis æqualibus (½ mm.) elongatis. Polyporus phæus, Berk. in Herb. No. 2666.

On rotten logs. Goping. Malay Peninsula.

Masses from 1 to 2 feet in breadth, pilei 6-8 inches long, scarcely exceeding half an inch thick behind, very hard, shining when cut like "buffalo-horn." Berkeley's specimen was from Khasia (India). The specific name being preoccupied, has been changed as above.

Polyporus (Placodermei) senex, Berk. & Mont.

Polyporus (Placodermei) introstuppeus, Berk. & Cooke in Herb. Berk. 2571*.

Pileo ungulato, crasso glabro, remote concentrice sulcato, tuberculato, e fuligineo demum canescente, intus stuposo-molli pallido lignicolori, cute crassa dura, margine obtuso pallidiore, hymenio ochraceo, tubulis elongatis stratosis, poris rotundatis minimis æqualibus (4 mm.) dissepimentis crassis obtusis.

On trees in open jungle. Perak. (No. 587.) And on walnut.

N.W. India,

Pileus from 8 to 12 in. broad, 6-9 inches long, 5 inches thick, allied to P. scansilis, B. and P., P. pinicola, Fr.

Polyporus (Placodermoi) australis, Fries.

Polyporus (Placodermoi) kermes, Berk.

Polyporus (Placodermei) Auberianus, Mont.

Polyporus (Placodormei) Thwaitesii, Berk. & Br.

Polyporus (Polystictus) arenosus, Cooke.

Pileo subtenui rigido, zonato, lineato-rugoso, antice pallido, lignicolori, postice atro-purpureo, plerumque discoideo-affixo;

hymenio pallido, poris mediis rotundatis, subæqualibus (1 mm. diam.) granulis arenarum involventibus; contextu umbrino.

On logs laying on sandy ground. Goping. Malay Peninsula.

Aug., 1880.

Pileus 2-3 in. broad, 1-2 lines thick. Externally very similar to *Polyporus Parishii*, Berk, but differing in its decided brown substance, and in the hymenium enclosing particles of sand in the process of growth, which characterized the whole of some twenty specimens.

Polyporus (Inodermei) caliginosus, Cesati, viv Eerk.

Polyporus (Inodermei) cingulatus, Berk. non Fries.

Polyporus (Inodormoi) aratus, Berk.

Polyporus (Inodermei) cinerascens, Fries.

Polyporus (Inodermei) brunneo-pictus, Berk.

Polyporus (Inodermei) hirsutus, Fries.

Polyporus (Inodermei) substygius, B. & Br. .

Polyporus (Inodermei) submembranaceus, Berk.

Trametes rigida, Berk.

Trametes occidentalis, Fries.

Dædalea sanguinea, Klotsch.

Favolus scaber, B. & Br.

Hexagona tenuis, Berk.

Beccaria insignis, Cesati.

Cladoderris dendritica, Pers.

Cladoderris spongiosa, Fries.

Stereum Mellisii, Berk.

Stereum lobatum, Kunze.

Stereum aterrimum, Cooke.

Rigido-coriaceum, ambienti-liberum, nigrum. Pileo semi-circulari, sublobato, flexuosoque, concentrice sulcato-zonato, glabrescente, contextu nigro-fusco, nigro-purpureo vergente; hymenio glabro, atro-fuligineo, pruinoso, demum nigrescente.

On rotten wood in open dry ground. Goping. Malay Penin-

sula. Aug., 1860. (H. Kunstler.)

Allied to S. princeps and S. scytale. Pileus 2 to 3 inches broad, very rigid, but fragile, 1 mm. thick and upwards. Substance purplish black. The pilei are often more or less connate at the base in a thick irregular common stem.

Stereum involutum, Klotsch.

Guopinia flabellata, Cooke.

Cæspitosa, flabellata, rubrofusca, postice attenuata, discoideo-affixa. stipite proprio nullo, pileo margine lobato inciso, hinc illic profunde diviso, utrinque glabro, hymenio subpallidiori.

On rotten logs. Goping. Malay Peninsula. (No. 646.)

Pileus 2-2½ in. long, 1½-2 inches broad. Attenuated downwards to the discoid base. Thinner than G. helvelloides.

Hypoxylon (Daldinia) concentricum, Grev.

Phoma Camillese, Cke.

Hypophylla. Peritheciis sparsis minutis, membranaceis (vix ·1 mm.) poro pertusis. Sporis ellipticis, nucleis binis magnis repletis (·01 × ·005 mm.).

On leaves of Camillea thea. Johore.

Spherella (Lestadia) Camillese, Cke.

Epiphyllà, sparsa. Peritheciis semi-immersis, membranaceis (25 mm. diam.) atrofuscis. Ascis clavatis octosporis. Sporidiis biserialibus ellipticis, continuis (012 × 005 mm.) pallidis, hyalinis.

On leaves of Camillea thea. Johore.

Both of the above together on the same leaves.

FUNGI OF PERUVIAN ANDES.

By M. C. Cooke.

The following small collection was made by Pearce several years ago, and now added to the Herbarium at Kew:—

Schizophyllum commune, Fries. Lentinus villosus, Fries. Lentinus blepharodes, B. & C. Bolbitius mitræformis, Harvey. Lenzites erubescens, Berk. Lenzites applanata, Fr. Polyporus sanguineus, Fr. Polyporus trichomallus, B. & Mont. Polyporus Feei, Fries. Pelyporus Floridanus, Berk. Polyporus versicolor, Fr. Polyporus pinsitis, Fr. Trametes versatilis, Berk. Hexagona variegata, Berk. Irpex sinuosus, Fr. Irpex durescens (Cooke), described as Hydnum. Storeum lobatum, Kunze. Cora pavonia, Fries. Hirneola rufa, Berk.

Geaster Peruvianum, Cooke.

Peridio exteriori coriaceo, paucifido (4-6) explanato, interiori pedicellato umbrino (3 unc. diam); ore discoideo fimbriatociliato, depresso, subacuto, pallidiore; capillitio profuso, crassiusculo, fusco; sporis globosis, minutissimis, pallide fulvis (002-0025 mm.).

On the ground. Peruvian Andes. (Herb Kewensis.)
About equal in size to Geaster Bryantii.

BACTERIA AND YEAST FUNGI.*

This neat and useful little volume makes its appearance just at the time when it is wanted, is amply illustrated, and seems to be carefully and judiciously prepared. We note with satisfaction the announcement in the preface of the sources of information and assistance. It is always a mistake to ignore such help, as is often done by young authors, and hence we commend Mr. Grove for taking the precaution to disarm criticism on this point. The organisms included in this "Synopsis" are acknowledged to be difficult and obscure, so that some little courage was necessary to make the attempt, and we congratulate the author on his success. Although we fear that we must be included with those who doubt the majority of these organisms being autonomous Fungi at all, yet no other course was open but to treat them as such, in the present condition of our knowledge, and until the contrary is proven. "The nonsense which Hallier and Co. tried to introduce into the science" at one time threatened to bring the study of the Schizomycetes into contempt, and we quite appreciate the way in which our author has summarily disposed of them. Of course we may hold a different opinion, or at least suspend our judgment, concerning a small number of the species introduced into this volume, but are by no means disposed to be dogmatic. From the conclusion of the paragraph on page 80, we infer that a more congenial feeling is now predominant in certain quarters than we have recognized in the past. Referring to Brefeld, it states, "and the present long and tedious treatise is filled ad nauseam with peevish contentious disputations against De Bary and Van Tieghem, and all others who differ from his opinions." There is only one line in the present volume that we should have preferred to have seen excluded; for the rest we must welcome it, not only for the absence of all "peevish contentious disputations," but for the service it will render to the mycologist and the microscopist, to whom we recommend it as essential to the completeness of even a small library of practical manuals for daily use.

A word or two apropos of the Appendix A "On the unit of Microscopical measurement." Twenty years ago, and nearly every important country in Europe employed a different unit. In 1866 the Editor of this Journal, in a paper read at the Quekett Microscopical Club, pointed out the folly and inconvenience of such a course, and initiated the movement for the adoption of the French millemetre as the unit of microscopical measurement, and by circular corresponded with every Society of Microscopists then known on the Continent, with the view of bringing about this change. To this end he was appointed Honorary Secretary for Foreign Correspondence to the Club in question, and, for once,

England was in advance, and not in the rear.

^{* &}quot;A Synopsis of the Bacteria and Yeast Fungi, and allied Species" (Schizomycetes and Saccharomycetes), by W. B. Grove, B.A.; fcap. 8vo., 112 pp., 87 figs. Chatto and Windus.

SOME EXOTIC FUNGI.

By M. C. COOKE.

Polyporus (Mes.) veluticeps, Cooke.

Pileo lento orbiculari, centro umbilicato velutini-tomentoso pallido, obscure concentrice lineato-zonato, margine acuto fusco, stipite erecto, abrupte nigro glabro, contextu pallido, hymenio albido pallido poris subrotundis minimis æqualibus (1 mm.) circa marginem sterili.

On wood. Senna Mozambique (Sir J. Kirk, July, 1859).

Pileus 1 in. broad stem, 1 in. long, $\frac{1}{4}$ in. thick.

Mycenastrum (Sterbeeckia) lycoperdioides, Cooke.

Album, pyriforme (1-1½ une. lat. 2 unc. alt.), læve, glabrum, in stipite sterili productum; capillitio sporisque flavido-olivaceo, filis crassis, lævibus, plerumque simplicibus, hinc illic turgidis (·005-·015 mm. diam.). Sporis globosis lævibus (·0045 mm.), spiculis rectis persistentibus ornatis.

Amongst moss. Nila valley, Garhwal (India), 12:000 feet.

This, together with M. Oregonense, Ellis, and M. leiospermum, will belong to a sub-genus, for which the name of Sterbeeckia may be revived, in which the spores are small and smooth, and the capillitium branched, but without the spinulose projections.

Æcidium Cephalandræ, Cooke.

Hypophylla. Maculis orbicularibus, fuscis, parvulis, peridiis (4-6 vix ultra), albidis, semi-immersis, leniter fimbriatis, sporis flavidis.

On Cephalandra palmata. Natal (Wood, 829).

Spots not more than 1-3 mm. in diameter. Probably this is related to *Puccinia Cephalandræ*, Thum, and *Uredo dolichospora*, Thum, or one of them.

Puccinia Lagenophoræ, Cooke.

I. Æcidium Lagenophoræ. Epiphyllum. Maculis nullis. Peridiis sparsis, semi-immersis, lacerato-marginatis, albis, sporis globosis ('012 mm.).

II. Uredo Lagenophoræ. Soris sparsis minimis pulverulentibus fuscis, vel sequenter immixtis, sporis globosis ('02 mm.), fuscis,

episporio asperulo.

III. Puccinia Lagenophoræ. Epiphylla, soris sparsis, atrofuscis, subpulverulentibus, sporis clavatis, medio constrictis, fuscis loculo supero obscuriore, obtuso, subgloboso, episporio incrassato, lævi, loculo infero in stipitem brevem attenuato (·04-·045 × ·02 mm).

On living leaves of Lagenophora Billardieri. Omeo, Australia.

Puccinia Ipomese, Cooke in Rav. Amer. Fungi. No. 792.

Accidium convolvuli, var. Ipomeæ. Schweinitz.
 Epiphylla, soris in circulos supra Accidiis e.

III. Epiphylla, soris in circulos supra Æcidiis efformantibus, vel hypophyllis, cum Æcidiis vetustis immixtis, atro fuscis, pulverulentibus. Sporis elliptico-fusiformibus, magnis medio constrictis, leniter asperulis, atro fuscis (·05-·06 × ·02-·08 mm.), pedicellis crassis, elongatis, hyalinis (·06 mm. long, ·004-·01 mm. crass.)

On Ipomea. Darien, Georgia, U.S. (Rav., No. 4000). On Batatas paniculata. Natal (Wood, No. 882).

The North American and South African plant appear to be identical and possibly not distinct from P. crassipes, B. and C.

MOSSES OF NORTH AMERICA.*

The volume before us is clearly printed, in excellent type, on good paper, and in every sense promising. Examination of details soon brings the satisfactory conclusion that the promise is well fulfilled, and that this is a useful and valuable contribution to Bryological literature. The plates, on which each genus is illustrated, remind us at once of those in Wilson's "Bryologia," but the letterpress is bolder and more distinct. It is just one of those books which can be used with pleasure, and we congratulate the publishers on the performance of their share of the enterprise. More important still, however, is the matter than the manner, and here again we think that the Bryologist will confess himself satisfied. The surviving author will feel thankful that his labours are brought to a close, for it is no light thing to undertake a "manual" of this kind, as we know from experience, and it is to be hoped that he will be gratified by its reception. To say that the work is fully up to the standard of the time, and has been carefully prepared and edited, is perhaps not a very glowing eulogium, but one which will commend itself to the student. We have heard it stated that it is the duty of a reviewer to hunt up all the faults in a work he can possibly find, and expose them. This is not exactly our estimate of duty, and if it were we must confess that it would puzzle us to find anything in the present book to grumble at. Experience in the use of a work of this kind is always the best test, but one which requires time. It does not appear to us that the authors have any reason to doubt the verdict of experience. seems to us an honest bit of good work, and we do not hesitate to commend it to our readers. Alas! that we have not such a manual for British Mosses. Wilson's is out of print, and it must be long ere Braithwaite's can be hoped to be completed. The preface to this present volume thus concludes—and with it our hearty commendation: - "This 'Manual of American Mosses' is believed to include descriptions of all the species of mosses (about nine hundred) that are as yet known to occur on the North American Continent within the limits of the United States and northward. It includes the results of the researches of Sullivant and myself, continued until 1872, as well as those of James, Austin, and Rau; and also such species as have been described by European Bryologists, Schimper, Mitten, Mueller, Hampe, Lindberg, &c."

^{* &}quot;Manual of the Mosses of North America," by Leo Lesquereux and Thomas P. James; six plates, 448 pp., 8vo. Boston: Cassino and Co. London: Trübner and Co.



SYNOPSIS PYRENOMYCETUM.

(Continued from Vol. XII., p. 113.)

The following genus will be placed after Hypocrea as-

GEN. 6 bis. CLIBANITES, Karst. Gregaria vel confluens, in stromate subgelatinoso nidulans.

174.* C. paradoxa, Karst. Myc., f. 168.

By a mistaken notion as to its character and affinities this genus has hitherto been placed with the Discomycetes.

The following corrections and additions will also be made.

149.* Hypocrea (Hypocreopsis) solida (Schwein).

Hypoxylon solidum (S.), Berk. in Sacc. Syll. No. 1352. Herb. Berk. No. 8579.

Ascis clavatis octosporis. Sporidiis biserialibus lanceolatis uniseptatis, medio constrictis, hyalinis, pallide fuscis (085-006-007 mm.).

This curious species is fleshy, not in the least carbonaceous, the perithecia are membranaceous, almost obsolete, and its nearest ally is clearly *Hypocreopeis riccioidea* (Bolton).

243.* Mectria ferruginea, Cooke.

Erumpens, cæspitosa. Peritheciis ceraceis subglobosis, atrofuscis, opacis, cum pressione difformibus, ab initio pulvere ferrugineo tectis, demum nudibus, ostiolo pertuso. Ascis clavatis, octosporis, sporidiis fusiformibus, uniseptatis, hyalinis ($\cdot 025 \times \cdot 005$ m.).

On living leaves, bracts, &c., of Styphelia (probably S. viridi-

flora). Omeo. Australia.

431.* Dialonectria ostiolorum, Berk. & Cooke in Herb. Berk.

Parasitica, sparsa ochroleuca. Peritheciis globosis minutis (·1-·2 mm.) leniter furfuraceis, superficialibus, ostiolo pertuso. Ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, uniseptatis (·012 × ·005 mm.).

On Xylaria rhopaloides. Cuba.

584.* Gibberella calamia, Cooks.

Peritheciis gregariis, confertis, vertice obtuso conico, demum subcollabentibus opacis, violaceo-cæruleis. Ascis clavatis, mox diffluentibus. Sporidiis nunc ellipticis nunc cylindricis, medio constrictis, valde irregularibus, muriformi-cellulosis, hyalinis (·025··03 ×·022 mm. vel. ·04-·05 × ·02-·022 mm.).

Surrounding the fruits of Calamus fasciculatus. Vizagapatam,

S. India.

578. Acrospermum fultum, Hark., seems to be identical with A. corrugatum, Ellis.

606. Xylaria Fockei (Miquel), Sacc., No. 4516.

Stipite cylindrico, receptaculum ellipsoideum vel obovoideum obtusum superante, tota intus coriaceo-cornea vel carbonaceo nigrescens, extus nigrescens, crustula gilvo-albida partim obducta, interque ostiola atra punctuliformia tenere subradiatim nigro-punctulata, sporis naviculari-ellipticis acutis simplicibus. Sphæria (Cordyceps) Fockei, Miquel Fungi Exot., p. 198.

In truncis. Surinam.

Stem $1\frac{1}{3}$ in. long, 1 line thick, black, capitulum $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 in. long, much thicker than the stem.

639. Xylaria herculea (Miquel), Sacc., No. 4527.

Receptaculo coriaceo corneo, intus albido, extrorsum nigrescente ac carbonaceo-crustaceo, brevissime stipitato, oblongo vel subclavato, obtusissimo vel sub-attenuato, ostiolis subprominulis, nigro-punctato, cæterum griseo-fuscule obducto, ascis angustis basi attenuatis obscuris, paraphysibus intermixtis, sporis simplicibus ellipticis obtusis. Sphæria (Cordyceps) herculea. Miquel Fung. Exot., p. 197.

In trunco denudato Artocarpi incisæ. Paramaribo.

Stem 2-3 lines long, capitulum 1-4in. long, $\frac{3}{4}$ -1\frac{1}{2}in. thick.

631. Xylaria Mascarensis, Cooke.

Suberosa, clavæformis, simplex. Clavula falcata, æqualis (7 unc. × ¾ unc.) sicco rugulosa, rubro-fusca, deorsum in stipitem æqualem (circ. 3 unc. long) producta. Peritheciis atris, globosis subprominulis, ostiole atro punctiformi instructis. Contextu albo. Ascis immaturis.

On wood. Central Madagascar. Rev. R. Baron (3186) in Herb. Kew.

There is no doubt of the position of this species, in proximity to X. gomphus, Fr., although without fruit.

820. Nummularia glycyrrhiza, Schweinitz.

Specimens having been found in a fertile condition, the following dimensions have been determined:—Sporidia $\cdot 011 - 013 \times \cdot 0045 - \cdot 005$ mm., very similar to those of N. placenta.

Fam. 2. XYLARIÆ.

Stromaticæ, compositæ ; perithecia subimmersa, carbonacea. Sporidia fusca.

- GEN. 1. XYLARIA, Hill.—Stroma teres, fruticulosum, clavatum y. filiforme, perithecia subimmersa.
 - A. Xyloglossa. Clava undique fertili, stipite glabro.

 a. Capitulum clavatum; stipite tenui, elongato.

 * Simplex.

582. euglossa, <i>Fries.</i> 1227	592. exalbata, <i>Berk</i> 1217
583. australis, Cooke, Grev. xi. 84	593. grammica, Mont 1189
584. involuta, Klotsch. Linn. vii.	= ectogramma, B 1197
= tabacina, Kickx. 1228	594. melanaxis, Ces 1160
= telfairii, Berk 1204	595. rhopaloides, <i>Mont</i> 1234
585. Wrightii, B. & C 1212	596. Schweinitzii, B. & C. 1222
586. portoricensis, Klotsch. 1170	597. leptopus, Fr 1151
587. hypærythra, Mont. 1236	598. protea, Fr 1154
588. guyanensis, Mont. 1165	599. complanata, Ces 1221
589. clavicularis, <i>Klot</i> 1172	600. fissilis, Ces 1186
590. gigantea, Zipp 1226	601. Berkeleyi, Mont., Grev. xi.
591. olobapha, Berk., Grev. xi. 84	85

602. rhytidophlæa, Mont. 1200	605. cubensis, B. & C 1177				
603. zealandica, Cooke 1209	606. Fockei, Miq., Grev. xii.				
604. nigripes, Klotsch., Linn.	607. multifida, Kunze, Grev. xi 85				
vii. 203	608. acicularis, Berk., Grev. xi. 85				
= escharoidea, Berk. 1184	609. scopiformis, Mont 1288				
= piperiformis, Berk. 1280	610. cordovensis, Berk., Grev.				
= mutabilis, Curr., Linn.	xi. 85				
Trans.	611. retipes, Lev 1198				
= flagelliformis, Curr.,	612. sicula, P. & B 5943				
Linn. Trans.	613. columnifera, Mont. 1218				
** F	urcata.				
614. diceras, Lev 1180	621. scotica, Cooke 1202				
615. biceps, Speg 1179	621. scotica, Cooke 1202 622. ruginosa, Mont 1201				
615. biceps, Speg 1179 616. divaricata, Fee 1181	623. tortuosa, Sow 1208				
617. arenicola, W.&Curr. 1158	623. tortuosa, Sow 1208 624. gracilis, Klot 1188				
618. Mellisii, Berk., Grev. xi. 85	625. rhizocola, <i>Mont.</i> 1199				
619. Gardneri, Berk 1164	626. Willsii, Berk., Grev. xi. 85				
620. portentosa, <i>Mont.</i> 1250	627. tentaculata, Rav 1205				
b. Capitulum subclavatum; stip	ite crasso, abbreviato vel obsoleto.				
628. polymorpha, Grev 1150	648. aenea, Mont 1215				
629. variabilis, W.& Curr. 1156	649. allantoidea, Berk 1178				
630. cerebriformis, Cooke, Grev.	650. Thwaitesii, B., Grev. xii. 1				
xi. 86	651. fistulosa, Lev 1185				
631. gomphus, Fr 1187	652. dealbata, B. & C 1223				
632. mascarensis, Cooke, Grev.	653. fistuca, Berk 1171 654. siphonia, Fr 1153 655. curta, Fr 1152 656. plebeja, Ces 1195 657. echinata, Lev 1183				
xii.	654. siphonia, Fr 1153				
633. papyrifera, Fr 1168	655. curta, Fr 1152				
634. conocephala, B. & C. 1176	656. plebeja, Ces 1195				
635. Emerici, Berk., Grev. xi. 86	657. echinata, Lev 1183				
636. domingensis, Berk. 1182	658. anisopieura, Mont 1219				
637. Titan, Berk 1207 638. Poiteana, Lev 1192	659. microceras, Mont 1211				
690 companies Ch. Committ	660. platypoda, Lev 1235				
639. cynoglossa, Cke., Grev. xii.1	661. enterogena, Mont 1214				
640. herculea, Miq., Grev. xii. 641. regalis, Cooke, Grev. xi. 86	662. fulvella, B. & C 1166 663. phosphorea, Berk 1167				
642. obtusissima, Berk 1194	664. salmonicolor, Berk., Grev.				
643. turgida, Fr 1155	xi. 87				
644. lobata, Cooke, Grev. xi. 86	665. clavulata, Schw 1238				
645. zeylanica, Berk 1210	666. pumila, Fr 1169				
646. lingua. Lev 1193	667. Capensis, Lev 5951				
646. lingua, <i>Lev</i> 1193 647. castorea, <i>Berk</i> 1246	001. Cuponoto, 200 0004				
c. Capitulum subglobosum.					
668. cretacea, Berk. & Br. 5963	673. cudonia, B. & C 1213				
669. piliceps, Berk 1174	674. obovata, Berk 1191				
670. pyramidata, B. & W. 1196	675. tuberiformis, Berk. 1225				
671. marasmoides, B. &	676. glebulosum, Ces 1494				
Cooke 1161	677. globosa, Mont. 1426				
Cooke 1161 672. stilboiden, Ka. & Cke. 1203	677. globosa, <i>Mont.</i> 1426 678. clavulus, <i>B. & C.</i> 1220				
	·, ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

679. hæmorrhoidalis, B.	680. intermedia, Ces 1162				
	681. favosa, Berk., Grev. xi. 87				
d. Capitulum applans					
682. frustulosa, B. & C 1534 683. pauxillum, Ces 1375					
	ndique fertili, stipite villoso.				
a. Capitulum clavatum	; stipite tenui elongato.				
686. spathulata, B. & Br. 1257	692. multiplex. Kunze 1244				
687. longipes, Nke 1240					
688. hispidula, B. & C 1255	694. polycladia, Lev 1267				
689. Beccariana, Pass 1243					
690. fastigiata, Fr 1242					
691. geoglossum, Schwz. 1245					
b. Capitulum clavatu	m, stipite abbreviato.				
698. corniformis, Mont. 1239	700. alpina, Speg 1249				
699. aphrodisiaca, W. & C.1241	. ,				
c. Capitulum s	ubglobosum.				
701. collabens, Mont 1247					
C. Xylostyla. Clava a	pice sterili, stipite glabro.				
a. Capitulum clavatum	, simplex vel cristatum.				
702. ventricosa, B., Grev. xi. 87	708. inæqualis, B. & C 1295				
703. Kegeliana, Lev 1190	709. fustis, Mont., Grev. xi. 87				
704. pallida, Cooke 1237	710. myosurus, <i>Mont.</i> 1159				
705. graminicola, Ger 1286 706. coronata, West 1175	711. mucronata, Schwz. 1279				
706. coronata, West 1175	712. phyllophila, Ces 1293				
707. cristata, Speg 1290	713. phyllocharis, Mont. 1294				
b. Capituli con	nati vel ramosi.				
714. digitata, Fr 1283 715. grandis, Peck 1284 716. stuppes, Wallr 1266	719. rhizomorpha, Mont. 1300				
715. grandis, Peck 1284	720. adscendens, Fr 1248				
716. stuppea, Wallr 1266	721. fasciculata, Speg 1289				
717. cæspitulosa, Ces 1287	722. coccophora, Mont 1291				
718. bulbosa, Pers 1285	-				
c. Capitulum ovatum vel subglobosum.					
723. vaporaria, Berk 1292	725. axifera, Mont 1301				
724. thyrsus, Berk 1206	, , ,				
d. Stroma filiformia, perithecia laxa.					
726. tricolor. Fr 1297	729. axillaris, W.& Curr. 1157				
727. filiformis. Fr 1296	730. furcata, Fr 1298				
728. gracillima, Mont 1299	731. areolata, Lev 5955				
727. filiformis, Fr 1296 730. furcata, Fr 1298 728. gracillima, Mont 1299 731. areolata, Lev 5955 D. XYLODACTYLA. Clava apice sterili, stipite villoso.					
a. Capitulum clavatum simplex.					
Nat., 1860, 304	734. persicaria, Schwz 1268 735. carpophila, Fr 1270				
733. apiculata, Cooke 1264	736. oxyacanthæ, Lev 1271				
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737. Delitschii, Auers 1272 739. massula, Ces 1262				
788. cupressiformis, Fr. 1261 740. acuta, Peck 1277				
b. Capitulum furcatum vel partitum.				
741. cornu-damæ, Schwz. 1278 748. subterranea, Schwz. 1281				
742. Fejeensis, Berk 1274 749. ianthino-velutina, M. 1282				
743. hypoxylon, Fr 1260 = apeibæ, Mont 1302				
744. Guepini, Fr 1269 = monilifera,Berk.,				
745. eupeliaca, Ces 1269 Grev. xi. 87				
746. arbuscula, Sacc 1276 750. Culleniæ, B. & Br. 1254				
747. dichotoma, Kunze 1275 751. flabelliformis, Schwz. 1273				
c. Capitulum subglobosum.				
752. pedunculata, Fr 1259 754. aristata, Mont 1263				
753. Tulasnei, Nke 1265 = acicula, Ces 1216				
Incertæ sedis.				
755. tuberosa, Lev. in Gaud. Voy. 758. fulvo-lanata, Berk. 1313				
756. furcellata, Berk., Grev. xi. 88 759. hystrix, Berk., Grev. xi. 88				
757. xanthiceps, Berk., Grev. xi. 88				
• • •				
GEN. 2. THAMNOMYCES, Ehrb.—Stroma teres vel filiformia.				
Perithecia superficialia laxa.				
760. hippotrichoides, Sow. 1303 765. Chamissonis, Ehrb. 1308				
761. rostratus, Mont 1304 766. annulatus, Ehrb 1309				
var. similis, Berk. 767. chordalis, Fr 1310				
762. adnatus. Fckl 1305 768. fuciformis. Berk 1311				
763. fragilis, Roth 1306 769. annulipes, Mont 1312				
764. hispidissimus, Fr 1307				
a				
GEN. 3. CAMILLEA, Mont.—Stroma verticale, apice truncatum.				
Perithecia circa apicem verticaliter immersa.				
a. Stromate elongato.				
770. Leprieurii, <i>Mont.</i> 1314 772. mucronata, <i>Mont.</i> 1318				
771. bacillum, Mont 1315				
b. Stromate-abbreviato.				
773. cyclops, Mont 1316 776. macromphala, Mont. 1412				
773. cyclops, Mont 1316 776. macromphala, Mont. 1412 774. labellum, Mont 1317 777. Surinamensis, B. & C. 1319				
775. Javanica, Mont. MSS.				
GEN. 4. PORONIA, Fr.—Stroma cupuliforme, stipitatum.				
778. punctata (<i>Linn.</i>) 1321 781. heliscus, <i>Mont.</i> 1324				
779. Œdipus, Mont 1322 782. macrorrhiza, Speg. 1825				
= incrassata, Jungh. 783. scutellata, Fr 1326				
780. pileiformis (Berk.) 1323 784. ? cupularis (Fr.) 1327				
GEN. 5. RHOPALOPSIS, Cooke.—Densissime cæspitosum,				
capituli abbreviati, breviter stipitati, vel in stromate intricato				
congesti.				

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a. Stromate simplici.
785. cænopus (Mont.) ... 1488
                                 789. confusum (B. & C.), Grev.
786. aggregatum(W.&C.) 1427
                                 790. micropus (Berk) ... 1491
787. angolense (W. & C.) 1519
                                 791. congestum (B.\&Br.) 1402
788. clavus (Fr.)
                      ... 5994
                                 792. Berkeleyanum, Cooke, Grev.
                    b. Stromate multipartiti.
793. cetrarioides (W. &
                                 796. contracta (Speg.) ... 1233
       Curr.)
                      ... 1489
                                 797. Kurziana (Curr.), Grev. xii.
794. lichenoides (B.)
                                 798. microcephala (Mont.) 1256
795. Puiggarii (Speg.) ... 1232
                                799. xylarioides (Speg.) 1490
  GEN. 6. USTULINA, Tul.—Stroma repando-pulvinatum, cras-
sum senio intus subcavum.
800. vulgaris, Tul.
                      ... 1328
                                 804. tessulata, Berk., Grev. xii. 3
801. Brasiliensis, Speg.... 1329
                                 805. pavimentosa (Ces.) 1374
802. macrosperma, Mont. 1330
                                 806. tuberiformis(Wallr.) 1428
803. zonata (Lev.)
          BOLINIA, Nitschke.—Stroma effusum, perithecia im-
mersa, collis longiusculis.
807. tubulina (A. & S.)... 1332
  GEN. 8. NUMMULARIA.—Stroma disciforme, v cupuliforme,
adnatum marginatum.
                   SECT. A.—Disco concavo.
808. repanda, Fr.
                      ... 1525
                                 813. macrocenangium, Ces. 1411
809. discreta, Schw.
                      ... 1529
                                 814. Moselei, Berk.
                                                       ... 1421
810. discincola, Schw. ... 1104
                                 815. lutea, A. & S.
                                                       ... 1528
811. obularia, Fr.
                      ... 1540
                                 816. succenturiata, Tode. 1527
812. Baileyi, B. & Br.
                                 817. gigas, Plow.
                                                       ... 1531
                   SECT. B.—Disco convexo.
818. Bulliardi, Tul.
                      ... 1524
                                 834. mauritanica, B. & Cke.
819. constricta, Fr.
                      ... 1543
                                 835. rumpens, Cke.
                                                       ... 1140
820. repandoides, Fckl.... 1526
                                 836. placenta, Kalch. ... 1377
821. clypeus, Schw.
                      ... 1524
                                 837. microplaca, B. & Rav. 1112
822. glycirrhiza, B. & C. 1541
                                 838. hypophlæa, B. & Rav. 1137
823. macula, Schw., Grev. xii. 6
                                 839. testudinea, Cke., Grev. xii. 7
824. regia, DeNot.
                      ... 1538
                                 840. tenuis, Pass.
825. mediterranea, De Not. 1539
                                 841. Phillyreæ, Mont. ... 1116
826. anthracodes, Fr. ... 1383
                                 842. heterostoma, Mont. 1380
827. comedens, Ces.
                      ... 1389
                                 843. scriblita, Mont. ... 1405
828. dryophila, Tul.
                      ... 1530
                                 844. scutata, B. & Cke., Grev. 7
829. pithodes, B. & Br.... 1109
                                 845. cycliscus, Mont. ... 1408
830. fossulata, M.
                      ... 1455
                                 846. melanaspis, Mont... 1419
831. microsticta, M.
                                 847. ? Carabayense, Mont. 1400
                      ... 1415
832. exutans, Cke.
                      ... 1105
                                 848. ? pachyloma, Lev.... 1417
833. australis, Cke., Grev. xii. 6
                                 849. ? sertata, DR. & M. 1372
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GEN. 9. DALDINIA, De Not.-Stroma subsphæroideum, cortice
carbonaceo nigricante intus fibrosum concentrice zonatum.
                                                       ... 1520
                                854. Feei, Sacc.
850. concentrica
                  (Bolt.) 1515
                                                       ... 1521
851. vernicosa (Schw.)... 1516
                                855. cingulata, Lev.
                                                       ... 1522
                                856. loculata (Lev.)
852. durissima (Fr.) ... 1517
                                 857. Thouarsiana (Lev.) 1523
853. asphalatum (Link. &
       Fr.)
                      ... 1518
  GEN. 10. HYPOXYLOW.—Stroma effusum vel subglobosum.
solidum, perithecia in stromate innato-prominula, collis subnullis.
 I. MACROXYLON.
                   Maxima, indurata, irregularis, intus fibrosa.
                   a. Perithecia monosticha.
858. cerebrinum, Fee. ... 1224
                                 863. placentiforme, B. ... 1535
859. Wrightii, B. & C.... 1533
                                 864. suborbiculare, Curr. 1536
860. cœlatum, Fr. ... 5964
861. corrugatum, Fr. ... 5965
                                 865. Broomeanum, B. & C. 1460
                                 866. viridi-rufum, B. & R. 5966
862. sclerophæum, B.\&C. 1341
                     b. Perithecia stratosa.
867. Petersii, B. & C. ... 1406
                                 868. ovinum, Berk.
                                                           5967
          II. PHYLACIA.
                          Stroma erectum, laccatum.
                       a. Species perfectæ.
869. turbinatum, Berk.... 1422
                     b. Species imperfectæ.
870. sagræanum, Mont.
                          1320
                                873. Carteri, Berk.
                                                       ... 5961
871. globosum, Lev.
                     ... 1426
                                874. ramulosum, Schwz. 5962
872. poculiformis, Lev.... 5968
      II. SPHÆROXYLON.
                           Stroma superficiale, globosum or
                          subglobosum.
               a. Stroma coloratum, non nigrum.
875. coccineum, Bull. ... 1333
                                 885. rutilum, Tul.
                                                        ... 1344
876. Howeianum, Peck. 1338
                                 886. Laschii, Ntke.
                                                        ... 1345
877. commutatum, Ntke. 1350
                                 887. luridum, Ntke.
                                                        ... 1347
                                                        ... 1348
878. deciduum, B. & Br. 1403
                                 888. Bagnisii, Sacc.
                                 889. notatum, B. & C.... 1360
879. enteromelum, Schwz. 1355
880. suberosum, B. \& C... 1359
                                 890. gilvum, Jungh.
                                                        ... 1353
881. pulchellum, Sacc. ... 1335
                                 891. scleroderma, Mont. 1334
882. vera-crucis, B. & Cke. 5970
                                 892. distillatum, B. & Br. 1340
883. argillaceum, Pers.... 1337
                                 893. botrys, Ntke.
                                                        ... 1349
                                                        ... 1368
884. palumbinum, Quel. 1339
                                 894. fuscum, Pers.
                       b. Stroma nigrum.
                                 900. areolatum, B. & C. 1386
895. multiforme, Fr. ... 1376
896. teres (Schwz?) B.&C. 1493
                                 901. avellana, Ces.
897. majusculum, Cke. ... 1369
                                 902. Hookeri, Berk.... ... 5973
898. malleolus, B. & C. 1413
                                 903. nodulorum, Lev. ... 5974
899. hians, B. & Cke. ... 5972
                                 904. fragaria, Ces. ... 1393
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... 1370
905. cohærens, Pers.
                                910. placenta, Link.
906. leucostigma, Lev. ... 1391
                                911. turbinulatum, Schwz. 1407
907. comaropsis, Mont. ... 1398
                                912. campsotrichum, Mont. 1409
908. bomba, Mont.
                     ... 1399
                                913. porosum, Mont. ... 1381
909. Murrayi, B. & C. ... 1397
                                914. glomiforme, B. & C. 1364
IV. CLITOXYLON. Stroma pulvinatum plus minus convexum, nec.
                           effusum.
               a. Stroma coloratum, non nigrum.
915. xanthocreas, B. & C. 1302.
                                923. vividum, B. & Br. ... 1356
      1361
                                924. quisquilarum, Mont. 1366
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916. hæmatostroma, Mont. 1435

917. epiphlæum, R. & C. 1444

919. decorticatum, Schwz. 1354

918. hypomiltum, Mont.

920. irradians, Mont.

922. vinosum, Mont.

921. discoideum, Cke. ... 1346 929. polyporoideum, B., Grev. ... 1365 xii. 53

1336

... 1424

925. pruinatum, Klot. ...

= Holwayi, Ellis.... 5975

926. discolor, B. & C. ... 1363

927. eterio, B. & Br. ... 1133

928. endoxanthum, Mont. 1362

b. Stroma nigrum.				
930.	leucocreas, B. & R. 1388	947. Catalpæ, Schwz 1509		
931.	lucidulum, Mont 1390	948. approximans, Ces 1481		
932.	microsporum, Ces 1417	949. exsurgens, Mont 1387		
	exiguum, Cke 5976	950. transversum, Schwz. 1505		
934.	stigmoideum, Ces 1378	951. Javanicum, Lev 1382		
935.	annulatum, Schwz. 1384	952. Mascarensis, Berk. 5979		
	Pouceanum, B. & Cke.5977	953. leucostomum, Cke. 5980		
937.	durissimum, Schwz. 1447	954. pauperatum, Karst. 1373		
	chalybeum, B. & Br. 945	955. Ayresii, Berk 5981		
939.	obesum, Fr 1401	956. undosum, Lev 1410		
940.	marginatum, Schwz. 1414	957. spondylinum, Fr 1542		
941.	polyspermum, Mont. 1479	958. ramosum, Schwz 5982		
942.	callostroma, Schwz. 1472	959. monticulosum, Mont. 1396		
943.	smilacicolum, Howe. 1371	960. Mauritanicum, D. & M. 1418		
944.	rimarum, B. & Cke. 5978	961. Phœnix, Fr 1466		
945.	sassafras, Schwz 1451	962. culmorum, Cke 1416		
	= H. fucicolor, B. & C.	963. Kurzianum, Curr 1429		
946.	xanthostromum, Sch. 1507			

IV. Placoxylon. Stromate late et vage effuso.

a. Stroma coloratum, non nigrum.

964. purpureum, Ntke	1430	973. anthochroum, $B \notin Br.1442$
965. perforatum, Schwz.		974. fuscopurpureum, Sch. 1446
966. atropurpureum, Fr.	1433	975. florideum, B. & C 1440
967. rubiginosum, Pers.	1434	976. ianthinum, Cke 5987
968. hæmatites, Lev	59ช4	977. atropunctatum, Schw2.1102
969. trugodes, B. & Br.	1439	978. capnodes, Berk 1113
970. murcidum, B. & Br.	147৪	979. jecorinum, B. & Rav. 1445
971. piceum, <i>Etlis</i>		980. crocopeplum, B. & C. 1437
972. Fendleri, Berk	5986	981. crocatum, Mont 1438

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982. miniatum, Cke. ... 1432
                                 984. ochraceofulvum, B. & Cke.
 983. subgilvum, B. & Br. 1443
                                 985. chrysoconium, B. & Br. 1436
                      b. Stroma nigrum.
 986. Cesatianum,
                    Cke. 5989
                                1004. investiens, Schwz.
                                                          1470
 987. stygium, Lev.
                      ... 1452
                                1005. concurrens, B. & C. 1474
                                1006. crustaceum, Ntke.
 988. tormentosum, Ces.
                         1465
                                1007, reticulatum, K. ... 1454
 989. stigmateum, Cke.
                         1453
 990. oodes, Berk.
                                1008. subterraneum, Fckl. 1462
                      ... 1456
                                1009. unitum, Fr. ... 1476
 991. bifrons, Not.
                      ... 1483
 992. æneum, Ntke.
                      ... 1483
                                1010. colliculosum, Schwz.1477
 993. hypoleucum, B.\&Br.5990
                                1011. caries, Schwz. ... 1510
                                1012. allantoideum, Cke. 1480
 994. epirhodium, B. & R. 1457
 995. punctulatum, B. & R. 1534
                                1013. Michelianum, Not. 1482
 996. tinctor, Berk.
                          741
                                1014. illitum, Schwz. ... 1511
 997. macrosporum, Karst. 1473
                                1015. irregulare, Cke. ... 5991
 998. serpens, Pers.
                      ... 1448
                                1016. glomeratum, Cke. 5992
 999. Archeri, Berk.
                      ... 1449
                                1017. Beaumontii, B. & C. 2848
1000. effusum, Ntke. ... 1450
                                1018. atramentosum, Sch. 1503
                                1019. bipapillatum, B.&C. 1467
1001. Vogesiacum, Pers. 1454
1002. fragile, Ntke.
                     ... 1459
                                1020. incrustans, P. ... 1504
1003. Lenormandi, B. & C. 1458
   V. Endoxylon. Stromate matrice plus v minus immerso.
                      ... 1485
1021. udum, Pers.
                                     = confluens, Auct.
                                1024 Massaræ, Not.
1022. minutum, Ntke. ... 1486
1023. semi-immersum, N. 1487
                                1025. prorumpens, Fr.... 5993
                           DUBLE.
1026. sclerotoideum, B. 1351
                                1031. exertum, Fr.
                                                      ... 1501
1027. gangrena, Ces. ... 1358.
                                1032. exaratum, Schwz.
                                                          1506
1028. lobatum, Fr.
                     ... 1499
                                1033. sphæriostomum, Sch.1508
1029. glomus, B. & C. ... 1394
                                1034. hydnicolum, Schwz. 1471
1030. Uraniæ, Mont. ... 1500
                                1035. arecarium, Bory.... 1468
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CALIFORNIAN FUNGI.

By M. C. Cooke and W. H. Harkness.

(Continued from Vol. XII., p. 97.)

The following is an enumeration of the new and rare species collected by Dr. Harkness in California, in continuation. Species previously known, amounting to some hundreds, have not been enumerated, as they would occupy more space than we are able to set apart for the purpose.

Phoma solani, Cke. & Hark.

Gregaria. Perithecia minuta, membranacea, subglobosa, papillata, tecta. Sporis ellipticis, hyalinis ('006-'007 × '004 mm.).

On Solanum. Harkness (No. 2300).

Macroplodia arctostaphyli, Cke. & Hark.

Epiphylla, sparsa. Peritheciis subglobosis, atris, erumpentibus. Sporis subglobosis, ellipticisve (.008 x.006 mm.) fuligineofuscis.

On leaves of Arctostaphylos. California. Harkness (No. 2480).

Sphæropsis cupressi, Cke. & Hark.

Erumpens. Peritheciis atris, obtusis, primum tectis, demum erumpentibus, epidermide circumambiente arcte adherentibus. Sporis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis, cytioplasmate granuloso (.03 x ·01 mm.).

On bark of Cupressus macrocarpus. California. Harkness

(No. 2064).

Didymaria clematidis, Cke. & Hark.

Sporis ellip-Hypophylla. Maculis griseo-fuscis, subellipticis. tico-elongatis hyalinis, demum uniseptatis, breviter pedicellatis $(.025 \times .008 \text{ mm.}).$

On leaves of Clematis. Harkness (No. 2543).

Cercospora rubigo, Cke. & Hark. Epiphylla, vel hypophylla. Maculis ferrugineis, ellipticis Hyphis brevissimis, sparsis. Sporis cylindricis irregularibusque. rectis curvulisque, utrinque obtusis, 3-4 septatis, hyalinis ('035-'04 \times '004 mm.).

On leaves of Spiraea. Harkness (No. 2527).

Diatrype ceanothi, Cke. & Hark.

Acervulis verrucæformibus, innato-erumpentibus, atris, rotundatis, peridermio arcte cinctis, intus concolori. Peritheciis compressis difformibusque, ostiolis brevibus, stellato-sulcatis. Ascis Sporidiis cylindraceis, curvulis, utrinque clavatis, octosporis. rotundatis, luteolis, hyalinis ($\cdot 012 - \cdot 014 \times \cdot 002$ mm.).

On branches of Ceanothus. California. Harkness (No. 2541).

Diatrype asterostoma, var. minor.

On Rhododendron. Harkness (No. 2527).

Valsa agnostica, Che. & Hark.

Erumpens, subrotunda convexa, cæspitulis in cortice nidulantibus primo tectis, demum disco sub-orbiculari nudo. Peritheciis (8-12) subglobosis, atris, in stromate pallido aggregatis, ostiolis brevibus rectis, obtuso-rotundatis, nitidis. Ascis subclavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis allantoideis, rectis curvulis-que, biserialibus, hyalinis $(.006-.007 \times .0015 \text{ mm.})$.

On branches of Ribes. California. Harkness (No. 2554).

Valsaria majuscula, Cke. & Hark.

Tecta. Pustulis sparsis, vix prominulis, peritheciis 6-10 compositis, demum cuticula perforantibus, ostiolis brevibus obtusis. Ascis Sporidiis majusculis, ellipticis, medio constrictis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, fuscis ($\cdot 05 \times \cdot 025$ mm.).

On branches of Salix. California. Harkness (No. 1997).

Sometimes the large sporidia are extruded, and form blackened spots around the ostiola, as in Massaria, but this is by no means a constant feature. The absence of any hyaline investment of the sporidia also confirm this as a Valsaria rather than Massaria.

Diaporthe (Euporthe) gorgonoidea, Cke. & Hark.

Stromate effuso, cortice facile solubili tecto, ligni superficiem nigrificante v. crustam interruptam sistente, intus nigro-limitato; peritheciis globosis, ligno immersis, plerumque dense stipatis; ostiolis cylindricis, gracilibus flexuosis, maxime elongatis. Ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis fusiformibus, biseriatis, rectis quadri-nucleatis demum 2-4 cellularibus, hyalinis (·015-·017 × ·003 mm.).

On Australian Acacia. California. Harkness (No. 2525).

Closely allied to D. medusæa and D. fasciculata.

Sphæria (Wallrothiella) eunotiæspora, Cke. & Hark.

Superficialis, gregaria. Peritheciis ob-pyriformibus (½ mm.) atris, subnitidis, lævibus, fragilis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidis ellipticis, medio inflatis, biseriatis, continuis (·03-·035 × ·012-·014 mm.) plasmate granuloso.

On Australian Acacia, decorticated. California. Harkness

(No. 2111).

Mixed with a species of Diplodia.

Sphæria (Melanomma) seminis, Cke. & Hark.

Superficialis, gregaria. Peritheciis $(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \text{ mm.})$ atris, opacis, subglobosis, quandoque subconfluentibus, ostiolo pertuso. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis cylindraceis, rectis curvulisve, 5 septatis, fuscis $(.05 \times .006 \text{ mm.})$.

On twigs of Baccharis. California. Harkness (No. 2511).

Sphæria (Anthostoma?) gigaspora, Cke. & Hark.

Sparsa, subimmersa, matrice substantia tubercula orbicularia elevata tecta, peritheciis globosis magnis $(1\frac{1}{2}-2 \text{ mm.})$, ostiolo obtuso, nigro-punctatis. Ascis amplis, saccatis, octosporis. Sporidiis elongato-ellipticis, utrinque leniter attenuatis, continuis, atrofuscis $(.065-.08 \times .025-.03 \text{ mm.})$.

On decorticated twigs. California. Harkness (No. 2266).

In habit resembling Sphæria cubicularis, Fr., but with much larger sporidia, and, as in that species, the perithecia fall out, leaving holes not unlike a large Stictis.

Sphæria (Anthostomella) oreodaphnes, Cke. & Hark.

Sparsa, epidermide innata, tecta. Peritheciis globosis, epidermide tumidula et leniter nigrificata velatis, vix papillatis. Ascis cylindraceis, octosporis. Sporidiis arcte ellipticis, utrinque rotundatis, fuscis ('014-'015 × '004 mm.).

On leaves of Umbellularia. California. Harkness (No. 2459).

Sphæria (Didymulla) megarrhizæ, Cke. & Hark.

Sparsa, tecta. Peritheciis subglobosis, mox depressis, atris, ostiolo papillatis. Ascis subclavatis. Sporidiis biserialibus, ellipticis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis, pallide luteolis (·012-·014 × ·006 mm).

On Megarrhiza Californica. California. Harkness (Nos. 2087,

2088).

Sphæria (Didymella) lupini, Cke. & Hark.

Sparsa, punctiformia. Peritheciis tectis, globoso-depressis, leniter papillatis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis,

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hyalino-flaveolis (immaturis?). Cytioplasmate granuloso ('015- $\cdot 017 \times \cdot 006 - \cdot 007$ mm.).

On stems of Lupinus. California. Harkness (No. 2074).

Sphæria (Didymosphæria) ceanothi, Cke. & Hark.

Tecta, sparsa. Peritheciis globoso-applanatis, atris, breviter papillatis. Ascis amplis, clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, medioconstrictis, atro-fuscis (035 × 015 mm.).
On twigs of Ceanothus. California. Harkness (No. 2542).

Sphæria (Didymosphæria) sarmenti. Cke & Hark.

Sparsa. Peritheciis tectis, subglobosis, atris, lævibus, demum applanatis, ostiolo brevi punctiformi. Ascis cylindrico-clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, medio nec constrictis, fuscis ('012 x ·005 mm.).

On "Canary Vine." California. Harkness (No. 1957).

Sphæria (Amphisphæria) Wellingtoniæ, Cke. & Hark.

Gregaria, immersa. Peritheciis atris, elongato-compressis, hysterioideis, striatis, opacis (15-18 mm. long, 08 mm. lat.), poro pertusis. Ascis cylindraceis, 8 sporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, fuscis, vix constrictis, loculo utroque uniguttulato (012- $\cdot 014 \times \cdot 008$ mm.).

On bleached wood of Sequoia. California (No. 2218).

Sphæria (Amphisphæria) decorticata, Cke. & Hark.

Primitus seriatis, intra fibrillas corticis nidulans, demum sub-Peritheciis erumpentibus, subserialibus sparsisve, superficialis. subglobosis, atris, opacis (vix 1 mm. diam.) Ascis cylindraceis octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, medio arcte constrictis, cellulis subglobosis efformantibus, læte fuscis (.018 × .009 mm.).

On decorticated branches of Quercus. California (No. 2502).

Sphæria (Metasphæria) plagarum, Cke. & Hark.

Gregaria, tecta, elevata. Peritheciis subglobosis, atris, carbonaceis, in plagas consociatis, cuticula elevata convexo tectis. 'Ascis clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, inordinatis, triseptatis, hyalinis ('018-'02 × '004 mm.), utrinque acutis.

On bark of Eucalyptus. California. Harkness (Nos. 2516, 2345).

Sphæria (Leptosphæria) ceanothi, Cke. & Hark.

Gregaria, tecta. Peritheciis minutis subglobosis, epidermide velatis, ostiolo brevi, punctiformi. Ascis breviter clavatis, octo-Sporidiis sublanceolatis, triseptatis, hyalino-luteolis ('016- $\cdot 018 \times \cdot 0045$).

On small twigs of Ceanothus. California. Harkness (No. 2536).

Sphæria (Leptosphæria) odora, Cke. & Hark.

Tecta, subsparsa. Peritheciis mediis, globosis, atris, in cortice nidulantibus, epidermide convexo tectis, ostiolo punctiformi. Ascis clavatis octosporis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, biseriatis, primum uniseptatis, demum triseptatis, hyalino-luteolis ('022-'025 × '005 mm.).

On branches of Umbellularia, California, Harkness (No. 2563).

Sphæria (Leptosphæria) bicuspidata, Cke. & Hark.

Sparsa, tecta. Peritheciis innatis subprominulis, globosis, atris, ostiolo brevi. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis fusiformibus, triseptatis, constrictis, fuscis, utrinque hyalino-cuspidatis (025×008 mm.), sine cuspes.

On twigs of Baccharis. California. Harkness (No. 2517).

Sphæria (Leptosphæria) Californica, Cke. & Hark.

Densissime gregaria, tecta. Peritheciis hemisphærico-prominulis, obtusis, atris diu epidermide velatis, demum apice subnudis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis biseriatis, sublanceolatis, utrinque obtusis, 4 septatis, cellula penultima subincrassata, pallide fuscis (025-03×008 mm.).

On Araucaria imbricata (Nos. 2330, 2331, 2332).

On Sarothamnus (Nos. 2396, 2299).

On Rhododendron, (No. 2538).

On Euonymus, twigs and leaves (Nos. 2238, 2358).

Differs from S. anisometra in the perithecia being densely gregarious, so as sometimes to blacken the twigs for some inches, and in the brown sporidia, although it is probable that the sporidia in S. anisometra, when old, acquire a brownish colour.

Sphæria (Leptosphæria) anisometra, Cooke.

On leaves of Eucalyptus (Nos. 2308, 2410). On twigs of Fucalyptus (Nos. 2022, 2373).

Sphæria (Teichospora) eucalypti, Cke. & Hark.

Sparsa. Peritheciis subsuperficialibus, parvis, subglobosis, atris. Ascis cylindraceis, octosporis. Sporidiis uniserialibus, ellipticis, medio leniter constrictis, 5-7 septatis muriformibusque, fuscis ('02-'022 × '008 mm.).

On dead bark of Eucalyptus. California (No. 2409).

Sphæria (Thyridium) personatum, Cke. & Hark.

Lignicola. Peritheciis sparsis, in tubercula ligneo ellipsoideo elevato griseo vel nigrescente nidulantibus, ostiolo brevi vix conspicuo, pertuso. Ascis cylindraceis octosporis. Sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, medio contrictis, triseptatis, septis 1-2 longitudinalibus percursis, læte brunneis ('018-'02 × '01 mm.).

On decorticated Acacia. California. Harkness (No. 2111.)

Sphæria (Thyridium) Garryæ, Cke. & Hark.

Gregaria sparsave. Peritheciis semi-immersis, subglobosis atris (\frac{1}{2} mm. diam.) poro pertusis. Ascis cylindraceis 4-8 sporis. Sporidis ellipticis, 7 septatis muriformibusque, hyalinis demum flavido-fuscis ('04-'045 × '015-'018 mm.). Episporio crasso hyalino.

On bleached decorticated twigs of Garrya. California. Hark-

ness (No. 2559).

Venturia Arctostaphyli, Cke. & Hark.

Amphigena, sparsa, atra. Peritheciis subglobosis, superficialibus, strigosis (12-15) pilis rigidis acicularibus (108 mm. long). Ascis obclavatis, sessilibus octosporis, sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque rotundatis, vix constrictis, uniseptatis, flavidis (1012-1015 × 1005 mm.)

On dead leaves of Arctostaphylos. California (No. 2552).

Sphærella acicola, Cke. & Hark.

Sparsa, minuta, subinnata. Peritheciis globoso-depressis, membranaceis, fuscis. Ascis breviter clavatis octosporis, sporidiis clavato-

ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, flavidis ('007 \times '003 mm.) uno loculo subgloboso, altero angustiore subconico.

On leaves of Pinus. Harkness (No. 2303).

Sphærella umbellulariæ, Cke. & Hark.

Hypophylla. Maculis suborbicularibus, confluentibusve et irregularibus, purpureo-brunneis, margine nigro-limitato. Peritheciis hinc illic aggregatis, semi-immersis, atris. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis biserialibus, arcte ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis ('015 × '004 mm.).

On fading leaves of Umbellularia. California (No. 2569.)

Meliolopsis heteromeles, Che. & Hark.

Effusum, atrum. Mycelio subcrustaceo, moniliformi, ramoso intertexto, Capnodio immixti. Peritheciis globosis (·2 mm. diam.) membranaceis, liberis; ascis clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis lanceolatis, 3-5 septatis, hyalinis (·04 × ·008 mm.).

On leaves of Heteromeles. California (No. 2425).

Mixed indiscriminately with Capnodium Heteromeles, of which it can scarcely be any condition.

Capnodium heteromeles, Cke. & Hark.

Effusum, atrum, subvelutinum. Hyphis densissime intertextis, ramosis septatis moniliformibusque. Peritheciis cylindraceo-ventricosis, erectis, subtenuibus, simplicibus ($^{\cdot}2 \times ^{\cdot}02$ mm.). Sporidiis incertis (potius triseptatis, muriformibus, fuscis $^{\cdot}018 \times ^{\cdot}009$).

On leaves of Heteromeles. California (No. 2425).

Only free sporidia seen, and hence uncertain.

Capnodium Rhamni, Cke. & Hark.

Maculæforme, atrum. Hyphis repentibus, plerumque moniliformibus, ramosis, strato tenui efformantibus. Peritheciis erectis cylindricis, sursum attenuatis (3×04 mm.) simplicibus, ore fimbriato. Sporidiis ellipticis, triseptatis, fuscis ($018-02 \times 008$ mm.) uno loculo transversaliter diviso. Conidiis liberis, fuscis, uniseptatis (012×006 mm.).

On leaves of Rhamnus. California (No. 2482).

Evidently distinct from Capnodium rhamnicolum, Rabh.

Capnodium tuba, Cke. & Hark.

Effusum, crustaceum, atrum. Hyphis intertextis, ramosis, repentibus alterum septatis, alterum moniliformibus, crustam crassum deciduum efformantibus. Peritheciis erectis, numerosis cylindraceis (12×014), sursum ciliato, divisis, infundibuliformi expansis, conidiis (?) ovatis continuis hyalinis repletis. Asci nondum visi.

On Umbellularia leaves. California (No. 2395).

The whole crustaceous coating of the leaves flakes off in drying.

Mypoderma eucalypti, Cke. & Hark.

Epiphylla, gregaria. Peritheciis lanceolatis lineantasque, erumpens, atris, opacis, labiis rotundatis, laxe comment, alcium clavatis, sporidiis inordinatis, elongato-fusiformibus, continuis, hyalinis (*03 × *003 mm.).

On leaves of Eucalyptus. California. Harkness (No. 2402)

DISCOMYCETES OF CALIFORNIA.

By W. PHILLIPS, F.L.S., AND DR. W. H. HARKNESS.

Peziza (Hymenoscypha) chloromela, Phil. & Hark.

Sparsa, vel congregata, stipitata (1 mm. long), glabra, atro-viridis, stipite pallidiori, disco plano, immarginato, luteo-viridi (6 mm.). Ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, octosporis, sporidiis fusiformibus vel clavatis, plerumque curvulis, hyalinis, virido-tinctis (02-025 × 004-005 mm.) paraphysibus filiformibus, indistinctis, adhærentibusque, gelatino hymenio granuloso.

On leaves of Sequoia sempervirens. California. Harkness

(No. 1951).

Peziza (Pyrenopeziza) Heteromelis, Phil. & Hark.

Gregaria, erumpens, demum sessilis. Cupulis ('2-'5 mm.) sphæricis dein expansis, leniter scabrosis, atro-brunneis; margine serrato, disco fuligineo flavescente; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis ('01 × '005 mm.) flavotingentibus; paraphysibus filiformibus, ad apicem incrassatis, flavescentibus.

Underside of leaves of Heteromeles arbutifolia. California.

Dr. Harkness (1987).

Dermatea Pini, Phil. & Hark.

Cæspitosa vel sparsa, subsessilis, globosa, demum patelliformis. ceraceo-coriacea, furfuracea, ochraceo-incarnata, margine indistincto, disco concolori, applanato. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis, 3-4 nucleatis (·017-·02 × ·006-·008 mm.) paraphysibus linearibus, superne incrassatis, furcatis.

On Pinus. California. Harkness (2505).

Dermatea corni, Phil. & Hark.

Cæspitosa vel sparsa, minuta, primo tecta, demum erumpens, turbinata, furfuracea, vitellina, margine distincto; disco plano vel subdepresso, obscuriore. Ascis late clavatis. Sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis ('025-'03 × '008 mm.) paraphysibus filiformibus, superne clavato-incrassatis, furcatis.

On twigs of Cornus. California. Harkness (No. 2259).

Stictis Axaucariæ, Phil. & Hark.

Sparsa, immersa, demum erumpens, epidermide elongato-fissurato, cupulis discoideis vel subellipticis, disco pallide-cinereo, margine demum reflexo, albo. Ascis cylindraceo-clavatis. Sporidiis filiformibus (·05-·075 × ·002 mm.) pluri-septatis, paraphysibus filiformibus, numerosissimis, furcatis.

On leaves of Araucaria. California. Harkness (No. 2524).

Sticks Megarrhize, Phil. & Hark.

disco minime profundo, pallide flavo. Ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis filiformibus ('075-'08 × '003 mm.) pluriseptatis; paraphysibus filiformibus.

Megarrhiza Californica. California. Harkness

(No. 2057):

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Phacidium nigrum, Cooke.

Gregarium, hypophyllum, erumpens, in maculas nigras consociatum, demum laciniato-fissuratum (·1 mm. diam.) disco fuligineo. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, rectis, continuis, hyalinis (·013-·025 × ·005-·007 mm.).

On underside of leaves of Andromeda. Darien, Georgia.

Ravenel (No. 3211).

Phacidium Heteromelis, Phil. & Hark.

Gregarium, orbiculare, tectum, dein laciniato-laceratum, disco cinereo. Ascis clavatis vel cylindraceo-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis (·01-·012 × ·002-·003 mm.) paraphysibus filiformibus, superne incrassatis.

On underside of leaves of Heteromeles arbutifolia. California.

Harkness. No 2124.

Hysterium Eucalypti, Phil. & Hark.

Sparsum vel gregarium (·5 mm.) minutum, ellipticum, rarissime striatum, erumpens, sessile; labiis clausis tumidis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis biseriatis, oblongis, plus minusve curvatis, tri-septatis, fuscis (·016-·02 × ·004-·006 mm.).

On bark of Eucalyptus. California. Harkness (2405).

Hysterium Loniceræ, Phil. & Hark.

Sparsum vel gregarium, ellipticum vel oblongo-lanceolatum, (·5-·12 mm. long) parallelum, prominulum, striatum vel læve, labiis prominulis, in ætate hiulcis. Ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis vel subpyriformibus, muriformibus, hyalinis, plerumque gelatinâ involutis (·02-·03 × ·007-·011 mm.) paraphysibus indistinctis.

On decorticated Lonicera. California. Harkness (No. 2472).

Hypoderma Heteromelis, Phil. & Hark.

Gregaria, oblonga, rectis vel curvulis, applanata, vel leniter elevata ('4-8 mm. long). Ascis cylindraceis. Sporidiis filiformibus ('065 × '002 mm.) paraphysibus filiformibus.

On underside of leaves of Heteromeles arbutifolia. California.

Harkness (2123).

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Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY
AND ITS LITERATURE.

ON FRIES' NOMENCLATURE OF COLOURS:

An examination of the epithets used by him in describing the coloration of the Agaricini.

By Henry Thornton Wharton, M.A.

The subject of colour-names is so vast and intricate that in the following paper I have confined myself to the consideration of those only which occur in Fries' description of the Agaricini in his "Hymenomycetes Europaei." Even in this restricted field I have found nearly 200 names of colours, although, with one or two exceptions, I have avoided reference to compound names; if I had considered the complete list that I originally made I should have had to describe about 840. Perhaps I have omitted some few as it is, for I have had to go over some 20,000 lines of concisely-written Latin to find those that I have gathered together for examination here.

In so long a list of names it is fortunate that not every one requires separate consideration. I have enumerated not only the colour-names used for descriptive purposes by Fries himself, but also most of those used as specific. And in making specific names there is a natural tendency to use a colour-name absolutely synonymous with another, simply from the fact of the most obvious one having been already used. For instance, a describer wishes to name a white species Agaricus albus; but when he finds that name is preoccupied, he names his species Ag. candidus. Still we need not conclude that he had the strict classical Latin differences of the two words in his mind's eye; he probably never thought that Aq. albus was so named because it was of a dead white, nor in speaking of Ag. candidus need he have meant to imply that it was of a glistening white, as Cicero might have done. This exigency has burdened the list of colour-names with a good deal of useless lumber, but the principle is one that, in the interpretation of specific names, must never be forgotten.

^{*} Read before the Woolhope Naturalists' Field Club, Oct. 13, 1884.

Another difficulty that constantly presents itself is the indefiniteness with which colour-names were used in classical times. In trying to make out what Fries intended to describe, we are continually hampered by a divergence from the ancient use of the very words he uses; and although the knowledge of each usage is necessary to a complete understanding of the subject, it is my endeavour here to make out the idea in Fries' mind, and only to that end to use the light that can be thrown on the subject from classical sources. Perhaps the best instance of the vague way in which the ancient Romans used the names of colours is to be found in a line by Albinovānus, a Latin poet contemporary with, and a friend of, Ovid's, who flourished about A.D. 28; he describes a woman's arms as whiter than the "purple" snow:

Brachia purpurea candidiora nive.

Of course, "purple" here only means "glistening" or "dazzling," but such a use of words does not accord with modern ideas.

Much of the difficulty that surrounds the nomenclature of colours is also due to there being no authoritative code. In each branch of art or knowledge at the present day different names are used for the same colours. The "purple" of the cardinal is crimson; the "pink" of the huntsman is scarlet. An artist calls his colours by the names under which he buys them of his colour-man. But a milliner wants to invent a fresh name with each change of fashion, and the words we get from the fashionable journals are veritable marvels; couleur de crapaud mort, eau de Nile, elephantgrey, London smoke, mushroom-colour, being specimens. Fortunately "they have their day, and cease to be." An amusing instance was given me lately by an omnibus-driver. One of his passengers had been much struck by a pair of horses he had been driving, a dun and a strawberry-roan, in the horsey-man's language; the passenger, a tailor, described the one as "drab," and the other as a "claret-mixture."

Consequently mycologists must be a law unto themselves, and if we are willing to hold the illustrious Fries as our law-giver, we must study, not so much what colour-names should mean, as in what sense he used them.

Perhaps the only wonder is that there is such a limited number of colour-names after all. If we have a clear idea of a dozen colours, we must remember that we can get 479,001,600 permutations out of them, by mixing each with every other, even in similar proportions. For our names to be of any use we must group around each one those shades which most closely assimilate to the named type, and indicate their differences as far as we can by compound words, or qualifying adjectives, or suffixes, or affixes. We all have an idea of the colour of gold, for example, but look at a sovereign, together with a dozen pieces of jewellery made at various times and places, and you will soon see what a very comprehensive,

or, as the logicians say, extended, signification such a colour-name may have. And if a bright and definite colour may be so varied,

how much more variable may a less pronounced one be!

Much has been written on the science of colours, but I know no book that deals at all exhaustively with their nomenclature. Field's "Chromatography" has a wide reputation among artists, but it is of little use to us. Neither is the classical work of Chevreul, the oldest professor in the world, who still, in his ninetyninth year, lectures on chemistry in Paris.

We need not be much troubled about classification, for a very simple method is sufficient for our purposes. But it is as well to know how chromatographers ordinarily classify colours; and to this end I copy the following from one of the many editions of Field's

book :--

Neutral colours: white, black.

Primary ,, : yellow, red, blue.

Secondary ,, : orange, green, purple.

Tertiary ,, : citrine, russet, olive.

Semi-neutral ,, : brown, maroon, grey.

I propose to group the whites and blacks with the greys that come between them; to range the oranges, citrines, and browns after the yellows; to include the russets and maroons as subordinate to the reds; to take the purples as variations of the blues; and to comprehend the olives under the greens. Sombre colours dominate so conspicuously among Fungi that we understand their coloration best by regarding their lowly hues as variants from types that owe their names to their very brilliancy. Their complications are so great that it is often difficult, even as it is, to refer them to their proper types; a trouble that was ever present to me when I preliminarily essayed to classify them.

I would begin with the whites and the blacks, and their intermediate greys; I at once discard the trammels that the chromatographers lay down for our deception, when they say that these, in

their extremes, are no colours at all.

And first, of the whites. My list shows nineteen distinct terms But most of them are made up on the principle that I have already laid down as of constant occurrence, viz., that they owe their appearance to the natural and obvious terms having been already used. The classical distinction of albus meaning a dead white, and candidus a shining white, has little prominence in Fries' To Fries, albus is white, and perfect whiteness description. admits of no qualification. If albus, as a specific name, is preoccupied, albellus, albescens, albidior, albidus, and albineus can only express the idea of whiteness, but seem used rather for "whitish." Albicans and candicans should strictly mean "becoming white." Argenteus and argyraceus, are a silvery white, silvered. Dealbatus, white-washed or plastered, cerussatus, coloured with white-lead, and argillaceus, like white clay, seem to connote texture or surface along with whiteness. Eburneus, ivory-white.

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ermineus, ermine-white, niveus, snow-white, and virgineus, virgin or pure white, have no more distinction than the English terms by

which they are naturally translated.

Between the extremes of white and black there can be great varieties of greys, and the pure greys run into the blues and browns, so that they are best studied in three groups. Of the pure greys, canus and incanus are the nearest to white; just as we call white hair or a white horse "grey." Cinereus is the grey of wood-ashes, cinerascens is becoming such a grey; griseus seems to be a little darker, and lixivius is darker still and inclining to brown. Cretaceo-pallidus is a pale chalky grey. Nigrescens and nigricans do not mean so much dark grey as a grey that turns black with age.

Of greys that incline to blue, caesius is the palest; it was the classical term for the blue-grey of the eye. Glaucus is a grey that inclines to green, and glaucescens denotes a paler shade of the same colour. Livens and lividus are bluish or leaden-grey, much like molybdus and plumbeus. Ardosiacus is a dull lead-colour. Ag. (Collybia) tylicolor and Ag. (Omphalia) oniscus seem to owe their specific names to their likeness in colour to a kind of cod-fish known as oniscus, and so mean rather a light grey, and not the dark slate-grey of the woodlouse we describe under the name of Oniscus. Chalybaeus is a steel or iron-grey; Fries, under Cortinarius sciophyllus, explains it as caeruleo-fuscus, dusky blue.

Of the brown-greys, murmus, mouse-colour, is the palest (cf. Paxillus extenuatus, Fries, p. 402). Myochrous should have the same signification, but is used by Fries for a dusky umber. Argillaceus is a light brownish ash-colour. Fuscus, dusky, is rather a vague term, but it is almost too brown to be classed under the greys at all; fuscescens means becoming dusky. Ravidus is a dark grey. Fumosus, fuligineus, and fuliginosus are best translated smoky, and not, as the latter might be, sooty black.

Pure blacks fortunately do not admit of much variation, although since an absolute black is rarely seen, several terms occur. Ater is strictly a lustreless black, and niger is a glistening black; piceo-ater, black as pitch, and furvus, swarthy, come into the former category; coracinus, raven-black, with a tinge of blue, into the latter. Atratus and pullatus mean simply "clothed in black." Denigratus, "blackened," is used for a dark dusky brown, and not black at all. Nigerrimus, "black as black can be," seems rather pleonastic, but Fries uses it in his descriptions (Ag. Panaeolus hypomelas, p. 313).

The next group, the yellows, under which I range the oranges, citrines, and browns, presents the greatest difficulties of all, and it is hard to get them into satisfactory order. Canon Du Port, in the interesting paper which we had the pleasure of hearing him read last year, cleared up many doubtful points, but his range was

more limited than that which I set myself here.

The type of pale yellow seems to be luteus, like the flowers of

the plant woad (Isátis tinctoria). Paler than this are luteolus and sulphureus, sulphur-yellow. Stramineus, straw-coloured, denotes a paler and less pure yellow, Naples yellow, of which a deeper, duller shade is cērinus, croceus, saffron-yellow, being a fuller shade.

Citrinus is our lemon-yellow, yellow of wax.

The type of full yellow is flavus, gamboge-yellow, which at its fullest brilliancy is flavissimus. Flavidus is a paler yellow, purer and richer than luteus. Vitellinus, like the yolk of an egg, is used by Fries, as the Canon reminded us last year, to describe the Chantarelle (Cantharellus cibarius). Not far off flavus is aureus, gold-coloured, which seems to me most like the Cadmium yellow of artists; its diminutive, aureolus, does not seem to be a very Galbanus, the colour of the gum galbanum, is a different shade. greenish yellow.

The orange-yellows, made up of yellow and red, not brown, are typically two; aurantius being a full orange, Cadmium orange, and aurantiacus a paler orange, containing less red. Igneus and flammeolus, denoting the colour of flame, and fulmineus, that of lightning, come in this place, but seem to have no very certain

application.

Persicinus and persicolor, are difficult to describe more intelligibly than by peach colour. Armeniacus, apricot-coloured, is explained by Fries as tawny-cinnamon (fulvo-cinnamomeus) or

yellowish-tan (helvolo-alutaceus).

The browns are as extensive as the greys, and comprise every tint between impure yellow and the deepest burnt-umber. Their distinctions are best understood by grouping them into yellow-

browns, red-browns, and true browns.

Of the yellow-browns cinnamomeus, cinnamon, a light yellowish brown, is the palest and most familiar. Gilvus is a yellower shade; Ag. (Clitocybe) splendens may be taken in illustrating the type of the colour, a yellowish tan, as it was formerly known as Ag. gilvus; classically, gilvus was an epithet of a dun or creamcoloured horse. Alutaceus has rather a wide signification, but it seems best translated by buff or tan. When it is lighter and yellower it is helvolus, the epithet of "white" wine and "white" grapes in Pliny: in describing Cortinarius iliopodius, Fries explains helvolus by alutaceus, but there must have been some distinction in his mind between the two terms, for he uses the compound, helvoloalutaceus as "dusky cinnamon, " a fact which appears to show that even Fries himself was not so clear in the application of colour-names as we should like to be. Crustulinus seems to be the colour of toast, much darker and warmer than that of a cracknel-Ochraceus is yellow-ochre, and melleus, honey-yellow, is dingier and less yellow; luridus, sallow or wan, is still paler and less yellow, almost like that which builders call "stone-colour." Rhabarbarinus is the light brownish yellow of Turkey rhubarb. Isabellinus is a light brownish-yellow or dirty cream-colour. word has a history, and was first used of unwashed linen.

Infanta of Spain, daughter of Philip II., made a vow in 1601 that she would not change her linen until her husband had taken Ostend; as that city did not fall till three years after, she must have saved her washing-bill at the price of some discomfort.

Fawn-colour does not fall very conspicuously into any of my three divisions of browns, but most of us know the hue so denoted; cervicolor, cervinus, and hinnuleus all seem to mean much the same. Cervinus is applied to the darkest shade, and Fries explains hinnuleus as a tawny-cinnamon (p. 380).

The brownish ochrey yellow colour known to artists as "gall-stone," only with an inclination to a dirty green, is denoted by ictericus or icterinus.

The brightest of the red-browns is lateritius, the colour of old red tiles; its paler shade, that of Ag. (Hypholoma) sublateritius is familiar to us all. Testaceus, brick-coloured, is a reddish brown or rusty bay, almost Venetian red. Fulvus is tawny, the colour of a lion, and is also known as leoninus or leochromus; fulvellus seems to be paler and redder, and very like that which gives its name to Ag. (Collybia) nitellinus, dormouse-colour. Helvus is a light bay or "cow-colour," like vaccinus. Badius is a reddishbrown, the colour of a "bay" horse; spadiceus, date-brown, is a duller and darker shade. Hepaticus, liver-coloured, is a darker and redder brown than bay. Ustalis denotes a warm reddish bay, between red-ochre and brown-madder.

Of the true browns, the type is brunneus, Vandyke-brown. Coffeatus, like roasted coffee, is very similar. Ligneo-brunneus is a lighter or wood-brown. The apparently extinct Ag. (Lepiota) Paulletii is described by Fries as colore "de noisette," which must mean a light nut-brown or hazel. Umbrinus is a dark brown, brown umber, the colour of a "brown" horse; indeed, the scale of colours used in describing horses, from dun through chestnut, bay, and brown to black, shows how, in ordinary language, the name of a colour is always taken as of a very extensive connotation, because it is hard to decide where one colour ends and another begins.

We now come to the reds and their varieties. The palest is carneus, with carneolus and incarnatus, flesh-coloured. is a more distinctly red flesh-colour. Roseus and rosaceus imply a rosy pink; rosellus seems to mean inclined to pink. be some difference between the shades of scarlet or vermilion distinguished as cinnabarinus and miniatus, because each is compounded with the other as cinnabarino-miniatus, but I have not succeeded in finding out what the difference is. cochineal red, is a deeper scarlet, carmine. Sanguineus, bloodred, is nearly similar. Rufus, ruber, and russus are less pure reds. Rubescens is merely becoming red. Rubellus, rufidulus, and rufulus are reddish. Rubens is a brick-red; rutilus, rutilans a purplish brick-red. Vinaceus is reddish rather than claret-coloured, but it does not seem to be ever used in descriptions. Less pure reds are castaneus, chestnut; ferrugineus and rubiginosus, rust-red; and

puniceus, which is an almost purple red.

Blues are so rare among Fungi that very few names are required for them. Cæruleus is a pale blue, azure; cærulescens is becoming blue. Azureus, lazulinus, and cyaneus are rather ultramarine. Cyanellus is almost sky-blue. Purpureus is a bluish purple; violaceus, violet, is a reddish purple; lilacinus is lilac or mauve. Ianthinus and ionides alike refer to a violet colour. Porphyro-leucus should mean purplish-white, but Ag. (Tricholoma) porphyroleucus, Bulliard, is described by Fries as "sooty or dusky, becoming red."

The type of the greens is viridis, but it is of no definite hue; virescens and viridans mean turning green. Aerugineus and aeruginosus refer to a verdigris or rather bluish-green. Olivaceus is olive-green, olivascens denoting the preliminary stage of becoming green. Pausiacus describes precisely the same green, from pausea or pausia, a variety of olive; for Fries says of Ag.

(Clitocybe) pausiacus that the gills are olivaceous.

Before I had made the attempt of which you have the outcome now, to elucidate Fries' use of the names of colours, I was unwilling to ask for much of your indulgence. But now that I have done my best, and feel how poor my best has been, I must ask you to look on my essay, not as a final determination, but as a framework about which can be arranged the experience of others. No invention is ever so valuable to its inventor as it is to those who can bring it to perfect use. May what I have tried to accomplish here be at least the opening of the door for the truth that must in the end prevail.

BRITISH DISCOMYCETES.

We omitted in our last issue to announce that Mr. W. Phillips, F.L.S., of Shrewsbury, is preparing for issue a work containing full descriptions of all the genera and species of the British Discomycetes, which will virtually be a revised edition of that portion of our "Handbook of British Fungi." We need not remind our readers that no one more capable to undertake this duty could be found, as Mr. Phillips has devoted himself with untiring perseverance to the critical study of the Discomycetes, and especially those of our own islands, for many years. Unhesitatingly we have placed all our own material at his disposal, with the offer of any assistance which we can give him, and we have no doubt the work will be prosecuted with vigour.

It will be issued in one volume, cloth, and will not exceed ten shillings; but in order to its publication, if possible, at a lower price, the names of subscribers are solicited, which should be sent forthwith to Mr. W. Phillips, Canonbury, Shrewsbury, from whom

prospectus and any further details may be obtained.

DEMERARA - FUNGI.

The following is an enumeration of a collection of Fungi from Demerara, recently exposed at the Forestry Exhibition at Edinburgh, and now transferred to the Royal Herbarium at Kew:—

Lentinus velutinus, Fr.

Lenzites applanata, Fr.

Polyporus (Mesopus) rugosus, Nees.

Polyporus (Mesopus) pansus, Berk.

It seems almost impossible to indicate any line of separation between P. pansus, B., and P. camerarius, B.

Polyporus (Pleuzopus) fiabelliformis, K.—Large form, with the stem nearly obsolete.

Polyporus, Pleuropus) lucidus, Fr.

Polyporus (Pieuropus) sanguineus, Fr.

Polyporus (Fomes) australis, Fr.

Polyporus (Fomes) rimosus, Berk.

Polyporus (Fomes) lateritius, Cooks.

Polyporus (Fomes) ligneus, Berk.

Polyporus (Fomes) frazineus, Fr.

Polyporus (Fomes) marmoratus, Berk.—This is the same as the Polyporus fasciatus (Fries), of the Kew Herbarium, but not the Polyporus fasciatus (Fr.) of the Berkeley Herbarium.

Polyporus (Merismoidei) senex, Necs.

Polyporus (Fomes)----?

A resupinate form of some large species, which it is difficult to identify.

Polyporus (Fomes) sulcatus, Cooke.

Pileo durissimo, convexo-plano, reniforme, glabro, opaco, umbrino, concentrice dense profundoque sulcato, cute crasso indurato; contextu albo, fuligineo maculato; tubulis abbreviatis, stratosis, albidis; poris rotundatis, minutis, albis, dissepimentis crassiusculis. Hymenio convexo, margine sterili.

On trunks. Demerara.

Pileus 6-9 inches across, 11 in. thick behind, gradually attenuated to the somewhat acute margin.

Polyporus (Fomes) geotropus, Cke.

Pileo suberoso-lignoso, durissimo, incrustato, concentrice sulcato, radiato-rugoso, postice subtuberculoso, glabrato, pallido; margine acuto, incurvo; contextu albo; tubulis abbreviatis stratosis, poris minutissimis, rotundis, albis pallescentibus.

On trunks. Demerara.

Pileus 4 to 10 inches broad, 1-2 inches thick behind, substance not fibrous or zoned, allied to *P. ulmarius*, somewhat resembling large coarse specimens of *P. auberianus*, M. in habit, but more friable, and very subject to the attack of insects.

Polyporus (Funales) trichomallus, B. & Mont.

Polyporus (Polystictus) hirsutus, Fr.

Polyporus (Polystictus) cervino-nitens, Schwz. — This is most closely allied to P. albo-cervinus, Berk.; so close that some of the forms seem to possess the characters of both. In our opinion the species of Polyporus require a most careful revision.

Dædalæa sprucei, Berk.

Stereum hydrophorum, Berk.

FUNGUS FORAYS, 1884.

HACKNEY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The Foray of this Society was made on Saturday, 27th September, to Epping Forest. Although the general Foray did not commence till after noon, some of the members were on the ground and commenced the search early in the morning. It was expected that the dry season would have its effect in limiting considerably the number of fungi to be found, and this was in reality the case, for long walks had to be taken in order to secure a very limited number of species. Most of the baskets contained only common species, but two interesting additions to the British Flora were determined. One of these was Hydnum diversidens, Fr., found by Mr. H. T. Wharton and Mr. J. C. Webb, on a trunk near Fairmead; the other was Boletus duriusculus, Kalch., an ally of Boletus scaber, and probably may have been confounded with it in times past. After tea at Fairmead Lodge, the specimens were laid out in an ante-room, and examined leisurely by the party, information concerning them being furnished by the President, and Messrs. Worthington Smith, H. T. Wharton, and James English.

Essex Field Club.—Two days having been selected for the Foray this year, the members met at Loughton on Friday, October 3rd, and, accompanied by the Rev. Canon Du Port, Mr. W. Phillips, of Shrewsbury, Mr. Worthington Smith, and M. C. Cooke, proceeded towards Monk's Wood, in Epping Forest, then through other portions of the Forest, reaching Buckhurst Hill in the afternoon, when the specimens were arranged on tables in the large ball-room of the "Roebuck," and duly named, labelled, and classified, Mr. T. Howse having sent Hydnum erinaceum, and Boletus aurantiporus, and other species, from Guildford. following day other portions of the Forest were explored, terminated by a tea at five o'clock, and a meeting thereafter, at which the results of the two days' Foray—as far as they could be ascertained at the time-were reported, and Mr. Worthington Smith read a paper on the "Politics of the Potato-Fungus." Notwithstanding that the season was unfavourable, a good exhibition was made, and a great number of visitors were clustered around the tables until a late hour. The Rev. J. M. Crombie exhibited

an excellent collection of the Lichens of Epping Forest, and a large number of microscopes at a central table displayed objects allied to the subject of the day in a most efficient manner. Between 20 and 30 species, not before recorded, were added to the Epping Forest Catalogue.

LEICESTER PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.—The first Fungus Excursion of the Biological Section of this Society was made in Charnwood Forest on Wednesday, October 8th. The morning was by no means promising, and consequently but few members came to the starting post. About noon the rain began a continuous drizzle, which, by 3 p.m., settled into a regular downpour. Foraging had to be conducted for some time under considerable difficulty, and finally abandoned. No rare species were met with, but an accurate list was kept of all that were examined and determined during the day, so that, in the evening, when the results were compared, it was found that some forty species had been added to the list of the Fungi of Leicestershire. The sole lady of the party exhibited some very characteristic sketches which she had made of several species of Agaricini, and we then, as now, entreated her to persevere, and, by so doing, perform good service for Leicestershire botany.

THE WOOLHOPE CLUB FORAY.—The usual week at Hereford commenced on October 13th, and the first excursion to Leominster for Croft Ambury on the 14th. The walk was pleasant, the weather and company agreeable, and the view extensive and picturesque; but many of the baskets remained almost empty, most of the time being occupied in marching up a hill and then marching down again. On the 15th a short excursion to Havwood Forest was much more satisfactory in its results. On the 16th the general excursion was to Dinmore, where the beautiful Cortinarius triumphans was found, again under birches, the only previously known locality being Haywood Forest. On October 17th. the last, and worst, excursion was made in Eastnor Park, near Ledbury. During the evenings the following papers were read at the soirées: -" Notes on the Edible Fungi of North Italy," by A. S. Bicknell; "On Colour Nomenclature in Fungi," by H. T. Wharton, M.A.; "British Species of Nidularia," by W. Phillips; "The Spermogonia of the Uredines," by C. B. Plowright; "Researches into the Oospores of some Fungi," by the Rev. J. E. Vize, M.A.; "On Bunt," by C. B. Plowright; "Recent Views on the Lamellæ of the Agaricini," by the Rev. J. E. Vize, M.A.; "Some Recent Additions to our Mycologic Flora," by W. Phillips, F.L.S.; "Trinomialism in Zoology," by H. T. Wharton, M.A.; and "Some Gigantic Fungi," by M. C. Cooke. The week was conspicuously deficient in novelties, which were

The week was conspicuously deficient in novelties, which were chiefly confined to those sent from a distance. A. O. Walker, Esq., of Chester, sent a box of specimens from North Wales, which contained nothing rare. H. T. Wharton exhibited Agaricus

Elvensis from Kingsbury. W. G. Smith sent Hydnum coralloides from Newark. C. Bucknall brought Cortinarius papulosus from near Bristol. T. Howse also sent a box of specimens from Guildford. Excepting Ag. melleus, the white-spored Agarics were very scarce.

Polyporus intybaceus was found for the first time in Herefordshire. Geaster fimbriatus occurred plentifully in Eastnor Park. Lactarius flexuosus was again found in Haywood Forest. Hygrophorus cossus rather plentifully at Dinmore, but novelties were conspicuously absent, and critical discussion unusually wanting in vigour for lack of material. Some of the sub-genera were not represented by a single species.

Very large specimens of Agaricus melleus were measured in Haywood Forest, ten, and ten-and-a-half, inches in diameter of the pileus. Curious malformations of the same ubiquitous species

were found at Dinmore.

HERTFORDSHIRE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY .- The Cryptogamic Meeting and Fungus Foray in the neighbourhood of St. Albans was held on Saturday afternoon, November 1st. The leaves had been falling briskly for two or three days, and consequently covered many of the few species of Fungi on the ground. Two or three small woods and Gorhambury Park were explored, but only 43 species were recorded, of which 15 had not been recorded for previous Forays. Nearly all the Fungi found were of common species, and these represented by few individuals. The most noteworthy species was Agaricus (Collybia) longipes, Bull. Numerous specimens of Agaricus (Tricholoma) personatus, in excellent condition, were taken from Gorhambury Park, and operated upon afterwards to test their esculent qualities, as also were several individuals of Ag. (Tricholoma) nudus, in both cases with satisfactory results. The Fungi found at the Foray were determined by M. C. Cooke and Worthington G. Smith.

These are the only Forays of which we are enabled to report from personal observation. The general impression in all localities is, undoubtedly, that the number of Fungi seen was far inferior to that of very many previous years. Some say "the worst for

twenty years."

DISEASES OF FIELD AND GARDEN CROPS.*

This little volume, which is published at the low price of four shillings and sixpence, should be in the hands of every farmer and gardener, as well as every student of Fungi. It presents in a handy and popular form a careful digest of what is known, and what is supposed to be known, of the principal diseases of plants caused by Fungi. Originally delivered as lectures to the Institute of Agriculture at the British Museum, and since carefully revised

^{*} Diseases of Field and Garden Crops, chiefly such as are caused by Fungi; by Worthington G. Smith, F.L.S., with 143 figures. Macmillan and Co.

and somewhat extended, this volume is intended for practical agriculturists, and appears to set forth with fairness the arguments on both sides in certain vexed questions which enter into the subjects discussed. Of course it is not difficult to see in which direction the writer's own opinions tend, but there is no personality, and no assumption of dogmatism, or any attempt to sneer at and quarrel with those from whom he feels bound to differ. On the whole we feel prepared to endorse the views, deemed in some quarters heretical, which the writer favours, and though sometimes it has been our honour to be linked together as a "pair of hereties," the opprobrium has not yet convinced either of his error, or induced a desire to recant. Time is on our side, and we are content to wait.

We cannot enumerate the thirty-eight chapters into which the book is divided, but in it will be found Potato Diseases, Onion and Cabbage Diseases, the Corn Mildews, Ergot of Grain, Smut, and many others, all profusely illustrated, and described in plain

language, so as to require no glossary.

It is not our intention to enter upon any of the subjects here treated, since we have neither time nor inclination for that particular "vanity and vexation of spirit" denominated controversy. No additional progress has been made in the arguments during some years, in spite of the volumes of "words" which have been written. The premises are the same, the deductions are the same, the missing links, and the fallacious conclusions, are all as they were, it is only variations that have been played, but the fundamental tune "We cannot believe a proposition only by wishing, or is the same. only by dreading, to believe it," says Mill, * and further he adds, for the benefit of such as seek to do it, that "it makes him shrink from the irksome labour of a rigorous induction, when he has a misgiving that its results may be disagreeable; and in such examination as he does institute, it makes him exert that which is in a certain measure voluntary, his attention unfairly, giving, a larger share of it to the evidence which seems favourable to the desired conclusion. a smaller to that which seems unfavourable. It operates, too, by making him look out eagerly for reasons, or apparent reasons, to support opinions which are conformable, or to resist those which are repugnant, to his interests or feelings; and when the interests or feelings are common to great numbers of persons, reasons are accepted and pass current, which would not for a moment be listened to in that character if the conclusion had nothing more powerful than its reasons to speak in its behalf. The natural or acquired partialities of mankind are continually throwing up philosophical theories, the sole recommendation of which consists in the premises they afford for proving cherished doctrines, or justifying favourite feelings; and when any one of these theories has been so thoroughly discredited as no longer to serve the purpose, another is always ready to take its place. This propensity, when exercised in favour

^{* &}quot;System of Logic," p 483.

of any widely-spread persuasion or sentiment, is often decorated with complimentary epithets; and the contrary habit of keeping the judgment in complete subordination to evidence, is stigmatised by various hard names, as scepticism, immorality, coldness, hard-heartedness, and similar expressions, according to the nature of the case."

People may be educated in some things, but they are not made logicians by Act of Parliament. Logic is not one of the fashions of the age in which we live, or some of the sophistries we hear of would have a "short life and a merry one."

SPHÆRIACEÆ IMPERFECTÆ COGNITÆ.

Under this heading in Saccardo's Sylloge, he enumerates no less than 420 species of which the fructification was unknown to him. Whether this list might not with little trouble have been considerably reduced, we will not stay to enquire. Suffice it to say that we have taken the first 89 species, belonging to the *Compositæ*, and subjected them to examination, with the following result.

We are indebted to Mr. W. C. Stevenson, of Philadelphia, for the determination of some of the species in the Schweinitzian Herbarium, for which we had not access to authentic specimens. The numbers at the left refer to the corresponding numbers in the

"Sylloge."

4126. Rosellinia pardalios, B. & C., Herb. Berk., No. 8691. Sporidia elliptical, brown, '008 mm. long.

4129. Diatrype pilulifera, Schwein. in Herb. Berk., No. 8727.

Hardly appears to be the species of Fries. There is no "collum longum attenuatis."

4131. Diatrype euphorea, Fr., Herb. Berk., 8731. Sporidia allantoid '01 mm. long.

4132. Diatrype rhois, Schwein. Herb. Berk., No. 8735. Sporidia allantoid '0075-'008 mm. long.

4133. Valsaria Robinies, Schw. in Herb. Berk., No. 8728. Sporidia elliptical, uniseptate, brown '02 mm.

4134. Diatrype virescens, Schwein. Herb. Berk., No. 8730. Sporidia allantoid, pale fuscous, '008 mm.

4137. Diatrype smilacicola, Schwein in Herb. Berk., No. 8789. Sacc. Syll., No. 739.

Sporidia allantoid, ·012-·014 mm. long.

4142. Diatrype concolor, Schwein. Herb. Berk., No. 8746. Sporidia allantoid, '0075-'008 mm. long.

4143. Diatrype albo-pruinosa, Schweinitz.

Sporidia allantoid, pale fuscous, ·02-·022 × ·004 mm.

4144. Cxyptospora corylina, Fckl. Sphæria versatilis, Fries. Herb. Berk., No. 8759. Specimen from Schweinits.

Sporidia cylindrical, flexuous, nucleate, hyaline, ·05 mm. long.

- 4145. Diatrype sordida, Pers. Herb. Berk., No. 8752. Sporidia allantoid 012 mm. long.
- 4147. Fuckelia gastrina = Sphæria irregularis (Fr.) in Herb. Berk.
- 4149. Sphæria griseo-tecta, B. & Br. Herb. Berk., No. 8779.

 Villose and byssoid, not a Diatrype; asci clavate, sporidia biseriate, cylindrical, hyaline, flexuous, '04 × '003 mm.
- 4150. Diatrype friabilis (Pers.) ex. herb. Schweinitz in Herb. Kewensis. Sporidia allantoid 01 mm. long.
- 4153. Diatrype variolosa, Schwein. in Herb. Berk., No. 8778. Sporidia allantoid '007-'008 mm. long.
- 4154. Only a Sphæropsis under the name of Sphæria subconfluens, Schw., in Herb. Berk., No. 8777.
- 4155. Diatrype sambucivora, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8775. Sporidia allantoid '008 mm. long.
- 4156. Diatrype collecta, Schwein. in Herb. Berk., No. 8776. Only minute stylospores found.
- 4157. Diatrype annulans, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8774. Sporidia allantoid '008 mm. long.
- 4160. Eutypa oppansa, Fries in Herb. Berk., No. 8822. Specimen from Schweinitz.

 Sporidia allantoid, about 01 mm.
- 4166. Eutypa mori-rubræ, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8826.

 Sporidia cylindrical, scarcely curved, pale fuscous, '008 mm. long.
- 4167. Eutypa mela, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8793. Apparently not distinct from E. maura.
- 4168. Apparently an Eutypa, but without fruit, Herb. Berk., 8825.
- 4169. Eutypa elevans, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8817. Sporidia allantoid '008 mm. long.
- 4170. Eutypa denigrata, Schwein. in Herb. Berk., No. 8813.
- 4171. Eutypa confusa, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8817, 8819. Ostiola rugose, sporidia allantoid.
- 4172. Diaporthe concrescens, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8815. Sporidia fusiform, quadri-nucleate, then uniseptate ·012 mm. long.
- 4173. Valsa juglandicola, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8846. Sporidia allantoid, '006 × '002 mm.
- 4175. Sphæria pugillus, Schw. in Herb. Schweinitz, is a Sphæronema.
- 4177. Valsa Sallei, Berk. in Herb., No. 8864. Sporidia allantoid, hyaline, very minute.
- 4178. Valsa Cathartocarpi, Lev. in Herb. Berk., No. 8860. Sporidia allantoid, hyaline '01 × '003 mm.
- 4180. Valsa variolaria, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8958. Sporidia allantoid ⋅0078 × ⋅0032 mm.
- 4181. Valsa rubincola, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8848.

 Sporidia allantoid '01 mm. long. In Herb. Schweinitz, sporidia '009 × '002 mm.
- 4182. Valsa radicum, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8850. Sporidia allantoid '01 mm. long.

- 4183. Valsa quadrifida, Schwz. Amer. Bor., 1378. Sporidia allantoid, hyaline, '009 × '0032 mm.
- 4184. Valsa (valsella) papyriferæ, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8959. Sporidia allantoid, numerous, minute.
- 4185. Cytispora only, under, Sphæria oligostoma, Schwein. in Herb. Berk., 8852, and sterile in Herb. Schwenitz.
- 4186. Valsa modesta, Schwein. Amer. Bor., No. 1337. Sporidia allantoid ·0078 × ·0032 mm.
- 4187. Valsa indistincta, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8960. Sporidia reniform, hyaline, '006 × '0045 mm.
- 4188. Valsa (Eutypella) Halseyana, Schwein. in Herb. Berk., No. 8855.
 Sporidia allantoid '008 mm. long.
- 4189. Valsa (Eutypella) goniostoma (Schweinitz). Sporidia allantoid, hyaline '007 × '002 mm.
- 4190. Valsa frustrum-coni, Schwein. in Herb. Berk., 8854.

 The small specimen furnished only a Cytispora with minute spores.
- 4191. Valsa conseptata, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8952. Sporidia allantoid, hyaline, '0083 × '0032 mm.
- 4192. Valsa ceanothi, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8961. Sporidia allantoid, '02 × '006 mm.
- 4193. Valsa conspurcata, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8849. Sporidia allantoid, hyaline, '006 × '002 mm.
- 4194. Valsaria Bignoniæ, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8856. Sporidia olive brown, uniseptate, '015 × '008 mm.
- 4195. Aglacspora profusa, or scarce different, as Sphæria amorphostoma, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8851.
- 4196. Eutypa allostoma, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8853. Sporidia allantoid, '009 × '003 mm.
- 4198. Valsa axactina, Fr. in Herb. Berk., No. 8845, ex-herb Fries. Sporidia allantoid, ·01 mm. long.
- 4201. Valsa deformis, in Herb. Schweinitz.

 Sporidia allantoid, hyaline, '006-'008 × '0015 mm.
- 4203. Cryptospora vasculosa, in Herb. Schweinitz. Sporidia cuneate, nucleate, .008 × .012 mm.
- 4208. Valsa (Quaternaria) abnormis, Fries., fide Schweinitz, Herb.

 Berk., No. 8989.

 Sporidia allantoid, hyaline, minute.
- 4210. Sphæria (Cryptospora) umbilicata, Pers. Herb. Berk., No. 8986, is without fruit.

Sporidia oval, hyaline 0062×005 mm. in Herb. Schweinitz.

- 4211. Eutypa dimorpha, Wallr. in Herb. Berk., No. 8816. Sporidia allantoid, hyaline, '005 mm. long.
- 4213. Valsa expers, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8990.

 Sporidia allantoid, '02 mm. long. In Herb. Schweinitz '018 × '016 mm.
- 4214. Valsa rimicola, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk., No. 8985. Sporidia allantoid, .0065 mm.
- 4215. Valsa rhizina, Schweinits in Herb. Berk., No. 8988. Sporidia allantoid, '009 × '003 mm.



The following two species appear to have been omitted, as we fail to trace them in the Index:—

Valsa aperta, Fr. Syst. II. 407., Schwein. Amer. Bor., No. 1381.

Circinata, perithecia exigua, cortici interiori immersa, subinde irregulariter aggregata, superne crusta tegente juncta. Ostiola peritheciis duplo longiora, erumpentia, primo pro more convergenti a dein erecta, apice perforata. Ascis clavato-cylindricis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis '018 × '006 mm.

In ramis Populinis.

Valsa (Cryptosporella) divergens, Schweinitz. Sphæria divergens Schwein. Syn. Car., 123, S. (circinatæ) divergens, Schw. Amer. Bor., No. 1393.

Receptaculum tumidiusculum, cæspes sphærularum 2-4 lineas diametro æquans suborbicularis, cingitur epidermide. Sphærulæ atræ vel cinerascentes, ostiolis teretibus longissimis s. sphærulæ sua triplo longioribus, divergentibus. Ascis octosporis ; sporidiis subellipticis, hyalinis, 002×007 mm., endochromate granuloso.

În ramis Liquidambaris dejectis.

BRITISH FRESH WATER ALGÆ.

This work is now complete in two volumes, cloth, gilt tops. There are only a very limited number of copies left, of which the

published price is £4 10s.

Since the appearance of the last part we have been apprised by Mr. F. Bates, of Leicester, of the discovery of *Edogonium excisum* (page 157) in Leicestershire. The only previous locality recorded in these islands was Ireland. Also another closely-allied species, not referable to any yet recorded as British, but not at present satisfactorily determined.

From time to time we shall endeavour to announce all additions,

of which we are assured, in the pages of this journal.

SOCIETE MYCOLOGIQUE.

We have received a prospectus of this Society, which it is proposed to establish in France, with our friends Dr. Quelet as President, and M. Boudier as Vice-President. This Society is to be composed of French members and foreign members, and is to be divided into four sections, besides a section for the colonies, each section to have its own mycologic Session, and a general session annually. Annual subscription ten francs for members, and five francs for corresponding members; to each, in proportion, the publications of the Society will be sent. The Secretary is Dr. A. Mougeot, Bruyeres, Vosges, France. All persons giving in their adhesion to the programme before the 30th December will be entitled Founders.

SYNOPSIS PYRENOMYCETUM.

(Continued from p. 16.)

Notwithstanding that it is a severe tax upon our fully-occupied time, we have endeavoured to proceed with the examination and revision of the *Pyrenomycetes* embodied in Saccardo's "Sylloge." Present observations will be confined to the *Dothideacea*, although it is impossible to complete that family in the present number. First of all we will endeavour to clear the way by excluding a number of species which it would be folly to retain under the name of *Dothidea*, in the hope of some perfect form being found at a very remote time. There is no doubt that the genus *Dothidea* was somewhat imperfectly understood by Schweinitz and others, since *Diplodia* and *Sphæropsis* as well as *Dothiora* were often included in it.

A very unprofitable examination of the following authentic specimens from Schweinitz in the Berkeley Herbarium may be accepted as a sufficient reason for excluding them all from any

enumeration of the species of Phyllachora:

5161. Dothidea orbiculata, Schweinitz. Herb. Berk. No. 9249.

Asci not seen. Stylospores subcylindrical, •022 × •003 mm.

5163. D. Rhois, Schweinitz. Herb. Berk. No. 9202. No fruit.

5167. D. Lauri-Borboniæ, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9242.
Imperfect. No fruit. Perhaps Asteroma.

5168. D. juglandicola, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9271.

Is a *Pilidium*. Stylospores strongly arcuate, hyaline, '012 × '003 mm. Perithecia membranaceous.

5169. **D. sassafras**, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9270. Perhaps an Asteroma, but without fruit.

5172. **D. Rosæ**, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9276. Is the common Asteroma Rosæ, Fr.

5173. D. maculans, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9274. Only consists of sterile brown spots.

5174. **D. Castaneæ**, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9275.
Only discoloured spots. No indication of being a Dothidea in a

young state.
5175. D. lauricola, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9273.

Spots resembling Ectostroma, without fruit.

5177. **D. glycineos**, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9255. Small, irregular, submembranaceous perithecia, without fruit. Either *Phyllosticta* or *Phoma*.

5178. D. conspurcata, Berk. Herb. No. 9114.
Without fruit, probably an immature Asterina.

5182. **D. Barringtoniæ**, Berk. & Br. Herb. Berk. 9099. Small ostiolate perithecia, without fruit. It is probably a *Phoma*.

5183. **D. Musæ,** Klotsch.

Is the same species as recorded under No. 5243.

5185. D. brachystemonis, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9251.

No trace of fruit.

5188. D. Kanthii, D. C.—There is every reason for considering this to be *Puccinia Xanthii*, Schw.

5190. D. exasperans, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9252.

Perithecia membranaceous. Phyllosticta exasperans. Spores :006 × :0015 mm.

5197. D. Gentianæ, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9201.

Perithecia distinct, submembranaceous, gregarious. Spores narrowly elliptic, 008-01 mm. Doubtless a *Phoma* or *Phyllosticta*. And *Dothidia orbicularis*, Berk. in Herb. No. 9144, is also the same species.

5199. **D. stipata** (Fr.) Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9253.

Without fruit. Not a Dothidea.

5202. D. cinerascens, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9285.

Is a *Phoma*, with spores elliptical, hyaline, 015 × 004 mm., mixed with the mycelium of *Cladoeporium?*

5203. D. Asclepiadis, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9278.

Sterile. Seems to be a small Sclerotium.

5204. D. Impatientis, Schwein. Herb. Berk, 9280.

Thin, effused, black spots, an inch or more in length, but wholly sterile.

5205. **D. Silphii**, Schw. Herb. Berk. 9288.

Masses of dark brown mycelium, with a small *Phoma*. Spores elliptical, 0.012×0.002 mm.

5206. D. dispersa, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9283.

Cuticular spots of brown mycelium, without cells, perithecia, or spores. Somewhat the appearance of a Leptostroma.

5207. D. conferta, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9236.

No indication of fruit. Not the habit of a Phyllachora.

5209. D. ornans, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9237.

A small Phoma, with minute oval spores, about $\cdot 003 \times \cdot 002$ mm.

5210. D. hibiscicola, Schnein. Herb. Berk. 9279.

Membranaceous perithecia, with filiform flexuous stylospores, 025 mm. long.

5211. **D. Phytolacce**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9209. Without fruit. Probably a Phoma.

5212. D. inelegans, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9232.

Perhaps an Asteroma, but without fruit. 5214. D. crustacea, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9286.

Black, effused, fragile crust, but without perithecia or spores.

5216. **D. polygonati**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9266. With the habit of Phoma, but without fruit.

5217. D. nodicola, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9230.

Membranaceous perithecia, filled with subspherical hyaline granules.

- 5218. **D. elliptica**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9228. Blackened crustaceous spots, but no fruit.
- 5219. D. ambrosie, Sohwein. Herb. Berk. 9227. Without fruit. Not a Phyllachora.
- 5220. D. viticola, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9226. With the habit of Phoma, but without fruit.
- 5221. D. Hyssopi, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9267.
 Minute brown spots, without perithecia or spores.
- 5223. **D. frigoris**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9238.
 Perithecia membranaceous. Phoma, with elliptical spores, ·006 ×·002 mm.
- 5224. **D. chalybea**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9240. Perhaps an Asteroma, but without fruit.
- 5225. **D. denigrans**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9241. Blackened spots, without fruit.
- 5226. D. missouriensis, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9224. Diseased cells.
- 5227. D. pomigena, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9186.
 Minute membranaceous perithecia, with profusion of small oval spores, about '003 mm. long.
- 5228. **D. fructigena**, Schnein. Herb. Berk. 9187.

 Appears to be rather a compact kind of Sporidesmium, no distinct perithecia, no cavity, and no spores. An uncertain production, should be examined in a fresh state.
- 5231. **D. delicatula**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9281. Thin patches of radiating mycelium.
- 5233. **D. nigrescens**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9282. Some incipient black mould.
- 5234. D. canaliculata, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9296.

 This is certainly, from the specimen, Puccinia cellulosa, Berk.
- 5235. D. penicillata, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9244. With the habit of Phoma, but without fruit.
- 5236. D. cepa, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9234.

 Mostly a creeping brown mycelium, with here and there a small perithecium, perhaps of Asteroma, but without fruit.
- 5237. **D. dioscoreæ**, Sohwein. Herb. Berk. 9235.

 Phoma dioscoreæ. Spores elliptical, hyaline, '006-'007 × '0025 mm.
- 5238. **D. panici**, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9287. Without fruit,
- 5239. D. lineola, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9284. A small Phoma, with very minute spores.
- 5240. D. scapincola. Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9277. Possibly a Phoma, but sterile.

5244. D. flicum, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9229.
Not to be distinguished from Leptostroma litigiosum. Desm.

To these may be added the following, which are not inserted in Saccardo's Sylloge:—

- D. Liriodendri, Schmein. 1951. Herb. Berk. 9272. Ectostroma Liriodendri, Fr. No fruit.
- D. petiolaris, Schnein. 1955. Herb. Berk. 9267. Blackened spots, but no spores.
- D. Annone, Schwein. 1954. Herb. Berk. 9268. Ectostromoid spots, but no fruit.
- D. gramma, Schwein. 1888. Herb. Berk. 9250. Perithecia immature, no fruit. See Saccardo, 4452.
- D. atra (Fr.) Schnein. 1869. Herb. Berk. 9259. Linear stylospores, '008 mm. long, produced in cavities or cells.
- D. radicalis, Schwein. 1874. Herb. Berk. 9262.

 This is a Sphæropsis. Spores oval, hyaline at first, ultimately dark brown, continuous, 25 × :016 mm.
- D. see, Schwein. No. 1866. Herb. Berk. 9256. Not distinguishable from Gibberella Saubinetii, M.
- D. Schimperi, Berk. Herb. 9188.

 From Mount Sinai. Habit of Dothidea, but without fruit.
- D. Coriaria, B. & C. Herb. Berk. 9135.

 Is without fruit. Not the habit of Phyllachora
- D. Robergei, Desm. Herb. Berk. 9157. Is Venturia circinans, Sacc.
- D. dulcamare, Berk. in Herb. No. 9167.
 Is a Diplodia.
- D. glumarum, B. & Curt. in Herb. Berk. 9181. Is evidently Gibberella Saubinetii, M.
- D. hymenicola, B. & Br. Herb. Berk. 9184.

 Is Homostegia lichenum, Somm. The asci are perfectly distinct and clavate, sporidia biseriate.
- D. vernicosa (Fr.) Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9243. Habit of Phoma, but sterile.
- D. Fraxini, Fr. Herb. Berk. 9146. Is Septoria fraxini, Lasch.
- D. coryli, Schwein. Herb, Berk. 9113.Entirely sterile. Perhaps a condition of Gnomonia.
- D. diospyri, Schwein. 1907. Herb. Berk. 9248. Without fruit.
- D. granulata, Berk. & Curt. Herb. Berk. 9124
 Is a Tubercularia, perhaps T. granulata.
- Phoma phlomidis (Lev.), Cooke.
 Dothidea phlomidis, Lev. Demid. Voy. 11. 108, t. 5, f. 2. Herb Berk. 9197.

Epiphylla. Peritheciis sparsis, atris, prominulis, ostiolis incon-

spicuis. Sporis cylindricis, simplicibus, pellucidis, obtusis, $\cdot 02 \times \cdot 004$ mm.

In foliis Phlomidis pungentis, Sympheropol.

Phyllosticta Paliuri (Lev.), Cooke.

Dothidea Paliuri, Lev. Demid. Voy. 11., 107, t. 5, f. 6. Herb. Berk. 9145.

Hypophylla, atra, maculæformis. Peritheciis minutissimis, confertis, albo farctis, stromate tenui impositis. Sporidiis ovato-linearribus, pellucidis, curvatis, simplicibus, obtusis, '006 × '002 mm.

In foliis Paliuri aculeati. Yalta.

Septoria pistaciæ (Lev.), Cooke.

Dothidea pistaciæ, Lev. Demid. Voy. 11., 108, t. v. f. 2. Herb. Berk. 9499.

Hypophylla, maculæformis, atra, irregularis. Peritheciis innatis, confertis, minutissimis, ostiolis inconspicuis. Sporis filiformibus, curvatis, simplicibus, pellucidis, '05 mm. long.

In foliis Pistaciæ. Nikita.

NEW BRITISH FUNGI.

(Continued from Vol. XII., p. 100.)

By M. C. COOKE.

Agaricus (Flammula) gymnopodius. Bull. t. 601, f. 1.

Dark ferruginous. Pileus fleshy, campanulate then convex, squamulose; stem solid, becoming smooth, equal; gills very decurrent, arcuate, crowded.—Fr. Hym. Eur. p. 244. Cooke Illus. t. 431.

On pine sawdust. Munstead (T. Howse). Stem 2 in., or more, long. Pileus 2-3 in. broad.

Agaricus (Flammula) filius. Fr. Icon. t. 117, f. 1.
Pileus fleshy, thin, convex then plane, smooth, moist after rain,

Pileus fleshy, thin, convex then plane, smooth, moist after rain, gilvous; stem fistulose, long, smooth, pallid, reddish within; gills adnate, rather crowded, white then pallid.—Cooke Illus. t. 432.

On the ground in woods. Haywood Forest.

Stem 3-6 in. long, $\frac{1}{3}$ in. thick, equal or attenuated below, pallid, becoming reddish at the base, and within. Pileus 2-3 in. broad, even, smooth, with rather viscid cuticle, pale orange-red with the disc rufous. The figure in illustrations has too yellow a tone, and is printed rather too dark in the pileus, which it was impossible to alter without cancelling the plate.

Agaricus (Psathyra) helobius. Kalchb. Icon. t. 17, f. 4.
Pileus submembranaceous, conical campanulate, soon plane,

Pileus submembranaceous, conical campanulate, soon plane, somewhat umbonate, with concentric elevated ridges at the disc, otherwise radiately rugose, fuliginous, margin striate brown; stem fistulose, slender, umber becoming reddish, clad with

fugacious whitish flocci; gills adnate, rounded behind, rather crowded, fuliginous.—Fr. Hym. Eur. 308.

Moist places in pine woods. Coed Coch (Rev. M. J. Berkeley).

Boletus tenuipes. Cooke.

The form described as Boletus granulatus, var. tenuipes, in "Grevillea," vol. xii., p. 43, has occurred again this year several times in Epping Forest. The bright, clear yellow pores are very distinctive, conjoined with the other characters already indicated, and, in fact, it cannot be united, with any reason, to B. granulatus or B. bovinus, hence we have applied to it the above specific name.

On the ground in woods. Epping Forest, several localities. Oct., 1884.

Boletus candicans. Fr. Hym. Eur. 507.

Pileus leathery, smooth and polished when dry, dirty white with a faint greenish tinge of colour, margin irregular, somewhat crenate; stem lemon white, reticulated, solid; flesh changing rapidly from white to indigo-blue when exposed to the light; tubes lemon, with their orifices uneven and irregular in size. Spores 012 × 005. Boletus pachypus, Smith Illus. t. 17. Boletus elephantinus, with Arr., ed. iii., vol. 4, p. 317.

In open places, amongst grass.

Emulating B. pachypus in size, and long known in this country, but included with that species. Fries considers it sufficiently distinct to merit the specific name which he assigned to it, although Withering's has priority, if it is the same species, of which there is little doubt.

Boletus duriusculus. Kalch. Fr. Hym. Eur. 515.

Pileus globose then hemispherical, soft, smooth, viscid when moist, whitish tawny, then dirty chestnut-colour (often olivaceous), stem attenuated at the base, ventricose, whitish, normally densely punctate with delicate umber squamules; tubes free, elongated, thin, livid, becoming tawny, pores white at length of the same colour.—Kalchb. & Schulz. Icon.

In woods. Epping Forest.

About the size of B. scaber, with which it has probably been confounded. Pileus when dry cracking into small arcolæ in a tessulated manner. Flesh firm, white, on contact with the air becoming coppery-red, passing into greyish-violet, with the margin and base remaining white. Stem very firm, "edible, delicious."

Hydnam diversidens. Fries. Hym. Eur. 609.

Pileus fleshy, inclining to stipitate, greatly deformed, white, densely clad on the upper surface with variable erect incised teeth, margin entire, furnished with clavate teeth, and beneath invested with regular entire subulate spines.—Fr. Sver. Svam. t. 71, f. 2.

On trunks. Near Fairmead in Epping Forest. Sept.-Oct.,

1884 (H. T. Wharton and J. C. Webb).

Forming a cæspitose mass about six inches in diameter. The

pilei confluent at the base. Odour and taste similar to H. repandum. Edible.

Entorphiza cypericola (Magn). Weber. Bot. Zeit., Vol. 41, p. 369, t. 4.

Swellings generally white, oval, nearly smooth, from the size of a pin's head to that of a small pea. The outer layers after a time tend to become brown in colour, rendering the whole tumour brown. In the cells of the cortex lie the spores, connected by mycelium filaments. These filaments are wavy or spirally twisted, or collected in coils. The spores are produced at the tips of wavy or spiral branches, thinner than the ordinary branches from which they arise. They become round, and of an average '02 by '017 mm. The outer layer of the spore becomes covered with rather large warts, and is usually of a deep yellow or reddish-yellow colour.—Prof. Trail in Scottish Naturalist. Oct., 1884.

On roots of Juncus bufonius.

Melanotænium endogenum. Unger. Exanth.

The attacked plants become stunted. Stems dark, usually dull purplish or blackish throughout, or at the nodes. The cortex is much crowded with the spores of the fungus, usually collected in groups. The spores are more or less angular from mutual pressure, brown, varying considerably in shade or depth of colour. —Prof. Trail in Scottish Naturalist. Oct., 1884.

On stems of Galium mollugo.

Hypomyces ater. Fr. Grevillea xII., p. 80.

Irregularly effused, usually covering the entire fungus on which it is parasitic, black. Perithecia semi-immersed, with a conical ostiolum of the same colour. Asci cylindrical, sporidia lanceolate, acute at each extremity, usually beaked at one end, continuous, hyaline, sometimes the rostrum seems to be divided from the body of the spore by an incipient septum (.03-035 × .005-.006 mm.).

On small undetermined Agarics. Carlisle (Dr. Carlyle).

A very distinct species, agreeing perfectly with the specimens from Fries.

BRITISH HYMENOMYCETES.

We must again direct the attention of our readers to the paragraph on page 97, in which it is announced that the Rev. John Stevenson is prepared to issue a "Flora of British Fungi," containing full descriptions of all the British Hymenomycetes. This work is proposed to occupy 2 vols., at half-a-guinea each, and we are assured will be sent to press as soon as sufficient subscribers are obtained to warrant the venture. It is to be hoped that all who are interested in British Botany will favour Mr. Stevenson with their support, and that we shall soon hear that the list has attained a sufficient length for him to send the first volume to the press. We believe that we are correct in stating that it is intended to embody all the valuable information contained in Fries's "Monographia," so far as relates to British species. Communications to be sent to the Rev. John Stevenson, Glamis, Forfar, N.B.

NEW AND RARE BRITISH FUNGI.

By W. PHILLIPS, F.L.S., AND CHARLES B. PLOWRIGHT.

(Continued from Vol. x., p. 74.)

227. Agaricus (Lepiota) felinus, Pers. Syn., p. 201. Fr. Hym., p. 32. Pileus ovato-campanulate, then expanded, umbonate, submembranaceous, with a very dull, almost black centre, squamose, each minute scale being tipped with a black speck; margin striate, crenulate, thin, tender, and fragile; stem hollow, enlarged below; ring large, fragile, evanescent; gills white, free, subdistant, serratutile. Spores oval or oval-elliptical, 10 × 5 mill.

Pileus $1\frac{1}{3}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. across. Stem $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in. high, 1-2 lines

thick.

In fir woods. Amongst moss. Middleton, 1876. North Woot-

ton, 1880.

This is a very pretty fragile species. The white pileus, with an almost black umbo, is very striking; the lower part of the stem has often a very delicate reddish tinge.

228. Agaricus (Clitocybe) vermicularis, Fr. Hymen., p. 98.

Pileus slightly fleshy, umbilicate then reflexed, infundibuliform, repand, even, smooth, moist, becoming pale; stem hollow, soon compressed, smooth, shining, and, as well as the decurrent very crowded thin gills, white.

Somewhat fragile, pileus of a beautiful red or flesh-colour, then tan (almost hygrophanous). Most frequently undulato-lobed.

-Fries.

Forres, N.B. Rev. Dr. Keith.

* Agaricus (Omphalia) Postii, Fr. Hymen., p. 157. King's Lynn. C.B.P. July, 1883.

229. Agaricus (Pluteus) salicinus, Pers. Fr. Hymen., p. 659.
Pileus rather fleshy, convexo-plane, subumbonate, disc darker,

floccoso-rugose; stem stuffed, fibrillose, bluish-white; gills free, rosy.

In the interior of a hollow pollard willow. South Wootton. Sept. 11, 1882.

Pileus about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. wide; with a tinge of green.

* Agaricus (Pholiota) ægerita, Fr. Hymen., p. 219. On elm tree. King's Lynn.

230. Agaricus (Hypholoma) hypoxanthus, N. sp.

Cæspitose. Pileus umbonate, moist, viscid, dirty white, umbo darker, brownish, squamulose with minute black fibrillæ, which are evanescent; gills purple brown, crowded, narrow, edge white, adnate, seceding, sometimes forked; pileus subcarnose, except the centre, which is a thick fleshy umbo; stem curved, hollow, incrassated below, whitish, smooth above, floccoso-squamose below. Base with a distinct yellow tinge; mycelium orange-yellow.

This agaric has been regarded as A. storea, but incorrectly so. It is always exspitose, and has hitherto occurred either on rotten beech wood or under beech trees.

Forres, 1882. High Beech. Epping Forest.

Pileus about 2 in. across. Stem 2 to 4 in. high, by 3 lines thick.

231. Russuia Du Portii, Phil., n. s.

Pileus compact, fleshy, firm, convexo-plane, depressed, smooth, dry, centre rufous or flesh-red; margin bluish, even, obtuse; stem spongy-stuffed, minutely striate, glabrous, white; gills rounded behind, broad, distant, white.

In a wood. Mattishall, Norfolk. The Rev. Canon DuPort. Pileus 1½ to 2½ in. broad; stem 1 in. or more high, and 5 to 8

lines broad.

The flesh turns reddish brown when cut, and the odour is that of the common crab.

232. Cortinarius (Phlegmacium) porphyropus, Fr. Hymen., p. 351. Grevillea 11., p. 116.

Terrington St. Clement's. In a mossy meadow under trees. Oct., 1883.

233. Cortinarius (Hydrocybe) scandens, Fr. Hymen., p. 396. variety. Pileus submembranaceous, conical, then expanded, at first tawny-ferruginous, when moist honey-coloured, when dry alutaceous, umbo fleshy, margin striate; stem fistulose, flexuous, smooth, apex thickened, base attenuated white; gills adnate, thin, rather distant, tawny, cinnamon, edge of the same colour.

In fir woods. North Wootton Heath. Oct. and Nov., 1883. This small species occurred in great abundance in clusters on the ground, amongst fir leaves.

234. Cortinarius (Hydrocybe) fasciatus, Fries Hymon., p. 399.

Grevillea VIII., p. 78.

Reffley Wood. Oct. and Nov., 1883.

235. Hydnum diversidens, Fr. Hymen., p. 609. Sv. Atl. Svamp., t. 71, f. 2. Grevillea XIII., p. 46.

On beech. Near Guildford. Mr. T. Howse. Oct., 1883. Found also in Epping Forest on hornbeam by Dr. Wharton, Oct., 1884.

236. Cyphella Pimii, Phil.

Fasciculate, cyathiform, erect or pendant, membranaceous, pubescent, white or very pale yellow; stem rather slender, crooked, enlarged upwards; margin of cup somewhat incised; basidia cylindraceo-clavate; spores subpyriform, colourless (.007-.01 × .004 mm.).

On dead herbaceous stems in water. Dublin. Mr. Greenwood

About 2 lines high and cup 1 line wide. The basidia have sometimes only two spicules, generally four.

237. Cyphella brunnea, Phil.

Scattered or crowded, sessile, cupulate, dirty-brown, clothed near the margin with a grey pruina; margin incurved, lacerated, mouth oblique; hymenium smooth, discoloured-brown; flesh paler, subgelatinous; basidia clavate, two to four spicules; spores colourless, globose ('005-'006 mm.).

On bark and wood of old elder trees. Shrewsbury.

Cups 5 mm. across, 8 mm. high.

238. Clavaria striata, Pers. Fries Hymen., p. 675.

Cæspitose, fistulose, subfuliginous; clubs very long, flexuous, somewhat twisted, sparsely striate. *Pers. Ic. et Descrip.*, t. 3, f. 5.

On the ground. General Cemetery, Shrewsbury.

The clubs were decidedly striate.

239. Tremella (Coryne) foliicola, Fckl. Symb. Myc., p. 402. Sacc.
Fungi Ital., No. 1024.

Scattered, crowded, subsessile, granular, globose, the upper part whitish, gelatinous, the lower brown, hard and dry; when dry cupulate. Conidia on the apices of branched sterigmata, fusiform curved, simple, hyaline 6×2 mk.

On the lower surfaces of the leaves of Rubus fruticesus, with

Phragmidium.

Castle Rising. March, 1882.

240. Nidularia confluens, Fries et Nordh.

Rootless, peridium subglobose, smooth, villous; sporangia orbicular, wrinkled, brown (*Fries. et Nordh.*).

Nidularia confluens, Fries et Nordh. Symb. Gast., p. 3; Tulasne Ann. des. Sc. Nat., 1844, p. 96; Nidularia farcta (confluens) Fries. Sys. Myc. ii., p. 301.

On dead wood (pine). Forres. The Rev. Dr. Keith.

About twice the size of a pea, adhering by a broad base to the wood, crowded and partly confluent, very irregular, villous, nearly even, persistent, pale fawn-colour; splitting at the summit into a broadish lacerated opening; internally glabrous, and filled with the orbicular lentiform sporangia, which are brown, wrinkled, and shining, and are immersed in a gelantinous matter which is very adhesive. The hymenium lines a very narrow opening in the sporangium; the basidia are variable in shape, but mostly clavate, bearing one, two, or three spicules; the spores are subglobose (005 mm.). A few cystidia occur at intervals flask-shaped.

The spores of this species distinguish it at once from N. pisi-

formis.

241. Septoria stellariæ, Rob. & Desm. Nat. xiv.. p. 22. Sacc. Mic.i., p. 182.

Spermatia rod-shaped, curved, 50-60×1 mk., indistinctly septate, hyaline.

On Stellaria. Forres. Rev. Dr. Keith, 1882.

242. Ascochyta aceris, Fekl. Sym. p. 387. Cheilaria aceris, Lib. Didymosporium aceris, Mont. Rabh. Exsic., 1756.

Spots brown, irregularly rounded. Perithecia minute, black, discrete. Spores oblong, very pale brownish, uniseptate, 8 to 10 × 3-4 mk.

On living leaves of Acer campestris. Rev. J. E. Vize. Oct., 1884.

243. Ramularia hellebori, Fckl. Symb. Mycol., p. 361., Sacc. Myc. II. p. 381.

Spots on the leaves rounded, amphigenous, whitish, with black margins. Hyphæ fasciculate, nodulose, white, simple, 20 × 3 mk. Conidia fusiform, 24-30 × 4-5 mk.; simple or centrally uniseptate, hyaline.

On Helleborus. 1884. Mr. Soppett.

244. Ramularia rose (Fckl.) Sacc. Mich. 11., p. 550. Fungi Ital. t. 1001. Fusidium Rossum, Fckl. Sym. p. 370.

Spots subochraceous, minute, hyphæ fasciculate, simple or branched, subdentate, hyaline, $30-35\times2-2\cdot5$. Conidia fusiform, $15-20\times2-2\cdot5$. Simple or pseudoseptate in the middle, hyaline.

On the under surface of living leaves of Salix viminalis. North

Wootton, 1884.

245. Ramularia pratensis, Sacc. Mich. 11., 550. Fungi Ital. t. 998.

Spots mostly on the leaves, rounded or oblong pallid, ochraceous, with red margins. Hyphæ lax, terete, $30-40\times4$, obtuse and dentate at their apices. Simple or uniseptate, hyaline. Conidia cylindrical or subfusiform, moniliform, often uniseptate, $16-25\times3-3$ mk., hyaline.

On Rumex acetosa. North Wootton Heath, 1882.

246. Sporotrichum geochroum, Dem. Sacc. Fungi Ital. t. 743. Mich. vol. 11., p. 552.

Effused, velvety, ochraceous yellow; fertile hyphæ erect, rough, subcontinuous, slightly branched. Conidia globose, $3-4 \times 3-3 \cdot 35$. Contents granular, fulvous.

On rotten wood. Mr. G. B. Brown, Ealing.

247. Ovularia asperifolii, Sacc. Mycol. Ven. No. 591. Fungi Ven. Ser. v., p. 186.

King's Lynn. On Symphytum officinale. 24 May, 1882.

248. Amblyosporium umbellatum, Harz. Hyphom., p. 48, t. 11., f. 7.
Briarea aurea Ikl. Symb. p. 359. Sacc. Mycol. Ven. Spec. p. 184, t. xvii., f.
1-4. Myo. I., p. 271. Fungi Ital. t. 703. Amblyosporium botrytis, Fres.
Beitrag. p. 99, t. xv., f. 17-21.

Spores ellipsoid, longitudinally striate, rather large, at first white then beautiful saffron yellow, not truly contiguous but connected together in a moniliform manner by apiculi or sterigmata. Hyphæ rather thick, 20-25 mk. in diameter. Conidia 15-16 × 10-12 mk.

On decaying Agarics. King's Lynn, 1883.

249. Myxotrichum cancellatum, Phil. n.s.

Forming little patches; spherical, cinereous; flocci long, subulate, black, simple, except at the base, where the anastomosing branches form a hollow network surrounding the spore-mass; spores very minute, elliptical, nearly colourless ('003 mm. long.)

On dead stems of Bartsia odontites, under a bell-glass. Shrews-

bury. Dec., 1882.

Spheres, exclusive of flocci, 2 mm. diameter. This species differs from other British species in the flocci not radiating from the centre of the spore-mass, but arising from a beautiful latticed framework surrounding the spore-mass like a spherical cage. It is near *M. ochracea*, B. & B., but it has no deflexed branches on the flocci, and the spores (conidia) are elliptical.

250. Tubercularia vinosa, Sacc. Mycol. Venet. No. 1089. Michel. p. 262. Fungi Ital. No. 963.

Very similar to T. persicinæ, Ditmar, but differing in the cluster being larger and vinous. Conidia subglobose or ovoid, $11-12\times10$ (not 7 to 8 mk. in diameter), basidia shorter, thicker, and simple.

On Ræstelia lacerata. Downham, July, 1884. On Æcidium

asperifolii. Castle Rising, Oct., 1884.

251. Urocystis Fischeri, Körnicke. Hedwigia, 1877, p. 34.

Uredo Agropyri, Preuss. Urocystis Agropyri, F. v. W. Spore-balls with 1 or 2, more rarely 3, central spores, 20 to 45 mk. in diameter. Central spores intersecting, somewhat larger than those of Ur. occulta, generally 17-19 mk. Accessory spores firmly attached in large numbers, quite encircling the central spores, almost as darkly coloured.

On the leaves of Carex glauca. Mr. Soppett, Nov., 1884.

252. Ustilago hypogæa, Tul. Fungi Hypogæi, 1862, p. 196.

Spores rounded or rounded-polygonal, 20 to 24 mk. long, by 14-20 wide; dark brown, scarcely transparent; contents very oleaginous.

Forming a compact mass around the root-stock of Linaria

spuria, intersected with white fibres.

Freshwater, Isle of Wight. Dr. John Lowe, 1869.

253. Entyloma bicolor, Zopf.

Spores spherical, elliptical or polygonal, of very various sizes, (about 12-17 mk. in diameter, to 23 mk. long). Epispore gelatinous, of variable thickness, at first colourless, afterwards brown. Conidia on simple or branched conidiophores, which emerge through the stomata on the under surface of the leaves in clusters. Cylindrical, curved, smaller at the base, rounded above, simple or septate, colourless, 10 to 22 long by 3 mk. wide.

On the leaves of Papaver rhæas. North Wootton. July, 1882.

254. Uromyces poa, Rbh.

I. Æcidiopores, Æcidium Ranunculi repentis, and ficariæ.

II. Uredospores. Sori rounded, elliptical, lanceolate or linear, long, covered by the epidermis, which at length splits longitudinally. Spores roundish, elliptical or ovate, finely echinulate, orange-yellow, 16 to 25 mk. in diameter, without paraphyses.

III. Teleutospores. Sori small, punctiform, or rather elongate, covered by the epidermis. Spores rather long, thin, pedicels very varying and irregularly formed, mostly elliptical or ovate, brown

with a smooth equally thick epispore, 17 to 24 mk. in diameter, sometimes as much as 40 mk. long, by 13 to 16 mk. wide.

I. On Ranunculus repens and R. ficaria.

II. and III. On *Poa trivialis* and *pratensis*. Extremely abundant in all parts of Great Britain.

255. Puccinia hydrocotyles, (Pers.) Grevillea IX., 14. Cosoma hydrocotyles, Link. sp. plant II., p. 22.

- II. Uredospores. Sori small, scattered, principally upon the upper surface of the leaves; sometimes in circular groups, clustered round a larger central sorus; rarely confluent, rarely cauline. Spores irregularly oval, subglobose, or obovate, 20 to 30 mk., finely echinulate, pale brown.
- III. Teleutospores. Mixed with the uredospores, oblong or ovate, slightly constricted, on moderately long, hyaline, firmly-attached pedicels; brown, upper cell generally larger and rounded above, 40 to 45 mk. long, by 20 to 25 mk. wide.

Epping Forest. Oct., 1882.

256. Puccinia, perplexans, Plow.

- I. Æcidiospores=Æcidium Ranunculi acridis.
- II. Uredospores. Sori elliptical elongate, or linear on both surfaces of the leaves, but especially on the upper, sometimes confluent, soon exposed by the rupture of the cuticle. Spores globose oval or subovate, golden yellow, finely echinulate, 30 to 35 mk. long by 20 to 25 mk., wall with or without capitate paraphyses.
- III. Teleutospores. Sori small, sometimes punctiform, but generally elongate linear or elongate oval. Covered by the cuticle, black, often clustered, sometimes confluent. Spores very irregular in form and size. Pedicels very short, oblong, subfusiform or clavate; upper cell rounded, truncate or attenuated, often obliquely; central constriction little or none, lower cell generally wedge-shaped, brown, smooth, epispore often apparently granular, 40 to 60 mk. long by 10 to 12 mk. wide
 - I. On Ranunculus acris.
- II. and III. On Alopecurus pratensis. Avena elatior and Poa sp?

Near King's Lynn. May and June, 1883.

257. Puccinia Magnusiana, Krön.

- I. Æcidiospores=Æcidium Ranunculi repentis and bulbosi.
- II. Uredospores. Generally on small elongated pale yellowish spots, small elliptical lanceolate or linear, yellow, spores roundish, obovate or oblong, finely echinulate, orange yellow, $21-35 \times 12 \times 201$ mk., mixed with paraphyses.
- III. Treleutospores. Sori on small yellow, often confluent, spots, very numerous, scattered small, rather pulvinate, elliptical or linear on the stems often forming very long blackish lines. Spores on rather long firmly attached pedicels, oblong or clavate,

attenuated below towards the pedicels; apex much thickened, rounded, truncate, or more or less conical. Central constriction slight or absent, chestnut brown, $30-35 \times 15-26$ mk.

I. On Ranunculus repens and bulbosus.
II. and III. On Phragmites communis.

This Puccinia has hitherto been regarded as a variety of P. graminis occurring upon reeds. The presence of paraphyses with the uredospores does not accord with these species; germinating teleutospores of P. magnusiana produced no Æcidium upon Berberis vulgaris nor upon any of the Rumices.

258. Puccinia poarum, Nielson.

- I. Æcidiospores=Æcidium tussilaginis.
- II. Uredospores. Sori rounded, elliptical, or linear, scattered or irregularly grouped, orange yellow or foxey-red. Spores spherical or elliptical, with a verrucose uneven epispore, orange yellow, 20 to 30 mk. in diameter.
- III. Sori very variable in form and size scattered or in circular clusters; covered by the epidermis. Spores on very short, generally brown, pedicels, very variously formed; apex much thickened, often attenuated, dark brown, as much as 50 mk. long by 24 mk. wide.
 - I. On Tussilago farfara.

II. and III. On Poa annua, pratensis and trivialis. Exceedingly common in all parts of Great Britain.

The teleutospore sori are often in circles or parts of circles.

259. Puccinia Schretriana, Plow and Magnus.

- I. Æcidiospores—Æcidium Jacobæa, Grev. Æcidia in circular clusters, mostly upon the under side of the radical leaves; edges reflexed, torn, whitish. Spores rounded, polygonal, yellow, finely echinulate, 15 to 20 mk. in diameter. Spermogonia on yellow spots, corresponding to the æcidial groups, but on the upper surface of the leaves.
- II. Uredospores. On yellow discoloured spots, sori elongate or rounded, generally hypophyllous, some naked, spores subglobose or ovate or oval, yellowish brown, rough, 25 to 30 mk. by 14 to 20 mk.
- III. Teleutospores. Sori erumpent, oblong or elongate; large, prominent, almost black; hypophyllous, surrounded by the ruptured epidermis. Spores on long, firmly attached pedicels, slightly constricted at the centre; upper cell subglobose, oval, or attenuated above; apex much thickened, rounded, or pointed; lower cell wedge-shaped, often paler than the upper; brown, smooth, 60 to 80 by 15 to 20 mk.

I. On Senicio Jacobæa. II. and III. On Carex arenaria. North Wootton Heath. Skegness, 1883.

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Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY
AND ITS LITERATURE.

NEW BRITISH FUNGI.

By M. C. Cooke.

(Continued. from p. 47.)

Agaricus (Tricholoma) variegatus, Scop. Carn. 434.

Pileus fleshy, soon flattened, dry, and, as well as the tough stuffed stem, squamulose with reddish flocci; gills emarginate, crowded, pallid yellowish or whitish, edge equal, quite entire, of the same colour. Fr. Hym. Eur. 53.

On rotten wood. Epping. (J. English.)

Smaller and more slender than A. rutilans, from which it can scarcely be separated as a distinct species. In the specimens collected the stem was pallid yellowish and scarcely floccose, the gills whitish. Easily mistaken for an abnormal form of Ag. rutilans, and it may be nothing more.

Agaricus (Collybia) velutipes, Fries; variety, rubescens, Cooke.

Pileus viscid, about an inch, bright ferruginous brown, obscurely striate, stem as in the type, velvety dark brown, internally becoming blackish below, white above; gills becoming spotted with brown.

Amongst fir leaves. Largo, N.B. (W. G. Smith.)

This peculiar variety will be figured in the supplement to the "Illustrations." It may be considered by some to claim rank as a distinct species, on account of the viscid pileus and spotted gills, but being found so late as November (1872), the time at which Ag. velutipes is most flourishing, strengthens the impression that it is only a variety of that species.

Agaricus (Collybia) leucomyosotis. Cooke & Smith.

Pileus convex then expanded, sometimes obtusely umbonate pale mouse-coloured, disc darker, paler at the margin, whole plant becoming pallid, almost white when dry, strong scented, rather fragrant, margin faintly striate, stem hollow, very brittle, slightly pruinose above, pallid, white at the base, and obtuse. Gills thick, moderately distant, adnate, sinuate behind, white. Spores elliptic ('006 × '004 mm.). Cooke Illust. Supp. ined.

On Sphagnum, in bogs, Wimbledon Common and other places,

May, 1868. (W. G. Smith.)

Pileus about an inch. Stem reaching to 4 or 5 inches, about 2 lines thick. Habit very much resembling the figure in Fries' Icones of Ag. (Naucoria) myosotis, hence the name.

Agaricus (Leptonia) formesus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 205.

Pileus submembranaceous, convexo-plane, rather umbilicate, faintly striate, waxy-yellow, squamulose with adpressed scattered brownish fibrils, stem stuffed, striate, smooth, shining, yellow; gills adnate, rather distant, pallid yellow.

var. suavis, Lasch.

Stem becoming blue. Cooke, Illustr., t. 488. Amongst Equisetum. Scarboro'. (G. Massee.)

Agaricus (Pholiota) luxurians, Fr. Hym. Eur. Ag. (Pholiota) ægerita. Phillips in Cooke Illus. t. 365.

Pileus fleshy, convex, gibbons, then expanded, unequal, silky then squamulose; stem stuffed, rigid, somewhat squamulose, white becoming rufescent, ring apical, torn, fugacious; gills adnexed, then decurrent, crowded, greyish, flesh colour, becoming brownish. Batt. t. 23, f. B.

On oak trunks.

Cæspitose. Pileus at first white, then yellowish; at length reddish tawny, flesh white.

Agaricus (Pholiota) cruentatus, Che. & Smith.

Pileus fleshy, convex then expanded, obtuse, dry, yellow, breaking up into darker adpressed scales; margin incurved; stem of the same colour as the pileus, curved, solid, attenuated at the base and rooting, dark red brown and sparsely squamulose below, ring fibrillose; flesh pale yellow, at length changing to cinnabar colour. Gills rather distant, emarginate, finally separating from the stem, yellow then clay colour. Cooke Illus. t. 502.

On oak stump, and also on burnt ground. Aug., 1872. (W. G.

Smith.)

Pileus about 2 inches diam., yellow then turning red. Stem 2 inches long, in thick above. Gills 2 lines or more. Allied to Ag. tuberculosus and Ag. curvipes. Taste insipid.

Agaricus (Inocybe) incarnatus, Bresadola, Fung. Trid. t. 53.

Pileus fleshy, convex campanulate, then expanded and gibbous, or broadly umbonate, fibrillose then squamulose, margin fimbriate, yellowish then rufescent or tinged with flesh colour (6-8 c.m. broad). Stem solid, attenuated and somewhat rooting at the base, rather fibrillose, rosy flesh colour, white and mealy at the apex. Flesh of the pileus white, becoming deep red when broken, odour strong and persistent of pears, taste mild. Gills crowded, sinuate, adnate behind, broad, rather fringed at the edge, whitish, then greyish cinnamon; at length spotted with red, or wholly rufescent. Spores subovate ('009-'011×'006-'007 mm.). Cooke Illus. t. 473.

In woods near Bristol and at Dinedor. Oct., 1884.

Stem more robust than in A. pyriodorus, which this species resembles in habit and odour. Agaricus (Flammula) clitopilus, Che. & Smith.

Pileus rather fleshy, convex, disc depressed and umbilicate, smooth, dry, purplish brown (madder brown), stem ventricose, erect, hollow, fuliginous, with a few scattered fibrils towards the base, and brown within, gills scarcely crowded, ventricose, slightly adnexed, pallid. Cooke Illus. t. 500.

Amongst firs. Stonehouse, Gloucester. Nov., 1867.

Pileus 2 inches. Stem $2\frac{1}{3}-3$ inches, $\frac{1}{3}$ in. thick in the middle. Allied to Ag. Weinmanni, Fries, of which it may possibly be a variety, but differing in the pileus not being virgate, in the ventricose hollow stem, and in the gills not being decurrent.

Agaricus (Naucoria) triscopus, Fries. Hym. Eur. 259.

Pileus rather fleshy, conical, then hemispherical, obtuse, then convex and umbonate, even, smooth, bay-brown, ochraceous when dry, stem minutely fistulose, filiform, smooth, ferruginous, umber at the base; gills adnate, thin, rather crowded, dark ferruginous. Cooke Illus. t. 458, b.

On old wood in a cellar. Kilburn. (H. T. Wharton.) Pileus about half-an-inch broad, stem an inch long.

Agaricus (Naucoria) arvalis, Fries. Hym. Eur. 261.

Pileus rather fleshy, tough, convex then plane, growing pale when dry. Stem fistulose (stuffed) thin pulverulent, becoming yellowish, with a long filiform root; gills adnexed, rather distant, tawny then ferruginous. Cooke Illus. t. 479, variety.

On the ground.

The plant figured is not the typical form. Pileus $\frac{3}{2}$ to $1\frac{1}{3}$ inches. Stem $1\frac{1}{3}$ to $2\frac{1}{3}$ in. With a distinct bulb between the ascending and descending portion of the stem. It is probably a distinct variety.

Agaricus (Maucoria) glandiformis, Cooke.

Pileus at first obtusely campanulate, becoming somewhat hemisphærical, or filbert-shaped, nut-brown, smooth, even, stem erect, elongated, equal, stuffed then hollow, pallid, sometimes twisted. Gills very broad, rounded behind, adnate, umber. Spores broadly almond-shaped ('01-'012×'006-'008 mm.). Agaricus nucsus, Smith, in Herb. Mus. Brit. Cooke Illus. t. 490, b.

On the ground. Teignmouth, Devon. Oct., 1867.

Pileus nearly an inch broad and high, nut-brown colour, disc darker. Stem 3-4 inches long, 2 lines thick, pallid.

Agaricus (Naucoria) myosotis, Fr. Hym. Eur., 261.

Pileus rather fleshy, convex, expanded, rather umbonate, covered with a viscid pellicle, becoming discoloured; stem hollow, slender, pallid, clad with squamose fibrils, which form a cortinate veil; gills adnate, decurrent, rather distant, at length ferruginous brown, edge serrate, white.—Fr. Icon. t. 125, f. 1; Cooke Illus. ined.

In moist places. Scarboro'. (G. Massee.)

Pileus of a peculiar colour, from olivaceous or greenish-brown to yellowish.

The specimens which will be figured are of rather larger size than usual. The following notes are given by Mr. Massee:—"Pileus

hygrophanous, viscid when moist, minutely rugulose, dark honey-yellow, disc darker, silky veil remaining in tufts at the margin; gills rather distant, ventricose with a decurrent tooth, margin minutely serrulate, paler, at first pale yellow with a pink tinge, then ferruginous. Stem long, hollow, striate, mealy at the apex, whitish, then rufous, with silky fibrillose scales and evanescent fibrillose ring." Pileus 2 inches, stem 6 inches. These features accord admirably with the lengthened description in Fries "Monographia." Agaricus (Waucoria) latissimus, Cooke. Ag. pediades, Smith in

Herb. Mus. Brit.

Pileus subglobose, then hemispherical, with a fleshy disc, margin at first incurved; stem attenuated downwards, rooting, hollow, smooth, dark-brown below, pallid above, gills very broad, rounded behind, slightly adnate, tawny-umber.—Cooke Illus. t. 482.

In churchyard. Ely.

Pileus $\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches broad. Stem $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2in. long, 2-4 lines thick at the apex.

Agaricus (Maucoria) strimpes, Cooke.

Cæspitose, or gregarious. Pileus campanulate, obtuse, then expanded, ochraceous, smooth, even. Stem erect or flexuous, equal, hollow, white, longitudinally striate, gills rather distant, slightly adnate behind, tawny ferruginous.—Cooke Illus. t. 478.

Amongst grass on lawn. Kew Gardens.

Pileus $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Stem 2 to 3 inches long, 2 lines thick.

Agaricus (Galera) mniophilus, Lasch. in Fries Hym. Eur. 270.

Pileus membranaceous, campanulate, somewhat papillate, striate, tawny yellow, stem equal, flexile, yellowish, mealy at the apex, floccose at the base, gills obtusely adnate, ascending, broad, rather distant, yellowish, then ochraceous.— Cooke Illust. t. 466, a.

Amongst moss. Epping Forest.

Pileus about ½ inch. Stem 2-3 in. long, a line thick.

Agaricus (Psilocybe) areolatus, Klotsch in Hook. Fl., v. 112.

This rare and remarkable species, which has not been recorded as occurring anywhere since it was found by Klotsch at Glasgow, has turned up in a garden at Stoke Newington. An admirable figure was secured by Mr. Worthington Smith, and will be published in the "Illustrations." The notes made at the time were, "Densely cæspitose. Pileus at first white, with the cuticle entire, at length rufous and cracking into areolæ, a much firmer plant than A. spadiceus, not brittle. Stem striate, pulverulent, especially towards the apex, hollow; gills with a distinct white edge, at first very pale, spores very dark, almost black, broadly almond-shape."

Boletus pruinatus, Fr. Hym Eur. 504.

Pileus convex, then plane, rigid, dry, bay brown, becoming purple, umber-pruinose; stem firm, a little ventricose, even, smooth, variegated with red and yellow; tubes adnate, yellow, pores minute, round.

In grassy woods. (W. G. Smith.) Flesh white, turning slightly bluish or greenish.

Boletus spadiceus, Schæff., Grev. VIII. 4.

This species, heretofore recorded only for Scotland, has been figured by Mr. Worthington Smith from specimens found at Stoke Pogis in 1872.

Polyporus (Hispidi) Herbergii, Rostk. Poly. t. 18, Grev. VIII. 5.

This species, recorded hitherto only for Scotland, was found by the late Mr. F. Currey in Kent. Has since been found by Mr. Howse, near Guildford, and by ourselves last year at Langley, Herts. It can hardly be considered a form of *P. spongia*, to which Fries has referred it, but is related rather to *P. cuticularis*.

SYNOPSIS PYRENOMYCETUM.

(Continued from p. 45.)

We prefer to regard the Dothideaceæ as including three sub-families, viz.:—

1. Dothideoidei = the more typical subfamily.

2. Rhytismoidei = embracing the six or seven genera into which it is probable that the old genus Rhytisma will be divided, but which some authors relocate to the Discourage to

which some authors relegate to the Discomycetes.

3. Stigmateoidei = with the perithecia more or less discrete. Through this latter the Dothideaceæ are united in one direction with the Perisporiaceæ, and in another with the Sphæriaceæ (in a broad sense).

The affinities of Rhytismoidei, are, to our mind, stronger in the direction of Dothidea than in that of Phacidium. Although this

may be very much a matter of opinion.

The following species require correction:

4270. Dothidea iridis, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9300. According to this specimen is Darluca filum.

4261. Sphæria constellatio, Berk. in Herb. 9071, is the same species with Micropeltis orbicularis, Cooke, Myiocopron orbiculare, Sacc. Syll. No. 5360.

5171. Dothidea subcuticularis, Schwein. No, 1940. Is most probably an Asteroma.

5176. Dothidea Polygalæ, Schwein.

Should be transferred to the neighbourhood of Asteroma.

5211. Dothidea Phytolaccæ, Schwein. Herb. Berk. 9209. Appears to be a Fhoma.

Dothidea maculæformis (Desm.) Fckl. Fun. Rhen. No. 1023. This is Venturia Johnstoni (B. & Br.)

5247. Sphæria examinans, Berk. & Mont.

5395. Sphæria morbosa, Schwein.

We cannot accept these two species amongst Dothideaceæ. The former is allied to Melogramma and the latter to Gibbera.

Hendersonia? arundinis (Lev). Dothidea arundinis, Lev. Demid.

Voy. II. 109, t. v. f, 3. Herb. Berk. 9193

Maculis flavo-fuscentibus vel nullis. Peritheciis erumpentibus hypo-et epiphyllis globosis albo-farctis, 1-2 serialibus, stromati atro conjunctis, ostiolis obsoletis. Sporis cylindricis, utrinque rotundatis, triseptatis, plerumque curvulis, hyalinis ('035 × '005 mm.).

In foliis *Phragmitis*. Inkerman.

Dothidea geographica, Fries Syst. Myc. 11., 560.

Has only minute stylospores, and appears to be a Phoma.

D. epilobii, Fr. Scler. Suec. No. 421.

There are small membranaceous perithecia on the black spots, which contain small pyriform asci with immature sporidia. Probably either Læstadia or Sphærella.

D. diospyri, Berk. & Curt. in Herb. Berk.

There are no cell⁸ (pseudo-perithecia), and no fruit of any kind, only the blackened spots. It has somewhat the appearance of a *Dothidea* or *Asteroma*, preferably the latter.

D. catalpæ, Berk. & Curt. in Curtis' Catalogue, 151.

Similar in character to D. diospyri, but equally without cells or fruit.

5166. D. abortiva, Desm.

Several specimens have been examined, and nothing found but a structure resembling that of a *Sclerotium*, and no indication of fruit.

D. anethi, Fries. (Sphæria anethi, Pers.)=Phoma.

Does not belong to Dothideacea. Not a trace of asci to be found.

5189. D. solidaginis (Schw.) in Herb. Berk.

Nothing found beyond a structure closely resembling Sclerotium.

5229. D. culmicola, Schwein. in Herb. Berk. No. 9211.

Has the habit of *Leptostroma*, but without fruit. Cannot pertain to this family even if the casporous.

Dothidea ventricosa, Mont. in Herb. Berk. No. 9177.

On branches of Ricinus. Is a species of Physalospora.

5170. Dothidea (Microdothis) melastomatis, Kunze & Fr. in Herb. Kewensis.

Ascis amplis, clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, medio constrictis, fuscis (·026 × ·01 mm.).

Phyllachora (Dothidella) bullata, Fr. (nee Berk.) in Herb. Berk. 9112.

Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis sublanceolatis, medio constrictis, hyalinis ($\cdot 02 \times \cdot 007$ mm.).

Homostegia nigerrima (Currey.)

Dothidea Jerdoni, Blox. in Herb. Berk.

Dothidea stictophora, B. & Br. in Herb. Berk.

Pleospora nigerrima, Sacc. Syll. No. 3838.

Imperfectly and inaccurately described by Currey. There are

but few and very short hairs on the confluent stroma. The structure is manifestly that of *Dothidea*. Sporidia hyaline, very rarely with a transverse septum.

The following additions will have to be made:-

1084. Phyllachora Lespedezæ (Schw.). Sacc. Syll. 4269.

Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis, $\cdot 02 \times \cdot 01$ mm.

1081. Phyllachora trifolii (Pers.) Sacc. Syll. 5184.

Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis, '01-'012 × '005 mm.).

From specimen in Herb. Berkeley.

1124. Phyllachora caricis (Fr.) Sacc. Syll. 5242

Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis.

1065. Phyllachora xanthoxyli (Lev.). Sphæria zanthoxyli, Sacc. Syll. 4453. Herb. Berk. 9078.

Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis biseriatis, sublanceolatis, continuis, hyalinis, $\cdot 0.13 \times \cdot 0.03$ mm.

1051. Phyllachora infectoria, Cke.

Epiphylla. Stromatibus pulvinatis, convexis, irregularibus, confluentibus, atris, nitidis, loculis immersis numerosis, ostiolis obscuris. Ascis clavato-cylindricis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis (·012 × ·005 mm.).

In foliis Ficus infectoriæ. Ceylon.

1054. Phyllachora laurina, Cke.

Hypophylla, gregaria, erumpens. Stromatibus minutis, in maculis orbicularibus dispositis, atris, subangulosis, hemisphericis, intus albis. Ascis clavatis, subsessilibus. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis ('016-'018×'005 mm.).

In foliis Lauraceæ. Barra.

(Spruce, 543).

1055. Phyllachora Guatterie, Berk. Dothidea Guatterie, Berk. in Herb., No. 9082.

Amphigena. Stromate convexo, atro, nitido ('5 mm. diam.). Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis continuis, hyalinis, '016-'018 × '008 mm.

In foliis Guatteriæ. Ceylon.

1072. Phyllachora vesicata, Cooke.

Hypophylla. Maculæ fusca, irregulares, confluentia. Stromatibus gregariis, atris, oblongo-angulatis, convexis, minutis; loculis immersis albis. Asci clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis, '01 × '004 mm.

In foliis Hirtellæ vesicatæ. Amazons.

(Spruce, 615.)

1088. Phyllachora Beaumontii (B. & C.). Dothidea Beaumontii,
Berk. in Herb. No. 9070.

Epiphylla. Stromate hemisphærico-convexo, atro ('5 mm. diam.) opaco, ad basim contracto. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis inordinatis, ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis ('008-'01 × '004 mm.).

In foliis Cerasi. Alabama, U.S.

1092. Phyllachora exanthematica (Lev.). Dothidea in Herb. Berk. No. 9088.

Hypophylla vel amphigena. Stromate elliptico, convexo (3 × 4 mm.) atro, nitido, lævi. Ascis subclavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis (·013-·018 × ·006 mm.) hyalinis.

In foliis coriaceis. Marquesas and Mauritius.

The sporidia vary in the specimens from the two localities, chiefly in their length, but the external features are the same. We do not find it described by Leveille.

1093. Phyllachora exsculpta, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 5181.

Stromate orbiculari, nigro margine radiatim exsculpta, ostiolis papillæformibus centralibus. Ascis breviter clavatis, sessilibus. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis (immaturis) hyalinis, circa '012 × '004 mm.

1103. Phyllachora musæ (Klotsch.). Sacc. Syll. 5183, 5243.

Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, rotundatis, continuis, hyalinis, 01-012 × 007 mm.

1095. Phyllachora interstitialis (B. & C.). Dothidea interstitialis, B. & C. in Herb. Berk. 9085.

Hypophylla. Maculis atris, irregularibus, foliorum nervulis limitatis (2-3 mm.), loculis paucis, stromate elevantibus, subnitidis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis (immaturis, circ. '01 mm. long).

In foliis. Cuba.

1119. Phyllachora Luzulæ (Rabh.) Sphæria Luzulæ, Rabh. Fungi Europæi, No. 533.

Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque rotundatis, continuis, hyalinis, $\cdot 01 \times \cdot 005$ mm.

In foliis Luzulæ.

1128. Phyllachora leptostromoidea, Cooke in Rav. N. A. Fungi.

Stromate irregulari, minuto, applanato, atro, subinde confluente, ostiolis vix conspicuis. Ascis clavatís, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis '008 × '003 mm.

On fronds of Pteris. S. Carolina. (Rav. 1977.)

With just the appearance of a Leptostroma.

1173. Phyllachora (Dothidella) Eugeniæ (Thum.). Asterina Eugeniæ (Mont.), ex-herb Thuemen.

Amphigena. Stromate orbiculari, atro, ruguloso, subdepresso (ambitu nudo), loculis minutis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidis ellipticis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis '018 × '008

On leaves of Eugenia planipes. Chili; Valdivia.

This is clearly not the Asterina Eugeniæ, Mont.; the fruit is different, and there is no radiating margin to the stroma.

1175. Phyllachora (Dothidella) Osyridis, Cooke.

Epiphylla, orbiculata, applanata, atra, punctato-rugosa, regulariter disciformis (2-3 mm. diam.). Cellulis numerosis, minimis. Ascis clavatis octosporis. Sporidiis biserialibus, ovatis, uniseptatis, uno loculo multo minori, hyalinis 012 × 006 mm.

On living leaves of Osyris compressa. Cape of Good Hope. Sent by Prof. McOwan under the name of Meliola amphitricha. Fr.

1178. Phyllachora (Dothidella) endocrypta (Mont.).

endocrypta, Mont. in Herb. Berk. No. 9115.

Epiphylla, stromate discoideo, atro, opaco (5-8 mm. diam.), loculis minutis immersis. Ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis, biserialibus, ellipticis, uniseptatis, utrinque rotundatis, hyalinis, flavescentibus ($\cdot 02 \times \cdot 005 \text{ mm.}$).

In foliis. Guiana: (Leprieur.)

We do not find that this species has been anywhere described.

1179. Phyllachora (Dothidella) Salvadoræ, Cooke.

Amphigena, irregularis, prominula, atra, rugosa, hinc illic in circulos disposita, loculis tenuibus albis. Ascis clavatis ('06 × .014), octosporis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, utrinque rotundatis, hyalinis ($\cdot 012 - \cdot 014 \times \cdot 006$ mm.).

On leaves of Salvadora Persica. Socotra.

1180. Phyllachora (Dothidella) Berkeleyana, Cooke.
Baccharidis, B. & C. in Herb. Berk. No. 9161. Dothidea

Stromate elevato, hemisphærico (4-7 Amphigena, gregaria. mm. diam.), papillato-rugoso, opaco. Loculis minutis, plurimis immersis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis ('025 mm. long).

In foliis Baccharidis. Cuba. (No. 920.)

1201. Phyllachora (Auerswaldia) viridispora, Cooke.

Epiphylla, sparsa, orbicularis, hemisphærica (1-2 mm. diam.), atra, rugosa, intus alba. Ascis clavatis octosporis. Sporidiis biserialibus, ellipticis, diu continuis, binucleatis, hyalino-virescentibus ($\cdot 016 \times \cdot 0075$ ad $\cdot 018 \times \cdot 008$ mm.), demum uniseptatis.

On living leaves. Jamaica. (D. Morris.)

1215. Phyllachora (Roumegueria) dendritica, Cooke.

Epiphylla, subrotunda, elliptica vel confluens, convexa, atra, nitida, in maculas dendroideas collecta, precipue supra nervulis foliorum disposita; intus alba, cellulis paucis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis sublanceolatis, medio leniter constrictis, uniseptatis, binucleatis, demum triseptatis, hyalinis ('02-'022 × '005 mm.).

On coriaceous leaves. Brazil. (Burchell. No. 7768.)

1216. Phyllachora (Roumegueria) Albizziæ, Cooke. Dothidea. viventis, var. Albizziæ, Cooke.

Epiphylla, minuta, convexa, nitida (vix 1 mill. diam.), loculis paucis (1-4). Ascis clavatis, breviter stipitatis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, medio constrictis, uniseptatis, binucleatis, demum triseptatis hyalinis ($.025-.027 \times .007 \text{ mm.}$).

On living leaves of Albizzia, Natal, J. M. Wood.

1222. Euryachora Lathyri (Lev.), Cooke. Herb. Berk. No. 9198.

Dothidea Lathyri, Lev. Demid. Voy. 11. 106, t. 5, f. 8.

Hypo-vel epiphylla. Peritheciis sparsis, hemisphericis, prominulis, astomis, albo farctis, in stromate maculæformi irregulari aterrimo immersis. Ascis elongatis, cylindricis. Sporidiis ovatis, sporidiolis duobus includentibus ('012 × '008 mm.).

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In foliis Lathyri. Son-dagh.

Whether this is the same as *Physalospora Lathyri*, Mont. (Sacc. Syll. 1681), we cannot say. An examination of authentic specimens from Leveille results in placing it in *Dothideacea*.

1233. Dothidea (Bagnisiella) cercidis, Cooke.

Erumpens, orbicularis, hemisphæricis, demum centro depressa, atra, opaca, loculis paucis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis biserialibus, elliptico-lanceolatis, continuis, hyalinis ($\cdot 03 \times \cdot 01 \text{ mm.}$).

On branches of Cercis canadensis. Carolina, U.S.A. In Herb.

Berk. No. 9030.*

1236. Dothidea Rhamni, Mont. in Herb. Berk. No. 9173. D. clavuligera, B. & Br. in Herb. Berk. No. 9174.

Erumpens. Stromate discoideo vel elliptico, rugoso-papillato, atro, opaco (2 mm. diam.). Ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis sublanceolatis, continuis, hyalinis, sæpe 2-4 nucleatis ('02-'022 × '005 mm.).

Ad cortice Rhamni. France, England.

Found mixed with *Dichomera Saubinetii*. Possibly the sporidia are ultimately pseudo-triseptate, by division of the endochrome, as would appear from the English specimen, which has the fruit more mature than in the authentic specimen from Montague.

1243. Dothidea (Bagnisiella) tessellata, Hormosphæria tessellata, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat., 4 Ser. xx. 297. (1863).

Conceptaculis gregariis, discretis, erumpentibus, globosis, tesselato-rimosis, macula albida convexa, demum nigra insidentibus, ostiolis (quando conspicuis) papillatis; ascis pallide viridibus; sporidiis globosis, concatenatis, lævibus, hyalinis.

Ad folia Thibaudiæ floribundæ. Nova Granada.

1270. Dothidea Loniceræ, Cooke.

Erumpens, suborbicularis, sæpe confluens, pulvinata, planiuscula, atra (1 mm. diam.), loculis sparsis, periphericis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis sublanceolatis, medio constrictis, uniseptatis, fuscis ('022-'024 × '009 mm.).

On twigs of Lonicera sempervirens. Pennsylvannia, U.S.A. (Michener. No. 4218.)

1280. Homostegia Pelvetii (Hepp.). Linds. Trans. Roy. Soc. Edin. XXIV. p. 450.

Ascis clavato-saccatis ($\cdot 045 \times \cdot 012$ mm.), octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis vel subluteolis $\cdot 011 \times \cdot 006$ mm.

Parasitic on Sticta aurata.

1284. Homostegia? dubia, Linds. Trans. Roy. Soc. Edin. XXIV. t. 30, f. 47-52.

Parasitic on Sticta fossulata, S. granulata and S. rubella. New Zealand.

Asterina maculæformis (Berk.). Dothidea maculæformis, Berk. Herb.
No. 9128. (nec. Roberge.)

Epiphylla, atra, opaca, orbicularis, maculæformis. Stromate discoidea, maculis piceis orbicularibus insidente, fibrillis radiantibus ambiente. Ascis ovoideis (*02 × *015 mm.). Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis (*immaturis), hyalinis (*005 × *008 mm.).

In foliis Drymidis. Valparaiso.

This is clearly distinct from Asterina compacta, Lev., which it somewhat resembles in habit.

Asterina quercigena (Berk.). Dothidea quercigena, in Herb. Berk. No. 9107.

Epiphylla vel amphigena. Perithecio orbiculari (1-2 mm.), convexo, rugoso, atro, apaco, margine radiante fibroso, ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis (immaturis), hyalinis ('01 × '004 mm.).

In foliis Quercuum. Sikkim.

Asterina? Lauri-borboniæ, Schwein. Sacc. Syll. No. 5167. Herb. Berk. 9242.

Asterina conspurcata, Berk. Sacc. Syll. No. 5178. Herb. Berk. 9114.

Asterina tenella, Cooke.

Epiphylla, effusa, tenuis, atra. Peritheciis minutis (·03-·22 mm.) applanatis, cum mycelio repente brunneo immixtis, ascis saccatis 4-8 sporis. Sporidiis (octosporis) ·028-·03 × ·012-·014 mm. (tetrasporis), ·04 × ·022 mm. pallide-fuscis.

On leaves of Persea Carolinensis. Carolina, U.S. (Rav.

2499 bis.)

Fam. 3. DOTHIDEACEÆ, Fr.

Sub.-Fam. I. DOTHIDEOIDEI.

GEN. 1. PHYLLACEORA, Fchl. p.p.—Stroma subclypeatum vel breviter effusum, plerumque phyllogenum.

Sub-Gen. 1. MAZZANTIA, Mont.—Stroma subclypeatum, initio epidermide tectum, tenui carbonaceum, plerumque caulicolum.

* Sporidia continua, hyalina.

1036. galii, Mont. ... 5083 1040. rhytismoides, Not... 5088 1037. napelli, Ces. ... 5084 1041. deplanata, Not. ... 5089

1038. Niesslii, Thum. ... 5085 1042. Gougetiana, Mont. 5090

1039. sepium, S. & P.... 5086

** Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.

1043. Bicchiana, Not. ... 5278

Sub-Gen. EUPHYLLACHORA.—Stroma breviter effusum plerumque phyllogenum.

* Sporidia continua hyalina.

a. in dicotyledoneis.

1044. ulmi (Duv.) ... 5091 1052. demersa, Corda ... 5094 1045. rhytismoides, Ca. 5093 1053. tetrantheræ, B. \$Br.5095 = microcenta, B. 5098 1054. laurina, Cke. Grev. xiii. 1046. repens, Corda ... 5108 1055. Guatteriæ, B. & Br., 1047. aspidea, B. ... 5110 Grev. xiii. 63.

1048. Thwaitesii, B. ... 5111 1056. incarcerata, B. ... 5101 1049. ficuum, Niessl. ... 5112 1057. granulosa, Lev. ... 5102

1050. Decaisneana, Lev. 5113 1058. explanata, Lev. ... 5103 1051. infectoria, Cke. Grev. xiii. 1059. lonchotheca, Speg. 5104

1060. cayennensis, $Fr. \dots 1734$

1082. labecula, Lev.

... 1723

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1061. tropicalis, Speg. ... 5105
                                  1083. melaena, Rabh. ... 5131
                                  1084. lespedezæ, Schw... 4269
 1062. myrciæ, Lev.
                     ... 5106
 1063. rhopalina, Mont.... 5097
                                  1085. phylloplaca, Mont. 5117
                                  1086. brasiliensis, Speg. 5118
 1064. millepunctata, Dm. 5099
 1065. xanthoxyli, Lev.... 4453
                                  1087. fatiscens, Schw. ... 5119
 1066. grevilleæ, Lev. ... 5107
                                  1088. Beaumontii, B. & C.,
 1067. inclusa, B. & C. ... 5116
                                           Grev. xiii. 63.
 1068. crotonis, Cke. ... 5115
                                  1089. nitidissima, B. & C. 5120
                                                       ... 5121
 1069. depazeoides, Desm. 5100
                                  1090. lucens, Cke.
 1070. tragiæ, B. \& C. ... 5128
                                  1091. euglypta, Mont. ... 5122
 1071. melianthi (Thum.) 6177
                                  1092. exanthematica, Lev.,
 1072. vesicata, Cke. Grev. xiii.
                                           Grev. xiii. 64.
 1073. pices, B. & C. ... 5129
                                  1093. exsculpta, Berk. ... 5181
 1074. circumscripta, B... 5087
                                  1094. permeans, B. & C. 5179
 1075. Wittrockii, Eriks. 5130
                                  1095. interstitialis, B. & C.,
                                           Grev. xiii. 64.
 1076. dalbergiæ, Niessl.
                          5092
 1077. tenuis, B.
                       ... 5114
                                  1096. aloëtica, B. & C.... 5152
 1078. nitens, Lev.
                       ... 1718
                                  1097. maculans, Mont., Syll.
1079. viventis, Cke.
                       ... 5125
                                            p. 193.
1080. dolichogena, B. & Br. 5126
                                  1098. dalibardæ, Peck. ... 5124
 1081. trifolii (Pers.)
                      ... 5184
                                  1099. heraclei, Fr.
                      b. In monoctyledoneis.
 1100. palmigena, B. & C. 1495
                                  1110. cynodontis, Sacc... 5134
 1101. acrocomiæ, Mont.
                                  1111. bromi, Fckl.
                           5147
                                                        ... 5135
 1102. calamigena, B. & Br. 5148
                                  1112. poæ, Fckl.
                                                         ... 5136
                                  1113. sylvatica, Sacc. & S. 5137
 1103. musæ, Klot. 5183, 5243
 1104. strelitziæ, Cke. ... 5149
                                  1114. tritici-gracilis, Cast. 5138
 1105. kniphofiæ, K. & C. 5150
                                  1115. fuscescens, Sp. ... 5139
 1106. meianoplaca, Desm. 5151
                                  1116. muhlenbergiæ, Ellis 5140
 1107. graminis, P.
                      ... 5132
                                  1117. gangrena, Fr. ... 5141
                                  1118. Bonariensis, Speg. 5142
       = luteo-maculata,
                       ... 4268
       Schw.
                                  1119. luzulæ, Rabh., Fung.
       = punctum, Schw. 4266
                                           Eur. 533
       = panici, Schw.... 4267
                                  1120. epityphæ, Cke.
                                                        ... 5143
       = andropogonis,Sw.4273
                                  1121. junci, Fr.
                                                         ... 5144
       = agrostidis, Sw. 4274
                                  1122. cyperi, Rehm.
                                                         ... 5145
 1108. bambusæ, Rabh. ... 1719
                                  1123. dasylirii, Peck. ... 5146
 1109. stenospora, B. & Br. 5133
                                  1124. caricis, Fr.
                                                         ... 5242
                       c. In acotyledoneis.
1125. pteridis, Reb.
                       ... 5158
                                  1128. leptostromoidea, Cke.,
1126. flabella, Schwz. ... 5154
                                            Grev. xiii. 64.
1127. anomala, B. & C... 5155
                                  1129. episphæria, Peck.
                                                            5156
                               Sporidia filiformia.
             2 Орніоротнів.
 1130. edax, B & Br. ... 5350
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.*. Sporidiis ignotis. a. In foliis arborum. 1131. rhytismoides, Chev. 5157 1136. acervulata, Schw. 5162 1132. asteromorpha, Schw. 5158 1137. latitans, Fr. ... 5164 ... 5159 1138. annulata, Cke. 1133. impressa, Fr. ... 5165 1134. Colensoi, Berk. ... 5160 1139. abortiva, Desm. ... 5166 1135. orbiculata, Schw.... 5161 1140. xylostei, Fr. ... 5180 b. In foliis herbarum. 1144. angelicæ, Fr. 1141. brachystemonis, ... 5193 Schw. ... 5185 1145. podagrariæ, (Roth.) 5194 1142. tragacanthæ, Lev. 5191 1146. campanulæ, D. C... 5195 1143. Morthieri, Fckl. ... 5192 1147. punctiformis, Fckl. 5196 c. In caulibus herbarum. 1148. eupatorii, B.&C.... 5198 1152. chenopodii, Schw. 5208 1149. stipata, Fr. ... 5199 1153. elegans, Schw. ... 5313 1150. deusta, Fr. ... 5200 1154. ramosa, Schw. ... 5215 1151. phlogis, Schw. ... 5201 1155. effusa, Schw. ... 5222 d. In monocotyledoneis. 1156. aristidæ, Schw. ... 5230 1159. thanotophora, Lev. 5241 ... 5232 1157. setariæ, Sacc. 1160. membranacea, Ces. Born. 1158. panici. Schw. ... 5238 Auerswaldia. Sporidia continua, fusca, 1163. scabies, K. & C. ... 5250 1161. chæmeropis, Cooke 5248 1162. Pringlei, Peck. ... 5249 Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina. DOTHIDELLA. a. In dicotyledoneis. ... 5251 1178. endocrypta, Mont., Grev. 1164. tinctoria, Tul. 1165. hieronymi, Sp. ... 5252 xiii. 65. ... 5256 1166. betulina, Fr. 1179. salvadoræ, Cke., Grev. 1167. achalensis, Sp. ... 5257 xiii. 65. 1180. Berkeleyana, Cke., Grev. 1168. marginata, Lev. ... 5258 ... 5259 1169. australis, Sp. xiii. 65. - baccharidis, B. & C. 1170. tephrosia, Lev. .. 5260 1171. sordidula, Lev. ... 5265 1181. orbis, Berk. ... 5314 1172. pulverulenta, B. & C. 5267 1182. millepunctata, B. & C. 5273 1173. eugeniæ, Thum., Grev.xiii. 1183. rhynchosiæ, Lev.... 5274 1174. scutula, B. & Curt. 5270 1184. osbeckiæ, B. & Br. 5275 1175. osyridis, Cooke, Grev. xiii. 1185. gracilis, *Sp.* ... 5277 1186. bullata, Fries 1176. Zollingeri, Mont. ... 5180 ... 5271 1187. bullulata, Berk. ... 5315 *& B*. 1177. oleandrina, DR. & M. 5272 1188. nitidula, Lev. ... 1886 b. In monocotyledoneis. ... 5253 1189. fallax, Sacc. 1191. agrostidis, Fckl.... 5255 1190. helvetica, Fckl. ... 5254 1192. elettariæ, B. & Br. 5256

c. In acotyledoneis. 1193. basirufa, B. & C.... 5266 1195. nervisequia, B. ... 5269 1194. osmundæ, B. & C. 5268 *** MICRODOTHIS. Sporidia uniseptata, fusca. 1196. halepensis, Cke. ... 5308 1201. circinata, K. & Cke. 2712 1197. sphæroidea, Cke.... 5309 1202. puncta, Cke. ... 2713 1203. hemispherica, Berk. 5312 1198. arduinæ, K. & Cke. 5310 1199. oleifolia, K. & Cke. 5311 1204. spilomea, Berk. ... 5313 -1200. viridispora, Cke., Grev. 1205. melastomatis, Fr... 5170 xiii. 65. 1206. pentanisiæ, Cke. ... 6114 *** ROUMEGUERIA. Sporidia 1-3 septata, hyalina. 1207. granulosa, Kl. ... 5331 1213. amphimelæna, M. 5344 1208. Schweinitzii, B.&C. 5333 1214. dendritica, Cooke, 1209. Goudotii, Lev. ... 5340 Grev. xiii. 65. 1210. tetradeniæ, B. ... 5341 1215. albizziæ, Cooke, Grev. xiii. 1211. magnoliæ, Cke. ... 5342 65. 1212. rugodisca, C. & Hk. 5343 **** Montagnella. Sporidia triseptata, fusca. 1216. tordillensis, Speg. 5329 Sporidia ignota. 1217. funesta. Fr. ... 5318 GEN. 2. EURYACHORA, Fekl.—Stroma late effusum, minutissime punctulatum. Sporidia continua, hyalina. a. Stroma tenuissimum. 1218. stellaris, Pers. ... 5245 1219. stellariæ, Lib. ... 5246 b. Stroma crassiusculum. 1220. lathyri, Lev. Grev. xiii. 65. ** Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina. 1221. bullata, Berk. ... 5292 1224. Lorentziana, Speg. 5263 1222. sedi, *Link*. ... 5261 1225. kalmiæ, Peck. ... 5264 1223. rumicis, Karst. ... 5262 Montagnella. Sporidia 1-3 septata, fuscescentia. 1226. heliopsidis, Schw. 5328 1227. platyplaca, B. ** OPHIODOTHIS. Sporidia filiformia. 1228. vorax, B. & Curt. 5349 GEN. 3. DOTHIDEA. Fries. Stroma erumpens, pulvinatum.

Bagnisiella. Sporidia continua, hyalina.
a. Corticolæ.

1230. moricola, C. & E. 5077 1232. ilicis, Cooke.

1229. australis, Speg. ... 5076

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... 5079

1231. cercidis, Cke. Grev. xiii.

1233. tamaricis, <i>Cooke</i> 5080 1235. viburni-dentata, 1234. rhamni, <i>Mont</i> . = clavuli- Schwz 532	6
gera, B. & Br 5326 1236. moriformis, Ach 508. b. foliicolæ,	2
	-
1237. catervaria, B. 1783. 5109 1240. coccodes, Lev 1711238. drymidis, Lev 5081 =cubensis, B.	
1239. melastomatum, Lev. 5170 1241. tessellata, Lev., Grev. xiii	i.
** Auerswaldia. Sporidia continua, fusca.	
1242. robiniæ, Schw 5324 1243. oceanica, Ces 507	8
* Plowrightia. Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.	
1244. ribesia, Pers. 5285 1249. periclymeni, Fckl. 529 1245. virgultorum, Fr 5286 1250. hippophaës, Pass. 529 1246. mezerei, Fr. 5287 1251. Martianoffiana, N. 529 1247. insculpta, Wallr. 5288 1252. tuberculiformis, Ellis529 1248. berberidis, Wahl. 5289 1253. polita, Fr. 531	0
1244. ribesia, <i>Pers.</i> 5285 1249. periclymeni, <i>Fckl.</i> 529 1245. virgultorum, <i>Fr.</i> 5286 1250. hippophaës, <i>Pass.</i> 529	1
1246. mezerei, Fr 5287 1251. Martianoffiana, N. 529	1
1247. insculpta, Wallr. 5288 1252. tuberculiformis, Ellis 529	5
1949 harbaridia W-11 5000 1052 nalita Fu	
1248. berberidis, Wahl. 5289 1253. polita, Fr 531	U
EUDOTHIDEA. Sporidia uniseptata, fusca.	
1254. sambuci, Pers 5296 1261. smilacicola, C. & Ger. 530	3
. var. zealandiæ, Cke. 1262. baccharidis, Cke. 530-	
1255. amorphæ, Rabh 5297 1263. puccinioides, D. C. 530	5
1256. coluteæ, B. & C 5298 1264. rutæ, Mont 530	
1257. tetraspora, B. & Br. 5299 1265. corylina, Cke. & Hk. 530	7
= crystallophora, Berk. 1266. artemisiæ, Schw. 531	·
1960 et man 1/4 5900 1967 hismonia En 590	;
1258. etrusca, Not 5300 1267. bignoniæ, Fr 532 1259. linderæ, Ger 5301 1268. rhuina, Schw 532	
1260. frangulæ, Fckl 5302 1269. loniceræ, Cooke, Grev. xi	11
** Montagnella. Sporidia 1-3 septata.	
a. loculis polyascis.	
1270. curumanuel, Sp 5330 1271. durissima, B 584	5
b. loculis monoascis.	
1272. monspeliensis, Seynes 5346	
*** Curreys. Sporidia muriformia, fusca.	
1278. conorum, Fckl 5347 1274. excavata, Cke. & Ell. 534	8
*** SPECIES INCERTÆ.	
1975 atro Fo 5210 1977 paradova Fo 529	9
1275. atra, Fr 5319 1277. paradoxa, Fr 532 1276. myriococca, Mont. 5320 1278. encelium, Schw. 532	7
1276. myriococca, <i>Mont.</i> 5520 1276. enccenum, 5chw. 552	•
GEN. 4. HOMOSTEGIA, Fekl. Parasiticum. Stroma subplanun	n,
vel hemisphericum fragilissimum. * Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.	
1279. Pelvetii (Hepp). Grev. xiii. 66.	
* Sporidia uniseptata, fusca.	
1280. lichenum, Somm. 5339	

* * Sporidia 3 septata, fusca.

1281. Piggotii, B. & Br. 5338

Sporidia multiseptata, hyalina.

1282. nigerrima, B. & Br. 2838

** Sporidia ignota.

1283. dubia, Linds. Grev. xiii. 66.

GEN. 5. RHOPOGRAPHUS, Nitke. Stroma lineatum.

* Monographus. Sporidia continua, hyalina.

· 1284. aspidiorum (Lib). 4585

** Schirrhia. Ntke. Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.

1285. rimosa, A. & S. ... 5280 1288. Castagnei, Mont.... 5293 1286. depauperata, Desm. 5281 1289 calophylli, B. & Br. 5284

1287. striæformis, Niessl 5282

. Genuina. Sporidia 3-5 septata, flavida.

1290. filicinus, Fr. .. 5334 1292. clavisporus, Pk... 5336

1291. hysterioides, Ces. 5335 1293. hysteriiformis, Karst. 5337

** Ophiodothis. Sporidia filiformia.

1294. Haydeni, B. & C. 5361

XYLARIÆ ADDENDA.

The following omitted species should be inserted in the places indicated in the list published at page 11:—

- 601.* Kylaria (Kyloglossa) Trianæ, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. xx. (1863), p. 292.
- 618.* Xylaria (Xyloglossa) cylindrica, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. xx. (1863), p. 292.
- 679.* Xylaria (Xyloglossa) olemformis, Lev. in Moritzi Syst. Verz. (1846).
- 736.* **Xylaria (Xylodactyla) monticulosa**, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. xx. (1863), 292.
- 738 * Xylaria (Xylodactyla) metæformis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. xx. (1863), 292.
- 769.* Thamnomyces melanurus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. xx. (1863), 292.
- 849.* Mummularia discoidea, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. xx. (1863), 292.

NEW AND RARE BRITISH FUNGI.

By W. PHILLIPS, F.L.S., AND CHARLES B. PLOWRIGHT.

(Continued from p. 54.)

259. Puccinia Scheleriana, Plow and Magnus.

This name was misprinted at p. 54 as P. Schrætriana.

260. Cœoma laricis (Westd).

Sori small, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 mill. long, on yellow spots, surrounded by the whitish epidermis. Spores roundish or elliptical, often rather angular, finely verrucose, orange yellow, 16 to 24 mk. long by 12 to 17 mk. wide.

Around the periphery of the sori are a number of somewhat

clavate empty cells, crowded together and superimposed.

On Pinus Larix L. Near King's Lynn. Shrewsbury, and Forres, N.B. May, 1884.

261. Peziza (Cochlearia) aurantia. Oed.

Var. atro-marginata. Phil. and Plow., in Gard. Chron., Feb., 1882. Cups from 4 lines to 1 in. broad; disc blood-red, wrinkled; margin black owing to the presence of minute septate bristle-like hairs; the tuberculate sporidia are frequently furnished with thread-like appendages at their extremities, pointing in opposite directions obliquely to the axis of the sporidia.

On a clay bank. Clenchwarton, Norfolk. February, 1882.

262. Peziza (Humaria) Occardii, Kalch.

Cups scattered or gregarious, sessile, lenticular, glabrous; becoming undulate-lobate, reddish brown, when dry blackish brown; asci cylindrical, broad; sporidia 8, broadly elliptical, smooth (·02-·022 × 011-·012 mk.); paraphyses filiform, clavate apices.

Peziza Oocardii, Grevillea III., fig., 207. Cooke, Mycogr., fig., 47. Peltidium Oocardii, Kalchbrenner in Rabh., F.E. 521; Karst.

Myc. Fenn. p. 84.

On wood in damp places. Forres. N.B. The Rev. Dr. Keith. Cups 2 to 3 lines broad.

263. Peziza (Dasyscypha) Cupressi, Batsch.

Gregarious, sessile or shortly stipitate, hemispherical, becoming plane, between fleshy and waxy; margin obtuse entire, glabrous, villous at the base; disc orange-yellow, paler externally; asci cylindrical; sporidia 8, globose, smooth (01-012 mk.); paraphyses filiform, slender.

On Juniperus Sabina. Brandon. Mr. Norgate. 1883.

264. Peziza (Dasyscypha) scrupulosa, Karst.

Gregarious, slender, sessile, subhemispherical or sub-solenei-form, whitish or yellowish white, or greyish, rough with papillæ; asci cylindraceo-clavate, or subcylindrical; sporidia elongated, or aciculari elongated ('014-'008 × '001-002 mk.); paraphyses very slender.

Peziza scrupulosa, Karst. Monogr. Pez. p. 178; Helotium scrupulosum Karst. Myco., Fenn. p. 152. Peziza tomipora, Phillips in Herb.

On dead thornwood. Scarboro'. Mr G. E. Massee.

Cups 2 mm. broad, clothed with very minute white hair, which break up at the joints into two or three oblong portions.

265. Peziza (Dasyscypha) prasina, Quelet.

Cups sessile, applanate, thin, waxy, soft, olivaceous, clothed with flexuous, hyaline, afterwards fiery-red hairs; hymenium plane, greenish-brown, then of a beautiful green, at length becoming pale; sporidia fusiform, curved (012 mk.) Lachnella prasina, Quelet. Asso. Franc. l'avan. des sc. 1880.

On Glyceria fluitans. Mr. Cedric Bucknall.

266. Peziza callunigena. Karst.

Cup solitary, subglobose, sessile, blackish-brown, naked, striate, mouth connivent; asci cylindrical; sporidia 8, filiform, attenuated at the apices, straight, simple or faintly 3-septate ('04-'06 × '0025 mk.); paraphyses filiform, slightly thickened above.

On branches of Calluna vulgaris. Near Clumbury, Salop. 1882.

On branches of Calluna vulgaris. Near Clunbury, Salop. 1882. Karst., Mongr., Pers. p. 171. Crumenula callunigena Karst.,

Myco. Fenn, p. 212.

Cups 1 of a line broad. Seated on a brown tapesium, and resembles externally Peziza Rosæ, Pez.

267. Peziza (Mollisia) Mali (Rehm).

Gregarious, small, at first globose, then urceolate, finally more or less expanded; margin when dry involute, paler, scabrous; disc greenish-yellow; asci clavate; sporidia oblong, obtuse, hyaline, .009 × .003 mk. Paraphyses filiform. Pezizella Mali, Rehm. Ascomycetes No. 460.

On dead holly bark. Near Shrewsbury.

268. Perina (Mollisea) filicum, Phil. n. s.
Gregarious, minute, at first globose, then cupulate, at length expanded, white, glabrous; asci clavato-cylindrical; sporidia 8, oblongo-elliptical, straight or curved, 2-3 nucleate, becoming pseudo 1-2 septate; paraphyses extremely slender.

On stems of Lastrea Filix-mas. Shobden, Herefordshire.

Cups 1-3 mm. broad.

This differs from *Peziza Aspidiicola*, B. & Br. in the perfectly glabrous exterior of the cups, and the much larger and nucleated sporidia.

269. Peziza (Mollisea) jugosa, n. s.

Crowded, globose, vertically rugose, scabrous, black, mouth contracted, disc cinereous; asci clavate; sporidia 8; oblongo-elliptical or fusiform, 3-5 nucleate, becoming 3-5 pseudo-septate, 014-018 × 003-005 mk. Paraphyses numerous, adherent.

On dead herbaceous stems. King's Lynn. Cups 2 mm. broad. This is near P. atrata.

270. Helotium rhodoleucum Fr. Sys. Myc. II. 127.

Stipitate, slender, rosy-white, disc plane, stem equal; asci cylindraceo-clavate; sporidia 4 to 8, oblongo-elliptical, 01-014 × 004-005 mk. Paraphyses filiform.

Substance watery pellucid; stem glabrous, 1 line long, frequently reaching to 3 lines. Cup orbicular, entire, 1-2 lines broad.

On decayed stems of Equisetum. Shelton Rough, n. Shrewsbury. April.

271. Cenangium urceoliformis (Karst).

Scattered, commonly solitary, erumpent, sessile or subsessile, subspherical, nigricant, fusco-furfuraceous, becoming concentrically sulcate and naked, at first closed, then opening with a connivent mouth; disc pallid-cinereous; asci cylindrical; sporidia filiform septate, '065 × '002 mk. Paraphyses filiform slender, often furcate.

Peziza urceoliformis, Karst. Mongr. Pez., 172; Crumenula

urceoliformis, Karst., Myc., Fenn., 213.

On stems of Vaccinium vitis idæa. Grantown. N.B. Rev. Dr.

Keith.

The sporidia in our specimens are very much larger than those in Dr. Karsten's, and it occurs on a different species of *Vaccinium* but otherwise it answers to the description.

272 Phacidium striatum, n. s.

Scattered, orbicular, rugoso-striate, splitting into 5-6 laciniæ; disc fuliginous; asci clavate, attenuated towards the summit, sporidia 8, lanceolate, simple or 1 septate, .025-.03 × .002-.004 mk. Paraphyses filiform, curved at the apices, numerous.

On dead stems of Rubus. Dinmore, Herefordshire.

This bears some resemblance externally to *Phacidium rugosum* Fr., but has totally different sporidia.

273. Stictis pteridina, Phil. & Buck.

Scattered, slightly immersed, circular or elongated, irregular, open; disc pallid-brown, not deeply depressed; margin membranaceous; asci broadly clavate; sporidia 8, biseriate, clavate or clavato-fusiform, six or seven times pseudo-septate, or muriform, ·028-·044 × ·005-·009 mk. Paraphyses adherent. Stictis Pteridina, Phil. and Buck., in Fungi of the Bristol District pt. vi.

On Pteris aquilina. Leigh Wood near Bristol. Mr. Cedrie

Bucknall.

274. Capnodium Juniperi, n. op.

Perithecia globoso-cylindrical, contracted at the base, about 200 mik. high by 100 mk. wide, seated upon a thick dense felt of black mycelium, of which numerous black septate hyphæ are attached to the base of the perithecia; asci ovate 50×20 , sporidia oval with pointed extremities, brown triseptate, biseriate 25×10 mk.

On Juniper twigs. Forres. Rev. Dr. Keith.

The mycelium envelops the twigs in a thick woolly black mass, in which are often entangled the fallen leaves of the juniper. The antennaroid threads of which this mass is composed are possibly A. pithyophila, Nees.

275. Eutypa velutina (Wallr.), Sacc., Fungi., Venet., Ser. IV., p. 16. Fungi Ital., t. 472., Wallr., Fl. Orpt., No. 4066.

Stroma widely extended, perithecia globose, black, sunk in the wood, shortly attenuated in the neck, ostiola conico-rounded smooth, shining, just emerging; asci fusiform, stipitate, sporiferous part $35 \times 4-5$: spores sausage shaped, pale olivaceous, $7-9 \times 2$. Slightly curved.

Conidia Trichosporium velutum, rendering the surface of the matrix brown and velvety. Conidia obovate brown $6 \times 4-5.5$.

On Acer campestris.

276. Sordaria Sparganicola, N. Sp.

Perithecia black, globose, superfical, covered with black matted hairs, ostiola prominent rounded: sporidia, elliptical, dark brown, truncate at one end, from which springs a cylindrical hyaline appen-Sporidia, 12×8 mm.

On dead Sparganum. Mr. Bucknall, Yattan, July, 1881.

277. Anthostoma Italicum, Sacc. & Speq. Michel I., 326, Fungi Ital.,

t. 165., Sacc. Syll., 1., p. 297.
Stroma superficial, variously effused, black, perithecia in groups decorticating the stems in which it occurs, subimmersed, globosodepressed \(\frac{1}{3}\) to \(\frac{1}{3}\) mill. in diameter, papillate black; asci cylindrical 80-100 × 8-10 shortly stipitate, apex obtuse and sub-trifoveolate, packed between the filiform paraphyses, octosporous: sporidia ovate, oblong, 25 × 7-8 curved, brownish, 2, rarely 1, nucleate, provided at both ends with a very short hyaline appendage.

Near Bristol. Mr. Bucknall, 1882.

278. Phomatospora endopteris, N. sp.

Perithecia globose, deeply buried in the stem, ostiola very minute; neck long and cylindrical, reaching the surface; asci cylindrical, 30×5 . Sporidia oblong, oval, hyaline, simple, uniseriate, $10-11 \times 3$ mill.

On Pteris aquilina. Mr. C. Bucknall. Leigh Wood, April, 1882.

279. Didymella proximella (Karst.), Sacc. Syll. 1., p. 558, Sphærllea Prox. Kurst. Myc. Fenn. 11., p. 177, Sp. hyperopta Rehm. Ascom. No. 348, Didymosphæria Kunzei Niessl. Hedwigia, 1866, p. 106, Rab. Exs. 2039.

Perithecia amphigenous, scattered minute, spherical, papillate, pertuse, black, 100-200 mill. in diameter; asci subsessile, oblongato-clavate, 70-100 x 16-22. Sporidia eight, uni-or biseriate, subovoido-oblong, apex slightly but obtusely attenuated, uniseptate, superior division rather the larger, 2 to 4 nucleate, constricted at the septum, $20-24 \times 8-10$.

On Carex ampullacea. Forres. Rev Dr. Keith. On C. hirta, King's Lynn. Comes near Sp. anarithma, B. & Br.

280. Didymosphæria Winteri, Niessl. Neue Kernpilze, p. 165. Sacc. Syll. 1., p. 702.

Perithecia scattered or rather gregarious, minute, hemispherical, then depressed, covered by the epidermis at first; matrix not discoloured, ostiola papillate, perforate; coriaceo-membranaceous, black; asci clavate, stipitate, octosporous 60-80 × 10-12; sporidia bi-rarely uniscriate, lanceolate or oblong lanceolate, rather obtuse, centrally, or rather above the centre, uniseptate, constricted, straight or slightly curved, greenish-yellow or olivaceous, $11-14 \times 4\frac{1}{6}-5$ mk., paraphyses numerous, rather narrow.

On dead potato stems. Mr. A. Croall. Stirling, N.B.

281. Melanconis aceris, N. sp.

Stroma valsoid, black, suborbicular or conico-truncate, 2-5 mill. in diameter, corticolous or lignicolous, circumscribed by a black line. Perithecia 1-1 mill. in diam., 5-15 in a group; ostiola minute;

asci clavate, 65-70 \times 10; sporidia hyaline, uniseptate, nucleate, slighly constricted, elliptical, 12-15 \times 4-5, not appendiculate.

On Acer. Mr. W. B. Grove. 1883.

282. Diaporthe (Chorostate) pustulata (Desm.), Sacc. Sp. punctulata, Desm. 13. Not., 70, 1846. Aglaospora pustulata, Tul. Carp.

II., p. 163. Sacc. Syll. I., p. 610.

Erumpent, pustulate, scattered in the pallid certical stroma, circumscribed by a black line; disc subconvex, black, perithecia, 4-12, crowded in the middle, ostiola prominent, rather thick, umbilicate; nucleus white, then blackish; asci oblong, cylindrical, obtuse, octosporous; sporidia fusiform, 4 nucleate hyaline, not appendiculate, 16-19 × 3-4.

On Acer pseudoplatanus. Leigh Down. C. Bucknall. 1882. 283. Diaporthe (Euporthe) discors, Saco.=(D. rumicis, Plow. in

Grev. VII., p. 197. Saco. Syl. I., p. 644.)

Stroma variously effused and interrupted, blackening the surface of the stems, not surrounded by a black line beneath; perithecia few, globose, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. in diameter; ostiola scarcely existing, punctiform; asci fusiform-clavate, $60-62 \times 10-11$, without paraphyses, octosporous; sporidia fusiform, curved, rather obtuse, 17-18 \times 4-5, 4-nucleate hyaline.

On Rumex obtusifolius. Castle Rising.

284. Diaporthe (Tetrastaga) obscurans, Sacc. Syll. 1., p. 675. Fungi Ven. Ser. Iv., p. 7.

Stroma widely spreading round the affected branch, limited by a black line; perithecia discrete, in clusters of 4 to 6, surrounded by a black line, forming a slightly elevated but obscure swelling under the bark, globose, depressed, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. in diameter, black; ostiola very short, not projecting above the bark, but just piercing it; asci widely fusiform; octosporous $45-50 \times 12$ mill.; sporidia biseriate, rarely obtusely uniseriate; fusiform, rather obtuse at both ends, $12 \times 4\frac{1}{2}-5$ mill., uniseptate, very slightly constricted, 4-nucleate, hyaline.

On ash. Forres. Rev. Dr. Keith.

285. Leptosphæria prætermissa (Karst.), Sacc. Syll. 11., p. 26.

Perithecia clustered, covered by the cuticle, which is more or less discoloured, sphærical, base flattened; ostiola prominent, but often obsolete, widely perforate, smooth, even, black, 5 mill. wide; asci cylindraco-subclavate, 110 × 10-11 mill.; sporidia 8, uniseriate oblong, obtuse at both ends, straight or curved, 3-septate, more or less constricted at the septa, very pale, yellowish-brown, 18-32 × 7-10; paraphyses crowded, sub-coalescent.

On Rubus idaus. Rev. Dr. Keith. Forres. June, 1882.

Comes near Sp. abbreviata, Cooke, but is not in lines, nor are asci saccate.

* Spheria fluviatilis. Ph. & Pl. Grev. x., p. 73, is Spheria Lemanee (Cohn. & Wor.), Beitr. zu Morph. and Phys. d Pilz.. III., p. 1., t. 1. 286. Zignoëlla insculpta (Fr.), Sacc. Syll. II., p. 255.

Perithecia semi-immersed, globose, brownish-black, papillate, then pertuse, the upper part falling off; asci subsessile, oblongato-cylindrical, 150 long by 15 to 20 mill. wide; sporidia eight, ob-

liquely uniseriate, curved, hyaline or pale yellowish, consisting of two elongato-subfusiform nucleate bodies, connected by a long, narrowly contracted isthmus, which is at length divided in the middle by a septum, 70 mill. long by 7-8 wide.

Fries Elenchus ii., p. 95. Oudem. Bÿdrage voor van Flora Nederland. Nederlandsch Bot. Ver., 18th May. 1871, p. 30, t. v.,

f. 9.

Rev. Dr. Keith. Forres. On holly twigs.

287. Fenestella bipapillata (Tul.), Sacc. Valsa bipapillata, Tul.
Oarp. 11., 206. Sacc. Syll. p. 327.

Perithecia globose, minute black, very smooth, immersed in the bark in valsoid clusters of from 5 to 8, very slightly, or not at all rostrate, collapsing when dry; asci cylindrical, 180-200 by 16-18, very obtuse, slightly attenuated below, octosporous with very long paraphyses, sporidia uniseriate, ovate, lanceolate, with a pallid papilla at both ends, 32-40 × 15-18, triseptate muriform.

On beech. Rev. Dr. Keith. Sp. 30×15 ; asci $150-200 \times 15-18$.

288. Ophiobolus vulgaris, Sacc. Mich. II., p. 953. Syll. II., p. 338. Rhapidophora vulgaris, Sacc. Mich. II., p 67.

Perithecia not seated upon discoloured spots of the matrix, innate, then erumpent, globose, conical, $\frac{1}{6}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. in diameter; asci cylindrical, $90-120 \times 6-8$ mill., subsessile without paraphyses, octosporous; sporidia filiform, $80-100 \times 1-1\frac{1}{2}$, uniform in diameter, multinucleate pale yellow.

On dead potato stalks. Stirling, N.B. Mr. A. Croall.

This differs from O. porphyrogonus (Tode), (Sphæria rubella, Pers.) in the smaller size of its fruit, and in the mycelium not producing purple or red discolouration of the matrix.

289. Eleutheromyces longispora, N. sp.

Perithecia crowded, superficial, elongated, whitish-yellow, 450 to 500 mill. high by 200 mill. wide at the base; ostiola acutely pointed; asci clavato-elongate or subfusiform, $180-150 \times 20-25$, usually tetrasporous; sporidia hyaline, elongate fusiform, acute, uniseptate, with terminal cilia at both extremities, $50-60 \times 5-8$ mill.

On the remains of some Myxogaster. Holt House Woods,

King's Lynn. 4th Sept., 1882.

The acute ostiola are composed of a number of converging narrow straight cells placed side by side.

290. Mectria fibricola, Plow. Sacc. Mich. II., p. 152.

Perithecia scattered, globoso-conoid, pale, yellowish-red, 200 mill. wide 400 mill. high, ostiola obtusely conical, walls of perithecia thin, and parenchymatous; asci clavate, 90×20 -25, octosporous: sporidia, biseriate oblong, 20×8 -8½, uniseptate, slightly constricted, obtuse at both ends, 4 nucleate, hyaline, abnormally triseptate.

On rotting string. King's Lynn. 1881.

291. Mectria dacrymycella (Nyl.), Karst.

Perithecia, when young, immersed, afterwards naked, hemispherical, prominent, apex slightly depressed, subtremelloid,

orange yellow, minute, about 2 mill. wide, or slightly more, smooth; asci fusoid, 70-80 × 10-11, octosporous; paraphyses branched; sporidia fusiform, finely uniseptate, hyaline, 16-18 × 3 to 4 mill, Karst. Myc. Fenn. ii., p. 216. Sphæria N. Flora 1863, p. 322.

On Angelica stems. Blaize Castle. Mr. C. Bucknall.

292. Hypocrea argillacea, N. sp.

Pulvinate, clay-coloured, rather thin, 1 to 3 mill. in diameter; perithecia rather large, darker, prominent, pale brown; ostiola minute, prominent; asci cylindrical, octosporous, $60-70 \times 8$; sporidia separating into 16, subglobose hyaline, generally rather longer than wide, $4-5 \times 4$.

On soft rotten wood, apparently ash. Dersingham. 1 Nov., 1881.

293. Hypocrea strobilina, N. sp.

Discoid, stroma whitish, thin, 1 to 4 mill. across; perithecia yellowish (honey-coloured), rather large; asci cylindrical; octosporous; sporidia separating into two halves, each of which is subglobose; hyaline $5-6 \times 5-5\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

On cones of spruce fir. Belmont. Hereford. Nov., 1878.

Mr. James Renny.

The hyaline sporidia are unusually large.

294. Hypocrea splendens, N. sp.

Subglobose, then expanded, golden-yellow, then reddish-orange, when old with a tinge of brown, fleshy, thick, hemispherical, then convex, bearing perithecia on the whole of the upper surface, 3 to 6 mill. across; flesh yellowish-white, firm; perithecia minute, darker; asci cylindrical, octosporous, $80-90 \times 5-6$; sporidia hyaline, separating into two parts, each of which is globose; nucleate $4\frac{1}{2}-5$ mill. in diameter.

On laurel sticks. Leicestershire. Mr. T. Howse. Oct., 1881.

295. Hypocrea viscidula, N. sp.

Stroma at first globose, flattened above, then discoid, becoming cupulate, 5 to 10 mill. across; margin thin, at length repand and revolute, at first straw-coloured, viscid, shining, flesh firm, whitish, becoming yellow; disc dotted with dark green perithecia; asci cylindrical, octosporous, 130-150 × 10-11; sporidia olivaceous green, soon separating into two parts, each of which is subglobose; nucleate dark green, 6-8 mill. in diameter.

On wood and bark of Pinus sylvestris. Brandon. 7th Nov.,

1881.

A well marked species of large size, and characterised by the large size of its olivaceous sporidia.

296. Lophiodermum caricinum (Desm. & Rob.), Duby Hyst. p. 47.

Hysterium caricinum, Robin Herb. Desm. 14, Nat. 1847, p. 180.

Sacc. Syll. p. 797.

On pallid, withered spots, covered by the epidermis, scattered, oval, either slightly acute or obtuse at both ends, flat, black; opaque, minutely tuberculate, at length opening with a pallid disc, lips thin; asci clavate, 60-70, mk. bacillaro-filiform, 50 × 1 mk.

On Carex arenaria. Mintlynn. 30 Aug., 1884.

PRÆCURSORES AD MONOGRAPHIA POLYPORORUM.

By M. C. COOKE.

We have often been solicited to undertake a revision of the genus *Polyporus* of Fries, with critical notes. For two years we have cherished the hope of seeing this accomplished, and done something to facilitate it, but so many other, and pressing, claims upon our attention have from time to time postponed the attempt. At length we have resolved upon issuing our preliminary lists, imperfect though they may be, in order to indicate the arrangement we have decided to adopt. It will be seen that the method is based upon the suggestions of Fries in his "Novæ Symbolæ" (1851), with a few unimportant modifications.

Our present intention is to publish, in a collected form, all the scattered descriptions of the species known, with measurements of the pores, &c., and such critical notes as we can furnish, of the species described by Fries, Berkeley, Leveille, Montagne, ourselves, and others, as derived from authentic specimens. Meanwhile the preliminary lists may be of service, although they must not be accepted as absolute, either as to the sequence of species or the specific value of every name. As we are anxious to examine for ourselves every species possible, progress is necessarily slow. We desire, above all things, to make the work practically useful,

consideration.

POLYPORUS (Eupolyporus), Fries.

Pileus carnoso lentus, dein induratas (raro e caseoso-floccoso fragilis) extus absque sulcis el zonis, sed contextus radians fibrosus (intus) saepe zonatus. Pori numquam stratosi.

therefore any suggestions of omitted species will receive grateful

A. Ovini. Mesopodes, carnosi, terrestres.

* Pileo impolito, squamoso floccosove.

1 tessulatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 523.

2 tuberaster, Fr. Hym. Eur. 523. 3 subsquamosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 523.

4 nodipes, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 136.

5 ovinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 523.

6 flavo-virens, B. & Rav. Grev. i. 38.

7 Ellisii, Berk. Grev. vii. p. 5

8 leucomelas, Fr. Hym. Eur. 523.

9 pescapræ, Pers. Champ. Com. t. 5. v. scobinaceus, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 37.

10 asprellus, Lev. Comm. 14.

11 hydniceps, B. & C. Cubensis No. 191.

12 radicatus, Schwein. Amer. Bor. 331.

13 Hartmanni, Cooke Grev. xii. 14.

14 cæruleoporus, Peck. 26 Report 68.

15 olivaceo-fuscus, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 46.

16 persicinus, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 39. 17 myclodes, Kalch. Grev. iv. 73.

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** Pileo glabro.

- 18 viscosus, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 41.
- 19 xoilopus, Rost. Poly. t. 10.
- 20 virellus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 525.
- 21 politus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 525.
- 22 poripes, Fr. Novæ. Symb. 32.
- 23 rutrosus, Rost. Poly. t. 22.
- 24 fuligineus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 525.
- 25 Campbelli, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1854, 228.
- 26 nanus, Mont. Syll. 153.
- 27 griseus, Peck. 26 Report 68.
- 28 popanoides, Cooke Grev. ix. 97.
- B. Lenti. Mesopodes e carnoso lenti, indurato, epixylo. Stipitis basi concolori, nec nigra. Mesopus, lentus, Fr. Epic.11-20.

 * Pileo impolito, squamoso villosove.
- 29 lepideus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 526.
- 30 lentus, Berk. Outl. p. 237.
- 31 brumalis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 526. var. floccopus, Rost. Poly. t. 13.
- 32 callochrous, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 181.
- 33 Weddellii, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. v. 366.
- 34 scabriceps, B. & C. Fungi Cub. No. 190.
- 35 penetralis, Smith Journ. Bot. 1875, 98.
- 36 fractipes, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 39.
- 37 maculatus, Berk. Hook Journ. 1851, 80.
- 38 dibaphus, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 36.
- 39 luridus, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 39.
- 40 delicatus, B. &. Curt. Grev. i. 39. 41 orbicularis, Sauter Hedw. xv. 150.
 - (rhipidium, Berk. Lond. Jour. 1847, 319=Favolus.)
- 42 tubarius, Quelet. Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. 1878, 289.
 - ** Pileo strigoso virgatove.
- 43 vernalis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 527.
- 44 virgatus, B. & Curt. Linn. Journ. x. 304.

* Pileo cupulæformi.

- 45 pocula (Schw.), B. & Curt. Proc. Am. Ac. iv. 122.
- 46 cupulæformis, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 38.

** Pileo margine ciliato.

- 47 arcularius, Fr. Hym. Eur. 526. =P. agariceus, Konig.
- 48 æmulans, B. & Curt. Fungi Cub. 181.
- 49 ciliatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 527.
- 50 umbilicatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1851, 79.
- 51 tricholoma, Mont. Syll. 153.
- 52 rubripes, Rostk. Poly. t. 16.
- 53 similis, Berk. Hook Journ. 1843, 635.
- 54 Binnendykei, Kurz. in Herb. Berk. 2279.
- 55 flexipes, Fr. Linn. v. 515.

 =apalus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1843, 635.

 =gracilis, Klot. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839.

** Pileo glabro.

56 alveolarius, Fr. Epicr. 431.

=collybioides, Kalch. Grev. x. 94.

57 incendarius, Fr. Hym. Eur. 527.

58 corylinus, Vivian Ital. t. 1.

59 tiliae (Schulz), Fr. Hym. Eur. 528.

60 fuscidulus, Schrad. Spic. 153.

61 leptocephalus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 528.

62 cremoricolor, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1851, 79. 63 columbiensis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1842, 454.

64 stipitarius, B. & Curt. Fungi Cub. No. 183. var. Armitii, Muell & Kalch. Grev. x. 94.

65 humilis, Peck 26th Report 69.

66 pachypus, Mont. Syll. 154.

67 cyathiformis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1848, 181.

68 trachypus, Mont. Syll. 154.

69 phæoxanthus, Mont. Syll. 154.

70 acicula, B. & Curt. Fungi Cub. 184.

71 tuba, B. & Curt. Fungi Cub. 189.

72 discoideus, B. & Curt. Fungi Cub. 187.

73 craterellus, B. & Curt. Fungi Cub. 188.

74 pisiformis, Kalch. Grev. x. 98.

(P. favularis. Fr. Nov. Sym. 34=Favolus.)

C. Spongiosa. Pileus primo spongioso-mollis, aquum bibulus, tomentosus, dein suberosus coriaceusve. Stipes curtus difformis. Pori difformis, pruina irrorati, decolorantes. Fr. Hym. Eur. 528.

* Contextu fusco.

75 maximus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 529.

76 Schweinitzii, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 351.

var. tabulæformis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 302. (=spectabilis, Fr. Novæ. Symb. 32.)

77 endocrocinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 320.

78 ? glomeratus, Peck. 24th Report 78.

79 vallatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. (1852) 138.

** Contextu albido.

80 biennis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 529.

81 sericellus, Sacc. Myc. Ven. 818.

82 rufescens, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 351. var. abortivus, Peck.

83 heteroporus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 543.

84 laciniatus, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 48.

85 anthelminticus, Berk. Gard. Chron. 1866, p. 753.

86 proteiporus, Cooke Grev. xii. 15.

D. Melanopodes. Meso-aut sæpius pleuropodes. Stipite toto aut basi nigricante. Pileo e carnoso lento induratoque.

* Pileo squamoso floccosove.

87 squamosus, Fr. Sys. Myc. i. 343.
(Boucheanus, Klotsch Linn. viii. 318—Favolus.)

-Favolus.)

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- 88 Michelii, Fr. Sys. Myc. i. 343.
- 89 pallidus, Schulz. in Fr. Hym. Eur. 533.
- 90 melanopus, Fr. Sys. Myc. i. 347. var. cyathoides, Swartz.

var. leprodes, Rostk. Poly. t. 15.

- 91 versiformis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 137.
- 92 Trogii, Fr. Nova Symb. 34.

(Philippinensis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1842, 148—Favolus.)

** Pileo glabrato.

- 93 Rostkovii, Fr. Hym. Eur. 534.
- 94 glutinifer, Berk. in Herb.
- 95 platyporus, Berk. in Hook. Journ. 1851, p. 81.
- 96 infernalis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1843, 637.
- 97 picipes, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 353.
- 98 fissus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 318.
- 99 varius, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 352.
- 100 semi-nigrita, B. & Cooke, Linn. Journ. xv. 377.
- 101 elegans, Bull. Champ. t. 46.
 var. nummularius, Bull. t. 124.
 var. minimus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 536.
- 102 hemicapnodes, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 47. var. dimorphus, Cke. Grev. xiii. 1.
- 103 guianensis, Mont. Syll. 153.
- 104 glabratus, Kalch. Hedwigia xv. 114.
- 105 alpinus, Sauter Hedwigia 1876, 33.
- 106 Guilfoylei, B. & Br. Linn. Trans. ii. p. =nonscriptus, Berk. in Herb.
- 107 Gayanus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 127.
- 108 Leprieurii, Mont. Syll. 155.
- 109 Blanchettianus, Mont. Syll. 155.
- 110 vernicosus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 175.
- 111 atratus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 124.
- 112 dictyopus, Mont. Syll. 155.
- E. Petaloides. Pileus e carnoso lentus, exacte lateralis (postice non marginatus). Stipite toto pallido, vulgo brevissimo, basi scutata lignis putridis adnato, in linea recta cum pileo, priorum more, vulgo striato-vergato ut in omnibus vicinis azono. Fr. Novæ Symb.
 - * Pileo glabrato.
- 113 tephromelas, Mont. Syll. 155.
- 114 tristiculus, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1854, 129.
- 115 peltatus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 36.
- 116 dendriticus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 37.
- 117 putidus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 35.
- 118 vibecinus, Fr. Fungi Natal 6.
 - var. antilopum, Kalch. in Grev.
- 119 vera-crucis, Berk. in Herb. No. 2429.
- 120 petaloides, Fr. Epicr. 444.
 121 liturarius, B. & Curt. Sill. Journ. xi. (1851) 94.
- 122 annularis, Fr. Nova Symb. 36.

123 anisoporus, Mont. Syll. 156.

124 trigonus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 125.

125 udus, Jungh. in Hav. Tids. vii. 285.

126 miniatus, Jungh. Java 65.

127 sanguineus, Fr. Epicr. 444.

128 obovatus, Jungh. Jav. 68.

129 phlebophorus, Berk. Fl. N. Zeal. ii. 177.

130 decolor, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 195.

131 lenzitioides, Berk. in Videns Medd. Kjob. 1879, 34.

** Pileo subsquamoso vel floccoso.

132 grammocephalus, Berk. Lond. Journ. i. 147.

- Muelleri, Kalch. Grev. x. t. 145.

var. Emerici, Berk. Grev. x. 96.

var. russiceps, B. & Br. Ceylon Fungi 449.

133 platotis, B. & Br. Linn. Trans. ser. 2. ii. 401.

134 dorcadideus, B. & Br. Linn. Trans. ii. 401.

135 fusco-lineatus, B. & Br. Linn. Trans. ii. 401.

136 ligoniformis, Bon. Hedw. xv. 76.

137 Dickinsii, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 50.

138 terebrans, B. & Curt. Linn. Journ. x. 306.

F. Frondosi. Pileus carnosus, firmus, floccoso-fibrosus, azonus, nec coriaceo-induratus. Cæspites centrales, stipitati, e basi communi enati, plus minus concreti, ut in macris formis pileum centralem simplicem lobatum, subinde referant. Pori secedentes.

139 Barrelieri, Viviani Ital. 28, t. 36.

140 umbellatus, Fr. Epic. 446.

141 frondosus, Fr. Epic. 446.

142 Colensoi, Berk. Fl. N. Zeal. ii. 178.

143 intybaceus, Fr. Epic. 446.

144 cristatus, Fr. Epic. 447.
 145 confluens, Fr. Epic. 447.

146 amygdalinus, Berk. & Rav. Grev. i. 49.

147 subgiganteus, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 49.

148 Beatiei, Banning 31st Report N.Y. Mus.

149 anax, Berk. Grev. xii. 37.

150 botryoides, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 128.

151 rubricus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1851; 81.

152. eurocephalus, B. & Br. Ceylon Fungi No. 451.

G. Lobati. Pileo e carnoso lento sub-coriaceo, plus minus zonato, intus fibroso. Pori adnati. Cæespites laterales substipitati imbricato-multiplices, stipitibus plus minus connatus vel e tubere communi enatis.

153 giganteus, Fr. Epic. 448.

- 154 Berkeleyi, Fr. Nova. Symb. 40.
- 155 acanthoides, Bull. Champ. t. 486.

156 lobatus, Gmel. Fr. Epic. 448.

157 Pauletii, Fr. Epic. 449.

158 distortus, Schwein. Syn. Car. 903.

159 candidus, Fr. Epic. 449.

160 osseus, Kalch. Enum. t. 160.

- 161 floriformis, Quel. in Bresadola Fungi Trid.
- 162 secernibilis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 500.
- 163 armoracius, Berk. in Fr. Nova. Symb. 37.
- 164 trichrous, Berk. & Curt. (nomen nudus).
- 165 anthracophilus, Cooke Grev. xii. 16.
- 166 Glaziovii, Berk. Vid. Medd. Kjob. 1879, 34.
- 167 Warmingii, Berk. Vid. Medd. Kjob. 1879, 32.

** Contextu læte colorato.

- 168 flammans, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 139.
- 169 lætus, Cooke Grev. xii. 16.
- H. Imbricati. Pileo epelliculoso, caseoso, primo succoso-molli, dein arido fragili azono, poris secedentibus. Cæspites ad caudices arborum sessiles, vulgo dimidiato in situ vero horizontali undique expansi centrales, primitus ex unico tuberculo amorpho in pileolos innumeros explicati.
- 170 casearius, Fr. Epic. 449.
- 171 sulphureus, Fr. Epic. 450.

var. ceratoniæ, Fr. Hym. Eur. 552.

- 172 retiporus, Cooke Grev. xii. 15.
- 173 discolor, Klotsch. Linn. viii. 483.
- 174 Telfairii, Klotsch. Linn. viii. 483.
- 175 imbricatus, Fr. Epic. 450.
- 176 alligatus, Fr. Epic. 450.
- 177 sordulentus, Mont. Syll. 160.
- I. Mollis. Anodermei, pileo caseoso, primo aquose mollis fragili, flocculoso nec, ob contextum (album) tenuiorem, setosohispido, poris subsecedentibus albis. Adultiores nunc mollis nunc indurato, sed brevi putrescunt nec per hiemem persistunt.

* Pileo tomentoso.

- 178 lacteus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 546.
- =saccharinus, B. & C. in Herb. 179 leucomallus, B. & C. Fungi Cub. 214.
- 180 tephronotus, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 252.
- 181 tephroleucus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 545.
- 182 sordidus, Cke. Grev. xiii. ined.
- 183 epileucus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 545.
- 184 armeniacus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 197.
- 185 alutaceus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 545.
- 186 testaceus, Fr Hym. Eur. 545.
- 187 undosus, Peck. 34th Report p. 42.
- 188 corrivalis, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiii. 162.
- 189 molliusculus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 320.
- 190 Keithii, B. & Br. Ann. Nat. Hist. No. 1,430.
- 191 verecundus, B. & C. Fungi. Cub. 220.
- 192 appendiculatus, B. & Br. Ceylon Fungi 453.
- 193 ostreæformis, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 46. 194 semi-digitaliformis, Berk. Linn. Jour. xvi. 39.
- 195 Gunnii, Berk. Fl. Tasm. 253.

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196 angustus, Berk. Fl. Tasm. 253.
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197 corium, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 163.

** Pileo glabro.

198 fragilis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 546.

199 nitidulus, B. &. C. Amer. Acad. iv. 122.

200 versicutis, B. & C. Fungi Cub. 215.

201 albogilvus, B & C. Fungi Cub. 216.

202 trabeus, Rostk. Poly. t. 28.

203 Kerensis, Pass. Nuovo. Giorn. Ital.

204 cæsius, (Schr.) Fr. Hym. Eur. 547.

205 mollis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 547.

206 fimbriporus, Schwein. Amer. Bor. 355.

207 obductus Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 304.

208 stipticus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 546.

209 chioneus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 546.

210 pallescens, Fr. Hym. Eur. 546. 211 destructor, Fr. Hym. Eur. 547.

var. undulatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 547.

212 trichocoma, Fr. Novæ. Symb. 37.

213 microscopicus, Jungh. Fl. Java. i. 52.

214 semi-supinus, B. & C. Grev. x. 50.

215 semi-pileatus, Peck. 34th Report 43.

216 microstomus, B. & C. Cuban Fungi 218.

217 evolutus, B. & C. Cuban Fungi 217.

218 cerifluus, B. & C. Grev. i. 50.

219 campylus, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 252.

220 pulchellus, Sacc. Myc. Ven. 50.

221 argentatus, Cooke Grev. xiii. ined. 222 comtulus, Berk. (Fr. Nova. Sym. 81).

L. Dichroi. Anodermei. Pileo carnoso lento (etiam juniorum tenaci) molli, elastico, ob contextum fibroso-floccosum villoso-tomentoso, poris subadnatis coloratis. Semper molles subflexiles. = Anodermei lenti. Fr. Ep.

* Contextu colorato.

223 simulans, B. & Curt. Herb. 2,543.

224 croceus, Pers. Myc. Eur, ii. 59.

225 Spraguei, B. & C. Grev. i. 50.

226 dialeptus, Fr. Ep. 456.

227 aesculi, Schwein. in Fri. Epic. 454.

228 læticolor, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 46.

229 nidulans, Fr. Hym. Eur. 548.
230 endozonus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 38.

231 dryophilus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 321.

232 rutilans, Pers. Ic. et Desc. t. 6, f. 4.

233 cæruleus, Schum. Saell. 387.

234 fædatus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 41.

235 rubidus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 500.

236 Beckleri, Berk. Linn. Journ. x. 162.

237 pallido-cervinus, Schwein. Amer. Bor. 371.

238 calvescens, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839 390.

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289 gilvus, Schw. Syn. Car. 897.
 240 scruposus, Fr. Epicr. 473.
        = var. isidioides, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1843, 515.
                         ** Contextu albo.
 241 albus, Huds. Fl. Ang. 626.
 242 scanicus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 549.
 243 abruptus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 42.
 244 fumosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 549.
 245 Lindheimeri, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 50.
 246 digitalis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 139.
 247 demissus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 52.
 248 rhinocephalus, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 253.
 249 diffusus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 39.
 250 fragrans, Peck 30th Report 45.
 251 Curreyanus, Berk. in Herb. 2,820.
 252 dissitus, B. & Br. Ceylon Fungi No. 454.
 253 adustus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 549.
        var. resupinatus (= fumoso-griseus, C. & E.).
 254 crispus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 550.
 255 kymatodes, Rostk. Poly. t. 24.
 256 intercalaris, B. & Cooke Linn. Journ. xv. 380.
 257 hypo-citrinus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xv. 50.
258 candidulus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 301.
 259 dichrous, Fr. Hym. Eur. 550.
                  = Gleoporus conchoides, Mont.
        var. nigro purpurascens, Schw. Am. Bor. 360.
        var. isabellinus, Schwein. Am. Bor. 899.
        var. Macowani, Kalchb. Grev. x. 54.
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260 amorphus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 550. var. irregularis, Sow. t. 423. var. roseoporis, Rostk. t. 12. var. Halesiæ, B. & C. Grev. i. 52.

261 adiposus, B. & Br. Fr. Hym. Eur. 550. var. armeniacus, Berk. Eng. Fl. v. 147.

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Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY
AND ITS LITERATURE.

NEW BRITISH FUNGI.

By M. C. Cooke.

(Continued from p. 61.)

Agaricus frumentaceus, Bull. Cooke Illus. t. 470.

The plate issued in "Illustrations" was copied from a drawing made by Mr. Worthington Smith from specimens sent to him from Forres by the Rev. Dr. Keith. Never having been so fortunate as to see this species, we accepted the designation attached to the drawing, and published it as an Entoloma, under the impression that it was the Agaricus (Entoloma) frumentaceus, Berk. & Br. Dr. Keith has kindly drawn our attention to this figure, at the same time stating his conviction that the original specimens were those of an undoubted Tricholoma, the pink tinge of the spores being faint and quite of a different character to the spores in Hyporhodii. Whatever, therefore, the plant of Berkeley and Broome may be, to which they attach the name of frumentaceus, and include in the subgenus Entoloma, it cannot be the species figured as above, since Dr. Keith must have had ample material to judge, and no one would doubt his ability to form an authoritative opinion. Plate 470 must, therefore, be corrected to Ag. (Tricholoma) frumentaceus, Bull. We may add that the majority of Continental mycologists contend that Bulliard's species is a Tricholoma, and both the size and form of the spores given in our plate certainly are more in accordance with those usually found in Tricholoma than those of Entoloma.

Agaricus (Pluteus) semibulbosus, Fr. Hym Eur. 188.

Small. Pileus rather fleshy, hemispherical, obtuse, atomate, soft, sulcate, white; stem delicately fistulose, pubescent, inflated in a bullate manner at the base; gills free, whitish, then flesh-coloured.—Cooke Illus. t. 518, fig. a.

On wood. Scarboro'. (G. Massee.)

Pileus about half an inch broad, deeply sulcate. Stem about an inch long.

Agaricus (Pluteus) violarius, Massee, in litt.

Pileus hemispherical, then nearly plane, velvety, even, watery dark purple, disc darkest, margin undulate. Flesh thick, grey;

stem thickest at the base and pale umber, attenuated upwards and whitish, silky, fistulose, sprinkled below with delicate black fibrils, gills crowded, margin serrulate, whitish then brightish flesh-colour.—Cooke Illus. t. 518, fig. b.

On a stump. Scarboro'. (G. Massee.)

Gregarious. Pileus ½-1½ inch. Stem 1 in. long, 1 line thick at the apex. Smell none. Taste pleasant. Spores spherical, smooth. Paper in which the specimens were dried stained bright violet.

Agaricus (Pluteus) ephebius, Fr. Hym. Eur. 186.

Pileus fleshy, convex then flattened, obtuse, clad with a bluish tomentum, margin naked; stem stuffed, smooth, minutely striate; gills free, yellowish, then flesh-coloured.—Cooke Illus. t. 517.

On rotten wood. Helmsley, Yorks. (G. Massee.)

Pileus from 1 to 2 inches broad. Stem 1 to 2 inches long, often curved, and sometimes turning bluish.

Agaricus (Inocybe) perbrevis, Weinm. Ross. p. 185.

Pileus rather fleshy, convex, obtusely umbonate, fibrous or squamose, margin rather striate, at length cracked; stem stuffed, short, pallid, clad with white fibrils, somewhat attenuated at the base, gills uncinately adnexed, rather distant, whitish, then tawny or clay-coloured.—Fr. Hym. Eur. 233. Hoffm. Ic. t. 14, f. 1. Cooke Illus. t. 519.

In shady woods. Near Scarboro'. (G. Massee.)

Small but rather firm, tawny or rufous, becoming yellowish. Pileus about an inch. Stem scarcely an inch long, cortinate, pruinose at the apex. Flesh white.

Agaricus (Psalliota) augustus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 278.

Pileus globose, then hemispherical, at length expanded, very obtuse, disc even, circumference fibrillose-squamose, stem solid, thick, smooth; ring superior very broad, externally cracked into angular scales; gills crowded, narrow, pallid then brown, remote, leaving a collar round the stem.—Fr. Sver. Svamp. t. 38. Cooke Illus. t. 521.

In woods.

A very large and fine species. Pileus 4-5 inches broad. Stem $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 in. thick, attenuated upwards, white, but tinged with red when bruised. Flesh soft, white, unchangeable. Gills never acquiring a flesh-colour.

Agaricus (Psalliota) pratensis, Schoff. Icon. t. 96.

Pileus fleshy, ovoid then expanded, becoming smooth or squamulose, whitish then cinereous; stem stuffed, thickened at the base, naked; ring median simple, deciduous; gills free, narrow, acute, rounded behind, cinereous, at length brown.—Fr. Hym. Eur. 279. Cooke Illus. t. 525.

In pastures and woods. Pulborough, Sussex.

Pileus 2-3 inches broad. Stem 2 in. long, half an inch thick and more. Odour and taste pleasant.

Agaricus (Psalliota) subgibbosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 281.

Pileus rather fleshy, convex then plane, umbo even, smooth, but the circumference silky, fibrillose. Stem hollow, thin, ring fugacious, gills remote, white, then cinereous brown.

In woods, &c. Pleasure grounds, Kew.

The form figured in Cooke's Illustrations, t. 532, is referred provisionally to this species, on the recommendation of the Rev. M. J. Berkeley. It is larger than the typical form. Pileus 2-3 inches. Stem 2-3 inches long, half an inch thick.

Agaricus (Panæolus) egregius, Massee.

Pileus ovate-campanulate, smooth, even, viscid when moist, bright orange brown, disc darker, fleshy, exceeding the gills at the margin, with a trace of agglutinated down on the pileus, virgate when dry; flesh ochraceous; stem thickened at the base, solid, fibrillose, readily splitting longitudinally, brown without and within, duller than the pileus, white and cottony at the base, smooth at the apex. Gills broad, ventricose, adnexed, crowded, thin, brownish-black, edge entire paler, dry not deliquescent, spores brown, then blackish-purple, oblong-ovate with a minute apiculus. Smell none.

On the ground, Scarboro'. (G. Masse.)

Pileus 2½ inches high, 2 inches broad. Stem 5 inches long, half an inch thick. Gills half an inch broad in the centre. A very remarkable species, with somewhat the habit of a Coprinus.

We would willingly have avoided describing the following species of incomplete fungi, except in conjunction with the ascomycetous species to which they are accredited, but, as the "Sylloge" includes their allies, as if they were autonomous, we have no other alternative. As we purpose commencing in our next issue a catalogue of the British Sphæropsidæ, brought up to date, we have made no reference here to the large number of described species which have come to our knowledge since the publication of the "Handbook," as these will be contained in the proposed catalogue. Specimens of the majority have been deposited in the Herbarium of the Royal Gardens at Kew.

Phyllosticta asiatica, Cooke.

Spots orbicular or irregular, tawny, circumscribed by a dark purplish-brown border, which passes into crimson as it spreads into the leaf. Perithecia few, mostly on the upper surface, gregarious on the spots, very minute, black, punctiform. Sporules very small, hyaline (004 × 0015 mm.) on rather longer sporophores.

On fading leaves of Berberis asiatica. Kew.

Phoma Beckhausii, Cooke.

Perithecia subglobose, scattered, covered by the bark which is slightly elevated, very indistinct. Sporules sublanceolate, continuous, usually binucleate (008-01 × 003 mm.)

On branches of Viburnum lantana—in conjunction with Diaporthe Beckhausii, Nke. Dartford; Kew.

Phoma scobina, Cooke.

Perithecia subcutaneous, gregarious chiefly near the nodes, erumpent, cracking the cuticle, subglobose, black, depressed. Sporules fusoid, or clavate, sometimes binucleate, hyaline, on straight sporophores ('01-'012 × '003-'0035 mm.).

On slender branches of Fraxinus excelsior. Kew, Darenth,

Highgate.

Spermogones of Diaporthe scobina, with which it is usually associated.

Phoma laurella, Sacc. Syll. No. 486.

In our specimens the sporules are oblong-elliptic, rounded at the ends, and $\cdot 012 \times \cdot 0035$ mm.

On twigs of Laurus nobilis. Kew.

Phoma vinifere, Cooke = Phoma viticola, Sacc. Syll. No. 463; not Phoma viticola, Sacc. Syll. No. 653.

Sporules $\cdot 007 \times \cdot 004$ mm., without nuclei.

On twigs of Vitis vinifera. Kew.

The three species (so called) of *Phoma* on vine twigs, found in Britain, are—

Phoma vitis, Bon. (sp. $\cdot 003 - \cdot 0035 \times \cdot 001 - \cdot 002$).

Phoma viniferæ, Cke. (sp. $\cdot 007 \times \cdot 004 \text{ mm.}$).

Phoma Cookei, Per. (sp. $\cdot 013 \times \cdot 0045$ mm.).

Phoma celastrinæ, Cooke.

Gregarious or aggregated. Perithecia globose, black, covered by the cuticle, which is pierced by the punctiform shining black ostiola. Spores lanceolate, attenuated to each extremity, binucleate, hyaline ('013 × '005 mm.) at first stipitate.

On small branches of Euonymus americanus. Kew.

Phoma Forsythia, Cooke.

Very loosely gregarious. Perithecia punctiform, subglobose, immersed in the bark, which is slightly elevated, and at length pierced by the minute ostiola. Sporules elliptical, minute, enucleate, hyaline ('005 × '002 mm.) on short sporophores.

On twigs of Forsythia. Kew, March, 1885.

Phoma prunorum, Cooke.

Densely gregarious at the extremities of the small twigs, covered by the elevated but not discoloured bark, which at length becomes split in a narrow longitudinal fissure. Perithecia subglobose, black, of medium size. Sporules broadly lanceolate, attenuated towards each extremity, binucleate, hyaline ('01 × '0045 mm.).

On dead twigs of Prunus lauro-cerasus. Kew, March.

Phoma radicantis, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia gregarious on bleached spots, minute, punctiform, flattened, covered by the thin cuticle. Sporules numerous, oval, hyaline, with no distinct sporophores (.003 × .0015 mm.).

On still living branches of Tecoma radicans. Kew.

Phoma pruni-lusitanicæ, Cooke.

Gregarious. Perithecia subglobose, collected about the extremities of slender twigs, elevating but scarce discolouring the cuticle, which is pierced by the minute ostiola. Sporules fusiform, binucleate, hyaline ('01 × '004 mm.).

On twigs of Prunus lusitanica. Kew.

Phoma Herminiera, Cooke.

Perithecia small, densely gregarious, nestling in the bark, and at first covered with the cuticle, which is soon split in a stellate manner, exposing the black depressed perithecia. Sporules lanceolate, binucleate, hyaline ('01 × '0035 mm.), sporophores simple or furcate, elongated ('04 mm.) thin.

On bark of Herminiera elaphroxylon. Grown at Kew.

Phoma platanoidis, Cooke.

Perithecia subcutaneous, erumpent, gregarious, splitting the epidermis so that the twigs are rough, like a rasp. Sporules fusiform, rather acute, binucleate, hyaline ($007-008 \times 003$ mm.) on straight sporophores, which are twice the length of the sporules, or more.

On slender twigs of Acer pseudoplatanus. Kew.

In company with Calospora platanoidis, of which probably the spermogonia.

Phoma Philadelphi, Cooks.

Perithecia rather small, generally gregarious in lines, covered by the cuticle which is scarcely elevated, immersed in the bark, depressed, black, pierced. Sporules cylindrical, obtuse at the ends, not nucleate (*012 × *0025 mm.) hyaline.

On stems of *Philadelphus*. Kew.

Distinct in habit and fruit from P. Landeghemiæ, which occurs on smaller branchlets.

Phoma rhododendri, Cooke.

Sub-gregarious, on small dead twigs which are bleached, small, covered by the cuticle which is elevated, but scarcely discoloured. Perithecia subglobose, black. Sporules minute, oval, hyaline, without nuclei (·004-·005 × ·002 mm.).

On twigs of Rhododendron. Kew.

Phoma amelanchieris, Cooke.

Sub-gregarious, corticolous. Perithecia immersed in the bark, elevating and cracking the cuticle, globose, black, of medium size. Sporules subfusiform, obtuse, binucleate ('008 × '0025-'003 mm.), on thin curved sporophores which are three times as long.

On Amelanchier branches. Kew.

Phoma dispersa, Cooke.

Hypophyllous. Perithecia scattered, rather large, subglobose, erumpent then subsuperficial, black, opaque. Sporules elliptical, continuous, hyaline, without nuclei (015 × 006 mm.).

On fallen leaves of Platanus. Kew.

Phoma collabens, Cooks.

Epiphyllous. Perithecia scattered over brown spots of dead tissue on living leaves, orbicular, shining, rugose, soon depressed, sub-superficial (4 mm. diam.). Sporules elliptical, continuous, hyaline, enucleate (015-018 × 005 mm.), sporophores not distinguished.

On living leaves of Prunus lusitanica. Kew.

Phoma Lycopersici, Cooke (Phoma herbarum, Cooke Fungi Britt. 11., 415).

Caulicolous. Perithecia punctiform, black, densely gregarious, at first covered by the cuticle, ultimately more or less exposed. Sporules lanceolate, binucleate (*012 × *004 mm.).

On stems of tomato. Forden. (Rev. J. E. Vize.).

Phoma dipsaci, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia gregarious but not crowded, subglobose, papillate, elevating and at length piercing the cuticle. Sporules sublanceolate obtuse, binucleate ('009-'01 × '0035 mm.).

On stems of Dipsacus sylvestris. Kew, March.

Phoma polemonii, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia gregarious, globoso-depressed, black, shining, with a distinct acute ostiolum, soon becoming naked by the falling away of the thin cuticle. Sporules narrowly elliptical, not distinctly nucleate (·01 × ·003 mm.).

On stems of Polemonium caruleum. Kew, March.

Phoma alcearum, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia very numerous, densely gregarious in extensive patches, punctiform, membranaceous, fuscous, becoming darker with age, depressed, covered by the cuticle. Sporules elliptical, obtuse, enucleate, hyaline (015 × 005 mm.).

On stems of Althea rosea. Kew. Habit resembling P. nebulosa.

Phoma caryophylli, Cooke.

Perithecia rather large, convex, black, shining, seated on indefinite bleached spots. Sporules fusiform, somewhat obtuse at the extremities, scarcely distinctly nucleate, hyaline (*009 × *003 mm.).

On calyces, and sometimes the flower stems, of cultivated pinks

and carnations. Shrewsbury. (Rev. W. Leighton.)

Phoma Calystegie, Cooke.

Caulicolous, gregarious. Perithecia prominent, rather large comparatively, subglobose, elevating the blackened cuticle, sometimes seated on irregular bleached spots. Sporules sublanceolate, narrowed towards each extremity, binucleate, hyaline (.0075-.008 × .0035 mm.).

On dead stems of Calystegia sepium. Kew, Highgate, Dartford.

Phoma Lysimachie, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Loosely gregarious, punctiform. Perithecia black, slightly elevating the blackened cuticle, minute, subglobose. Sporules broadly lanceolate, binucleate (·01×·0045-·005 mm.), on short straight sporophores.

On stems of Lysimachia vulgaris. Kew.

Phoma solidaginis, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia gregarious, numerous, at first covered by the cuticle, then convex, black and shining, pierced with a minute pore. Sporules narrowly elliptical (009-01 × 002), binucleate, at first attached to very short stylospores.

On stems of Solidago canadensis. Kew Gardens, March.

Phoma Labiatarum, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia scattered, punctiform, minute, at length prominent, convex, black, shining, not papillate. Sporules oval, hyaline, colourless ('005 × '003 mm.), at first attached to short stylospores.

On dead stems of Marrubium. Kew Gardens, March.

Phoma acori, Cooke.

Foliicolous. Perithecia gregarious, punctiform, minute, very numerous, seated beneath the cuticle, scarcely visible when dry, membranaceous, brown. Sporules oval or elliptical, obtuse ('006-'008 × '003 mm.).

On dead leaves of Acorus calamus. Totteridge, Kew, March. In conjunction with Leptosphæria acorella.

Phoma tamicola, Cooke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia gregarious, subglobose, soon depressed, covered by the blackened cuticle, which is at length pierced by the minute ostiola. Sporules obtusely fusiform, binucleate ('009-'01 × '003 mm.).

On stems of *Tamus communis*. Neatishead, Norfolk, 1870. It is to us uncertain whether different from *Phoma Tami*, Lamy Exs. No. 798.

Phoma onagracearum, Cooks.

Caulicolous. Perithecia scattered, covered by the cuticle, which is slightly elevated and ultimately fissured or pierced, seldom gregarious. Sporules elliptical, binucleate, with short sporophores ('006-'008 × '0035-'004 mm.).

On stems of Enothera biennis (.006-.008 ×.004). On stems of Epilobium angustifolium (.008 ×.0035). Kew, March.

Phoma chamæropis, Cooke.

Perithecia erumpent, gregarious, subglobose, black, opaque, irregular in size, pierced. Sporules elliptical, obtuse, not nucleate, hyaline ('004-'005 × '002 mm.).

On petioles of *Chamærops* and other palms. Kew. Not unlike *P. cocoina*, but sporules about half as long.

Cytispora palmarum, Cooke.

Conceptacles innate-erumpent, loosely gregarious (1-1 mm. diam.), at first covered, at length cracking the cuticle. Cells few. Sporules sausage-shaped (allantoid), .006 × .001 mm., hyaline, profuse.

On palm petioles, &c. Kew.

Cytispora microstoma, Saco. Syll. 1486.

var. Cotoneastri. Sporules .006-.007 x .0015 mm.

On Cotoneaster frigida. Kew.

var. Amelanchieris. Sporules '005-'006 mm. long. On Amelanchier. Kew.

Coniothyrium cassiscolum, Cooke.

Perithecia gregarious, globose, covered with the thin cuticle, prominent, at length often free, brown, irregular in size. Sporules oval, unicellular, without nucleus, pellucid, pale brown ('006 × '004 mm.).

On stems of Cassia marylandica. Kew.

Diplodina ammophilæ, Trail in Scot. Nat. 1. 76.

Perithecia scattered in the spaces between the nerves, oval, opening by a slightly papillate ostiolum on back of leaf, dark. Sporules hyaline, broadly fusiform ('03-'012 mm.), uniseptate; cells very distinctly outlined. Each end of the spore bears a short mucoid appendage, or papilla.

On dead leaves of Ammophila arundinacea. Aberdeen.

Diplodia Coryphæ. Cooke.

Immersed, erumpent, cracking the cuticle in linear longitudinal fissures. Perithecia small, black, covered. Sporules subglobose, or oval, not constricted, uniseptate, with a thin epispore, pale fuliginous ($\cdot 014 - \cdot 017 \times \cdot 01$).

On petioles of fan palms. Kew.

Diplodia inconspicua, Cooke.

Hypophyllous. Perithecia minute, immersed, inconspicuous, gregarious, over the whole under surface of the leaf, covered by the cuticle, which is not discoloured. Sporules elliptical, not constricted, uniseptate, pale brown (012 × 006 mm.).

On dead leaves of Buxus sempervirens. Kew.

Very different from *D. Buxi*. Difficult to distinguish, as the cuticle is hardly elevated and but slightly darker over the minute perithecia, which latter are about one-tenth of a millemetre in diameter.

Diplodia genistarum, Cooke.

Somewhat scattered. Perithecia immersed in the bark, covered by the cuticle, scarcely visible, globose. Sporules elliptical, uniseptate, not constricted, rather pale brown ('012-'014 × '006 mm.).

On twigs of Genista ætnensis and Coronilla emerus. Kew.

Diplodia Paulowniæ, Cooke.

Somewhat scattered. Perithecia subglobose, black, at length erumpent, but not superficial. Sporules elliptic, scarcely constricted, uniseptate, clear brown ($020-022 \times 008$ mm.).

On twigs of Paulownia imperialis. Kew.

Mixed with Plæospora and Phoma.

Hendersonia equiseti, Irail in Scot. Nat. 1. 76.

Perithecia subdermal, with a small ostiolum, nearly spherical (about 180 m. in diam.). Sporules pale brown, fusiform, or nearly cylindrical, with rather obtuse ends ('012-'02 × '002-'003 mm.), triseptate.

In dead stems of Equisetum. Aberdeen.

Hendersonia sarmentorum, West. var. Lauri.

On Laurus nobilis. Kew.

Probably this species, but sporules '018 × '005 mm., which exceeds that of the typical form considerably.

Hendersonia coronillæ, Cooke.

Perithecia scattered or gregarious, covered by the cuticle, which is slightly elevated, subglobose or depressed. Sporules at first like those of *Diplodia*, elliptical, uniseptate, brown ('012-'006 mm.), then elongated, straight, or slightly curved, triseptate ('018 × '007 mm.).

On slender twigs of Coronilla emerus, and of Baccharis halimifolia. Kew.

Camarosporium Berberidis, Cooke.

Gregarious. Perithecia small, subglobose, covered by the slightly-elevated cuticle, with the habit of a *Phoma*. Sporules variable in size, at first pale and uniseptate, elliptical, not constricted, at length triseptate, constricted at each septum, with the two central cells longitudinally divided, clear brown (·022-·025 × ·006-·009 mm., when mature).

On small twigs of Berberis vulgaris. Kew, March.

Hendersonia Fiedleri, West. Sacc. Syll. No. 2299.

var. Symphoricarpi, Cooke.

Sporidia triseptate (.018 x.004 mm.), slightly coloured.

On slender twigs of Symphoricarpus racemosus. Kew, Swanscombe.

Hendersonia rubi, Sacc. Syll. 2316.

var. rosarum (= H. rosæ, Fries.)

. On wild rose. Kew Gardens, April, 1885.

Camarosporium Limonia. Cooke.

Gregarious. Perithecia covered by the elevated cuticle, which is ultimately fissured, depressed, brown, scarcely papillate. Spores elliptical, rounded at the ends, triseptate, sometimes, but not constantly, with one cell longitudinally divided, scarcely constricted at the septa, becoming of a clear nut-brown colour ('022-'028 × '007-'01 mm.), at first shortly pedicellate.

On twigs and spines of Citrus trifoliata. Kew.

Stagonospora heleocharidis, Trail in Scot. Nat. 1. 76.

Perithecia scattered, subdermal, with a small ostiolum, nearly spherical (130 to 170 m. diam.). Sporules pale yellowish, fusiform (·03-·04 × ·006-·007 mm.), five to seven septate.

In dead leaves and stems of Heleocharis palustris. Aberdeen.

Camarosporium spirææ, Cooke.

Scattered. Perithecia rather large, covered by the elevated cuticle, globose, black, erumpent. Sporules elliptical, mostly triseptate, with one or two transverse septæ, not constricted, pale brown (.018 × .0075 mm.).

On slender twigs of Spirae callosa and S. opulifolia. Kew.

Leptothyrium medium, Cooke.

Hypophyllous. Perithecia scattered, rather large ($\frac{1}{2}$ mm. diam.), depressed, circular, dark brown. Sporules crescent-shaped, narrow, attenuated to each extremity ($\cdot 012 \cdot \cdot 014 \times \cdot 002$ mm.).

On dead leaves of Quercus. Gomshall, 1874,

Scattered over the whole under surface, without any discoloured spots. Similar in habit to *L. macrothecium*, but with larger spores.

var. Castanæcola, Cooke.

Perithecia not more than half the diameter of those on oak leaves, but the fructification the same.

On leaves of Castanea. Darenth, 1874.

Glæosporium Berberidis, Cooke.

Hypophyllous. Pustules gregarious, numerous, convex, seated on broad discoloured patches of the fading leaves, sometimes occupying the whole surface; pustules pallid, spots brown with a bright red margin. Conidia ovoid, hyaline (.005 × .003 mm.).

On fading leaves of Berberis asiatica and other species. Kew

Gardens, March.

Ovularia Berberidis, Cooke.

On the under surface, effused, greyish white, forming thin frosty-looking patches. Hyphæ short, simple. Conidia oval or elliptical, hyaline (.015-.018 × .008-.009 mm.).

On fading leaves of Berberis asiatica and other species. Kew

Gardens.

Valsa (Chorostate) Hippocastani, Cooke.

Pustules composed of a few perithecia (6-8) nestling in the bark, and elevating the cuticle, which is at length pierced by the short convergent ostiola. Perithecia subglobose, depressed, usually forming definite clusters, black. Asci clavate, subsessile, eightspored. Sporidia fusiform, biseriate, uniseptate, biguttulate, a little constricted at the septum, sometimes with a very small hyaline apiculus at each extremity, hyaline ('025-'028 × '005-'007 mm.).

On branches of Æsculus hippocastanum. Kew, Bushey Park,

Hampton Court, and Honnington (Suffolk).

In many respects resembling Cryptospora Æsculi, Fckl., but distinctly uniseptate.

Valsa (Chorostate) Ailanthi, Sacc. Syll. No. 2408.

Stroma valsæoid. Pustules scattered, small (5-6 perithecia), seated on and immersed in the wood, with the stroma circumscribed, at first covered by the epidermis, and when fissured encircled by it. Perithecia roundish ($\frac{1}{3}$ mm. diam.), ostiola elongated, cylindrical, connivent in a small black disc. Asci cylindrical fusiform (0.05×0.07 mm.). Sporidia oblong, fusiform, quadriguttulate, then uniseptate, slightly constricted at the septum, hyaline ($0.12-0.15 \times 0.04$ mm.).

At the extremity of young, dead twigs of Ailanthus glandulosa.

Kew.

Diaporthe ophites, Sacc. Syll. No. 2595.

Stroma broadly effused in the bark and the surface of the wood, forming variable brown and black spots, limited internally by a black line. Perithecia gregarious, globose, of medium size, imbedded in the bark (rarely in the wood). Ostiola filiform, about as long as the diameter of the perithecium. Asci fusiform. Sporidia biseriate, shortly fusiform, uniseptate, slightly constricted, quadrinucleate, rather obtuse at each end, hyaline ('012-'013 × '0045-'005 mm.).

On dead twigs of Hibiscus syriacus. Kew, March, 1885.

Mixed with Phoma ophites, Sacc.

Sphæria (Physalospora) rosicola, Fokl. Sacc. Syll. 1662.

Perithecia gregarious, covered by the shining blackened cuticle, minute, globose, black, with a white nucleus, ostiola somewhat prominent, papillate, perforated. Asci fasciculate, oblong-ovate (sub-cylindrical?) eight spored. Sporidia obovate oblong, narrower at one end, simple, granular, hyaline ('018 × 009 mm.).

On Rosa canina. Kew, April, 1885.

Probably this species, but in the absence of any knowledge of the size of the sporidia in Fuckel's specimens, it must be uncertain.

Sphærella (Læstadia) rhodoræ, Cooke.

Epiphyllous. Perithecia gregarious, seated upon large irregular ferruginous spots, immersed in the parenchyma, subglobose, black, piercing the cuticle with the punctiform ostiola. Asci clavate, without paraphyses ($\cdot 80^{-1}20 \times \cdot 16$). Sporidia elliptical, hyaline, continuous (perhaps $\cdot 015 \times \cdot 007$ mm., but too immature to measure with certainty).

On living leaves of Rhododendron. Kew.

This can scarcely be the Læstadia rhododendri, D. Not, of Saccardo's Sylloge.

Sphærella (Læstadia) Iridis, Cke.

Caulicolous. Perithecia loosely gregarious for some inches, punctiform, covered by the cuticle, which is pierced by the minute ostiolum. Asci clavate sessile, octosporous. Sporidia elliptical, slightly attenuated towards each extremity ('012-'014 × '004-'005 mm.) hyaline.

On flower stalks of Iris germanica. Kew Gardens, March.

Plœospora herbarum, var. Iridis.

Sporidia 7 septate, muriform, bright amber colour, 04×016 mm. On flower stalks of *Iris germanica*. Kew Gardens.

In company with Sphærella (Læstadia) Iridis.

Leptosphæria (Metasphæria) acorella, Cooke.

Scattered, epiphyllous. Perithecia minute, subglobose, at first covered, then erumpent, and the upper portion exposed, slightly papillate, black. Asci clavate, eight-spored. Sporidia fusiform, biseriate, five septate, constricted a little at the central septum, at first nucleate, hyaline '03-'035 × '006 mm.

On leaves of Acorus calamus—mixed with Phoma acori. Totteridge. Kew.

Diatrype Brassicæ, Cooks.

Stroma broad, black, indeterminate, sometimes spreading two or three inches, in which the perithecia are immersed, and into the subjacent tissue, circumscribed by a black line. Perithecia globose, sometimes scattered, but mostly aggregated in definite groups of 6 or 8, elevating the stroma in a convex disc, ostiola obtuse, almost obsolete, or elongated and flexuous 1-2 mm. long. Asci stipitate, clavate (022 × 006 mm. in the upper half). Sporidia eight, minute, allantoid, hyaline (006 × 0015 mm.).

On dead cabbage stems. Kew.

Of course this is quite distinct from Diatrype coramblycola, B. & Br., which is a Diaporthe, and is a most characteristic species.

SYNOPSIS PYRENOMYCETUM.

(Continued from p. 72.)

The following species do not appear to belong to Rhytisma: ulmi, Fr. El. 11., 128. juglandis, Schw. Am. Bor. 2038. smilacis, Schw. Fr. S. M. II., 570-Microthyrium. pedicularis, Klot. Fr. Sys. Myc. 11., 602. asteris, Schw. Syn. Car. 271. solidaginis, Schw. Am. Bor. 2034. stellare, Kickx, Bull. Brux.—Euryachora. sedi, Corda Sturm .- Euryachora. heraclei, Corda Sturm. confluens, Fr. Sys. Myc. 11., 570 = Leptostroma.elevatum, Schw. Am. Bor. 2044—Phoma. silphii, Schw. Am. Bor. 2045—Leptostroma. seriale, Schw. Am. Bor. 2041-Leptostroma. padi, Klot. robiniæ, Schw. Am. Bor. 2022-Ectostroma. chrysanthemi, Kirch. Lotos, 1856, 205. Euphorbiæ, Schub. Fic. Fl. Dresd.—Melampsora. Violæ, Kirch. Lotos., 1856, 205. Bistortæ, Lib. Crypt. Ard. riccioides, Lev.-Trabutia quercina. agglutinatum, Schw. Syn. No. 2046. Linnææ, Strauss in Sturm—Wittrockii. Empetri, Fr. El. 11., 127-Duplicaria. maculans, Mont. Syll. 193—Phyllachora. pandani, Ayres = Ailographum. corrugatum, Fr.-Placosphæria. minutulum, Grog. in Fungi Gall. 455. zeinum, Ber. Act. Milan, 1844. =Cotini, Ces. Herb. Myc. 11., 566. Lathyri D.C., Fr. Sys. Myc. 11., 569. Onobrychidis D.C.,

Botryosphæria mutila (Sphæria mutila, Schwein. Amer. Bor. No. 1439, sec. spec.)

Stromate innato. Peritheciis in series flexuosas erumpentibus, subconfluentibus, globosis, superiore parte prominente inaequali rugosa, intus albido farcta. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis ('02-'022 × '009 mm.)

On Populus, &c. United States.

Probably this has been merged in the very unsatisfactory species called B. Berengeriana, de Not.; but it certainly has priority. We have no doubt of Schweinitz having in some of his specimens, under this name, a species with narrow elliptical brown sporidia ($\cdot 0.18 \times \cdot 0.06$ mm.), but the fragments are too imperfect and small for diagnosis.

Botryosphæria subconnata (Schweinitz Amer. Bor. No. 1443. Saco. Syll. 4240. Wisteria valsarioidis, Rehm. in Thum. Myc. Univ. No. 2166.

According to authentic specimen in Herb. Berk. No. 9025.

On Gossypium.

Botryosphæria Syringæ, Schweinitz Amer. Bor. No. 1667.

Ascis elongato-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis arcte ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis ('026-'028 × '008 mm.)

On branches of Syringa. United States (Ellis 3111).

Botryosphæria callicarpæ, Cooke in Rav. Amer. Fungi, No. 767.

Longitudinaliter erumpens. Stroma elongatum. Peritheciis parvulis confluentibus, atris. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis continuis, (immaturis).

On bark of Callicarpa americana. Darien, Georgia.

Botryosphæria abrupta, Berk. & Curt. in Herb. Berk. No. 9013.

Stromatibus erumpentibus, epidermide fissurato arcte cinctis, subdiscoideis. Peritheciis globosis, semi-immersis, atris, demum confluentibus, truncato-obtusis, abruptis, intus albus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis elliptico-fusiformibus, utrinque subattenuatis, obtusis, continuis, hyalinis, flavescentibus, intus granulosis ('022-'024 × '01 mm.)

On Cyrilla. Carolina, U.S.

Botryosphæria melathroa, Berk. & Curt. in Herb. Berk. No. 9014.

Stroma longitudinaliter effusum, innatum, erumpens. Peritheciis ovatis confertis, subdiscretis, atris, ad apicem rotundatum, paululis. Ascis clavato-cylindricis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis ('02 × '008 mm.) hyalinis.

On Cratægus cordatus. Pennsylvania.

Botryosphæria araliæ, Curt. Cat. 143.

Stromatibus innato-erumpentibus, corticolis, subpulvinatis, nigris, plerumque lineato-aggregatis (1 mm. diam.), albo-farctis, peridermeo cinctis. Peritheciis vix distinctis, obtusiusculis, opacis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis (·018 × ·008 mm.).

On bark of Aralia spinosa. Carolina.

Botryosphæria viburni, Cooke.

Stromatibus erumpentibus, gregariis, minimis $(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}$ mm. diam.), corticolis, depresso-pulvinatis, atro-fuscis, superficie tuberculosis, albo-farctis. Peritheciis (6-10) subimmersis, vertice convexis, pertusis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis arcte ellipticis, continuis, flavescentibus, intus granulosis (\cdot 018- \cdot 021 \times \cdot 008 mm.).

On branches of Viburnum opulus. United States.

Closely allied to B. araliæ, Curt., of which it may be a variety.

Botryosphæria hypericorum, Cooke in Herb. Berk. 9030 bis.

Subelliptica, planiuscula, atra. Peritheciis parvulis, connatis, albo-farctis, epidermide fissa arcte cinctis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis anguste ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis (circa $\cdot 02 \times \cdot 005$ mm. immaturis).

On stems of Hypericum proliferum. United States (No.

2864).

Although the sporidia are so immature that it is difficult to distinguish clearly their form and size, yet the habit and structure is so distinctly that of the present genus, that it has been inserted, subject to some reservation as to the sporidia.

Botryosphæria hypoxyloidea, Cooke.

Mox superficialis, hypoxyloidea. Peritheciis minimis, in pustulas orbicularibus, convexis rugosis, atris, opacis, confluentibus. Ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis, ·012 × ·005 mm.

On branches (unknown.) Australia.

Has just the habit and appearance of some species of *Hypoxylon*, but not carbonaceous.

Botryosphæria stomatica, Schweinitz in Herb. Berk. No. 8823.

Latissime effusa, emergens, lignum atro inquinans. Peritheciis semi-immersis majusculis, ostiolis validis prominentibus, cylindraceis obtusis insignis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis, sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, fuscis ·012-·013 × ·005 mm.

On rotten wood. Indiana, United States. (Schweinitz.)

Botryosphæria (Myrmæcium) collematoides, B. & Rav.

Stromate effuso, tenui, atro. Peritheciis parvulis, ovalibus, congestis, demum apice applanato, opaco, botryoideo-aggregatis, subconfluentibus. Ascis cylindraceis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, fuscis ('015 × '007 mm.).

On bark. United States.

This species, M. insidens, Schw., and M. grandinea, Berk., have been confounded together, but they are all manifestly distinct, although similar in habit and external appearance.

Endothia Parryi (Farlow.)

Stromatibus pulvinate erumpentibus. Peritheciis numerosis, concentrice aggregatis, fuscis, epidermide cinnabarina cinctis. Ascis lineari-clavatis, $\cdot 76-110 \times \cdot 16-20 \mu$, aparaphysatis; sporidiis octo-

nis irregulariter subdistichis, hyalinis $\cdot 20-26 \times \cdot 5-7 \mu$, uniseptatis, ellipsoideis, subacutis, parce constrictis. *Dothidea Parryi*, Farlow, MSS.

On Agane Shawii. S. W. States of N. America.

Melogramma (Valsaria) gemmata, Berk. & Rav. North Amer. Fungi. No. 831. Hypoxylon gemmatum, Sacc. Syl. No. 1369. Hypoxylon Walterianum, Rav. Fungi Car. IV. 35. Sporidiis uniseptatis, fuscis ('01-'012 × '006 mm.).

Melogramma (Valsaria) Hookeri, Cooke.

Acervulis erumpentibus, discoideis, atris. Peritheciis prominentibus, minimis, confluentibus, vel subdiscretis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, uniseptatis, valde constrictis, fuscis ·035-·045 × ·007 mm.

On bark. South Marocco (Sir J. D. Hooker).

Melogramma (Valsaria) phoradendri, B. & Curt., Curt. Cat. 143.

Peritheciis gregariis, tectis, demum cortice fissurato erumpentibus, atris, obtusis. Ascis subcylindricis. Sporidiis subellipticis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, fuscis ·028-·03 × ·01-·012 mm.

On bark of Phoradendron flavescens. U. States.

Melogramma (Valsaria) grandinea, Berk. neo Diatrype grandinea, B. & Rav. Melogramma insidens, Berk. in Grev. IV., 99, nec. Schweinitz.

Stromate effuso, subrotundo, fusco-nigro. Peritheciis emergentibus, confertis, ovatis, apice depresso subumbilicatove. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, nec constrictis ('008 × '004 mm.) fuscis, diu continuis. Berk. in Herb. 9020.

On bark of Fraxinus. United States.

Melogramma platyroa, Berk. & Curt. Hypoxylon platyrous, Berk. in Herb.

Peritheciis botryoideo-aggregatis, erumpentibus, subeffusis, rarius liberis, pulvere griseo subtus conspersis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis fusiformibus, triseptatis, hyalinis ('02-'022 × '004 mm.). Herb. Berk. No. 8678.

On naked wood. Pennsylvania, U.S.

Melogramma Spraguei, B. & C. No. 3994.

Has no affinity with Thyridium. It occurs on small branches, and not on the naked wood. The sporidia have only an occasional transverse septum, so that they cannot possibly be termed "murali-divisa."

Melogramma meliæ, Curtis in Herb. nec. Schweinitz.

Acervulis erumpentibus, atris, subdiscoideis vel oblongis. Peritheciis prominentibus, demum subliberatis, rugosis, apice applanato. Ascis clavatis, majusculis octosporis. Sporidiis sublanceolatis, triseptatis, nec constrictis, rarius quinque-septatis ('038-'042 × '01 mm.) fuscis.

On Melia. United States.

Sub.-Fam. II. RHYTISMOIDEI.

GEN. 6. RHYTISMA, Fries.—Stroma applanatum, discoideum, vel effusum, pluriloculatum, primo clausum, demum in rimas flexuosas vel transversales frustulatim rumpens.

* Sporidia continua, hyalina.

1295. maximum, Fr. Syst. Myc. 1299. grewiæ, Kalch., Grev. ix., ii., 566. 32.

1300. pongamiæ, B. & Br., 1296. Curtisii, B. & Rav., N. Amer. Fungi. No. 780. Ceylon Fungi, 1128.

1297. eugeniacearum, Corda Ic. 1301. myrciæ, Mont. Syll. 193. iv., f. 130. 1302. myricæ, Mont. Syll. 193.

1298. Austini, Cke., Grev. vii., 48. 1303. circumscissum, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat., 1846, v., 254.

Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.

1307. spurcarium, B. & Br., 1304. ustulatum, Cooke, Grev. Ceylon Fungi No. 1131. v., 17.

1305. maculosum, B. & Br., 1308. leptospilum, B. & Curt., Ceylon Fungi No. 1126. Cuba Fungi No. 721.

1306. pterygotæ, B. & Br., Ceylon 1309. filicinum, B. & Curt., Ceylon Fungi, No. 1129. Fungi No. 1127.

* Sporidia uniseptata, fusca.

1310. placentæ, B. & Br., Ceylon 1312. astrocaryi, Mont. Syll., Fungi 1130. 194.

1311. porrigo, Cooke, Grev. x., 129.

🏥 Sporidia 3 septata, hyalina.

1313. rubiæ, Mont. Syll., p. 194.

** Sporidia filiformia, hyalina.

1314. acerinum, Pers. Syn. 104. 1318. andromedæ, Fr. Syst. 1315. punctatum, Fr. Syst. Myc. Myc. ii., 567.

1319. arbuti, Phil., Grev. vii., ii., 569. 1316. salicinum, Fr. Syst. Myc. 13.

ii., 568. 1320. urticæ, Fr. Sys. Myc. ii., v. umbonatum, Rabh. **570.**

1317. australe, D. R. & M., 1321. ilex-canadensis, Schw. Am. Mont. Syll. 193. Bor., 2026.

Sporidia ignotæ.

1322. fuscum, Fr. Linn. v., 551. 1325. ilicincola, Fr. Syst. Myc.

1323. velatum, Schw. Syn. No. ii., 568. 270. 1326. prini, Fr. Sys. Myc. ii., 568.

1324. Blakei, Curt. in Herb. Berk.

1327. vaccinii, Fr. Sys. Myc. ii.,	1340. gyrosum, Mont. Syll. 193					
567 1328. decolorans, Fr. Sys. Myc.	1341. micraspis, B. & Curt., Cuba 720					
ii. , 567	1342. conoideum, Cke., Grev. v.,					
1329. piceum, Berk. Hook. Journ., 1854, 210	16 1343. durissimum, Cke., Grev.					
1330. vitis, Schw. Am. Bor. 2037.	v., 16					
1331. nitidum, Lev. A. S. N.,	1344. monogramme, B. & Curt., N. A. F. 782					
1332. abyssinicum, Mont. & Berk. 1333. bauhiniæ, Nees. Presl.	1345. laciniatum, Fr. Syst.Myc. ii., 566					
Reliq. i., 1 1334. magnoliæ, Schw. Amer.	1346. concentricum, B. & Curt., Cuba 719					
Bor. 2039	1347. aceris-eriocarpæ, Schw.					
1335. psidii, Rud. Linn. iv., 118. 1336. sassafras, Schwz. Am. Bor.	Am. Bor. 2032 1348. lagerstræmiæ, Rabh. F.					
2036	$E. \ 2310$					
1337. rhododendri, Fr. Sys. Myc. ii., 567	1349. austro-caledonicum, Crie. Bot. Jahrs., 1876, 108					
1338. rufulum, B. & Curt., Cuba Fungi 722	1350. nervale, A. & S. Consp. t. 7, f. 7					
1339. atramentarium, B. & Curt., Cuba 716	1351. empetri, White, Ann. N. H. No. 1650					
Herbi						
1352. hysterioides, <i>Fr. Sys. Myc.</i> ii., 571	1354. giganteum, Fr. Sys. Myc. ii., 567					
1353, bifrons, Schw. Am. Bor.	1355. cacti, Schw. Am. Bor. 2040.					
2035	1356. asperulæ, Rabh. Itin.					
SubFam. III. STIGMATEOIDÆ.						
Perithecia plus minusve discreta ficiales.	a, plerumque simplices et super-					
GEN. 7. HYPOSPILA 74. P	erithecia plus minus discreta,					
pseudostromate phyllogeno immera	sa.					
* Sporidia unis	eptata, hyalina.					
1357. bifrons, D. C 3535 1358. immunda, Fckl 3536	1359. ceuthosporioides, B. 2488					
** Sporidia 3 s	eptata, hyalina.					
	1361. Rehmii, Sacc 3534					
** Sporidia filiformia.						
1362. saligna, Fr 4088	1365. vulgaris, Fckl 4091					
1363. arctica, <i>Karst.</i> 4089 1364. tigrina, <i>Fckl.</i> 4090	1366. populina, Pers 4103 1367. viburni, Buck. Grev. xii. 44					
20020 MEILING, 2 00000 000 TO DO	1001. TIDUITI, DUCK. OTEV. XII. 44					

** Isothea. Sporidia muriformia, fusca.

Hypopteris. S₁
1368. bambusæ, Lev. ... 1074

1395. coriariæ, Mont. ... 2121

1396. lentisci, Mont. ... 2122

Sporidia continua, fusca.

1369. nyssæ, B. & C. ... 3875 GEN. 8. TRABUTIA, Sacc. Syll. i., 449.—Stroma phyllogenum, rhytismoideum, atrum. * Sporidia continua, hyalina. 1370. quercina, Rud. ... 1733 1372. tosta, B.& C., North Am. Fungi 781 1371. erythrospora, B. & C., Fungi 783 ** Sporidia uniseptata. 1373. constellata, B. & Br., Ceylon F. 1132 GEN. 9. PARODIELLA, Speg.—Perithecia superficialia, globosa astoma, atra, basi foliis adnata. * Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina. 1374. simillima, B. & C. 5096 🚆 Sporidia uniseptata fusca. = seminata, B. & R. 2114 1375. grammodes, *Kze....* 5279 =perisporioides, B. 2711 _* Sporidia ignota. 1376. zeinam, Ber. Act. Milan 1377. melioloides, B. & Br. 1021 1844 = cotini, Ces. Herb. Myc. ii., 566 GEN. 10. STIGMATEA (Fr.), Sacc. Syll. i., 541.—Perithecia prominula, crassiuscule contexta, ostiolo minuto. Sporidia uniseptata. Eustigmatea. 1384. sequoiæ, *Cke.* ... 2110 1385. sylvatica, *Sacc.* ... 6072 1378. Robertiani, Fr. ... 2105 1379. geranii, Fr. ... 2106 1380. confertissima, Fckl. 2107 1386. andromedæ, Rehm. 2111 1381. maculæformis, Fr. 2108 1387. Jenensis, Kunze.... 2112 1382. Nicholsoni, Cke. ... 6073 1388. sclerotidea (Cke.) 2113 1383. ranunculi, Fr. ... 2109 STIGMATULA. Sporidia continua. II. 1389. sutherlandiæ, K.& C. 2115 1391. gregaria, Cke. ... 2117 1390. rhynchosiæ, K. & C. 2116 1392. submaculans, Mont. 2118 III. Species dubiæ. 1393. impressa, Fr. ... 2119 1397. polygonorum, Fr. 2123 1398. ostruthii, Fr. 1394. conferta, Fr. ... 2021 ... 2124

1399. ægopodii, Fr. ... 2125

- Fam. 4. MELOGRAMMÆ, Ntkc. Peretheciis a stromate formatis vel in stroma confluentibus, apice subliberis, plerumque collo destitutis.
- GEN. 1. SARCONYLON, Cooke. Stroma subglobosum, pallidum, perithecia immersa periphærica membranacea.
 - * Sporidia continua, fusca.
 - a. episporio lævi.
- 1400. compunctum, Jungh.1231
 - b. episporio verrucoso.
- 1401. lycogaloides, Berk...1342
- GEN. 2. BOTRYOSPHÆRIA, De Not. Perithecia erumpenti-superficialia, basi stromatici suffulta, cæspitosa vel confluens.
 - * Sporidia continua, hyalina.

1402. quercuum, Schw 1762	1420. ficus, Cooke 6023
= fuliginosa, Pers.	1421. meliæ, Schw 1778
1403. mutila(Fr.) Schwein.	1422. hibisci, Schw 1779
· Grev. xiii. 101	1423. præstans; Lev 1780
1404. Berengeriana, De Not.	1424. sorosia, <i>Lev.</i> 1781
1763	1425. lanaris, Welw. & Curr. 1782
- Mori, De Not.	1426. diplodioides, D. R.
1405. arctostaphyli, Plow. 1764	§ M 1785
1406. juglandis, Mont 1765	1427. vitis, Schulz 1787
1407. cerasi, C. &. E 1766	1428. mascarensis, Mont. 1788
1408. advena, Ces 1767	1429. horizontalis, B.&C. 1789
= melanops. Tul.	1430. liriodendri, Cke 1798
1409. aterrima, Fckl 1768	1431. syringæ, Schw., Gr. xiii.
1410. cratægi, Schw 1769	101
1411. pyriospora, Ellis 1770	1432. callicarpæ, Cooke, Grev.
1412. ambigua, Schw 1771	xiii. İ0İ
1413. wisteriæ, Rehm 1772	1433. pseudotubulina, Ces. 1379
1414. subconnata, Schw. 4240	1434. propullans, Schw 4239
1415. Delilei, D. R. & M. 1778	1435. abrupta, B.&C., xiii. 101
1416. dothidea, M. & N. 1774	1436. melathroa, B. & C. xiii. 101
$= Ros\alpha$, Fr.	1437. araliæ, Curt. Cat., 143
1417. persimon, Schw 1775	1438. viburni, Cke, Gr., xiii, 102
1418. venenata, C. & E. 1776	1439. hypericorum, Cke, Gr., xiii.
1419. syconophila, DeNot. 1777	102
	n minima

b. sporidia minima.

1440. rhizogena, Berk. ... 1786 1441. hypoxyloidea, Cooke, Grev. xiii. 102

c. species inquirendæ.

1442. graphidea, B. & C. 1791 1445. chnaumatica, Wallr. 1795 1443. escharoides, Fr. ... 1793 1446. calycanthi, Schw.... 1796 1444. polita, Fr. ... 1794 1447. castaneæ, Schw. ... 1797

d. Melogramella. Ostiolis subrostratis.

* Sporidia continua, hyalina.

1448. ferruginea, Fckl... 1799 1449. Van Vleckii, Schw. 1800
** Sporidia continua, fusca.

1450. decipiens, D.C. ... 1126 1452. stomatica, Schw., Grev, 1451. hiascens, Fr. ... 1125 xiii. 102

MYRMÆCIUM. Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.

1453. endoleucum, Sacc. 2340 1455. dichænoides, B. & C. 2387 1454. collematoides, B. & Rav., 1456. subaquila, B. & C. 2366

Grev. xiii. 102

** Melanops. Sporidia biseptata, hyalina.

1457. mirabilis, Fckl. ... 3694

GEN. 3. ENDOTHIA, Fr. Stroma diatrypeum, crocatum, perithecia immersa nigricantia.

* Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.

1458. gyrosa, Schw. ... 2342 1459. Parryi, Farl., Gr. xiii. 102

GEN. 4. FUCKELIA, N. Stroma erumpens, subgloboso-pulvinata hypoxyleum, perithecia peripherica, immersa.

* Sporidia continua, fusca.

1460. microspora, Karst. 1143 1464. Morsei, B.&C. ... 1441

1461. gastrina, Fr. ... 1129 = Blakei, B. & C. 1343

1462. Plowrightii, Nol. 1134 1465. rhenana, Fckl. ... 1144

1463. Carterii, B. & Cke., Grev. 1466. diathrauston, Rehm. 1385 xii., 51

GEN. 5. CAMAROPS, Karst. Stroma crustaceum, emergens, hypoxyleum, perithecia immersa.

a. Stroma limitata.

* Sporidia uniseptata, fuscidula.

1467. hypoxyloides, Karst. 2849

** Sporidia pluriseptata, fusca.

1468. giganteum, Mont. 3820

b. Stroma effusa.

1469. grandinea, B. & Rav. 1114

GEN. 6. MELOGRAMMA, Fr. Stromata erumpenti - superficialia, subgloboso-pulvinata vel subeffusa, perithecia botryoideo-aggregata, plurima stromata immersa prominulaque.

* Sporidia continua, fusca.

1470. examinans, B. & M. 5247 1472. atrofusca, B. & C., Grev. 1471. aceris, C. & E. ... 1423 xii., 51.

1473. insidens, Schwein. 2341

	** Valsaria.	Spori	dia un	iseptata, fusca.	
		a. pust			
1474.	rubricosa, Fr	2814	1480.	cinnamomi, Ces	2832
	gemmata, B. & Rav.	1369	1481.	Hookeri, Cke, Gr. xi	ii. 103
	= Walterianum, R	av.	1482.	phoradendri, Curt.,	Grev.
1476.	eucalypti, Kalch. &	•		xiii. 103	
	Cke	2823	1483.	robiniæ, Schw	4133
1477.	æthiops, C. &. E	2821		gleditschiæ, Schw.	
1478.	obesa, Schw	2818	1485.	dispar, Fr	4148
	= quadrata, Schw.		1486.	megalospora, Mont.	2739
1479.	toxici, Schw	2 826 ·			
		b. sub	effusa.		
1487.	grandinea, Berk.,	Grev.	1488.	gregale. Schw	1469
	xiii. 103				2847
	** Spori	dia tris	eplata.	hyalina.	
1489.	platyroa, Berk. & Co		_	-	
	## Sporidie				
1400					00=0
1490.	vagans, Not	9991			
1/01	= Bulliardi, Tul. fuscosporum, Schw.	9905	1404		. b. b.
1431.	Fuckelii, Nitke	9999 9999	1454.	Curt	2004
1702.	•				9994
	** Thyridar	ia. Sį	ooridi a	pluriseptata.	
	·	z. pust	ulata.		
1495.	campylosporum, Fr.	33 82	1500.	delognensis, Speg.	3366
1496.	cylindrosporum, Rab.	3388	1501.	lateritia, Ellis	3368
1497.	Jackii, Rabh	3389	1502.	pulveracea, Karst.	3369
	meliæ, Curt., Gr. xiii.		1503.	sambuci, Karst	3370
1499.	incrustans, Sacc	3365	1504.	ailanthi, Rehm	3371
		b. sube	ffusa.		
15 05.	rubro-notata, B	3367	1507.	spiniferum, Wallr.	3383
	myriangioides,B.&R.			-	
				·	

ALGÆ BRITANNICÆ RARIORES EXSICCATÆ.

By E. M. Holmes.

FASCICULUS II.

This fasciculus, just issued, contains the following species:

Callithamnion barbatum, J. Ag.
 Hele, near Ilfracombe, August, 1883, E. M. Holmes.

Calothrix crustacea, Thur.
 Berwick-on-Tweed, October, 1884, E. Batters.

28. Castagnea contorta, Thur.
Weymouth, September, 1884, E. M. Holmes.

- Ceramium divaricatun, Orn., on Zostera.
 Weymouth, October, 1883, K. Holmes.
- Chantransia luxurians, Thur., on Zostera.
 Weymouth, August, 1883, E. M. Holmes.
- Cladophora arctiuscula, Orn.
 Berwick-on-Tweed, September, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- Cladophora prolifera, Kütz.
 Weymouth, October, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- 33. Codiolum longipes, Foslic.
 Berwick-on-Tweed, July, 1884, E. M. Holmes, and September, 1884, E. Batters.
- Ectocarpus insignis, Orn., on Chondriopsis tenuissima, J. Ag. Bognor, August, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- 35. Ectocarpus reptans, Crn., on Cladophora lætevirens Harv., and Chætomorpha ærea, Kg.
 Exmouth, June, 1882, and Weymouth, November, 1882, K.
 Appleford.
- Ectocarpus terminalis, Kütz., on Corallina. Newquay, July, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- Ectogarpus virescens, Thur.
 Weymouth, November, 1883, K. Holmes.
- 38. Elachista stellulata, Aresch., on Dictyota. Weymouth, August, 1882, E. M. Holmes.
- Euthora cristata, J. Ag., on Laminaria Cloustoni, Le Jol. Berwick-on-Tweed, September, 1882, E. Batters.
- 40. Gigartina Teedii, J. Ag. Jersey, August, 1883, E. Batters.
- 41. Grateloupia dichotoma, J. Ag. Newquay, July, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- 42. Lomentaria refiexa, J. Ag. (Cystocarps.)
 Hele, near Ilfracombe, August, 1883, E. M. Holmes.
- Phyllitis Fascia, Kütz.
 Elie, July, 1882, and Berwick-on-Tweed, September, 1883,
 E. Batters.
- 44. Polysiphonia ceramiæformis, Crn. Swanage, April, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- Polysiphonia Rhunensis, Born.
 Ilfracombe, August, 1883, E. M. Holmes.
- Porphyra leucosticta, Thur. Joppa, near Edinburgh, June, 1883, G. W. Traill.
- Bivularia parasitica, Chauv., on Nemalion multifidum, J. Ag. Portland, Weymouth, October, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- Sphacelaria cæspitula, Lyngb., on Saccorhiza bulbosa, De la Pyl. Berwick-on-Tweed, September, 1883, E. Batters.
- 49. Vaucheria dichotoma f. submarina, Lyngb. Weymouth, September, 1884, E. M. Holmes.
- Vaucheria piloboloides, Thur.
 Weymouth, September, 1884, E. M. Holmes.

CALIFORNIAN FUNGI.

By M. C. Cooke, and Dr. H. W. HARKNESS.

(Continued from p. 21.)

· Phoma astragali, Cke. & Hk.

Caulicola, tecta. Peritheciis depressis semi-immersis, epidermide velatis. Sporulis subfusoideis, binucleatis, hyalinis (008 × 002 mm.).

On stems of Astragalus. (Harkness, 2566.)

Phoma Lupini, Cke. & Hk.

Caulicola. Peritheciis gregariis, subcutaneis, subglobosis, atris, epidermide nitida tectis. Sporulis elongato-ellipticis, binucleatis, hyalinis (·02 × ·006 mm.).

On stems of Lupinus. (Harkness, 1986.)

Phoma Polygalæ, Cke. & Hk.

Caulicola. Peritheciis gregariis, subcutaneis, globoso-depressis, pertusis, epidermide nitida velatis. Sporulis subfusoideis, enucleatis, utrinque obtusis, hyalinis ('01 × '0025 mm.).

On stems of Polygala. (Harkness, 2351.)

Pleosporopsis heteromeles, Cke. & Hk.

Hypophylla. Peritheciis gregariis, aurantio-fulvis, globoso-depressis, (½ mm.) glabris, pulpa pulverulenta flavida. Sporulis globosis, subpellucidis (·008 mm. diam.).

On dead leaves of Heteromeles. (Harkness, 1295, 2162.)

Sphæropsis quercinum, Cke. & Hk.

Peritheciis sparsis, subcutaneis, globoso-depressis, vix prominulis. Sporulis subcilipticis, continuis, utrinque rotundatis, demum olivaceo-fuligineis (·02-·024 × ·012 mm.).

On living oak branches. (Harkness, 2117.)

Sphæropsis lupini, Cke. & Hk.

Caulicola, sparsa, erumpens. Peritheciis globoso-depressis, atris, demum semi-emergentibus, pertusis. Sporulis globoso-ovoideis, utrinque subacuminatis, continuis, demum atro-olivaceis (·015-·017 × ·008-·01 mm.).

On stems of Lupinus. (Harkness, 1989.)

Harknessia Arctostaphyli, Cke. & Hk.

Amphigena. Peritheciis innatis, erumpentibus, paululis ($\frac{1}{4}$ mm.), ore orbiculari elevato, sub-denticulato. Sporulis ellipticis, fuligineis ($\frac{1}{4}$ 00 × $\frac{1}{4}$ 00 mm.) deorsum pedicellatis, basidiis brevibus.

On leaves of Arctostaphylus. (Harkness, 2515.)

Rhabdospora chlorogali, Cke. & Hk.

Caulicola, gregaria. Peritheciis atris, punctiformibus, subdepressis, cuticulâ hyalinâ tectis, demum erumpentibus semi-nudis. Sporulis bacillaribus utrinque obtusis, rectis flexuosisve, hyalinis, obscure nucleatis ('03 × '003 mm.).

On stems of Chlorogalum. (Harkness, 2509.)

Rhabdospora decorticata, Cke. & Hk.

Peritheciis erumpenti-superficialibus, subglobosis, atris, papillatis, lævibus, sporulis filiformibus, flexuosis vel curvulis, hyalinis, continuis (·025 mm. longis.).

On decorticated Acacia. (Harkness, 2052.)

Vermicularia straminis, Che. & Hk.

Peritheciis subgregariis, globoso-depressis, atris ($\frac{1}{3}$ mm. diam.) setis rigidis (·15 mm. long) sparsis, erectis ornatis. Sporulis cylindraceis, utrinque rotundatis, rectis, continuis, hyalinis (·012 × ·0035 mm.).

On straw. (Harkness, No. 2464.)

Diplodia fuchsiæ, Cke. & Hk.

Caulicola. Peritheciis subcutaneis, gregariis, globosis, atris, epidermide tectis, numquam erumpentibus. Sporulis ellipticis, uniseptatis, nec constrictis, fuscis (·028 × ·01 mm.).

On stems of Fuchsia. (Harkness, 2366.)

Diplodia crassulæ, Che. & Hk.

Caulicola. Peritheciis gregariis, subcutaneis, globosis, atris, demum epidermide fissurato erumpentibus. Sporulis ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, medio vix constrictis, fuscis ('02-'022 x '008 mm.).

On stems of Crassula. (Harkness, 2173.)

Diplodia phyllactiniæ, Cke. & Hk.

Epiphylla. Peritheciis gregariis, superficialibus, liberis, globosis (ut in Erysipheis). Sporulis ellipticis, uniseptatis, nec constrictis, fuscis (012×005 mm.).

On leaves of Acacia, &c. (Harkness, 1992, 2053.)

Amerosporium geranii, Cke. & Hk.

Gregarium, erumpens, demum subliberatum. Peritheciis e globosis cupulatis, pilis nigricantibus, tenuibus, dense vestitis. Sporulis curvulis, utrinque attenuatis, continuis, hyalinis $(0.02 \times 0.035 \text{ mm.})$.

On stems of Geranium. (Harkness, 2424.)

Hendersonia scirpicola, Cke. & Hark.

Culmicola. Peritheciis minutis, punctiformibus, atris, semiimmersis, pertusis. Sporulis cylindraceis, utrinque rotundatis, triseptatis, constrictis, fuscis ('02 × '005 mm.).

On culms of Scirpus. (Harkness, 2548.)

Hendersonia varians, Che. & Hk.

Caulicola. Peritheciis gregariis erumpentibus, demum seminudis, depresso-globosis atris. Sporulis ovalibus, uniseptatis dein bi-vel triseptatis, magnitudine variabilis, brunneis, subopacis (·012-·015 × ·0075 mm.) nec constrictis.

On stems of Sphacele. (Harkness, 2512.) Allied to H. diversispora, but probably distinct.

Camarosporium ellipticum, Che. & Hk.

Caulicolum. Peritheciis gregariis, sub-globosis erumpentibus, mox semi-nudis, atris, pertusis. Sporulis ellipticis 2-4 septatis, loculo uno alterove longitudinaliter divisis, fuscis, nec constrictis, magnitudine variabilis (·01 × ·007 ad ·018 × ·0075 mm.).

On stems of Mesembryanthemum. (Harkness, 2237.)

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Leptothyrium juncinum, Cke. & Hk.

Gregarium. Peritheciis scutiformibus atris, opacis, planis demum concavis, orbicularibus. Sporulis cylindraceis obtusis, continuis, hyalino-olivaceis ('012 × '003 mm.) basidiis brevissimis suffultis.

On Juncus. (Harkness, 2568.)

Leptostroma sequoiæ, Cke. & Hk.

Gregarium, superficiale, innatum, hysteriforme, atro-fuscum, nitidum, siccitate centro collapsum. Sporulis sublanceolatis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis (·016 × ·003 mm.).

On twigs of Sequria. (Harkness, 2265.)

Trullula (Cesatia) junci, Cke. & Hk.

Acervulis orbicularibus, convexis atris, minutis, erumpentibus; conidiis cylindraceis, vel subfusiformibus, nucleatis, continuis hyalinis, e basidiis brevissimis radiantibus ('02-'025 x '004 mm.).

On culms of Juncus. (Harkness, 2567.)

Myxosporium microsporum, Che. & Hk.

Acervulis laxe gregariis, subcutaneo-erumpentibus, transverseoblongis (vix 1 mm.), conidiis ovoideis, rectis, hyalinis (·004 × ·003 mm.).

On pear tree branches. (Harkness, 1970.)

Glæosporium carpogenum, Cke. & Hk.

Acervulis innato-erumpentibus, pallidis, ore lacerato; conidiis subellipticis vel clavatis, utrinque rotundatis, hyalinis ('018 × '006 '007 mm').

On capsules of cotton wood. (Harkness, 2049.)

Tubercularia sphæroidea, Cke. & Hk.

Stromatibus laxe gregariis, erumpentibus, hemisphæricis vel sphæroideis, atris; conidiis subcylindraceis, utrinque obtusis, rectis vel leniter curvulis, continuis, hyalinis ('006-'007 × '002 mm.), hyphis tenuibus.

On stems of Geranium. (Harkness, 2078.)

Tubercularia Geranii, Cke. & Hk.

Stromatibus subgregariis, roseis, magnis (plerumque 1 mm. diam.), sub-globoso-erumpentibus, pulverulentibus. Conidiis ellipsoideo-elongatis, obtusis, rectis, hyalinis (*008-*009 \times *003 mm.).

On stems of Geranium. (Harkness, 2126.)

Tubercularia insignis, Cke. & Hk.

Stroma erumpens, pallidum, subglobosum, pulverulentum. Conidiis minutissimis, subellipticis, hyalinis ($\cdot 003 \times \cdot 0015$ mm.), hyphis tenuibus, simplicibus, furcatisve congestis.

On twigs of Pinus insignis. (Harkness, 2170.)

Hymenula glumarum, Che. & Hk.

Stromatibus erumpentibus, convexis mox confluentibus, pallide carneis. Conidiis subglobosis, continuis, hyalinis ('0035-'04 mm. diam.).

On glumes of wheat. (Harkness, 2347.)

Hymenula Lupini, Cke. & Hk.

Stromatibus gregariis, punctiformibus, albidis, convexis dein confluentibus, pulverulentibus. Conidiis profusis, ovalibus subglobosisve, hyalinis (·004-·005 × ·003-·0035 mm.).

On stems of Lupinus. (Harkness, 2063.)

Hymenula megarrhize, Che. & Hk.

Stromatibus gregariis, erumpentibus, carneis, convexo-applanatis, siccitate pulverulentibus. Conidiis subellipticis, continuis, hyalinis (.0045-.005 × .0085 mm.).

On stems of Megarrhiza. (Harkness, 2082.)

Strumella Vincæ, Cke. & Hk.

Stromatibus gregariis, erumpentibus, subglobosis, sphæriæformibus, atris; basidiis erectis, hyalinis, continuis, crassiusculis, arcte congestis; conidiis ellipticis, continuis, atro-fuscis ('012 × '004 mm.).

On stems of Vinca. (Harkness, 2339.)

Hymenula phormicola, Che. & Hk.

Stromatibus minutis, albidis, in lineas gregariis, convexis vel ellipticis, inter nervulas enatis. Conidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis (*008×*004 mm.)

On leaves, &c., of Phormium. (Harkness, 2224.)

PRÆCURSORES AD MONOGRAPHIA POLYPORORUM.

-By M. C. COOKE.

(Continued from p. 87.)

M. **Hispidi.** Anodermei = pileo primo valde spongioso-aquoso dein firmo elastico, facto e fibris validis extrorsum divergentibus et porrectis indeque setoso-hispido, poris cum fibris carnis modo contiguis. Caro vulgo offert stratum intermedium, exteriori hispido minus divergens.

* Contextu colorato.

262 spongia, Fr. Hym. Eur. 542.

263 cuticularis, Bull. Champ. t. 462.

var. Herbergii, Rost. Poly. t. 18.

var. hispidioides, Peck 33rd Report p. 21.

264 fibrillosus, Karst. Fung. Fenn. 311.

265 hispidus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 551.

266 birretum, Kalch. Hedw. xv. 114.

267 hypo-coccineus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 319.

268 macroporus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1848, 122.

269 fraticum, B. & Curt. Linn. Journ. x. 310.

270 cucullatus, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 51. 271 rheades, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 69.

272 unicolor, Schwein. Syn. Car. 71.

273 corruscans, Fr Hym. Eur. 551.

274 Hausmanni, Fr. Hym. Eur. 552.

** Contextu albo.

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275 symphyton, Schwein. Syn. Car. 951.
276 undulatus, Schwein. Syn. Car. 893.
277 Weinmanni, Fr. Hym. Eur. 552.
278 hispidans, Berk. Fr. Nova Sym. 37.
279 pelliculosus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1848, vii. 575.
280 spiculiferus, Cke. in Grev. ined.
281 fissilis, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 50.
282 albo-stygius, B. & Curt. Fungi Cub. 223.
283 galactinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 321.
284 Junghuhnii, Fries. Nova Symb. 40.
285 spumeus, Sow. Fungi, t. 211.
286 borealis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 552.
       var. montanus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 553.
       var. spathulatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 553.
287 obtusus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 390.
288 Hobsoni, Berk. in Herb. 3,987.
289 labyrinthicus, Schwein. Syn. Car. 950.
290 leucospongia, Cke. Grev. xi. 106.
291 pubescens, Fr. Hym. Eur. 553.
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292 substuppeus, B. & Cke. Linn. Journ. xv. 381.

N. Suberosi. Pileo primitus sub-carnoso, succoso, dein indurato, crusta tenuiori tecto, poris tenuibus demum subsecedentibus.—Fr. Epic. Nos. 133-143.

Contextu colorato.

293 dryadeus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 553. 294 rubiginosus, Rost. Poly. t. 32. 295 resinosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 554. 296 benzoinus, Fr. Hym Eur. 554. = Micheneri, Berk. in Herb. = morosus, Kalchb. Bot. Zeit. 1870. 297 soloniensis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 553. 298 erubescens, Fr. Hym. Eur. 554. 299 Afzelii, Fr. Epicr. 461. 300 helveolus, Rost. Poly. t. 35. 301 colossus, Fr. Nova Symb. 40. 302 pilotæ, Schw. Amer. Bor. 370.

** Contextu albo.

303 quercinus, Schrad. Spic. 157. 304 betulinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 555. = albellus, Peck., 30 Report, p. 45. 305 leucocreas, Cke. Grev. viii. 55. 306 palustris, B. & Curt. Grev. i. 51. 307 officinalis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 555. 308 flavescens, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. v. 368. 309 portentosus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1844.

- 310 medullaris, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 140.
- 311 naucinus, Fr. Nova Symb. 41.
- 312 nivosus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 196.
- 313 eucalyptorum, Fr. Pl. Preuss. 135.
- 314 elatinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 140.
- 315 Schulzeri, Fr. Hym. Eur. 556.
- 316 paradoxus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 555.
- 317 strumosus, Fr. Epicr. 462.
- 318 natalensis, Fr. Natal 13.
- 319 ungulatus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiii. 165.
- O. Lignescentes. Pileus plus minus concentrice sulcato 1 striato et substantia vegeta quidam molli et succosa tamen coriacea simul unde siccitate contracto et vulgo curvati.

A Fomitibus recedunt vegetatione annua, substantia primitus molli subfibrosa, poris numquam stratosis.

* Contextu albo.

- 320 induratus B. in Mellis, St. Helena, 380.
- 321 hypopolius, Kalch. Grev. x. 99.
- 322 salignus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 544.
- 323 impolitus, Fr. Nova Symb. 42.
- 324 cartilagineus, B. & Br. Ceylon Fungi, 459.

** Contextu pallido.

† Pileo rugoso zonato.

- 325 Auberianus, Mont. Cub. t. xvi. f. 1.
- 326 zonalis, Berk. Ann. N. H. x. 375. = micromegas, Mont. Syll. 157.
- 327 incurvus, Cke. Grev. xiii. 2.
- 328 contractus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 503.
- 329 lignosus, Klot. Fries Epic. 471.
- 330 cubensis, Mont. Syll. 160.
- 331 havanensis, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 310.
- 332 Liebmanni, Fr. Nova Symb. 43.
- 333 durus, Jungh. Fl. Java. 62.
- 334 venezuelæ, B. & Curt. in Herb. 2,694

335 Lindigii, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1863, xx. 295.

†† Pileo lævi.

- 336 plebius, Berk. Fl. N. Zeal. ii. 179.
- 337 testudo, Berk. Linn. Trans. 2, ii. 401.
- 338 atypus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1884, 184.

*** Contextu fusco.

- 339 vulneratus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 188.
- 340 dorcas, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1862, 195.
- 341 Dozyanus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1848, 123.
- 342 anebus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 504.

P. Resupinati. Anodermeus, mollis, resupinatus, margine tenuiter reflexo. Plerumque Polyporeos in statu imperfectu.

343 pachylus, Berk. in. Herb. No. 2861.

344 ascoboloides, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiii. 162.

345 diffissus, Berk. Fl. Nova Zeal.

GEN. II. FOMES. Fr. Nov. Symb. 31.

Pileus primitus lignoso-induratus (raro molles, plorantes) contextu floccoso intertexto, crusta rigida obductus, azonus, sed demum concentrice sulcatus.

Fungi perennes (vulgo stratose) reviviscentes, sed stratum annuum vegetum tantum est.

A. Mesopodes. Pileus integer, glaber, stipes distinctus, verticalis, simplex.

* Stipite glabro, nigricante.

346 nigripes, Fr. Epic. 435.

347 diabolicus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 174.

348 rufoatratus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 174.

349 incrustatus, Fr. Nova Symb. 45.

350 rhizomorphus, Mont. Syll. 161.

351 hypoplastus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 174.

** Stipite fusco, pruinoso vel tomentoso.

352 augustus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 143.

353 rhinocerotis, Cooke Enum. Polyp. 150.

354 rudis, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. iii. 1839, 323.

355 pullatus, Berk. in Herb. 2340.

356 rugosus, Nees. Nova Acta. Cur. xiii. t. 7.

357 scleropodius, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 123. 358 camerarius, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 143.

359 Schomburgkii, Mont. and Berk. Hook. Journ. 1844, 331.

360 calcigenus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1843, 636.

361 omphalodes, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1866, 172.

362 cassiæcolor, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 171.

363 pansus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 169.

364 xylodes, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 171.

365 heteromorphus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 123.

366 procerus, *Berk. Hook. Journ.* 1856, 171. 367 exilis, *Berk. Hook. Journ.* 1856, 173.

** OCELLATI.—Poris contractis ocellatis.*

368 ocellatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 172.

369 pallidus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 176.

370 variabilis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 193.

var. mesostictus, Berk. var. ellipticus, Berk.

* Mouth of the pores contracted to a minute punctiform orifice, hence papillate, with the appearance of very thick dissepiments.

371 semiclausus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 193. var. spathularius, Berk.

372 brunneopictus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 176.

B. Pleuxopodes, Fr. Pileus horizontalis hand circinatus, glaber, crustato-laccatus, stipes simplex, adscendens, corticatus vel definite lateralis vel excentricus.

* Stipite laccato.

373 amboinensis, Fr. Epicr. 442.

a lingua, Nees. Acta. Cur. xiii. t. 3.

b japonicus (Fr.), Thunb. Fl. Jap. t. 39.

c cochlear, Nees. Acta. Cur. xiii. t. 6. d gibbosus, Nees. Acta. Cur. xiii. t. 5.

e pisochapani, Nees. Rumph. Amb. vi. t. 576.

f fornicatus, Fr. Epic. 443.

374 lucidus, Fr. Epic. 442.

375 Curtisii, Berk. Hook. Journ. 101.

376 nutans, Fr. Nova Symb. 45.

377 longipes, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 125.

378 umbraculum, Fr. Epic. 435.

** Stipite pruinoso vel velutino.

379 dealbatus, B. & C. Grev. i. 39.

380 polydactylus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 196.

381 superpositus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiii. 161.

382 deformis, Schæff. Icon. t. 264.

383 languidus, Fr. Fungi Guin. 384 obsoletus, Fr. Epicr. 54.

385 atropurpureus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 194.

386 macer, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 176.

387 hemibaphus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 193.

388 placopus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 124.

389 mastoporus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 182.

390 testaceus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 126.

391 opacus, Mont. & Berk. in Mont. Syll. 161.

392 auriscalpium, Pers. Gaud. Voy. 169. 393 pudens, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 138.

394 Glaziovii, Berk. in Warm. Symb. 1879, p. 34.

395 regulicolor, Berk. in Herb. No. 2420.

*** incertæ sedis.

396 corrugis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 536.

397 hirtus (Quel.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 536.

C. Merismoidei, Fr. E trunco tuberculove communi explicantur pileoli numerosissimi persistente tenaci, contextu floccoso submolli fomentario, poris adnatis—Merisma suberosi, Fr. Ep. 451.

398 graveolens, Schwein. Syn. Car. 904.

399 senex (Nees), Mont. Syll. 160. = rhabarbarinus, Berk.

- 400 crassus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 543.
- 401 fuliginosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 543.
- 402 anthracophilus, Cooke Grev. xii. 16.
- 403 cornubovis, Cooke Grev. xiii. 2.
- D. Fomentarii. Pileo floccoso-fomentario, primitus exsucco, haud carnoso spongiosove, crusta dura cornea tecto, poris demum stratosis.
 - * Contextu albo, albidove.
- 404 scansilis, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 53.
- 405 enteroleucus, Fr. Epic. 468.
- 406 volvatus, Peck, 27 Report, 98.
- 407 ulmarius, Fr. Hym. Eur. 562.
- 408 cytisinus, Berk. Eng. Fl. v. 142.
- 409 hornodermus, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1856, 368.
- 410 geotropus, Cke. Grev. xiii. 32.
- 411 ligneus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 387.

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NOTICE.

Pages 49 to 110 of Appendix, containing descriptions of British Hymenomycetes, in continuation from the preceding volume, will, in binding, be placed at the end, or may be kept as a separate work. They are, in effect, the letterpress to the plates contained in Vols. 1. and 11. of "Illustrations of British Fungi." Further instalments, in continuation, for Vols. 111. and 1v., will be proceeded with immediately.

Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF

CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY

AND ITS LITERATURE.

EDITED BY M. C. COOKE, M.A., A.L.S.,

Author of "Handbook of British Fungi," "Fungi, their uses." \$\overline{c}_{\text{c}}\$, "Rust, Smut, Mildew, and Mould," \$\overline{c}_{\text{c}}\$, \$\overline{c}_{\text{c}}\$.

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Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY
AND ITS LITERATURE.

NEW BRITISH FUNGI.

By M. C. Cooke.

(Continued from Vol. XIII., p. 100.)

Agaricus (Hypholoma) œdipus, Cooke.

Pileus glutinous, fleshy in the centre, membranaceous at the margin, at first turbinate or hemispherical, with a ragged margin (which separates from the inferior, very visible, and slightly darker evanescent ring), then convex, with an even margin, smooth, dull, hygrophanous, disc umber, becoming pallid at the margin, which extends slightly beyond the gills. Stem rather thick, enlarging downwards to a bulbous base, solid, fibrillose below, pruinose above the median ring. Gills at first whitish, becoming umber, adnate by their entire breadth, sometimes with a minute decurrent tooth, plane, with a somewhat granular margin. Spores dark brown.—Cooke Illus. ined.

Attached to decayed sticks or dead leaves. Clehanger, Feb.,

1872. (J. Renny & Dr. Bull.)

At present the only British representative of the "Viscid" section of Hypholoma. Pileus $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch diam. Stem 2 inches long, 2-3 lines thick, nearly white.

Agaricus (Hypholoma) canofaciens, Cooke.

Gregarious. Pileus campanulate, then expanded, scarcely umbonate, but with a fleshy disc, even, dark bay brown, ferruginous at the apex, clad everywhere, as well as the stem, with delicate scattered white hairs, which are soon evanescent at the apex; veil white, fibrillose, at first attached to the margin of the pileus. Stem of the same colour as the pileus, nearly equal, stuffed, very dark at the base; flesh of the pileus pallid, of the stem rufescent, gradually darker downwards. Gills very broad, aduate, ventricose, dark umber.—Cooke Illus. ined. Ag. areolatus., Smith, in Mus. Britt.

On rotten straw. Stoke Newington, May 1876. (W. G.

Smith.)

Pileus about 1½ inch diam. Stem 3 inch long, 3-4 lines thick. Spores elliptical, irregular in size 012-017 × 008 mm.

Ecidium Convallaria, Schum. Saell. II., 22.

Hypophyllous. Spots greenish yellow, cups crowded in orbicular clusters, mostly concentrically disposed, pale yellow, cupshaped, somewhat immersed; mouth toothed, at length entire. Spores pale yellow.

On lily of the valley. Bowness Lake, Windermere, June,

1884. (T. Hebden.)

Æcidium Pimpinellæ, Kirch. var. Apii.

On leaves and petioles of wild celery, Apium graveolens, near Hull. (T. Dennis.)

Phoma Loti, Cooke.

Gregarious. Perithecia globose, black, covered by the elevated cuticle, which is soon pierced by the prominent ostiola. Sporules elliptical, hyaline, enucleate ($\cdot 005 \times \cdot 002$ mm.), without apparent, or very short, sporophores.

On small twigs of Diospyros lotus. Kew.

Phoma viventis, Cooke.

Gregarious. Perithecia punctiform or slightly elongated, minute, black, covered by the shining discoloured cuticle, which is at length cracked longitudinally. Sporules subfusiform, obtuse at the ends, enucleate, hyaline ('006-'007 × '0025 mm.).

On living twigs of Lonicera. Kew.

Phoma staphyleæ, Cooke.

Gregarious. Perithecia punctiform, covered by the cuticle, which is at length blackened, rather prominent, seldom exposed. Sporules elliptical, continuous, enucleate (.005-.008 × .003-.004 mm.), with no distinct sporophores.

On thin twigs of Staphylea pennata, S. trifoliata, and S. colchici.

Kew.

Phoma opulifoliæ, Cooks.

Gregarious. Perithecia punctiform, depressedly globose, covered by the discoloured cuticle, which is slightly elevated. Sporules narrowly lanceolate, continuous, binucleate (·01 × ·0025 mm.), shortly stipitate.

On twigs of Spiraa opulifolia. Pleasure grounds, Kew.

It differs from British specimens of *P. sorbariæ* on the same plant in not being deeply immersed in the bark, in the perithecia being smaller, and in the sporules being longer and narrower.

Phoma jasmini, Cooke.

Perithecia scattered, covered by the cuticle, prominent, black, subglobose, much larger than in *Phoma domestica*, and more prominent. Sporules subfusiform, binucleate ('009-'01 × '003 mm.), on short sporophores.

On Jasminum officinale. Kew.

Sometimes associated with P. domestica.

Phoma crassipes, Cooke.

Erumpent, somewhat scattered. Perithecia rather large, black, opaque, subglobose, at length with the upper half exposed. Sporules oval, continuous, hyaline, without nuclei ('006 x '004

mm.), on thick sporophores, which are three times as long as the sporules and about half their diameter.

On small twigs of Broussonetia papyrifera. Kew.

Phoma rhodore, Cooke.

Spots apical or marginal, large, irregular, brown. Perithecia gregarious, minute, punctiform, black, immersed, scarcely visible to the naked eye. Sporules numerous, very minute, subelliptical, hyaline (004-005 × 002 mm.), on short sporophores.

On living leaves of Rhododendron. Kew.

Perhaps the spermogonia of Sph. (Læstadia) rhodoræ.

Phoma polygonorum, Cooke.

Loosely gregarious. Perithecia minute, punctiform, covered by the cuticle, which is soon pierced by the minute ostiola. Sporules narrowly elliptical, continuous, hyaline, without distinct nuclei (.012 × .003 mm.).

On stems of Polygonum cuspidatum. Kew.

Phoma cistina, Cooke.

Densely gregarious, subcutaneous, elevating and sometimes throwing off the outer layer of the bark. Perithecia subglobose, black, collapsed when dry; ostiolum sometimes short, and just piercing the cuticle, sometimes 2 or 3 times as long as the diameter of the perithecia, and flexuous. Sporules subcylindrical or fusoid, obtuse at the end, usually with two small nuclei, hyaline (006-007 × 0025 mm.). Sporophores about twice as long as the sporules.

On branches of Cistus laurifolius. Kew.

There is a circumscribing black line in the wood where the perithecia are adnate, or partially immersed, but in these instances all the perithecia were exolete. Little doubt can exist of these being really a *Diaporthe*, but no ascigerous fruit has yet been seen.

Phoma Barbari, Cooke.

Perithecia loosely gregarious, covered by the epidermis, convex, not erumpent, at length pierced. Sporules oval, binucleate, hyaline ($\cdot 005 \times \cdot 003 \text{ mm.}$)

On branches of Lycium burbarum. Kew.

Phoma celtidis, Cooke.

Perithecia prominent, convex, loosely gregarious, covered by the cuticle, piercing it with its black punctiform ostiolum. Sporules oval, without nuclei, hyaline ($.005 \times .0035$ mm.).

On slender twigs of Celtis occidentalis.

There is another *Phoma*, on thicker branches, which we have met with, once or twice, with fusiform binucleate sporules (·01 × ·003), but we have not sufficient material to warrant a description.

Phoma rubella, Cooke.

Perithecia collected on indeterminate red spots, semi-immersed, somewhat depressed, black, scarcely papillate. Sporules narrowly elliptical, without nuclei, continuous, hyaline (007×002 mm).

On dead stems of Umbelliferæ. Kew.

Phoma aromatica, Cooke.

Perithecia gregarious, covered by the slightly convex cuticle, depressed, rather minute, scarcely papillate. Sporules sublanceolate, continuous, with two nuclei, hyaline ('008-'01 × '003-'0035 mm). on short sporophores.

On twigs of Calycanthus occidentalis. Kew. This is clearly not the Phona calycanthi, Schw.

Phoma Elæagnella, Cooke.

Scattered or subgregarious, minute, covered by the convex cuticle. Perithecia depressedly globose, black. Sporules oval, profuse, continuous, hyaline, without nuclei ('005 × '0025 mm.), without distinct sporophores.

On branches of Elwagnus. Kew.

Cytispora Staphyleæ, Cooke.

Stroma flattened, with two or threecells, covered by the slightly raised epidermis, which opens by a small elevated white-margined pore. Sporules linear, curved, obtuse (allantoid) hyaline (.006 × .001 mm.).

On branches of Staphylea pennata and S. trifoliata. Pleasure

grounds, Kew.

Cytispora Jasmini, Cooke.

Stroma rather conical, subcutaneous, small, covered by the darkened cuticle, very loosely gregarious. Sporules linear, curved, obtuse (allantoid), 006×001 mm. Oozing from a small orifice in the cuticle.

On thin twigs of Jasminum officinale. Pleasure grounds, Kew.

Cytispora Euonymi, Cooke.

Gregarious, pseudo-perithecia conical, covered by the darkened cuticle, rather small, at length blackish and shining. Sporules allantoid, curved, hyaline (*008 × *002 mm.), issuing in pallid tendrils.

On small twigs of Euonymus americanus. Kew.

Cryptosporium Hippocastani, Cke.

Stroma cortical, covered, splitting the bark, and confluent longitudinally, pallid, conidia oblong fusiform, continuous, without nuclei, rather obtuse (*018-*02 × *005). Oozing out and forming a whitish farinaceous margin to the fissures. Sporophores simple, or forked, twice as long as the conidia.

On branches of Æsculus hippocastanum. Kew.

Closely allied to C. coronatum, Fckl.

Sphæropsis Betulæ, Cooke.

Sub-gregarious, sometimes scattered, concealed beneath the elevated cuticle. Perithecia depressedly globose, scarcely papillate. Sporules elliptical, rounded at the ends, continuous, yellowish (·03-·032 ×·009 mm.).

On twigs of Betula alba. Kew.

Diplodia cistina, Cooke.

Gregarious, deeply seated, covered and concealed by the bark. Perithecia rather conical, black, often in lines, or small clusters, only seen when the outer layers of the bark are peeled off. Sporules elliptical, uniseptate, not constricted, brown ($\cdot 016 - \cdot 022 \times \cdot 009 - \cdot 01$ mm.).

On stems and branches of Cistus laurifolius. Pleasure grounds, Kew.

Hendersonia Tamaricis, Cooke.

Perithecia loosely gregarious, covered by the elevated cuticle, subglobose, scarcely papillate. Sporules elliptical, slightly attenuated at each extremity, triseptate, not constricted, clear brown (.018-.02 ×.007 mm.).

On branches of Tamarix gallica. Kew.

var. Elæagni, Cooke.

Perithecia rather smaller, and more closely gregarious. Sporules the same.

On branches of Elæagnus. Kew.

This form differs so little from that on Tamarix, that it can have no claim to be considered a distinct species.

Hendersonia ambiens, Cooke.

Gregarious, covered by the elevated cuticle, which is at length perforated, globose, shortly papillate. Sporules narrowly elliptical, triseptate, not constricted, clear brown (·02 × ·007-·008 mm.). At first with sporophores of equal length.

On branches of Acer dasycarpum. Kew.

Camarosporium Staphyleæ, Cooke.

Scattered, covered by the bark, and concealed. Perithecia black, globoso-depressed, rarely slightly elevating the cuticle. Sporules elliptical, triseptate, one or other of the central cells transversely divided, not constricted, clear brown (.018-.02 × .008 mm.).

On branches of Staphylea pennata and S. trifoliata. Kew.

What appears to be a variety of the same species occurs on slender twigs of Celtis.

Camarosporium cistinum, Cooke.

Gregarious, seated on the inner bark. Perithecia globose, black, with a conical ostiolum, which perforates the covering layer of bark, sometimes forming irregular lines. Sporules elliptical, elongated, triseptate, not constricted at the septum, with sometimes (but not constantly) one of the central cells divided longitudinally, brown (015-018 × 005-007 mm.).

On branches of Cistus laurifolius. Kew.

Coryneum cistinum, Cooke.

Stroma pulvinate, orbicular, convex, black, seated in the inner bark, somewhat gregarious, covered and wholly concealed by the outer bark, and only exposed when this falls away; conidia lanceolate, obtuse at the ends, triseptate, but not constricted, clear brown ('05-'055 × '015-'018 mm.); pedicels hyaline, about the same length as the conidia, at length deciduous.

On branches of Cistus laurifolius. Kew.

MILOWIA. Massee.

Pulvinate, monœcious. Mycelium sparsely septate, branched, flexuous, giving origin to numerous lateral fertile three-celled branches. Pollinodium clavate, springing from the basal cell of the fertile branch. Carpogonium formed from the terminal cell of the fertile branch, broadly obovate, producing from near its apex from two to five cylindrical octosporous asci.

Milowia nivea, Massee, in Roy. Micr. Journ. 1884, p. 841, pl. XII.

Tufts globose, minute, white; sporidia colourless, cylindrical, truncate; conidia globose, moniliform, occupying the same position as the carpogonium when the latter is not developed.

Forming snow-white spots on decaying leaves of Blysmus com-

pressus.

(The question which suggests itself in connection with this fungus is, as to the nature of the naked clavate bodies termed asci, viz., whether they are merely more completely developed hyphæ with dissilient joints, as in Sporochisma, or asci, as in Ascomyces,—Ed.)

Rhinotrichum decipiens, Cooke.

Broadly effused, resembling some species of *Corticium*, at first of a pale rose-pink colour, growing pallid when old, somewhat velvety, with a thin radiating margin, often separable from the matrix. Sterile threads creeping, branched, septate, densely interwoven; fertile branches rather short, more closely septate, erect, clavate, the ultimate one or two joints covered with short acute spicules. Spores ovate, attached by the small extremity to the spicules, $\cdot 022 \cdot \cdot 025 \times \cdot 014 \cdot \cdot 015$ mm.

Overrunning bark and mosses. Carlisle, Feb., 1884. (Dr.

Carlyle.)

It becomes quite firm and like a Corticium when dry. Easily mistaken for Peniophora velutina.

Peziza (Tarzetta) petaloidea, Cke. & Phil.

Stem rooting, attenuated downwards, cups lobate, expanded and flattened, externally verrucose, fuliginous-brown, disc yellowish-brown, rugose ($\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ inch diam.). Asci cylindrical. Sporidia eight, elliptical (\cdot 015- \times \cdot 008 mm.), rough; paraphyses linear. *Peziza cupularis*, var. in *Herb. Berk*.

On the ground. East Bergholt, Feb., 1852.

A most distinct species, probably an inch in diameter when living. The above description taken from the dried specimens.

Patellaria subtectum, Cke & Phil.

Singly or in clusters, appearing first as black conical points emerging through the layers of bark, in which condition no fructification is seen; at length the conical points expand into lens-shaped, or Lecidea-like discs, which are immarginate and black, about 1 mm. broad or less, substance soft and fragile. Asci broadly clavate, narrowed into a slender stem. Sporidia 8, oblongo-elliptical, with 3-4 nuclei, at length 1-3 septate ('02-'024 × '005-'006

mm.); paraphyses filiform, slender. Stylospores in the same hymenium, elongated, cylindrical, with 5-8 nuclei, curved, on short sporophores seated amongst the asci (.03-.05 x .005 mm.).

On inner bark of Cistus laurifolius.

Valsa (Cryptospora), Betulæ, Tul. Sacc. Syll. 4124.

Pustules orbicular, immersed; perithecia 8-10, circinating, globose; disc scarcely emergent, conical, ostiola punctiform, rather prominent. Asci cylindrical-clavate, attenuated below. Sporidia linear, obtuse at the ends, arcuate, continuous, hyaline (.035-.038) \times '0035-'005 mm.).

On branches of Betula. Kew pleasure grounds. Near Bristol.

(C. Bucknall). Sphæriacei Brittanici. (Plowright.)

Although found in Britain for some years, the description appears to have been omitted.

Valsa (Chorostate) Robergeana, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2388.

Corticolous, immersed, minute. Perithecia 6-15, covered by the adnate epidermis, crowded in an irregular circle, black, at first globose, then collapsing and concave. Ostiola convergent, cylindrical, erumpent. Asci somewhat fusiform, sporidia eight, biseriate, somewhat elliptical, uniseptate or biguttulate, hyaline (.015) $\times .005$ mm.).

On Staphylea pennata. Pleasure grounds, Kew.

What appears to be another species has been met with but once, with fusiform, acute, narrow, quadri-nucleate sporidia, about .014 × 003 mm., which can hardly be any form of the present.

Diaporthe viridarii, Sacc. Syll. 2568.

Stroma broadly effused, immersed in the bark or wood of the branches, circumscribed by a flexuous line. Perithecia rather large, globose, then depressed; neck very short; ostiola rather thick and obtuse. Asci somewhat fusiform. Sporidia ovate-fusiform $(.015-.016 \times .005 \text{ mm.})$, uniseptate, constricted, obtuse at the ends, with 4 nuclei, hyaline.

On slender twigs of Prunus lauro-cerasus. Kew.

Spheria (Didymella) sphingiophora, Oudem. Diaporthe sphingiophora, Sacc. Syll. 2414.

Perithecia scattered, nestling beneath the epidermis, at length erumpent, furnished with a short neck perforated with a round pore. Asci oblong, with eight spores. Sporidia biseriate, oblong, obtuse at the ends, straight or slightly curved, uniseptate, hyaline (.017 \times ·005 mm.).

On small twigs of Cornus alba. Kew.

This species and Sphæria salicella, Fr., cannot with any reason be included in Valsa or Diaporthe.

Hypocrea dacrymycella Cke & Pl. Grev. xii. 100.

By some error this species was described again by Mr. Plowright (Grev. xiii. p. 79), under the name of Hypocrea viscidula.

CALIFORNIAN FUNGI.

By M. C. COORE AND W. H. HARKNESS.

(Continued from Vol. XIII., p. 114.)

Diplodia lupini, Cke. & Hark.

Caulicola. Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, depresso-globosis, vix papillatis. Sporulis ellipticis, uniseptatis, nec constrictis, fuscis, (026-028 × 01 mm.).

On stems of Lupinus. (Harkness, 2247.) In company with Diaporthe lupini, Hark.

Uromyces punctato-striatum, Che. & Hark.

Acervulis bullatis, difformibus.

Uredospores. Sporis globosis, lævibus, castaneo-fuscis ('025 mm.

diam.).

Teleutospores. Sporis oblongis, utrinque acuminatis, pallide fuscis. Episporio tenui longitudinaliter punctato, striato, striis reticulato-anastomosantibus ($\cdot 04 \times \cdot 02$ mm.).

On twigs of Rhus. (Harkness, 2479.)

Dothidea (Plowrightia) calystegiæ, Cke. & Hk.

Subgregaria, stromatibus ellipticis, erumpentibus, atris, opacis $(1-2 \times \frac{1}{2} \text{ mm.})$, cellulis immersis, epidermide ruptâ cinctis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis vel tetrasporis. Sporidiis elongato-ellipticis, inordinatis, uniseptatis, nec constrictis, hyalinis ($\cdot 022 \times \cdot 007 \text{ mm.}$). Conidiis ovalibus, continuis ($\cdot 005 \times \cdot 003 \text{ mm.}$), pallidis consociatis.

On stems of Calystegia sepium. (Harkness, 2477.)

Valsa lupini, Che. & Hk.

Acervulis gregariis, erumpentibus. Peritheciis (4-8) subglobosis, atris, in cæspitulis subconicis congestis, ostiolis convergentibus, minutis. Ascis clavatis, deorsum longe attenuatis, octosporis. Sporidiis allantoideis, subrectis, hyalinis (·007 × ·002 mm.).

On stems of Lupinus. (Harkness, 1990.)

Valsa lavateræ, Cke. & Hk.

Acervulis gregariis, in ligno nigrificato immersis, epidermide tectis. Peritheciis (3-6) subglobosis, atris, ostiolis elongatis, cylindraceis, tenuibus, emergentibus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis (008 × 002 mm.).

On stems of Lavatera assurgentifolia. (Harkness, 2361.)

Diaporthe geranii, Cke. & Hk.

Peritheciis gregariis, in cortice immersis, saepe nigro-limitatis, subglobosis, atris, initio tectis, dein rimoso fissuratis, ostiolis brevibus, emergentibus. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, quadrinucleatis, hyalinis (·015-·016 × ·004 mm.).

On stems of Geranium. (Harkness, 2429.)

Diaporthe elephantina, Cke. & Hk.

Pustulis valsæformibus, rarissime dispersis. Peritheciis in cortice immersis vel ligno adnatis, globosis, atris, ostiolis tenuis, elongatis, flexuosis, cylindraceis, emergentibus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis.

Sporidiis lanceolatis, quadrinucleatis mox uniseptatis, hyalinis ($\cdot 012 \times \cdot 0035$ mm.).

On stems of Geranium. (Harkness, 2499, 2130.)

Diaporthe immutabilis, Cke. & Hk.

Stromate varie effuso interruptoque, caulis superficiem vix decolorato, linea nigra infra, in ligno, limitato; peritheciis sparsis globosis, ostiolis brevibus punctiformibus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis sublanceolatis, biserialibus, rectis curvulisve 2-4 nucleatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis (·012-·014 × ·004 mm.).

On stems of Scrophularia. (Harkness, 2463.)

Physalospora geranii, Cke. & Hark.

Peritheciis densissime gregariis, convexis, atris, epidermide velatis, demum erumpentibus. Ascis clavatis, amplis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, biserialibus, continuis, intus granulosis, hyalinis ('025-'028 × '01 mm.).

On stems of Geranium. (Harkness, 2129.)

Spherella (Lestadia) caryophyllea, Cke. & Hk.

Peritheciis minutis, punctiformibus, densissime gregariis, aterrimis, convexis, emergentibus. Ascis obclavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis obtuse lanceolatis, biserialibus, continuis, hyalinis (.02 x .0075 mm.).

On stems of Dianthus. (Harkness, 2183.)

Sphærella xanthicola, Cke. & Hark.

Peritheciis punctiformibus, prominulis, atris, in maculas ellipticis congestis, initio epidermide tenui velatis. Ascis obclavatis, sessilibus, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, utrinque rotundatis, hyalinis (012-015 × 005-006 mm.).

On stems of Xanthium. (Harkness, 2451.)

Didymella megarrhize, Cke. & Hk.

Gregaria. Peritheciis subconicis, atris, parvulis, nitidis, initio velatis, demum ostiolo acuto erumpentibus. Ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis, sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, rectis, hyalinis ('016-'018 × 007 mm.).

On stems of Megarrhiza. (Harkness, 2086.)

Didymella fuchsiæ, Cke. & Hk.

Sparsa vel subgregaria. Peritheciis globoso-depressis, atris, epidermide tectis, ostiolo conico prominulo emergente. Ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis biserialibus, rectis curvulisve, uniseptatis, nec constrictis, binucleatis, hyalinis ('015 × '005 mm.).

On stems of Fuchsia. (Harkness, 2374.)

Amphisphæria dothideaspora, Cke. & Hk.

Gregaria. Peritheciis emergentibus, epidermide nigrofacta obtectis, conico-convexis, nitidis, ostiolo papillato. Ascis subclavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis subellipticis, inæqualiter uniseptatis, constrictis, fuligineis (·02 × ·012 mm.).

On stems of Minulus. (Harkness, 2217, 2508.)

Leptosphæria straminis, Cke & Hk.

Culmicola. Peritheciis sparsis vel subgregariis, in maculos effusos nigrofactos insidentibus, erumpentibus, atris, convexis, pertusis. Ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis lanceolatis quinqueseptatis, leniter constrictis, fuscis, loculis binis centralibus longitudinaliter divisis ('032-'035 × '006-'008 mm.).

On culms of straw. (Harkness, 2337, 2376, 2408.)

Leptosphæria subcæspitosa, Cke. & Hk.

Erumpens. Peritheciis subglobosis, atris, subcæspitosis, 4-8 in cæspitulis congestis, vel in lineas elongatos dispositis. Ostiolis cylindricis, elongatis, emergentibus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, medio constrictis, quinqueseptatis, fuscis (-035--038 × -007 mm.).

On stems of Geranium. (Harkness, 2128.)

Leptosphæria phormicola, Cke & Hk.

Gregaria. Peritheciis punctiformibus, erumpentibus, epidermide tectis, dein fissurato-emergentibus, atris, convexulis, papillatis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis sublanceolatis, utrinque rotundatis, biserialibus, triseptatis, vix constrictis, pallide fuscis ('022 × '006 mm.).

On Phormium. (Harkness, 2231, 2457.)

Pleospora quadriseptata, Cke. & Hk.

Peritheciis subgregariis, convexis, atris, nitidis, initio epidermide velatis, parvulis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis subellipticis, distichis, quadriseptatis, vix constrictis, cellulis uno alterove longitudinaliter divisis, brunneis (·02-·022 × ·008 mm.).

On pods of gillyflower. (Harkness, 2184.)

Hysterographium (Gloniopsis) insignis, Cke. & Hk.

Peritheciis gregariis, erumpentibus, ovalibus vel ellipticis (\frac{1}{2}-1 mm. long) atris, subnitidis, labiis arcte conniventibus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, utrinque acuminatis, medio constrictis, 5-7 septatis, muriformibus, hyalinis ('02 × '01 mm.).

On wood of Acacia. (Harkness, 2382.)

Phacidium arbuti, Cke. & Hk.

Receptaculis emergentibus, demum subsuperficialibus, applanatis, atris, discoideis, quadratis, triangulis, vel difformibus $(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}$ mm.), margine obtuse dentato. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis biserialibus, elliptico-lanceolatis, continuis, hyalinis ('012-'014 × '005 mm.).

On leaves of Arbutus Menziesii. (Harkness, 2122.)

JOURNAL OF THE QUEKETT MICROSCOPICAL CLUB.—We are requested to announce that this Journal will in future be published by Messrs. Williams and Norgate, Henrietta Street, the publishers of "Grevillea."

SOME EXOTIC FUNGI.

By M. C. COOKE.

AUSTRALASIA.

Fomes (Fometarif) pyrrhocreas, Cooke.

Durus, effusus, centro affixus, margine reflexo, arcte pileiformi, sulcato-zonato, glabro, brunneo, crusta dura tecto; contextu aurantio-rubro; hymenio pallido, marginato. Tubulis brevibus stratosis, poris minutissimis, rotundis, æqualibus († mm.) dissepimentis crassiusculis.

On logs. New Guinea. (Capt. Armit.)

Allied to P. Kermes B., from which it differs in the smooth brown pileus, and smaller pores, as well as in the hard crust of the pileus. Apparently commonly resupinate with the margin reflexed and forming a narrow pileus of about $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch in depth, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick, and 3 inches long.

Aleurodiscus tabacinus, Cooke.

Erumpens, cupulæformis, gregarius. Pileo subelliptico (2-3 mm. long), rugoso, crispulo, brunneo, tomentoso, margine crassius-culo dilutiori, connivente, pilis rectis, subrigidis (circa ·1 mm. long), basidiis clavato-cylindricis, guttulatis. Sporis ellipticis, continuis, granulatis (·025-·028 × ·01 mm.).

On naked wood. Moona, New South Wales. (Crawford.)

Whether the genus, as described, be a good one or not, the present is evidently congeneric with the species hitherto associated under it. Perhaps the large clavate bodies in the hymenium may not be asci, but basidia. The species should be examined carefully when living.

Hymenochæte olivaceum, Cooke.

Effusum, atro-olivaceum, rugosum, velutinum, margine albido fibroso adnato circumdatum. Setis cylindrico-clavatis, scabrosis, deorsum profunde attenuatis, pallidis, contextu dense fibroso, intertexto.

On dead branches. Toorvoomba, Australia.

Resembling Hym. umbrinum B., but very different in colour, thinner, and with a distinct pale fibrous margin.

Mesophellia scleroderma, Cooke.

Peridio duro, suberoso, ochraceo, globoso-depresso $(1\frac{1}{2}-2)$ indiam.), extus ad apicem in areolas rhomboideas fissurato, intus olivaceo, centro vacuo. Sporis ellipticis, subhyalinis ($\cdot 01 \times \cdot 004$ mm.), capillitio obsoleto.

On the ground. New Zealand. (Reader, 50.)

Uredo Anguillaria, Cooke.

Amphigeua, soris gregariis, ellipticis, bullatis, din epidermide tectis, sporis globosis, vel globoso-ovalibus, lævibus, fuscis, episporio tenui (·02-·022 × ·02 mm.), pedicellis brevibus, hyalinis, deciduis.

On leaves of Anguillaria dioica. Guntawang, Upper Macquarie River, Australia. (Hamilton, No. 9.)

Uromyces microtidis, Cooke.

Amphigenum. Soris gregariis, sub-hemisphæricis, atro-fuscis, epidermide cinctis. Sporis ovalibus, verrucoso-asperatis, hyalino-apiculatis, fuscis (·03 × ·016 mm., apiculo inclusis), pedicellis brevissimis, deciduis.

On leaves of Microtis porrifolia. Bulladulah, N. S. Wales.

Zignoina subcorticalis, Cooke.

Sparsa. Peritheciis semi-immersis, pertusis, atris, opacis. Ascis cylindricis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, continuis (012 × 004 mm.).

Inside dead bark of trees. Australia.

Sphærella trichomanes, Cooke.

Sparsa vel subcæspitosa. Peritheciis semi-immersis, punctiformibus, atris, cuticulâ tenui primo tectis, punctato-pertusis. Ascis clavatis ('03 × '005 mm.), ostosporis. Sporidiis cylindricis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis ('008 × '002 mm.).

On living fronds of Trichomanes. Samoa.

Southern Asia.

Panus aureo-fulvus, Cooke.

Pileo carnoso, subcoriaceo, sessili, flabelliformi, multifido, velutino, aureo-fulvo; lamellis ad basim subdiscoideam decurrentibus, confertissimis, tenuissimis, angustis, concoloribus.

On logs. Perak, 1893.

Similar in size and general appearance to Ag. anthocephalus, Lev., but differs in the densely velvety pileus.

Lentinus brevipes, Cooke.

Pileo carnoso-coriaceo, tenui, infundibuliformi, pallido, fusco-maculato, glabrescente, margine sublobato, undulatove, striatulo; stipite brevi, deorsum attenuato, ochroleuco, subvelutino, vel subsquamoso; lamellis decurrentibus, furcatis, latinsculis, vix confertis, interstitiis subtomentosis, pallidis.

On logs. Perak, 4,342.

Pileus 3 in. in diam. Stem 1 in. long, \frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4} in. thick

Polyporus (Petaloides) cochleariformis, Cooke.

Pileo carnoso-lento, spathulato; velutino, glabrescente (sicco fuligineo) postice in stipitem elongatem attenuato, margine acuto demum lobato-fissurato; stipite subæquali cylindrico, quandoque connato, velutino, umbrino, ad basim discoideo; hymenio pallido poris rotundis, æqualibus, mox laceratis confluentibusque († mm. diam.) dissepimentis tenuibus.

On logs. Perak, 2821.

Pilens 1 in. broad, $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Stem $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 in. long, 3 millemetres thick, sometimes cæspitose.

Polystictus (Discipes) rigescens, Cooke.

Pileo carnoso-molli, tenui, demum rigido, contracto, flabelliformi, sæpe sublobato, zonato, purpureo-fusco, glabro, stereiformi, pos-

tice attenuato discoideo-affixi, margine acutissimo, flexuoso Hymenio albido. Poris minutissimis, sub lente vix conspicuis, æqualibus, rotundatis $(\frac{1}{-10}$ mm.) dissepimentis tenuibus.

On rotting logs. Perak, 4818.

Allied to P. thelephoroides, Hook, but not so thin, darker coloured, discoid at the base, and with much smaller pores.

Pileus 2-3 in. broad and long, thin, contracted and contorted in drying.

Polystictus (Discipes) Malaiensis, Cooke.

Pileo coriaceo, tenuí, flabelliformi, lobato, vinoso-fusco, zonato, sericeo-nitido, margine acuto; stipite brevi, disciformi, hymenio umbrino. Poris rotundis, æqualibus $(\frac{1}{6}$ mm.) dissepimentis tenuisculis, quandoque laceratis, contextu rhabarbarino.

On logs. Perak, 5398.

Pileus 3 in. or more long. Stem scarcely exceeding half an inch, often less. Allied to P. discipes, B.

Asterina concentrica, Cooke.

Maculis atrofuscis, orbicularibus vel confluentibus. Peritheciis minutis, applanatis, concentrice dispositis, margine radiante, ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, continuis (?) hyalinis, (.008 × .003 mm.) valde immaturis.

On culms of Saccharum, N.W. India.

Asterina crustacea Cooke.

Amphigena, crustacea, atra; peritheciis applanatis, in maculas orbicularibus confluentibus; margine radiato-fimbriato, arcte adnato; ascis obovato-pyriformibus, octosporis. Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, fuscis ('032-'015 × '016-'018 mm.).

On dead leaves of Rhododendron.

Mount Malabar 4000-7000 feet. Java. (Dr. Th. Anderson.)

South Africa.

Ecidium Loranthi, Cooke.

Gregarium, amphigenum. Peridiis emergentibus, elongatis, cylindraceis; ore lacerato; sporis angulariter subglobosis, aurantiacis ('02 mm. diam.).

On leaves of Loranthus. Botanic Garden, Durban. (J. M. Wood, No. 830.)

Cells of the peridium oblong, very irregular in size and outline about $\cdot 03 \times \cdot 02$ mm.

NORTH AMERICA.

Radulum concentricum, Che. & Ellis.

Late effusum, crustaceum, glabrum, lutescens, tuberculis inæqualibus, elongatis, subteretibus, aliis conicis, aliis spathulatis, aliisque confluentibus, plus minusve concentricalibus, plerumque ambitu abbreviatis, subvenosis.

On logs. Oregon. (J. B. Ellis.).

Cytispora smilacis, Cooke.

Stromatibus pustulatis, gregariis, convexis, innato-erumpentibus, pauci-locularibus, sporulis minutissimis, cylindricis, vix curvulis hyalinis (·004 × ·002 mm.) sterigmatibus duplo longioribus.

On exposed roots of Smilax. Darien, Georgia. (Ravenal, 3175.)

Hysterium (Gioniella) syconophilum, Cooke.

Peritheciis gregariis, lanceolatis, rectis vel flexuosis, atris, emergentibus, rimula longitudinali angusta notatis, ascis subclavatis, octosporis; sporidiis sublanceolatis, multinucleatis, demum quinqueseptatis, hyalinis ('036-'04 × '008-'01 mm.).

On living bark of Ficus carica. S. Carolina. (Ravenal, 4074.)

Ailographum arundinaris. Cooke.

Peritheciis erumpentibus, demum superficialibus, gregariis, linearibus, rectis, plerumque longitudinaliter confluentibus, labiis arctatis, atris subnitidis (1-2 mm. long). Ascis pyriformibus, octosporis; sporidiis subellipticis, deorsum attenuatis, uniseptatis, nec constrictis, hyalinis (013-015 × 005 mm.).

On culms of Arundinaria. Darien, Georgia. (Ravenal, 3223.)

SYNOPSIS PYRENOMYCETUM.

(Continued from Vol. XIII, p. 109.)

1508. Diatrype verruciformis, Ehr.

To this species may probably be referred Diatrypella affinis, Cooke, with elongated or confluent pustules on Sambucus; and also Diatrypella subglobata, Cooke and Gerard. On Robinia in the United States.

1604. Diatrype berberidis, Cooke.

Stromatibus verruciformibus, innato-erumpentibus, oblongis vel confluentibus, scabris, atris, ligno affixis; peritheciis minimis, numerosis. Ascis clavato-stipitatis, octosporis. Sporidiis allantoideis in parte sporifera stipatis, hyalinis ('014 × '002 mm.).

On branches of Berberis vulgaris. Near Bristol (C. Bucknall).

1626. Hillia ferruginea, Karst. Myc. Fenn. 20, 195.

We fail to see either the reason or the authority for altering this to Sillia. Sacc. Syll. 11., 361.

1652. Valsaria actidia, Berk & Rav. in Herb. Berk.

Stromatibus innato-emergentibus, peritheciis magnis, paucis (4-6), ostiolis cuneiformibus, stellato-dispositis. Ascis amplis (tetrasporis?). Sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, constrictis, fuscis $(0.04-0.042\times0.016-0.018 \text{ mm.})$.

On branches of Ostrya and Carpinus. S. Carolina (Rav. 2331,

2425).

Fam. 5. DIATRYPEÆ. Compositæ. Perithecia in stromate heterogeneum immersa.

- GEN. 1. DIATRYPE, Fries. Stroma erumpenti-subsuperficiale, effusum, disciforme, vel subverruciforme.
- * DIATRYPELLA. Not. Asci polyspori. Sporidia allantoidea, hyalina.

```
1508. verruciformis, Ehr.
                            743
                                  1522. minuta, Ntke.
                                                              757
    = affinis, Cooke.
                                  1523. melaleuca, Kze. ...
                                                              758
    = subglobata, Cke. & Ger.
                                  1524. quercina, P.
                                                              759
1509. favacea, Fr.
                            744
                                  1525. opaca, Cke.
                                                              760
                       ...
                                                         ...
1510. nigroannulata, Grev.
                                  1526. discoidea, C. & Pk.
                            745
                                                              761
      = angulata, Fr. ...
                                  1527. olivacea, C. & Ellis
                                                              762
1511. circumvallata, Nees.
                            746
                                  1528. irregularis, C. & Ellis
                                                             763
1512. Tocciæana, Not. ...
                            747
                                  1529. subfulva, B. & Curt.
                                                              764
                            748
                                  1530. Frostii, Peck.
1513. protrusa, Pr.
                                                              765
1514. decorata, Ntke. ...
                            749
                                  1531. betulina, Peck. ...
                                                              766
1515. exigua, Wint.
                            750
                                  1532. melasperma, Fr...
                                                              767
1516. pulvinata, Ntke. ...
                            751
                                  1533. Liriodendri, Schw.
                                                              768
1517. intermedia, Karst.
                            752
                                  1534. cephalanthi, Schw.
                                                              769
                            753
                                  1535. melaena, Ntke.
1518. aspera, Fr.
                                                              770
1519. sordida, P.
                            754
                                  1536. deusta, Ellis & M. 5911
1520. laevigata, Fckl. ...
                            755
                                  1537. placenta, Rehm. ... 5912
1521. eutypoides, Nsl. ...
                            756
                                  1538. prominens, Howe... 5913
  ** DIATRYPE.
                   Fries.
                            Asci octospori, sporidia allantoidea,
hyalina.
               a. Stictosphæria.
                                  Stroma effusum.
1539. stigma, Hoffm.
                            705
                                  1544. concolor, Schw. ... 4142
1540. platystoma, Schw.
                            707
                                  1545. afflata, Schw.
                                                         ... 1502
                                  1546. discostoma, Cke....
1541. hypoxyloides, Not.
                            708
                                                              730
1542. leucocreas, Mont....
                            719
                                  1547. subaffixa, Schwz.... 1545
1543. tenuissima, Cke....
                            729
                      Stroma disciforme vel sub-verruciforme.
   b. Discosphæria.
1548. disciformis, Hoffm.
                            703
                                  1561. collariata, C. & E.
                                                              716
1549. albopruinosa, Schw. 4143
                                  1562. capensis, K. & Cke.
                                                              717
1550. euphorea, Schw. ... 4131
                                  1563. caminata, K. & Cke.
                                                              718
1551. virescens, Schw.... 4134
                                  1564. consobrina, Mont.
                                                              720
1552. bullata, Hoffm. ...
                            704
                                  1565. Macowaniana, Thum.
                                                              721
1553. rimosa, Fckl.
                            706
                                  1566. laurina, Rehm.
                                                              722
1554. macrothecia, Speg.
                            709
                                  1567. ruficarnis, B. & C.
                                                              723
                            710
                                  1568. russodes, B. & Br.
1555. asterostoma, B. & C.
                                                              724
                            711
1556. hystrix, Fr.
                                  1569. polycocca, Fckl. ...
                                                              725
                                  1570. plagia, B. & C. ...
1557. fibritecta, C. & Ellis
                            712
                                                              726
1558. aurantii, Not.
                            713
                                  1571. orthosticha, Mont.
                                                              727
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714

715

1559. corniculata, Ehr....

1560. chlorosarca, $B \cdot \phi Br$.

728

1572. the loides, B. & Br.

1573. brassicæ, *Cke.*, Grev. xiii., 100.

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1574. Duriæi, Mont.
                           731
                                  1590. sordida, P.
                                                        ... 4145
1575. eucalypti, Cke.
                                  1591. sambucivora, Schw. 4155
                       ď
                           732
                                  1592. annulans, Schw. ... 4157
        Hk.
                       ...
1576. caricæ. Not.
                           733
                                  1593. bicolor, B. & Curt. 1461
                       •••
1577. acericola, Not.
                           734
                                  1594. callicarpæ, B.&Rav.,
                       •••
1578. Daldiniana, Not ....
                           735
                                          F. Car. iv., 41
1579. tristicha, Not.
                           736
                                 1595. capnostoma, B. & Rav.,
1580. radulans, B. & Cke.
                           737
                                          F. Car. iv., 42
1581. prominens, Cke. & Hk. 738
                                 1596. subferruginea, B. & Rav.,
1582. smilacicola, Schw.
                           739,
                                          F. Car. iv., 44
                                  1597. ceanothi, Cke. & Hark.,
        4137
                                          Grev. xiii., 17
1583. glomeraria, Berk.
                           740
1584. pachyloma, Lev....
                           742
                                  1598. variolosa, Schw. ... 4153
1585. azedarachtæ, Cke.
                          5908
                                  1599. manipularis, B. & C., in
                      ... 5909
1586. radiata, Ellis
                                          Herb. Curt.
                                 1600. petiginosa. Fr. (Mougeot.)
1587. Delacourii, Fab.... 5910
1588. friabilis, Pers. ... 4150
                                  1601. berberidis, Cke., Grev. xiv.
1589. rhois, Schw.
                       ... 4132
                    ** Imperfectæ cognitæ.
1602. pilulifera, Fries ... 4129
                                1604. collecta, Schw.
1603. subconfluens, Schw. 4154
                                 1605. æquilinearis, Schw. 4163
         ## Sporidia continua, subellipsoidea, hyalina.
1606. anomala, Peck. ... 1813 1607. interrupta, Mont.... 2394
       ** Sclerostoma. (a) Sporidia uniseptata, hyalina.
                                 1614. nucleata, Curr. ... 2393
1608. sphendamnina, B. &
                       ... 2367
                                 1615. crassiuscula, Sacc.
                                                            2406
        Curt.
                                 1616. sordida, Curr., Linn.
1609. platasca, Berk.
                      ... 2374
                      ... 2375
                                          Trans. xxv., 246
1610. aristata, Fr.
                      ... 2376
                                 1617. carpinigera, B. & C. 6092
1611. strumella, Fr.
                       ... 2379
                                 1618. bispora, B. & C., Rav. iv.,
1612. varians, Curr.
1613. helicis, Niessl.
                      ... 2380
              (b) sporidia uniseptata, appendiculata.
                      ... 2416
                                 1620. pyrrhocystis, B&Br. 2420
1619. hystrix, Tode.
              *** Calospora. Sporidia triseptata.
                       ... 3702
                                 1623. rhoina, C. & E. ... 3707
1621. ulicis, Fr.
1622. undulata, B. & B. 3705
             **** Hillia.
                            Sporidia multiseptata.
1624. ferruginea (Pers.) K. 4115
           **** Fuckelia. Sporidia continua, fusca.
                                 1627. cercidicola, B. & C. 1136
1625. microspora, Ellis... 1146
      = Ellisii, Sacc.
                                 1628. dryophila, Curr. ... 1149
                     ... 1128 1629. phæosperma, Ellis. 5936
1626. turgida, Fr.
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1630. denigrans, Curr 1148	1635. adusta, Cke. & Ell. 1142
1631. atrofusca, B. & Curt., Grev. xii., 51	1636. amplispora, Cke., Grev. xii., 51
1632. insidiosa, Cr 1139	1637. Auerswaldii, Nsl 1138
1633. linosperma, Mont. 1132	1638. amœna, Ntke 1145
1634. teniospora, Sacc 1130	1639. aceris, C. & Ellis 1423
***** Valsaria. Sporidia uniseptata, fusca.	
1640. insitiva, Ces 2807	1647. Farlowiana, Sacc 2824
	1648. moroides, Cke. & Pk. 2839

1649. lophiostoma, Hazs. 2841 1642. syconophila, Schulz. 2811 1650. actidia, B. & Rav., Grev. xiv. 1643. viticola, Schw. ... 2812

1644. diospyri, Schw. ... 2813

1645. anthostomoides, Sacc. 2817 1651. Robiniæ, Schw. ... 4133

1646. angularis, Peck. ... 2820

PRÆCURSORES AD MONOGRAPHIA POLYPORORUM.

BY M. C. COOKE.

(Continued from p. 119.)

Contextu pallido, lignicolori.

412 pinicola, Fr. Hym. Eur. 561.

413 marginatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 561.

414 pini-canadensis, Schw. Amer. Bor. 410.

415 rufopallidus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 561.

416 gelsorum, Fr. Hym. Eur. 563.

417 rugulosus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 188. = monochrous, Mont.

418 glabrescens, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839.

419 Steveni, Lev. Demid. Voy. 11. 91 t. 2.

420 dochmius, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 50.

421 cinnamomeus (Trog) Fr. Hym. Eur. 561.

422 squalidus, Fr. Epic. 469.

423 scabrosus, (P.) Fr. Epic. 469. 424 Thomsoni. Berk. Hook Journ. 1852, 142.

425 cupreus, Fr. Novæ. Symb. 48.

426 polytropus, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 49.

427 perpusillus (P.) Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 191. 428 introstuppeus, B. & C. Grev. xiii. 2.

429 sulcatus, Cke. Grev. xiii. 32.

* Contextu badio-fulvove.

430 sclerodes, Berk. Linn. Journ. x. 311.

431 mangiferæ, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 129.

- 432 fastuosus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 134.
- 433 sordidus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 192.
- 434 trachodes, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 192.
- 435 extensus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 129.
- 436 elatus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 129.
- 437 punctatus, Jungh. Fl. Java, 64.
- 438 multiplicatus, Mont. Syll. 156.
- 439 ochrolaccatus, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1842.
- 440 leucophæus, Mont. Syll. 157.
- 441 galegensis, Mont. Syll. 158.
- 442 conchatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 560.
- 443 lobatus, Schw. Amer. Bor. 409.
- 444 scalaris, Berk. Hook. Journ. vii. 236.
- 445 sclerodermus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 129.
- 446 megaloma, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 128.
- 447 rhodophæus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 190.
- 448 Inzengæ (Not.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 557.
- 449 mirus, Kalch. Bullet. Mosc. 1877.
- 450 badius, Berk., in Herb.

** Contextu umbrino v. fusco-purpureo.

- 451 australis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 556.
- 452 chilensis, Fr. Nov. Sym. 47.
- 453 applanatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 557.
- 454 nitens, Fr. Epicr. 463.
- 455 pediformis, Fr. Epicr. 463.
- 456 orbiformis, Fr. Epicr. 463.
- 457 nigro-laccatus, Cke. Grev. ix. 97.
- 458 endophæus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 142.
- 459 Œrstedtii, Fr. Nova Symb. 47.
- 460 atro-umbrinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 199.
- 461 mortuosus, Fr. Nova Symb. 48.
- 462 subflexibilis, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 311.
 - 463 verruculosus (Mey.) Fr. Epic. 464. 464 vegetus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 556.
 - 465 naguanus Mont Sull 158
 - 465 peguanus, Mont. Syll. 158.

** Contextu ferrugineo.

- 466 fomentarius, Linn. Suec. No. 1252.
- 467 excavatus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 387.
- 468 nigricans, Fr. Hym. Eur. 558.
- 469 igniarius, Fr Hym. Eur. 559. 470 marmoratus, Berk. & Curt.
- 471 zealandicus, Cke. Grev. viii. p. 55.
- 472 rimosus, Berk. Hook Journ. 1845, 54.
- 473 roburneus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 557.
- 474 fulvus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 559.
 - (= Novæ-Angliæ, B. & C. Grev. 1. 51.)
- 475 loniceræ, Weinm. Syll. 102. var. euonymi, Kalch.

476 tropicus, Jungh. Fl. Java, 63.

477 scleromyces, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 312.

478 rhytiphlæus, Mont. Sci. Nat. v. 369.

479 gryphæformis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 54.

480 leprosus, Fr. Epic. 464.

481 glaucotus, Cke. Grev. IX. 13.

482 ribis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 560.

483 fusco-purpureus, Boud. Bull. Soc. Fr. 1881, 92.

— rubriporus, Quelet.

484 salicinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 560.

485 Korthalsii, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 133.

486 albo-marginatus, Zipp. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 191.

487 aruensis, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 43.

488 ? focalis, Kalch. Grev. x. 54.

*** Contextu flavo v. olivaceo.

489 endothejus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 46.

490 subolivaceus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 313.

**** Contextu rubro.

491 crocitinctus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 311.

492 kermes, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 49.

493 pyrrhocreas, Cke. Grev. xiv. 11.

494 lateritius, Cke. Grev. ix. 12.

495 Demidoffii, Lev. Demid. Voy. ii. 93.

496 roseus, A. & S. Fr. Hym. Eur. 562.

E. Impoliti. Pileus dimidiatus, lignosus, perennis, primitus anodermeus, floccosus l. pruinosus, dein indurato-incrustatus, a substantia ipsa rigente. Contextus fibroso-radians, descendens in poros stipatos elongatos non stratosos.

* Contextu paliido.

497 Martius, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 198.

498 hemileucus, B. & Curt. Linn. Journ. x. 312.

499 exotephrus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 49.

500 contrarius, B. & Curt. in Herb. Berk. 2634.

** Contextu fulvo cinnamomeove.

501 tasmanicus, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 254.

502 Fullageri, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 54.

503 inamænus, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1842, 22.

504 auriformis, Mont. Syll. 160. 505 sarcitus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 50.

506 capucinus, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. v. 369.

507 heteroporus, Mont. Syll. 156.

508 rufo-flavus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 310.

509 pullus, Mont. Syll. 157.

510 pusiolus, Ces. Fungi Borneensis.

511 scutellatus, Schw. Amer. Bor. 387.

* Contextu rhabarbarino vel ferrugineo.

- 512 holosclerus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 200.
- 513 spadiceus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 388.
- 514 caryophylleus, Cke. Grev.
- 515 inflexibilis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 199. — recurvus, Berk.
- 516 pectinatus (Klot.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 559.
- 517 linteus, Berk. U.S. Exp. Ex. No. 96.
- 518 calvescens, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 390.
- 519 caliginosus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 46.
- 520 rubiginosus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. iii. 324.
- 521 loricatus, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 86.
- 522 substygius, B. & Br. Ceylon Fungi No. 463.

Contextu umbrino.

- 523 nicaraguensis, B. & Curt. Proc. Am. Acad. iv. 122.
- 524 Gourliei, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 253.
- 525 endopalus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiii. 163.
- 526 calcitratus, B. & Curt. Linn. Journ. x. 314.
- 527 strigatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 502.
- 528 Curreyi, Berk. in Herb. Berk. = xerophyllaceus, Currey.
 - *** Contextu atroviolaceo.
- 529 melanoporus, Mont. Cuba 422.

*** Contextu ignotæ.

- 530 ponderosus, Kalch. Grev. x. 99.
- F. Levigati. Pileus dimidiatus, lignosus (etiam primitus aridus quo a Lignescentibus supra differt) cuticula tenui, lævigata (non discreta heterogenea) tectus subpolitus (junior vero saepe flocculosus). Pori stipati, non stratosi, contextus floccosofibrillosus, pallidior.—*Lignosi*, Fr. Epic. 470.
 - * Contextu albo v. albido.
- 531 connatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 563.
- 532 Neesii, Fr. Hym. Eur. 564.
- 533 annosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 564. = scoticus, Klot.
- 534 populinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 564.
- 535 castaneus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 564.
- 536 ægerita, Fr. Nova Symb. 55, 537 microporus, Fr. Epic. 472.
- 538 nubilus, Fr. Epic. 471.
- 539 cingulatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1854, 164.
- 540 Thwaitesii, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1854, 228.

** Contextu pallido.

541 fraxineus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 563.

= fraxinophilus, Peck. Bot. Gaz. 1872, 43.

542 hemitephrus, Berk. Fl. N. Zeal. ii. 179.

543 variegatus (Secr.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 563.

544 fasciatus, Fr. Epic. 470.

545 semitostus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 143.

546 ferreus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 502.

547 concentricus, Cke. Grev. ix. 13.

548 lævissimus, Fr. Epic. 470.

549 Kamphæveni, Fr. Nova Symb. 53.

550 scopulosus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 143.

551 sanguinarius (Klot.), Fr. Epicr. 471.

552 oblinitus, Berk. in Herb. Kewensis.

* Contextu carneo.

553 carneus, Nees. Nova Acta. xiii. t. 3.

554 coccineus, Fr. Nova Symb. 51.

= pandani, Fr. Epic. 469?

* Contextu umbrino.

555 cinereo-fuscus, Curr. Linn. Trans. 1876, 124.

556 placodes, Kalch. Grev. iv. 73.

557 tostus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1844, 189.

558 semi-laccatus, Berk. in Herb.

559 arenosus, Cke. Grev. xiii. 2. 560 sepiater, Cke. Grev. ix. 100.

*** Contextu rhabarbarino v. ferrugineo.

561 adamantinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 141.

562 omalopilus, Mont. Cub. 423.

= carneo-sulvus, Berk.

563 Palliseri, Berk. in Herb. Berk. No. 2562. = Trametes arcticus, Berk. No. 3044.

564 supinus, Fr. Epic. 471.

= Valenzuelianus, Mont. Cub. t. 15 f. 4.

565 incrassatus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 41.

= renisormis, Morg. Bot. Gaz. 1882, 136.

G. Resupinati. Pileus resupinatus vel margine reflexo.

566 cryptarum (Bull.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 566.

567 tropicalis, Cke. Grev. xiii. 32.

568 obliquus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 570.

569 luridus, Kalch. Grev. x. 103.

570 bistratosus, B. & Cke. Linn. Journ. xv. 384.

571 acupunctatus, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 52.

572 bicolor, Jungh. Fl. Java 54.

MUSCOLOGIA GALLICA.

Mons. T. Husnot is publishing a work under the above title in Royal octavo, to be completed in 10 parts, at five francs each. The letterpress consists of 32 pages in each part, and is accompanied by eight or ten plates, so that the entire work will contain some 320 pages of printing, and from 80 to 100 plates. The latter are in the style, and remind one of Wilson's "Bryologia," although not so neat and clear in execution, exhibiting, in fact, just the difference between plate-printing and lithography. Nevertheless there can be no just complaint when the price is taken into consideration, and we doubt not British Bryologists will find it very useful during the period which must elapse before the completion of Dr. Braithwaite's more elaborate work, which, by the way, we should be glad to see at shorter and less uncertain intervals.

WOOLHOPE FUNGUS FORAY.

The Woolhope Fungus Week commences this year on Monday, Oct. 5th, and the Club day is fixed for Thursday, Oct. 8th. Preceding this, on Friday and Saturday, Oct. 2nd and 3rd, the Essex Field Club hold their annual Fungus Excursions in Epping Forest.

Fungi Moricolæ, di A. N. Berlese. Part I.—This is decidedly in advance of the mycological works which have been published in Italy for many years, in its illustrations; and ten large octavo plates, in colour, with letterpress, cannot be considered at all unreasonable at five francs. We note the improvement with pleasure, and recommend the work to our readers, in the assurance that it will give satisfaction. The present part includes figures of 16 Ascomycetes, 3 Sphæropsidei, and 1 Hymenomycete.

British Fresh Water Alge.—Messrs. Watson and Sons, of No. 313, High Holborn, are issuing a series of 24 microscopical slides, illustrating the most important genera of British Fresh Water Alge, for the use of students, as a help to the beginner in this interesting branch of biology. Of course they are only a selection from the 120 genera, but even a selection will be found useful as a commencement, and nothing more was possible within the essential limits of number and price. It is confidently hoped that time will prove them well and permanently prepared, as well as carefully selected.

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BRITISH SPHÆROPSIDEÆ.

Provisional List of Species Hitherto found in the British ISLANDS.

By M. C. COOKE.

In the following catalogue the arrangement is based on the third volume of Saccardo's "Sylloge," with slight modifications as to the grouping. It includes all the species known to us, which have been discovered in Britain since the publication of the " Handbook."

SPHEROPSIDEE, Lev.

Sporules (Stylospores and Spermatia of authors) without asci, produced on more or less manifest basidia, or sporophores, enclosed within a perithecium.

SPHÆRIOIDEÆ, Sacc.

Perithecia membranaceous, carbonaceous, or somewhat coriaceous (not fleshy or brightly coloured) globose, conical, or lenticular, entire, immersed or superficial.

Sub.-Fam. I. $PHOMOIDE \pounds.$

Perithecia scattered, submembranaceous or carbonaceous, naked, usually papillate, not rostellate, opening by a pore. Sporules hyaline (rarely slightly coloured), for the most part continuous. Growing mostly on dead parts of plants.

GEN. 1. PHOMA, Fries, Sacc. Syll. III., 65.

Perithecia subcutaneous, then erumpent, submembranaceous, subcoriaceous, or subcarbonaceous, globose or compressed, smooth, erostrate, with a minute ostiolum, which is sometimes obsolete. Sporules ovoid, fusoid, cylindrical, rarely sphæroid, continuous, hyaline, often biguttulate. Basidia fiiliform, sometimes very short or obsolete, simple, rarely furcate.

1. On woody Dicotyledons.

A: RAMICOLÆ.

- 1. Phoma colutes, Sacc. Syll. 385. On Colutea arborescens. Kew: Dalston.
- 2. Phoma coronillæ, West. Sacc. Syll. 386. On Coronilla emerus, and Baccharis halamifolia.
- 3. Phoma sophore, Sacc. Syll. 389.
 - On Sophora japonica.
- 4. Phoma sarothamni, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 391. On Sarothamnus. Swanscombe.
- 5. Phoma amorphæ, Sacc. Syll. 393. On Amorpha fruticosa. Kew.

- 6. Phoma herminieræ, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 93. On Herminiera elaphroxylon. Kew.
- 7. Phoma rudis, Sacc. Syll. 395. On Laburnum, Kew.
- 8. Phoma Ryckholtii, Sacc. Syll. 404. On Symphoricarpus. Kew.
- 9. Phoma xylostei, Cke. & Hk. Sacc. Syll. 405. On Lonicera, Kew.
- Phoma lonicers, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 407.
 On Lonicera. Irstead (F.B. I., 616.)
- 11. Phoma viventis, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 2. On living twigs of Lonicera. Kew.
- 12. Phoma Beckhausii, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 91. On Viburnum lantana. Dartford; Kew.
- 13. Phoma weigeliæ, Speg. Sacc. Syll. 409. On Weigelia rosea. Kew.
- 14. Phoma sambucina, Succ. Syll. 411. On Sambucus nigra.
- 15. Phoma sambucella, Sacc. Syll. 412. On Sambucus nigra. Kew.
- Phoma vicinum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 413.
 On decorticated Sambucus nigra. Whitehall; Ascot.
- Phoma Landeghemis, Sacc. Syll. 414.
 On Philadelphus. Kew.
- 18. Phoma philadelphi, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 93. On Philadelphus. Kew.
- Phoma foveolaris, Fries. Sacc. Syll. 419.
 On Euonymus. Kew.
- 20. Phoma celastrine, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 92. On Euonymus americanus. Kew.
- 21. Phoma berberina, Sacc. Syll. 420. On Berberis vulgaris. Kew.
- 22. Phoma prunorum, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 92. On Prunus lauro-cerasus. Kew.
- 23. Phoma pruni-lusitanicæ, Cooke. Grer. XIII., 92. On Prunus lusitanica. Kew.
- 24. Phoma Libertiana, Sacc. & Roum. Sacc. Syll. 427. On Larix europæus. Kew.
- Phoma sorbariæ, Sacc. Syll. 439.
 On Spiræa callosa, and S. opulifolia. Kew.
- 26. Phoma opulifoliæ, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 2. On Spiræa opulifolia. Kew.
- 27. Phoma mali, Sch. & Sacc. Sacc. Syll. 440. On apple twigs. Kew.
- 28. Phoma ambigua, Sacc. Syll. 441. On pear twigs. Kew; Hampstead.
- 29. Phoma amelanchieris, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 93. On Amelanchier. Kew.

- 30. Phoma Mulleri, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 445. On Rubus. Eastbourne.
- 31. Phoma pusilla, Sch. & Sacc. Sacc. Syll. 450. On Rosa canina. Kew.
- 32. Phoma incarcerata, Sacc. Syll. 453. On Rosa canina. Kew.
- Phoma japonica, Sacc. Syll. 458.
 On Kerria japonica. Neatishead (Norfolk).
- Phoma vinifere, Cooke (viticola, Sacc. Syll. 463).
 On Vitis vinifera. Kew.
- 35. Phoma vitis, Bon. Sacc. Syll. 464. On Vitis vinifera. King's Lynn; Shere.
- 36. Phoma Gookei, Pir. Sacc. Syll. 468. On Vitis vinifera. Terrington (F.B. I., 618).
- 37. Phoma diplodioides, Sacc. Syll. 475. On Æsculus hippocastanum. Kew.
- 38. Phoma scobina, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 92.
 On Fraxinus excelsior. Kew; Highgate; Darenth.
- 39. Phoma forsythia, Cooks. Grev. XIII., 92. On Forsythia. Kew.
- 40. Phoma aromatica, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 3. On Calycanthus occidentalis. Kew.
- 41. Phoma domestica, Sacc. Syll. 480. On Jasminum officinale. Kew.
- 42. Phoma jasmini, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 2. On Jasminum officinale. Kew.
- 43. Phoma depressa, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 481. On Syringa vulgaris. Kew.
- 43.* Phoma laurella, Sacc. Syll. 486. On Laurus nobilis. Kew.
- 44. Phoma rhododendri, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 93. On Rhododendron. Kew.
- 45. Phoma rhoina, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 503. On Rhus. Whitehall; Swanscombe.
- 46. Phoma corni, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 506. On Cornus. Kew.
- 47. Phoma pulla, Sacc. Syll. 511. On Hedera helix. Kew; Neatishead.
- 48. Phoma barbari, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 3. On Lycium barbarum. Kew.
- 49. Phoma viridarii, Sacc. Syll. 523. On Magnolia. Kew.
- 50. Phoma stictica, B. & Br. Saco. Syll. 524. On Buxus sempervirens. Shrewsbury; Kew.
- 51. Phoma cistina, Cooke, Grev. XIV., 3. On Cistus laurifolius. Kew.
- 52. Phoma Robergeana, Sacc. Syll. 524. On Staphylea pennata. Kew.

- 53. Phoma staphylese, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 2. On Staphylea pennata, &c. Kew.
- 54. Phoma ophites, Sacc. Syll. 527. On Hibiscus syriacus. Kew.
- 55. Phoma exul, Sacc. Syll. 528. On Maclura aurantiaca. Kew.
- 56. Phoma loti, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 2. On Diospyros lotus. Kew.
- 57. Phoma tecomæ, Saco. Syll. 536. On Tecoma radicans. Kew.
- 58. Phoma radicantis, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 92. On living Tecoma radicans. Kew.
- 59. Phoma platanoides, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 93. On Acer pseudoplatanus. Kew.
- 60. Phoma Lebiseyi, Sacc. Syll. 541. On Negundo aceroides. Kew.
- 61. Phoma velata, Sacc. Syll. 542.
 On Tilia europæa. Kew; Highgate; Blackheath.
- 62. Phoma paulowniæ, Thum. Sacc. Syll. 545. On Paulownia imperialis. Kew.
- 63. Phoma tamaricella, Sacc. Syll. 551. On Tamarix. Kew; Walmer.
- 64. Phoma tamarisci, Mont. Sacc. Syll. 553. On Tamarix gallica. Kew.
- 65. Phoma elwagnella, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 4.
 On Elwagnus. Kew.
- 66. Phoma hapalocystis, Sacc. Syll. 554. On Platanus. Kew.
- 67. Phoma nothum, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 556. On Platanus. Near Bristol.
- 68. Phoma radula, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 557. On Platanus. Batheaston.
- 69. Phoma moricola, Sacc. Syll. 564. On Morus nigra. Kew.
- 70. Phoma crassipes, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 2. On Broussonetia papyrifera. Kew.
- 71. Phoma cinexescens, Sacc. Syll. 567. On Ficus carica. Kew; Highgate.
- 72. Phoma juglandina, Sacc. Syll. 568. On Juglans regia. Kew.
- 73. Phoma quercella, Sacc. & Roum. Sacc. Syll. 569. On Quercus coccinea. Kew.
- 74. Phoma salicina, West. Sacc. Syll. 578. On Salix. Kew.
- 75. Phoma ligustrina, Sacc. Syll. 580. On Ligustrum. Regent's Park.
- 76. Phoma mutica, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 581. On Alnus glutinosa.

- Phoma oppilata, Fries. Sacc. Syll. 585.
 On Betula. Kew.
- 78. Phoma eres, Sacc. Syll. 586. On Ulmus. Kew; Hampstead.
- Phoma planiuscula, Saoc. Syll, 587.
 On Robinia pseudacacia. Swanscombe.
 On Ulmus campestris. Kew; Highgate.
- 80. Phoma celtidis, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 3. On Celtis occidentalis. Kew.

B. FOLITCOLE.

- 81. Phoma parca, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 592. On leaves of Abies excelsa. Batheaston.
- 82. Phoma strobi, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 603.
 On leaves and cones of Pinus strobus.
 Glamis; Spye Park.
- Phoma geniculata, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 604.
 On leaves of Pinus strobus. Spye Park; Menmuir.
- 83* Phoma thujana, Thum. Sacc. Syll., 605.
 On leaves and twigs of Thuja. Lyndhurst.
- 84. Phoma taxi, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 606.
 On leaves of Taxus baccata. Forden (F.B. 1. 529.)
- 84* Phoma hysterella Sacc. Syll., 607.
 On leaves of Taxus baccata. Hampton in Arden (W. B. Grove.)
- 85. **Phoma petiolorum**, Desm. Sacc. Syl. 611. On petioles of Robina. Dartford.
- 86. Phoma leucostigma, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 623. On leaves of Hedera and Buxus. Kew.
- 87. Phoma Candollei, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 624.
 On leaves of Buxus. Swanscombe (F.B. 1. 159.)
- 87* Phoma Mirbelii, Fr. Sacc. Syll., 625, including P. delitescens, Wallr.
 Sacc. Syll., 626.

On leaves of Box. Kent; Hampton in Arden (W. B. G.)

- 87# Phoma ilicicola, C. & E., Sacc. Syll., 629. On holly leaves. Hampton in Arden (W. B. G.)
- 88. Phoma sorbi, Lasch. Sacc. Syll. 634.
 On leaves of S. aucuparia. Highgate (F.B. 1. 128); Shere;
 Lancashire; Tay; Ross; (N.B.)
- 89. Phoma collabens, Cooke. Grev. XIII. 94.
 On living leaves of Prunus lusitanica. Kew.
- 90. Phoma piceata, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 638. On rose leaves. King's Cliffe.
- 91. Phoma rhodors, Cooke. Grev. xiv., 8. On Rhododendron leaves. Kew.
- 92. Phoma subnervisequum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 670. On Lathyrus. (Rev. T. Salwey.)
- Phoma cylindrospora, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 671.
 On leaves and petioles of Ivy. Forfarshire.

- 94. Phoma Ralfsii, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 672. On leaves of Hedera helix. Aberystwyth.
- 95. Phoma visci, Sacc. Syll. 673. On Mistletoe.
- 96. Phoma dispersa, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 93. On leaves of Platanus. Kew.
- 97. Phoma aucubæ, West. Sacc. Syll. 684.
 On leaves of Aucuba. Highgate; Kew.

 var. ramealis.
 On twigs of Aucuba. (Rev. J. E. Vize.)
- 98. Phoma mahoniæ, Thum. Sacc. Syll. 695. On leaves of Mahonia. Kew.

2. On Herbaceous Dicotyledons.

A. CAULICOLE.

- 99. Phoma vulgaris, Sacc. Syll. 707.
 On twigs of Clematis vitalba. Kew; Dartford.
- 100. Phoma lingam, Tode. Sacc. Syll. 709. On Cabbage stalks. Hampstead; Kew.
- 101. Phoma caryophylli, Cooke. Grev. XIII. 94.
 On stems and calyces of cultivated Pinks. Shrewsbury.
- 102. **Phoma phaseoli,** Desm. Sacc. Syll. 717. On stems of Phaseolus. Highgate.
- 103. Phoma alcearum, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 94. On Hollyhock. Kew.
- 104. Phoma malvacearum, West. Sacc. Syll. 729.
 On Malva. Kew; Hendon; Leatherhead.
- 105. Phoma arctii, Lasch. Sacc. Syll. 731. On Lappa. Kew; Dartford; Highgate.
- 106. Phoma dipsaci, Cooke. Grev. XIII. 94. On Dipsacus sylvestris. Kew.
- 107. Phoma albicans, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 734.
 On peduncles of Compositæ. Tottenham.
- 108. Phoma achillem, Sacc. Syll. 738. On Achillea millefolia. Kew.
- 109. Phoma solidaginis, Cooke. Grev. XIII. 94. On Solidago. Kew; Whitehall.
- 110. Phoma dahlis, Berk. Sacc. Sytt. 1015. On Dahlia. Kew; King's Cliffe.
- 111. **Phoma longissima**, Fries. Sacc. Syll. 748. On stems of Umbelliferæ. Berwick.
- 112. **Phoma complanata**, Pers. Sacc. Syll. 751. On herb stems. Highgate; Darenth.
- 113. Phoma asteriscus, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 753.
 On Heracleum. Highgate; Thirsk; Jedburgh.
- 114. Phoma rubella, Cooke. Grev. xiv., 3.
 On stems of Umbelliferæ. Kew.

- 115. Phoma projecta, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 755. On Heracleum. Mickleham; Swanscombe.
- 116. Phoma lycopersici, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 94.
 On stems of Tomato. Forden (Rev. J. E. Vize.)
- 117. Phoma dulcamara, Sacc. Syll. 759. On Solanum dulcamara. Kew.
- 118. Phoma tatulæ, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 762. On Datura stramonium. Kew.
- 119. Phoma nitidula, Sacc. Syll. 766. On Scrophularia. Neatishead (Norfolk).
- 120. Phoma exrabunda, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 767. On Verbascum. Darenth (F.B. 1. 619).
- 121. Phoma polemonii, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 94. On Polemonium cæruleum. Kew.
- 122. Phoma labiatarum, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 94. On Marrubium. Kew.
- 123. Phoma devastatrix, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 791. On Lobelia. Shrublands.
- 124. Phoma spirma, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 792. On Spiræa ulmaria. Kew; Tottenham; Irstead.
- 125. Phoma herbarum, West. Sacc. Syll. 793.
 On Digitalis. Kew.
 On Ruta. Regent's Park.
 On petioles of Catalpa. Highgate.
 On Malva. Kew; Swanscombe.
 On Aristolochia sipho. Kew.
 On Menispermum. Kew.
- 126. Phoma acuta, Fries. Sacc. Syll. 794. On Urtica and Ballota. Hampstead.
- 127. Phoma exigua, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 797. On Ranunculus. Abridge; Hendon.
- 128. Phoma polygonorum, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 3. On Polygonum cuspidatum. Kew.
- 129. Phoma onagracearum, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 95. On Epilobium angustifolium. Kew. On Enothera biennis. Kew.
- 130. Phoma nebulosa, Pors. Sacc. Syll. 801.
 On Urtica. Shere (F.B. I., 621), Thirsk; Berwick; Edinburgh; Norfolk.
- 131. Phoma subordinaria, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 805. On Plantago. King's Lynn (F.B. 1., 617.; 11., 13).
- 132. Phoma oleracea, Sacc. Syll. 802.
 On Erystmum alliaria, Sisymbrium austriacum. Kew.
- 133. Phoma sarmenticia, Sacc. Syll. 807. On Menispermum canadense. Kew. On Cocculus carolinianus. Kew.
- 134. Phoma calystegia, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 94. On Calystegia sepium. Kew.

- 135. Phoma cacti, Berk. Saco. Syll. 817. On Cactus. Highgate.
- 136. Phoma livella, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 824. On stems of Vinca. Swanscombe.
- 137. Phoma Durandiana, Sacc. & Roum. Sacc. Syll. 828. On Rumex. Kew; Totteridge; Dartford.
- 138. Phoma lysimachiæ, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 94. On Lysimachia vulgaris. Kew.
- 139. Phoma superflua, Sacc. Syll. 826. On Scabiosa. Aberdeen.

B. FOLIICOLE.

- 140. Phoma vincæ, Curr. Sacc. Syll. 862. On leaves of Vinca. Bungay.
 - 3. On Fruits and Flowers of Dicotyledons.
- 141. Phoma leguminum, West. Sacc. Syll. 870.
 On various legumes. Forden (F.B. 11., 414); Hampstead.
- 142. Phoma capsularum, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 874. On pods of Robinia, &c. Highgate.
- 142* Phoma lineolata, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 896.
 On scales of Larch. Hampton in Arden (W. B. G.)
- 143. Phoma glandicola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 900. On acorns. Kew; Hampstead; Dartford.
- 144. Phoma samaxorum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 911.
 On samara of Fraxinus. Highgate (F.B. 1. 160); Thirsk; Hampstead (F.B. 11., 15); Fern, N.B.; Norfolk; Kew; Shere; Dartford; Shrewsbury.
- 145. Phoma morphea, Sacc. Syll. 916.
 On capsules and stems of Papaver somniferum. Kew.
- 146. Phoma eriophorum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 919. On chestnuts. Batheaston.

4. On Monocotyledons.

- 147. Phoma chamæropis, Cooke, Grev., XIII., 95. On palm petioles. Kew.
- 148. Phoma tamicola, Cooke, Grev., XIII., 95.
 On stems of Tamus.
- 149. Phoma microscopicum, B. & Br. Sacc., Syll., 948. On stems of Potamogeton.
- 150. Phoma acori, Cooke, Grev., XIII., 95. On Acorus calamus. Kew; Totteridge.
- 151. Phoma asparagi, Sacc. Syll. 966.
 On stems of Asparagus. Hampstead.
- 152. Phoma rusci, Sacc. Syll. 968.
 On stems and phyllodes of Ruscus. Kew.
- 153. Phoma arundinacea, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 983. On reeds.



- 154. Phoma typharum, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 987. On Typha. Kew.
 - 5. On Cryptogamia.
- 155. Phoma epitricha, B. & Br. 8acc. Syll. 1005. On Equisetum. Pitsligo.
 - 6. On Miscellaneous Substances.
- 156. Phoma chartarum, B. & C. Sacc. Syll. 1008. On paper. London.
- GEN. 2. APOSPHÆRIA, Sacc. (not B. & Br.).

Perithecia globose, papillate, subcarbonaceous, superficial, or with the base sunk into the matrix. Sporules ovoid, oblong, or almost spherical, continuous, hyaline; basidia absent or very short, mostly growing on wood.

- 157. Aposphæria epileuca (Berk.), Sacc. Syll. 1018. On pine planks. Woodnewton.
- 158. Aposphæria bicuspidata (Berk.), Sacc. Syll. 1026. On pine planks. Woodnewton.
- 159. Aposphæria inophila (Berk.), Sacc. Syll. 1050. On maple planks. King's Cliffe.
- 160. Aposphæria ulmicola (Berk.), Sacc. Syll. 1053.
 On elm planks. King's Cliffe.
- 161. Aposphæria mucifera (Berk.), Sacc. Syll. 1054.
 On elm planks. King's Cliffe.
- 162. Apospheria glomerata, Corda, Sacc. Syll. 1055. On elm chips. King's Cliffe.
- 163. Aposphæria fibricola (Berk.), Sacc. Syll. 1058.
 On oak, ash, elm and poplar wood. Forden, King's Cliffe.
- GEN. 3. DENDROPHOMA, Sacc. Syll. 111., 178.

Perithecia subcutaneous, rarely superficial, subglobose, papillate, between membranaceous and carbonaceous, naked. Sporules oblong, ovoid or allantoid, hyaline. Basidia branched, often in a verticillate manner.

- 164. Dendrophoma pruinosa, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1077.
 On branches of Fraxinus. Twycross.
- GEN. 4. MEOTTIOSPORA, Desm., Sacc. Syll. 111. 206.

Perithecia wholly immersed, sphærical, membranaceous, opening by a round or irregular pore. Sporules oblong-fusoid, with a tuft of setæ at the apex, continuous, hyaline.

165. Meottiospora caricum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1294.
On dead Carices. Rudloe (Wilts). Batheaston; Moray.

GEN. 5. CONIOTHYRIUM, Cordá. Sacc. Syll. 111., 305.

Perithecia subcutaneous, erumpent, or somewhat superficial, globose or depressed, papillate, membranaceous or rather carbonaceous. Sporules globose or ellipsoid, small, continuous, diaphanous, slightly coloured; basidia short, simple, or obsolete.

- 166. Coniothyrium hederæ, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1728. On leaves and twigs of ivy. King's Cliffe.
- 167. Coniothyrium cassiscolum, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 96. On stems of Cassia Marylandica. Kew.
- 168. Coniothyrium spherospermum, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1733, On Ulex. New Forest.
- 169. Coniothyrium concentricum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1789.
 On leaves of Yucca. King's Lynn; Oswestry; Kew; Northamptonshire.

GEN. 6. RHABDOSPORA, Mont. Sacc. Syll. 111., 578.

Perithecia sub-cuticular, erumpent, globose, or depressed, typically papillate, sometimes hysteriform. Sporules rod-shaped or thread-like, multiguttulate, or pseudo-septate, hyaline.

- 170. Rhabdospora ramealis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3151. On bramble twigs. Barnet.
- 171. Rhabdospora Muggenbergii, Sace. Syll. 3155. On branches of Vitis vinifera. Kew.
- 172. Rhabdospora salicella, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3178.
 On branches of Salix. Penzance.
- 173. Rhabdospora lituus, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3183. On branches. Penzance.
- 174. Rhabdospora fibriseda, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 3186. On birch wood. King's Cliffe.

GEN. 7. DILOPHOSPORA, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 111., 600.

Perithecia globose, pierced, often immersed in a crustaceous stroma. Sporules cylindrical, continuous, hyaline, ornamented with a tuft of setæ at each extremity.

175. Dilophospora graminis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3261. On wheat and grasses. Ely; Kidbrooke; King's Cliffe.

Sub-Fam. II. SPHÆRONEMEÆ.

Perithecia naked, distinctly rostellate; sporules for the most part continuous, and hyaline.

GEN. 1. SPHERONEMA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 185.

Perithecia membranaceous, coriaceous or carbonaceous, innate or superficial, globose, with a more or less subulate ostiolum. Sporules ovoid or oblong, continuous, subhyaline, forming when expelled a globule at the apex of the ostiolum.

- 175.*Spheronema emulans, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 1160. On wood. Epping Forest.
- 176. Spheronema deformans, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 1167. On leaves of Eranthemum pulchellum.
- 177. Spheronema epimyces, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 1176. On Corticium comedens.
- GEN. 2. CICINNOBOLUS, Ehr. Sacc. Syll. 111. 216.

Perithecia small, conical, oblong, or somewhat pear-shaped, membranaceous, ochrey-brown, pierced at the apex, parasitic amongst the threads of *Oidium*. Sporules ovoid, continuous, hyaline, expelled in a long tendril.

178. Cicinnobolus cesatii, DBary. Sacc. Syll. 1293. Parasitic on Oidium erysiphoides.

This sub-family includes also the genera—
Rhynchophoma, Karst. Sacc. Syll. 111., 414.
Sphærographium, Sacc. Syll. 111., 596.
Cornularia, Karst. Sacc. Syll. 111., 598,
but we know of no British species.

Sub-Fam. III. VERMICULARIÆ, Fr.

Perithecia tomentose, villous, or clad with hairs, bristles, spines, or hair-like processes. Sporules chiefly continuous and hyaline.

GEN. 1. VERMICULARIA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 221.

Perithecia erumpent or subsuperficial, membranaceo-carbonaceous, black, globose or conical, at length often concave, pierced at the apex, or astomous, clothed with rather long, rigid, septate dark-coloured bristles. Sporules cylindrical, fusiform, often unequal-sided, continuous, hyaline.

- 179. Vermicularia trichella, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1329. On ivy leaves. Stratford-on-Avon; Highgate; Dartford.
- 180. Vermicularia dematium, Fr. Saco. Syll. 1336. On herbaceous stems. Twycross; King's Cliffe; Darenth. (F. B. 11., 116.)
- 181. Vermicularia eryngii, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1342. On Eryngium. Fleetwood.
- 182. Vermicularia atramentaria, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 1345. On potato stems. Forden.
- 183. Vermicularia circinans, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 1376. On onions.
- 184. Vermicularia liliacearum, West. Sacc. Syll. 1874. On Scilla nutans and Convallaria.

This sub-family includes also the genera Muricularia, Stauro-chæta, Pyrenochæta, and Chætomella.

Sub-Fam. IV. DIPLODIÆ.

Perithecia submembranaceous or carbonaceous, naked. Sporules uniseptate (rarely continuous), coloured (except in *Diplodina*.)

GEN. 1. SPHÆROPSIS, Lev. Sacc. Syll. III., 291.

Perithecia subcutaneous, erumpent, globose, papillate, between membranaceous and carbonaceous, black. Sporules ovoid or oblong, continuous, smoky-brown; basidia filiform.

- 185. Spheropsis visci, Sollm. Sacc. Syll. 1659. On leaves and twigs of mistletoe.
- 186. Spheropsis pinastri, Lev. picc. Syll. 1692.
 On leaves and cones of Prins sylvestris. Eastbourne.

GEN. 2. HAPLOSPORELLA, Speg. Sacc. Syll. III., 323.

Perithecia cæspitose, erumpent, black, subcarbonaceous, papillate, or immersed in a verruciform stroma. Sporules as in Sphæropsis.

- 187. Haplosporella cæspitosa, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 1815. On ivy twigs. King's Cliffe.
- 188. Haplosporella melogrammata, Cooke in Vize's Exs. No. 104. On bark. Forden.

GEN. 3. DIPLODIA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 329.

Perithecia subcutaneous, erumpent, somewhat carbonaceous, black, typically papillate, pierced. Sporules ellipsoid, ovoid, or oblong, uniseptate, brown. Basidia simple, rod-like, hyaline.

A. On woody Dicotyledons.

- On branches.
- 189. Diplodia tiliæ, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1829. On lime branches. Blackheath.
- 190. Diplodia subtecta, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1834.
 On maple branches. Northamptonshire.
- 191. Diplodia atrata, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1835. On Negundo aceroides. Kew.
- 192. Diplodia aesculi, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 1837. On horse chestnut. Jedburgh.
- 193. Diplodia viticola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1841. On vine twigs. King's Cliffe.
- 194. Diplodia ramulicola, Desm. Saoc. Syll. 1846. On Euonymus europæus.
- 195. Diplodia ilicicola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1848.
 On holly. Highgate (F. B. I., 449); Forden; Milton.
- 196. Diplodia genistarum, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 96. On Genista ætnensis, and Coronilla. Kew.
- 197. Diplodia profusa, De Not. Saco. Syll. 1861. On Robinia pseudacacia.
- 198. Diplodia sarothamni, Cke. & Hk. Sacc. Syll. 1870. On Sarothamnus. Swanscombe.

Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY
AND ITS LITERATURE.

NEW BRITISH FUNGI.

BY M. C. COOKE.

(Continued from p. 7.)

Agaricus (Pluteus) pellitus, Pers. Syn. 366.

White. Pileus rather fleshy, convex, then plane, even, dry, silky. Stem stuffed, smooth, even, shining. Gills flesh-coloured.

—Fr. Hym. Eur. 187: Cooke Illus. t. 597.

On trunks and on the ground about them. Scarboro' (G. Massee). Pileus 2 in. broad. Stem 2 in. long, 2-3 lines thick.

Agaricus (Pluteus) roseo-albus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 188.

Pileus rather fleshy, convex, then expanded, even, smooth, rosey, margin naked. Stem solid, attenuated, pruinose with white; gills free, rather distant, flesh-coloured.—Flora Danica, t. 1679. Cooke Illus. t. 598.

On elm trunk. Burghill Court, Herefordshire.

Pileus 3 in. broad. Stem 2-3 in. long, ½ in. thick, commonly curved and ascending.

Agaricus (Flammula) ochrochlorus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 252.

Cæspitose. Pileus fleshy, convex then plane, obtusely umbonate, dry, minutely silky, rather squamulose, greenish straw-colour, stem hollow, squamose, clad with white flocci, flexuous, at the base and within ferruginous; gills adnate, crowded, whitish then greenish, at length olivaceous.

On old trunks. Scarboro' (G. Massee).

Size and habit of Ag. fascicularis, but spores pure ferruginous.

Agaricus (Stropharia) luteo-nitens, Fr. Hym. Eur. 286.

Pileus fleshy, thin, conical-campanulate, umbonate, viscid, yellow, margin squamulose, stem hollow, even, pruinose above the distant ring, gills adnexed, ventricose, cinereous, becoming blackish.

-Flora Danica, t. 1067. Cooke Illus. t. 604.

On sawdust, dung, and humus. Crackley Wood, Kenilworth. Pileus 1-2 in. Stem 2 in. long, 2 lines thick.

Agaricus (Stropharia) hypsipus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 290.

Pileus convex, then plane, even, smooth, hygrophanous; stem hollow, equal, smooth, ring medial, persistent, gills adnate, seceding, rather distant, white, then brown.—Fr. Icon. t. 132, f. 2. Cooke Illus. ined.

Solitary in swampy places. Scarboro' (G. Massee).

Fragile. Stem 3-4 in. long, 2-3 lines thick. Pileus 2 in. broad, striate at the margin, tan-coloured or pallid when dry.

Cortinarius (Phlegm.) talus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 344.

Pileus fleshy, convex, equal, even, smooth, viscid; stem solid, equal, cylindrical, rather smooth, marginate-bulbous at the base, as well as the flesh growing pallid; gills emarginate, rather crowded, ochraceous straw-colour (scarcely discoloured).—Fr. Icon. t. 145, f. 2.

In woods. Epping Forest.

Pileus 2 in. or a little more, opaque in colour. Stem 3 in. long, in. thick.

Cortinarius (Phlegm.) decolorans, Fr. Hym. Eur. 351.

Pileus fleshy, equal, expanded, even, smooth, viscid, of one colour; stem stuffed, elongated, attenuated, smooth, naked above the somewhat persistent median ring, and as well as the flesh white; gills affixed, thin, without juice, purplish, soon becoming cinnamon.

In fir woods. Epping forest.

Pileus yellow, $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. Stem 2-3 in. long, 3-4 lines thick.

Cortinarius (Inoloma) argentatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 360.

Pileus fleshy, convex, becoming smooth, shining silvery-grey, disc rather gibbous, becoming pallid, about the margin at first silky-lilac, then growing whitish; stem stout, white, of the same colour within; gills emarginate, crowded, serrate, pale, then watery cinnamon.

In woods. Epping Forest.

Pileus as much as 4 in. broad. Stem 4 in. long, or abbreviated. A smaller and more slender form is found in pine woods.

Cortinarius (Telamonia) triformis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 382. var. Schæfferi, Fries. Mon. Hym. 11., 73.

Pileus fleshy, convex, then plane, somewhat umbonate, fibrillose or becoming smooth, opaque, tawny, then yellowish, hygrophanous, margin thin; stem stuffed, clavate, becoming smooth, pallid, spongy within, ring white, gills somewhat adnate, rather crowded, yellowish honey-colour, at length pale cinnamon.

In woods. Alresford, Hants (Rev. W. L. Eyre). Pileus 2-3 in. broad. Stem 3 in. long, \(\frac{1}{2}\) in. thick. **Cortinarius (Hydrocybe) privignus,** Fr. Hym. Eur. 388.

Pileus fleshy, thin, convex then plane, gibbous, even, pale tawny, smooth, or with a fibrillose adpressed hoary silvery bloom; stem stuffed, then hollow, rather attenuated, silvery, here and there silky with the white veil, gills adnate, somewhat crowded, watery, then opaque cinnamon, edge serrate, white.

In pine woods. Woolhope Foray, 1885.

Pileus 2 in. broad. Stem 3 in. long, 3 lines thick, equal or contorted

Cortinarius (Hydrocybe) saturninus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 890.

Pileus fleshy, thin, campanulate, then expanded, smooth, moist, dark bay, (testaceous), becoming discoloured, silky at the margin, with the white fibrillose veil; stem stuffed, even, violet, incrassated at the base, gills adnexed, thin, crowded, purplish then watery cinnamon.

In grassy places. Woolhope Foray, 1885.

Pileus 2-3 in. broad. Stem 2-3 in. long, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 in. thick, gills broad, reaching to 4 lines.

Ecidium zonale, Breb. in Duby. Bot. Gal. 906.

Hypophyllous. Spots purple-brown and yellow zoned, pseudoperidia collected in suborbicular tufts, annulately and circinately disposed, cup-shaped, pallid yellow, mouth rather denticulate, somewhat reflexed; spores pale yellow.

On Inula dysenterica. Totland Bay, Isle of Wight (H. P.

Fitzgerald).

Puccinia gentianæ (Strauss). Link. Sp. II., 78.

Uredo-form—Uredogentianæ (Strauss) D.C. Fl. Fr. vi., 64. Teleutospores—Puccinia gentianæ, Link.

Spots obliterated, sori subrotund, variable in size, scattered, amphigenous; spores umber.—W. G. Smith, in Gard. Chron., 1885. On Gentiana acaulis. Kew. Aug., 1885.

Puccinia silai, Fckl. Symb. p. 53. Fungi Rhen. 360. Thum. Myc. Univ., No. 235.

Uredospores and teleutospores intermixed. Spots obliterated. Sori oval or subrotund on both surfaces, surrounded by the ruptured cuticle, dark brown. Spores umber.

On Silans pratensis. Pontrilas.

Referred by Dr. Winter to Puccinia bullata.

Phyllosticta sidecola, Cookę.

Epiphyllous. Spots brown, indistinct, becoming pallid in the centre, irregular or confluent; perithecia punctiform, membranaceous, brown, minute. Sporules elliptical, enucleate, hyaline, (*004 × *002 mm.).

On fading leaves of Sida napæa. Kew.

Phyllosticta aizoon, Cooke.

Epiphyllous. Spots small, suborbicular, brown, with a darker margin. Perithecia minute, membranaceous, brown, immersed. Sporules elliptic, continuous, hyaline, 003 × 0015 mm.

On leaves of Sedum aizoon. Kew.

Phyllosticta potamia, Cooke.

Spots pale ochraceous, becoming brownish, without any distinct margin. Perithecia chiefly on the under surface, punctiform, black, somewhat protuberant and shining. Conidia elliptical, hyaline (*01-*012 × *003 mm.).

On leaves of Potamogeton. Lyndhurst, Hants; Epping Forest.

Phyllosticta Bolleana, Thum. Sacc. Syll. 620.

In our opinion this is certainly a *Phyllosticta*, and not a *Phoma*. On leaves of *Hoya carnosa*. Neatishead.

Asteroma solidaginis, Cooks.

Perithecia minute, collected in dark suborbicular patches, seated on a delicate brown reticulate cuticular mycelium, which is more or less radiating. Sporules elliptical, minute, hyaline, continuous.

On fading leaves of Solidago elliptica. Kew.

Septoria primulæ, Bucknall.

Epiphyllous. Spots pallid, orbicular, with a brown margin, scattered. Perithecia few, punctiform, semi-immersed, black, seated in the centre of the pallid spots. Sporules linear, straight, hyaline, 047 mm. long.

On leaves of Primrose. Leigh Wood (C. B.).

Cladosporium Kniphofiæ, Cooke.

Amphigenous, olivaceous, cæspitose. Tufts small, gregarious or confluent, velvety. Hyphæ simple, erect, flexuous, confluent at the base in fascicles, amber coloured. Septæ rather short, nodulose. Conidia normally uniseptate, ultimately often with two or three septa, twice the diameter of the hyphæ, elliptical, '025-'03 × '01 mm., pale olive.

On dead leaves of Kniphofia aloides. Kew.

It is somewhat difficult to determine the limits of species in this genus, but the present seems to have a definite character.

Ramularia scelerata, Cooke.

Spots elongated, brownish, soon occupying the greater part of the leaf. Hyphæ short, scattered, mostly on the under surface. Conidia elliptico-cylindrical, rounded at the ends, granular, hyaline, '02 × '0035.

On radical leaves of Ranunculus sceleratus. Lyndhurst, Hants.

Ramularia lychnicola, Cooke.

Hypophyllous. Spots orbicular, ochraceous. Hyphæ fasciculate, in small tufts, simple, short. Conidia elongated, elliptical, obtuse, continuous, hyaline, $\cdot 012 - \cdot 015 \times \cdot 004$ mm.

On leaves of Lychnis diurna. Lyndhurst.

Ramularia lampsanæ, Desm.

Threads tufted, simple or shortly branched (·30-·50×·3), continuous. Conidia fusoid (·01-·015×·0035-·004 mm.), hyaline, continuous, catenulate. Sacc. Fungi Ital. t. 995.

On living leaves of Lampsana communis. Basingstoke (H. P.

Fitzgerald).

Ramularia alnicola, Cke.

Epiphyllous. Spots orbicular, glaucous-grey, at length fuli-ginous. Hyphæ very short. Conidia elliptical, continuous, hyaline, sometimes concatenate, $\cdot 01 - \cdot 014 \times \cdot 004$.

On leaves of Alnus glutinosa. Lyndhurst, Hants.

Ceratostoma (Ceratostomella) vestita, Sacc. Syll. No. 1550.

Perithecia scattered, sub-superficial, globose $(\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{2}$ mm. diam.), clad with tortuous septate hairs. Ostiolacylindrical, naked, equal to the perithecia. Asci cylindrical, obtuse at the apex, shortly stipitate.

Sporidia uniseriate, ellipsoid ($\cdot 006 \times \cdot 0033 \cdot \cdot 004$ mm.), often unequal sided, biguttulate, hyaline.

On rotten wood, probably oak. Mattishall, Norfolk (C. B.).

Didymosphæria conoidea, Niessl. Sacc. Syll. 2644.

Perithecia scattered, covered, becoming free, rather large, conoid, flattened at the base, the apex sometimes a little depressed. Ostiola papillate or somewhat conical, black, shining, rather hard. Asci cylindrical, with a short stem. Sporidia uniseriate, obovate, septate at the middle, a little constricted, pale olivaceous (.006-.009 × .005 mm.).

On herbaceous stems. Near Bristol (C. B.).

ANNUAL FUNGUS FORAYS.

ESSEX FIELD CLUB.—This excursion, as last year, was extended over two days, October 2nd and 3rd—the foray for the first day being near Epping, and on the second day more in the neighbourhood of Loughton. It need not be said that the present is the worst year for fungi in our experience, owing to the dry summer succeeded by a cold autumn. Notwithstanding this, some interesting additions were made to the Epping Forest Flora. Of these we may enumerate—Ag. (Coll.) confluens, Ag. (Pleur.) septicus, Ag. (Myc.) hæmatopus, Ag. (Crep.) mollis, Ag. (Ino.) eutheles, Ag. (Pan.) phalænarum, Cortinarius armillatus, Cortinarius talus, Cortinarius paleaceus, Marasmius erythropus, Boletus laricinus, and Clavaria contorta, together with Cortinarius decolorans, and Cortinarius evernius. In the evening, after tea, a meeting was held, and several papers read.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—This Society had its first Fungus Foray this year in Buckhurst Park. The number of fungi collected was small, and these were afterwards exhibited in the rooms of the Literary Institution. Mr. Howse kindly forwarded a list of the principal species collected, none of which can be considered rare, and most of them the commonly and widely distributed species.

HERTFORDSHIRE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The annual Fungus Foray and Cryptogamic Excursion took place on October 17th, in Bricket Wood, being, as heretofore, a Saturday half-day excursion. We have received no record of results.

BIRMINGHAM NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—No regular mycological excursion was undertaken by this Society in the present autumn, but during a private excursion with two or three friends, in the neighbourhood of Kenilworth, we found Agaricus (Stropharia) luteo-nitens, Fr., for the first time in this country, of which figures will be given in the "Illustrations."

WOOLHOPE CLUB.—The annual meetings commenced on the evening of October 5th, and closed on the 9th. The excursion on Tuesday was made to Pontrilas, where several interesting species of Cortinarius were found, as well as Ag. (Trich.) guttatus—the latter only once before recorded for Britain. Wednesday was occupied by an excursion to Dinmore, the most interesting species collected being Cortinarius dibaphus. On Thursday, being the Club Day, the Foray was somewhat limited in results. Friday excursion was made in Haywood Forest. The most interesting species found during the week were Cortinarius saturninus, Cortinarius privignus, and Cortinarius infractus. The attendance was not so good as usual, and the specimens collected much fewer in number than in preceding years. Several papers were read, and discussions promoted at the evening meetings. Though Dr. Bull was present as usual, it was generally noted that he seemed far from well, and but little characterized by his wonted vigour and enthusiasm. few then present dreamt of the possibility that they would never look upon his face again. As we write, under a feeling of sadness, we cannot help the conviction that the city of Hereford, and the Woolhope Club, have sustained a heavy and irreparable loss in the friend and fellow-labourer whose sudden departure we mourn.

HACKNEY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The annual Fungus Excursion on October 24th was made, as usual, in Epping Forest, and although some of the party spent the whole day in the Forest, many did not arrive until the afternoon. The number of species recorded was a little in excess of the record of last year, but very little addition was made to the record of the flora of the Forest, the most noteworthy being Agaricus squarrosus, var. verruculosus, Cortinarius argentatus, Cortinarius saturninus, and Russula vesca. Here, as elsewhere, the paucity of species and individuals was clearly manifest. White-spored Agarics were particularly scarce, and even the ubiquitous Agaricus melleus had comparatively few representatives. Fistulina hepatica, Hydnum repandum, and Cantharellus cibarius were not to be found at all.

LEICESTER NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The Botanical Section had their second annual Foray on Wednesday, October 28th, under much more favourable circumstances than last year. The number of species recorded was 116, of which a considerable number had not been previously recorded for Leicestershire; nothing particularly rare or novel was met with, although the locality was a promising one, and would probably yield very good results in a In a note, adverting to the Foray, Mr. Mott favourable season. remarked: "I found yesterday a quantity of Agaricus (Tricholoma) personatus being sold at a little greengrocer's shop in a back I have never known it to be used here street in Leicester. before." This is the species which has been alluded to by many authors as having been sold under the name of "Blewits" in Covent Garden Market, but we have never seen a specimen offered for sale in any part of the Metropolis.

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FUNGI OF MALAYAN PENINSULA.

Determined by M. C. Cooke.

The following collection, in the Kew Herbarium, has been forwarded by Dr. King, of Calcutta:—

Agaricus (Clitocybe) laccatus, Scop., No. 1590.

Agaricus (Collybia) raphanipes, Berk., No. 6006. Xerotus lateritius, B. & C., No. 3983. Panus aureo-fulvus, Cooke, No. 1893. Lentinus velutinus, Fr., var. lamellis confertissimis, No. 2295. Lentinus brevipes, Cooke, No. 4342. Lentinus exilis, Klotsch, No. 2972. Lentinus sajor-caju, Rumph., No. 2973. Lentinus subnudus, Berk., No. 3976. Lentinus blepharodes, Berk., No. 2988. Lentinus inquinans, Berk. Lentinus tener, Klotsch, No. 4388, 3202. Lentinus Beccarianus, Ces., No. 3611, 3612. Lentinus pergamenus, Lev., No. 2183, 2184. Lenzites deplanata, Fr., No. 4727. Lenzites platyphyllus, Cooke, No. 4512. Polyporus (Petaloides) grammocephalus, Berk., Nos. 3836, 2989, 1107, 4134. var. Emerici, Berk., No. 739, 3441 to 3444. var. russiceps, B., No. 4257. ,, var. maculatus, C., No. 3343. Polyporus (Petaloides) cochleariformis, Cooke, No. 2821. Polyporus (Lenti) alveolarius, Fr., No. 4863. Polystictus (Discipedes) rigescens, Cooke, No. 4818. Fomes (Mesopodes) diabolicus, B., No. 1947. Polystictus (Discipedes) Malaiensis, Cooke, No. 5398. Polystictus (Discipedes) microcyclus, Zipp, No. 910. Polyporus (Hispidi) chrysites, Berk., No. 3837. Polystictus (Sacri) sacer, Fr., No. 911. 1822. Polystictus (Sacri) xanthopus, Fr., No. 1843. Polystictus (Discipedes) dilatatus, Berk., No. 2799. Polystictus (Discipedes) discipes, Berk., No. 3913, 4135. Polystictus (Coriacei) vinosus, Berk., No. 2143. Polystictus (Coriacei) brunneopictus, B., No. 5063. Polystictus (Coriacei) squamæformis, B., No. 3682. Polystictus (Prolificantes) Nilgherrensis, Mont., No. 2001. Polystictus (Prolificantes) elongatus, B., No. 3665. Polystictus (Coriacei?) cupreo-roseus, B., No. 1867. Polystictus latus, Berk., No. 740. Trametes versatilis, Berk., No. 4607, 1239.

Trametes lobata, Berk., No. 4600, 5774. Trametes cingulatus, Berk., No. 3088. Dædalea Andamanni, Berk., No. 4161. Hexagona polygramma, Mont., No. 1894. Hexagona tenuis, Hook, No. 3342. Favolus tessulatus, Mont., No. 1192. Cyclomyces fuscus, Kunze, No. 4341. Laschia tremellosa, Fr., No. 3062. Lachnocladium semivestitum, B. & C., No. 4036. Cladoderris dendritica, Pers., No. 2166, 3133. Stereum caperatum, Berk., No. 943. Stereum lobatum, Kunze, No. 4864, 2056. Stereum spadiceum, Fr., No. 3604. Dictyonema sericea, Sw., No. 1543. Hymenochæte subpurpurascens, Berk., No. 791. Phallus dæmonum, Rumph, No. 3550, 4037. Scleroderma vulgare, Fr., No. 4000. Mitremyces coccineus, Berk., No. 3838. Meliola amphitricha, Fr., No. 2595. Peziza (Trichoscypha) tricholoma, Mont., No. 2633.

Together with some incomplete and imperfect fungi not determinable.

VALSA VITIS, AGAIN.

By M. C. COOKE.

We have already attempted to clear up all doubts as to Schweinitz's Sphæriæ of the Vine (Grevillea v, 125), and yet the confusion in Saccardo's Sylloge is as great as ever. We will make yet another attempt on the basis of authentic specimens from Schweinitz himself. Surely there can be no better authority.

Diatrype (Valsaria) viticola, S. Sphæria viticola, Schwein. Syn. Car. p. 8, No. 64.

"Minor cum epidermide assurgens seriebus parallelis crescens

griseo-nigra rugosa, sphærulis nigris, stromate brunneo."

"Rara in ramis emortuis Vitis rotundifoliæ. Subpulvinata, sparsim nascens. Sphærulæ rariores duæ vel tres nigræ, in stromate brunneo splendente; singulæ cortice nigro, valde crasso."
—Schwein. loc. cit. Sphæria (concrescentes) viticola, Schwein. Syn. Amer. Bor. No. 1290. Diatrype viticola, Berk. & Curt. Amer. Fungi. No. 854*.

Sporidia oblong, elliptic, uniseptate, constricted slightly at the septum, 0006 in. long.—Car. Inf. No. 4975. Herb. Berkeley.

This we contend to be the Sphæria viticola (Schwein.); whether it is that of Montagne, we know not (see Floræ d'Algerie, pp. 463);

nor whether it is that of Saccardo's Sylloge, No. 2812. Since the diagnosis of the latter is so amended that it is not that of either Schweinitz or Montagne, whilst if the latter is supposed to be in-

cluded, then the Algerian locality is not cited.

Under Eutypa viticola (Schw.), Saccardo, No. 669, quotes "Schwein. Syn. Car. No. 64, and Mont. Fl. Alg. p. 463, and V. vitis Schw. sec Cooke Valsei U.S. p. 113." To this we object that the Sph. viticola of Schwein. Syn. Car. is not Eutypa, with hyaline allantoid sporidia, but, according to Schweinitz's own specimens, brown uniseptate sporidia (=Valsaria). And yet it may be the species of Montagne, who evidently confounded the Sphæria vitis of Schweinitz with his Sph. viticola. Probably the species in view is the Sphæria vitis of Schweinitz, and that of "Cooke Valsei U.S." p. 113. But on what authority is Schweinitz's specific name of vitis changed to Montagne's viticola, only to confuse it with the S. viticola of Schweinitz.

The following is the Sphæria vitis (Schw.):—

"Circinata, minor nigra, sphærulis majusculis subtrinis coalitis

librum elevantibus, ostiolis pulveraceis.

"Rarior in junioribus ramis Vitiæ in libro, ubi decorticati sunt. Tres vel quatuor sphærulæ majusculæ sub cortice interiori seu libro nidulant, corticem bullosum reddunt et in pustulam coalescent. Ostiola irregularia, subpulveracea, nigra."—Syn. Car. No. 117. Syn. Amer. Bor. No. 1362.

This is the Valsa vitis, Berk. and Curt. p. 171, under 869*, which is entered twice in the North American Fungi as Diatrype vitis under 855*, and as Valsa vitis, both of which refer to Sphæria

vitis (Schwein.), and to no other, and should stand as—

Valsa (Eutypella) vitis (Schwein.), probably Eutypa viticola, Sacc. Syll. No. 669, not the Valsa vitis (Schw.?) Sacc. Syll. No. 449.

There are two species represented by specimens from Schweinitz, and none other. One is Diatrype (Valsaria) viticola, with uniseptate brownish sporidia; the other is Valsa (Eutypella) vitis, with most distinctly sulcate ostiola, called by Schweinitz "irregularia,

subpulveracea."

Valsa vitis (Schw.), Saccardo No. 449, is not the species of Schweinitz at all, as we have already pointed out, but Valsa vitigera (Cooke), and we challenge Professor Saccardo to produce his evidence that this species was ever known to Schweinitz at all. It does not exist in any collection of American Fungi which we have ever examined. It is not to be found amongst specimens from Schweinitz in the Kew Herbarium or the Berkeley Herbarium, or in specimens communicated by Dr. Curtis as the Sphæria vitis of Schweinitz, and we feel fully entitled to call for the direct evidence that the Valsa vitis of Saccardo is in any part the Valsa vitis of Schweinitz, even if found in the North American Continent at all.

Diatrype (Valsaria) viticola, Schw. Sphæria viticola, Schwein. Syn. Car. p. 8, No. 64. Schwein. Amer. Bor. No. 1290. Diatrype viticola, Berk. & Curt. Amer. Fungi, No. 854*. Herb. Berk. No. 8781. Valsaria viticola, Sacc. Syll. No. 2812.

Valsa (Eutypella) vitis (Schw.) Sphæria vitis, Schwein. Syn. Car. No. 117. Schwein. Amer. Bor. No. 1362. Valsa vitis, Cooke Valsei U.S. p. 113. Berk. & Curt. Amer. Fungi p. 171, No. 869* Herb. Berk. No. 8847. Sphæria viticola, Mont. Fl. Alg. p. 463. Eutypa viticola, Sacc. Syll. No. 669. Sphæria propagata, Plow. Grev. VII, 73. Cryptosphæria propagata, Sacc. Syll. No. 687.

Valsa vitigera, Cooke Grev. V, p. 125. Valsa vitis, Fckl. Symb. Myc. 199. Fungi. Rhen. No. 607. Sacc. Syll. No. 449. Sacc. Mycol. Ven. p. 133, t. XIII, f. 19-21. Myc. Ven. No. 186.

SYNOPSIS PYRENOMYCETUM.

(Continued from p. 17.)

1723. Valsa (Eutypella) aleurina, B. & C. Herb. Berk. 8925.

Pustulis convexis, orbicularibus, dense gregariis, erumpentibus, epidermide circum ostiola stellatem fissa. Peritheciis atris, in cortice nidulentibus, collis sulcatis convergentibus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis ('008 mm. long).

On bark of Platanus. N. Carolina.

1726. Valsa (Eutypella) constellata, B. & C. Herb. Berk. 8832.

Pustulis orbicularibus, in lineas vel inordinate dispositis, erumpentibus, dense gregariis. Perithesiis atris, globosis, paucis (4-6), congestis, collis abbreviatis, ostiolo sulcato. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis.

On branches of Carya, &c. N. Carolina.

1792. Valsa (Euvalsa) pusio, B. & C. in Curt. Cat. 142.

Pustulis parvulis, erumpentibus. Peritheciis atris, subglobosis, in cortice nidulantibus, epidermide fissurato cinctis; estiolis subrugosis, brevibus, truncatis, in disco orbiculari emergentibus. Ascis clavatis, subsessilibus, octosporis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, subfuscidulis (·008 × ·002 mm.) Herb. Berk. 8934.

On bark of Morus multicaulis. N. Carolina.

1793. Valsa (Euvalsa) Mulleriana, Cooke.

Pustulis convexis, erumpentibus, majusculis, suborbicularibus. Peritheciis atris, ovatis, sursum in collis lævibus productis, hinc illic cum macrostylosporis in eadem pustulâ immixtis. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis inordinatis, allantoideis, hyalinis (·008 × ·002 mm.), sæpe ·01 mm. long. Macrostylosporis in eadem vel alteram pustulis, pyriformibus, 2-3 septatis, longitudinaliter divisis fuscis (·012-·014 × ·009 mm.).

On oak branches. Eastbourne (C. J. Muller).

1864. Valsa (Euvalsa) morigena, B. & C. Herb. Berk, 8873.

Peritheciis globosis, linea nigra circumscripta, stromateque pallido, corticali immersis, demum crusta nigrificata tectis, ostiolis in disco minuto, atro, subconfluentibus, prominulis. Ascis cylindricoclavatis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis (·01 × ·002 mm.).

On bark of Morus multicaulis. S. Carolina (Ravenal, 595;

Curtis, 1895).

Pustules large, not unlike Aglaospora profusa, soon more or less throwing off the epidermis.

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1865. Valsa (Euvalsa) coryneoides, B. & C. Herb. Berk. 8981.

Pustulis minimis, primo tectis, demum erumpentibus. Peritheciis paucis, subglobosis, in disco fuligineo compactis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis ('01-'012 mm. long). — Valsa thelebola, Schwz. in Herb.

On bark of Juniperus virginiana. New Jersey.

1891. Valsa (Euvalsa) subseriata, Cooke.

Pustulis convexis, erumpentibus, subdiscoideis, 3-4, vix ultra, longitudinaliter seriatis. Peritheciis (10-16) subglobosis, sursum in ostiolis elongatis, lævibus congestis. Ascis clavatis, breviter stipitatis. Sporidiis majusculis, allantoideis, hyalinis ('03 × '006 mm.).

On branches of Fagus. Shiere (Dr. Capron, 167).

1854. Valsa (Euvalsa) pullula, B. & C. Herb. Berk. 8978.

Pustulis parvulis, primo tectis (statu imperfectu in Herb. Berk.). Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis cylindraceis, utrinque rotundatis, leniter curvulis (sæpe rectis) hyalinis ('008 mm. long').

On twigs of Castanea. Pennsylvania (Michener).

2005. Valsa (Chorostate) neglecta, Duby MSS.

Stromata epidermide tecto, nigro nigrescentive, ovato aut globosa, in ramis junioribus nullo, receptaculis 6, compresso ovatis verticalibus dense congestis, basi applanatis; ostiolis exsertis, fragilibus, aterrimis, cylindricis, plus minus elongatis, truncato-papillatis, interdum inflexis, sæpe lateralibus. Ascis cylindricis, angustis. Sporidiis ovoideis, hyalinis, uniseriatis, nucleolatis, rarissime uniseptatis.—Duby in Herb. Currey.

Ad caules siccos Genistæ tinctoria.

2006. Valsa (Chorostate) punctata, Cooke.

Pustulis convexis, emergentibus, minimis. Peritheciis paucis in corticem nidulantibus, ostiolis brevibus, in disco orbiculari congestis. Ascis clavatis, breviter stipitatis, octosporis. Sporidiis biserialibus, ellipticis, rotundatis, medio uniseptatis, nec constrictis, hyalinis ('002 × '007 mm.).

On branches of Tilia and Salix. Edinbro'; Sydenham.

2007. Valsa (Chorostate) esculicola, Cooke.

Pustulis orbicularibus, in lineas breves dispositis. Peritheciis subglobosis, atris, congestis, ostiolis cylindricis, convergentibus, lævibus, emergentibus. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis biserialibus, fusoideis, quadrinucleatis, demum uniseptatis, hyalinis (·02 ×·004 mm.).

On branches of Æsculus. Sydenham.

2008. Valsa (Chorostate) Bloxami, Cooke.

Pustulis convexis, emergentibus. Peritheciis (12-20) congestis, pyriformibus, in collum elongatum productis, pulvero aureo-fulvo obductis; disco orbiculari fusco. Ascis cylindricis, octosporis. Sporidiis uniserialibus, ellipticis vel sublanceolatis, medio uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, hyalinis (022 × 006 mm.).

On branches of Fagus? Twycross (Bloxam 141).

2009. Valsa (Chorostate) olivæstroma, Cooke.

Erumpens. Pustulis sub-epidermide nidulantibus. Peritheciis (6-10) in circulos dispositis, stromate olivaceo pulveraceo insidentibus, collis subelongatis convergentibus. Ascis clavatis, octosporis. Sporidiis subuniserialibus, lanceolatis, medio uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, hyalinis (·026-·028 × ·008 mm.).

On branches of Cerasus avium. Jedburgh (Jerdon).

2010. Valsa (Chorostate) fuscidula, Cooke.

Pustulata, fusca. Pustulis erumpentibus convexis, subpulveraceis. Peritheciis paucis, immersis, collis elongatis, convergentibus, demum punctato-emergentibus. Ascis clavatis, breviter stipitatis, octosporis. Sporidiis inordinatis, arcte fusoideis, binucleatis, demum uniseptatis, hyalinis ('018-'02 × '0035 mm.).

On oak twigs.

Pseudovalsa (Valsaria) cratægi (Winter, sub. nom. Diaporthe cratægi, Nke. in Herb., Cooke.)

Stroma valsoideum. Sporidiis sub-uniserialibus, ellipticis, uniseptatis, pallide fuscis ('016-'018×'006 mm.).

On Cratægus.

Pseudovalsa (Valsaria) Caproni, Cooke.

Pustulis in ligno immersis. Peritheciis subglobosis, atris, circinantibus, sursum in collis brevibus convergentibus productis. Ascis cylindraceis, octosporis. Sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, medio uniseptatis, nec constrictis, fuscis ('015×'005 mm.).

On denudated oak wood. Shere (Capron, 44).

2104. Pseudovalsa tubulosa, B. & C. Sacc. Syll. 3358.

This includes also Calospora tribulosa, Sacc. Syll. 3699, which is founded on a misprint in North Am. Fungi, No. 877.

2133. Fenestella hormospora, Cooke. Valsa hormospora, Berk. & Curt. in Herb. No. 8982. Valsa (circinatæ) conjuncta, Schwein. (neo Fries), Amer. Bor. No. 1383.

Peritheciis paucis, in circulos irregulares confertis, disco erumpente orbiculari albido pulverulento, ostiolis brevibus, subconjunctis. Ascis amplis, clavatis. Sporidiis sub-ellipticis, utrinque muticis, medio constrictis, 5 septatis, demum merenchymaticis, fuscis.

On branches. Bethlehem.

2132. Fenestella callispora, Cooke. Sphæria callispora Duby in Herb.
Currey.

Immersa, pustulata, erumpens, epidermide fissa tecta. Peritheciis paucis, minutissimis, globosis, congestis, ostiolis subnullis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis elliptico acuminatis, magnis, biserialibus quinqueseptatis, muriformibusque, luteo-fuscis ('03-'04x'018 mm.).

On branches of Brousonnetia papyrifera Geneva.

2135. Fenestella (Clethridium) schistostroma (Duby), Cooke. Sphæria schistostroma, Duby. in Rabh. Fungi, Eur. No. 53, Sacc. Syll. No. 4504.

Immersa, demum erumpens, epidermide cincta. Peritheciis 5-15 aggregatis, ovatis verticalibus inclinatisve, stromate nigro inæquabili primum compacto, demum in fragmenta plora diffisso tectis, ostiolis vix prominulis saepe obsoletis. Ascis cylindrico-elongatis rigidis.

Sporidiis uniserialibus ovoideo-ellipsoideis, primo uni-demum 3-5 septatis, et tandem merenchymaticis, hyalinis (·02×·01 mm.). Duby. On branches of Ribes aureus. Geneva.

- Fam. 6. VALSEÆ. Compositæ. Stroma e matrice mutata formatum. Perithecia discreta, circinantia, vel monosticha.
- GEN. 1. VALSA, Fries. Perithecia cortice immersa in acervulos aggregata, in circulum simplicem v. compositum disposita; ostiolis convergentibus, erumpentibus et discum efformantibus; sporidiis hyalinis, continuis septatisve.

A. Sporidia allantoidea, hyalina.

```
Perithecia cortice v. ligno
  SUB-GEN. 1.
               VALSELLA, Fckl.
          Asci polyspori.
immersa.
                           602
1652. amphoraria, Ntke.
                                 1661. clopima, Fr.
                                                             611
1653. furva, Karst.
                           603
                                 1662. fertilis, Ntke.
                                                             612
1654. Laschii, Ntke.
                           604
                                 1663. leptostroma, Fckl.
                                                             613
                       •••
1655. cydoniæ, Rehm. ...
                           605
                                  1664. clypeata, Fckl.
                                                             614
                                                       •••
1656. minima, Niessl. ...
                           606
                                  1665. myriothecia, Pass.
                                                             615
1657. salicis, Fckl.
                           607
                                  1666. polyspora, Ntke....
                                                             616
1658. adhærens, Fckl....
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                                  1667. melastoma, Fr. ...
                                                             617
                                  1668. papyriferæ, Schw. 4184
1659. nigro-annulata, Fckl. 609
1660. rosæ, Fckl.
                            610
  SUB-GEN. 2. CORONOPHORA, Fckl.
                                        Perithecia subperidermio
relaxato sublibera.
                    Asci polyspori.
1669. gregaria, Lib.
                        ... 413
                                  1675. Nitschkei, Sacc. ... 419
                                        = myriospora, Ntke.
1670. angustata, Fckl. ... 414
1771. macrosperma, Fckl. 415
                                  1676. consobrina, Karst.... 420
1672. abietina, Fckl.
                                  1677. rosarum, Crouan. ... 421
                        ... 416
1673. abieticola, Crouan. 417
                                  1678. myriospora, D.R.&M. 422
1674. annexa, Ntke.
                        ... 418
                                  1679. ootheca, B. & C. ... 423
                                  1680. Broomeiana, Berk.... 424
               EUTYPELLA, Sacc.
  Sub-Gen. 3.
                                    Perithecia cortice v. ligno
immersa.
           Ostiola sulcata.
                            Asci octospori.
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                                  1693. Brunaudiana, Sacc.
1681. isariphora, Ntke....
                                                             575
1682. cerviculata, Fr. ...
                            564
                                  1694. ventriosa, C. & E.
                                                             576
                            565
                                  1695. ailanthi, Sacc. ...
1683. padi, Karst.
                       ...
                                                             577
1684. prunastri, Fr.
                            566
                                  1696. radula, Pers.
                       ...
                                                             578
1685. ventricosa, Fckl....
                            567
                                         (= grandis, Ntke.)
1686. sorbi, Schm.
                            568
                                  1697. elegans, Niessl. ...
                                                             579
1687. pentagona, Pers....
                            569
                                  1698. extensa, Fr.
                                                             580
1688. rhizophila, Ntke....
                            570
                                  1699. confluens, Ntke. ...
                                                             581
                            571
1689. stellulata, Fr.
                                         = Morthieri, Sacc. 5900
                           572
1690. angulosa, Ntke. ...
                                  1700. atropæ, Mont.
                                                             582
1691. similis, Karst.
                            573
                                  1701. juglandis, Schw. herb.
1692. alnifraga (Wahl.)
                            574
                                  1702. juglandina, C. \& E.
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1703. fraxinicola, C. &. Peck. 584

1716. innumerabilis, Peck.

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1704. Leaiana, Berk. ...
                                  1717. Bonariensis, Speg.
                                                        ... 5901
1705. berchemiæ, Cke. ...
                            586
                                  1718. venusta, Ellis
1706. goniostoma (Schw.),
                                  1719. anthracina, Speg....
                                                               600
         B. & C. ... 587,4189
                                  1720. lutescens, Ellis ... 5902
1707. exanthemoides, Mont. 588
                                  1721. paradisiaca, Speg.
1708. microspora, C. & Plow. 589
                                  1722. niphoclina, Cke.... 5903
1709. monticulosa, B. & C. 591
                                  1723. aleurina, B.&C. Grev. xiv
1710. platani, Schw.
                                           46
1711. tumidula, C.& Peck.
                            593
                                  1724. Halseyana, Schw.
                                                          669 p.p.
1712. Tosquinetii, West.
                            594
                                  1725. vitis, Schw.
1713. tetraploa, B. & C.
                                  1726. constellata, B. & C. Grev.
                            595
1714. rugiella, C. \& E...
                            596
                                           xiv. 46
1715. corynostoma, B.§Rav.597
  SUB-GEN. 4. LEUCOSTOMA, Ntke.
                                       Discus
                                                sæpius albus, v.
cinereus, v. flavidus.
                      Ostiola nec subcata.
                                            Asci octospori.
1727. nivea (Hoffm.)
                        ... 533
                                  1743. abrupta, Cke.
1728. Auerswaldii, Ntke. 534
1729. Massariana, DeNot. 535
                                  1744. crocina, Mont.
                                  1745. caryogena, B. & C. 550
1730. excipienda, Karst.... 536
                                  1746. orbicula, B. & C.... 551
                                  1747. chlorodisca, C. & E. 552
1731. leucostoma, Pers.... 537
1732. Kunzei, Fries. ... 538
                                  1748. fulvella, B. & Rav. 553
1733. strobi, Pass.
                                  1749. linderæ, Peck.
                        ... 539
                                                          ... 554
1734. superficialis, Ntke.... 540
                                  1750. infinitissima, Kalch.
1735. duriuscula, Otth. ... 541
                                           & Cke.
1736. diatrypa, Fries. ... 542
                                  1751. munda, B.& C.
                                                           ... 556
                                  1752. mesoleuca, \hat{B}. & C.... 557
1737. præstans, B. & C.... 462
1738. aquifolii, Ntke. ... 543
                                  1753. subclypeata, C. & Pk. 490
1739. translucens, DeNot. 544
                                  1754. viburni, Fckl.
1740. cincta, Fries.
                                  1755. tessella, Fr.
1741. lauro-cerasi, Tul. ... 546
                                  1756. Welwitschii,
                                                        Berk. 560
1742. ceuthosporæ, Cke.... 547
                                  1757. colliculus, Worm. ... 562
  SUB-GEN. 5. EUVALSA, Ntke. Discus saepius ater.
                                                       Ostiola nec
sulcata.
         Asci octospori.
           * MICROSPORÆ.
                             Sporidia vix 8 mm. longa.
                            429
1758. ceratophora, Tul....
                                  1765. haustellata, Fr. \dots
                                                              463
          v. rosarum, Not.
                                  1766. rhamnicola, Fab....
                                                              467
1759. coronata, Hoffm....
                            433
                                  1767. subcuticularis, C. &. E. 470
          v. melanosticta, M.
                                  1768. pulchelloidea, C. . . . 471
                                  1769. parasitica, C. & E.
1760. cenisia, DeNot. ...
                            434
                                                              484
          v. invalida, K.
                                  1770. quercina, Curr. ...
                                                              472
                                  1771. demissa, Ntke. ...
                            437
1761. abietis, Fr.
                                                              474
          v. ceratina, Fr.
                                  1772. excorians, C. & E.
                                                              479
                            443
1762. pini, Ass. & C. ...
                                  1773. Stephania, Pass....
                                                              481
1763. decumbens, Schm.
                           446
                                  1774. nepalensis, Berk....
                                                              485
1764. cristata, Ntke. ...
                           451
                                  1775. delicatula, C. \mathcal{G} E.
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1786. indistincta, Schw. 4187
1787. conspurcata, Schw. 4193
1776. glandulosa, Cke....
                            494
1777. lavateræ, C.&Hk. Grev. 8.
1778. gossypina, Cke. ...
                                   1788. deformis, Fr.
                                                          ... 4201
1779. echidna, Cke.
                                   1789. rimicola, Schw. ... 4214
                             498
1780. erinacea, B. & Rav. 1496
                                   1790. syngenesia, Fr. ... 511
                                   1791. Sallei, Berk.
                                                         ... 4177
1781. microspora, (Cr.)...
                             500
                                   1792. pusio, B.& C. Grev. xiv. 46
1782. macluræ, C. & E.
1783. agnostica, Cke. Grev. xiii.
                                   1793. Mulleriana, Cke. Grev. xiv.
        17.
                                           46
                                   1793* lupini, C. & Hk. Grev. xiv. 8
1784. juglandicola, Schw. 4173
1785. variolaria, Schw.... 4180
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MESOSPORÆ. Sporidia 8-12 mm.

1794. rubi, Fckl 430	1827. liquidambaris, Schw. 477
1795. cænobitica, Ces 431	1828. sorbicola, Ntke 478
1796. coacta, S. & Sp 432	1829. concamerata, Curr. 480
1797. sabalina, Cke 435	1830. nyssæ, <i>Cke</i> 482
1798. strobiligena, Sacc. & R. 436	1831. præclara, Mont 483
1799. microstoma, Pers. 438	1832. anomia, Schw 486
1800. Fuckelii, Ntke 440	1833. ligustrina, Cke 487
1801. affinis, Ntke 441	1834. juniperina, Cke 488
1802. fallax, Ntke 442	1835. rhoiphila, C. & E. 493
1803. leiphemoides, B. & C. 444	1836. campsospora, Mont. 495
1804. insignis, Ntke 445	1837. eucalypti, Cke 497
1805. Schweinitzii, Ntke. 447	1838. monadelpha, Fr 499
1806. syringæ, Ntke 448	1839. pseudoplatani, Fr. 502
1807. vitigera, Cke 449	1840, decidua, C. & E 503
= vitis, Sacc.	1841. subscripta, Fr 504
1808. verrucula, Ntke 450	1842. stenospora, Tul 505
1809. Spegazziniana, Sacc. 452	1843. alni, Peck 506
1810. ribesia, Karst 453	1844. subcongrua, Rehm. Asc.
1811. exigua, Ntke 454	1845. americana, B. & C. 507
1812. horrida, Ntke 455	1846. truncata, C. & Pk. 508
1813. Hoffmanni, Ntke. 456	1847. acclinis, Fr 510
1814. oxystoma, Rehm 457	1848. tenella, Fab 5895
1815. Friesii, Duby 458	1849. diatrypoides, Rehm. 5899
1816. incrustata, Ntke 459	1850. myricæ, C. & E 590
1817. intermedia, Ntke. 460	1851. cathartocarpi, Lev. 4178
1818. sordida, Ntke 461	1852. rubincola, Schw 4181
1819. mendax, Mont 464	1853. radicum, Schw 4182
1820. multiplex, C. & E. 465	1854. pullula, B.&C. Grev. xiv.
1821. terebinthi, Fab 466	47
1822. perfodiens, Ntke 468	1855. quadrifida, Schw. 4183
1823. accedens, Sacc 469	1856. modesta, Schw 4186
1824. cornicola, Cke 473	1857. conseptata, Schw. 4191
1825. Dubyi, Ntke 475	1858. aractina, Fr 4198
1826. decorticans, Fr 476	1859. rhizina, Schw 4215
	,

** MACROSPORÆ. Sporidia 12 mm. excedente.

* ====================================				
1860. mediterranea, De Not. 439 1876. pt	istulata, Awd 523			
	xi, Fckl 524			
	uperata, C . & E . 525			
	o-operta, Cooke 526			
1864. morigena, B. & C. Grev. 1880. do	olosa, Fr 527			
	urina, C. & E 528			
1865. coryneoides, B. & C. Grev. 1882. rh	nodophila, B. & Br. 529			
xiv. 47 1883. F	abreana, Sacc 530			
	clinis, Sacc 531			
	acclinis, Schw.			
	onoidea, Rehm 5897			
	ni, Rehm 5898			
	anothi, Schw 4192			
	pers, Schw 4213			
1871. betulina, Nike 518 1888. ex 1872. germanica, Nike 519 1889. ap	perta, Fr. Grev. xiii. 40			
1872. germanica, Ntke 519 1889. ap 1873. obtecta, C. & E 520 1890. dr	monhile Wissel			
1873. obtecta, C. & E 520 1890. dr	yophila, Niessl.			
	Rabh. F. E. 1941			
	ibseriata, <i>Cooke Grev.</i> kiv. 47			
SUBGEN. 6. QUATERNARIA, Tul. Perith	ecia quaterna v. pauca.			
1892. Persoonii, Tul 425 1895. re	gularis, Ntke 428			
	egas, Awd. in Rab.			
	F. E. 815			
	onormis, Fr 4208			
_				
SUBGEN. 7. CALOSPHÆRIA, Tul. Pe relaxato sublibera.	rithecia sub-peridermio			
	s rostellatis.			
* Perithecia glabra.				
1898. pulchella, P 391 1903. co	orylina, Ntke 396			
	yina, Curr 397			
	icrotheca, $C. \& E$. 398			
	acrospora, Wint. 399			
1901. assecla, Schw 394 1907. cy	lindrica, K. & C. 400			
1902. parasitica, Fckl 395 1908. ca	pillaris, S. & P. 5894			
** Perithecia villosula v. furfurella.				
	finis, Ntke 404			
1910. villosa, Ntke 402 1913. ob	ovoluta, Karst 405			
	abriseta, Schw 406			
= biformis, Tul.	100			
b. Erostella. Peritheciis erostratis.				
* Perithecia glabra.				
	ımidula, Sacc 410			
	bratilis, Fr 411			
1917. minima, Tul 409				

** Perithecia hirsuta. 1920. jungens, Ntke. 412 B. Sporidia ovata vel fusoidea, vel bacillaria. SUB-GEN. 8. CRYPTOSPORELLA, Sacc. Sporidia ovata, v. fusoidea. 1921. hypodermia, Fr. ... 1801 1932. Niesslii, Kunze ... 1812 1922. Limminghii, Kickx 1802 1933. innata, B. & C. ... 1814 1923. aurea, Fckl. ... 1803 1934. albo-fusca, C. & E. 1815 = amygdalina, Cooke. 1935. Ehrenbergii, Tul. 1816 1924. Daldiniana, Not.... 1804 1936. platanigera, B & Br. 1817 1925. chondrospora, Ces. 1805 1937. foraminula, Pers.... 1818 1926. populina, Fckl. ... 1806 1938. phomaspora, C.&E. 2439 1927. veneta, Sacc. ... 1807 1939. macrostoma, Rehm. 1928. æsculi, Fckl. ... 1808 1940. ampelopsidis, Ellis 6025 1929. compta, Tul. ... 1809 1941. divergens, Schw. 1930. sphærostoma, Ntke. 1810 Grev. xiii., 40 1931. leptasca, C. & P.... 1811 1942. mahaleb, C. & E. 532 Sporidia bacillaria. SUB-GEN. 9. CRYPTOSPORA, Tul. 1943. suffusa, Fr. ... 4116 1948. cinctula, Cke. & Pk. 4121 1949. trichospora, C. & P. 4122 1944. femoralis, Peck. ... 4117 1945. rhabdospora, Not... 4118 1950. tiliæ, Tul. ... 4123 1951. betulæ, *Tul*. 1946. intexta, Curr... ... 4119 ... 4124 ... 4120 1947. corylina, Tul. 1952. vasculosa, Schw.... 4203 1953. umbilicata, Pers.... 4210 = versatilis, Fr.... 4144 C. Sporidia uni-vel pluri-septata. SUB.-GEN. 10. CHOROSTATE, Ntke. Sporidia uniseptata. 1954. conjuncta, Nees. ... 2353 1974. albo-velata, B. & C. 2381 1975. Woolworthii, Peck. 2383 1955. Kunzeana, Sacc.... 2354 1976. dryophila, Nssl. ... 2384 1956. bitorulosa, B. & Br. 2535 1977. leiphemia, Fr. ... 2385 1957. decipiens, Sacc. ... 2356 1978. quercina, Fckl. ... 2386 ... 2357 1958. carpini, Pers. ... 2358 1979. Robergeana, Desm. 2388 1959. mucosa, Wint. 1980. ocularia, C. & E.... 2389 1960. longirostris, Tul.... 2359 1961. mamiana, Sacc. ... 2360 1981. pulchra, Curr. ... 2390 1962. Niesslii, Sacc. ... 2361 1982. paulula, C. & E.... 2391 1983. patria, Speg. ... 2392 1963. aceris, Fckl. ... 2363 1964. albocineta, C. & P. 2364 1984. impulsa, C. & P.... 2395 1965. acerina, Peck. ... 2365 1985. furfuracea, Fr. ... 2396 1966. myinda, C. & E.... 2368 1986. fibrosa, Pers. ... 2397 1967. hippocastani, Cooke, Grev. 1987. extensa, Fr. ... 2398 xiii. 98 1988. faginea, Curr. ... 2399 1968. Oudemansii, Sacc. 2369 1989. euryala, Mont. ... 2400

1969. oncostoma, Duby.... 2370

1970. personata, C. & E. 23711971. enteroleuca, Fr. ... 2372

1972. transversalis, Karst. 2373

1973. sociata, C. & E. ... 2378

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1990. decorticans, *Lib.*... 2402 1991. difficilior, *Kunze*.... 2403

1992. tuberculosa, Ellis., 2404

1993. fulvopruinata, B&C 2407

6495

1994. ailanthi, Sacc. ... 2408

Grev.

```
2005. neglecta, Duby.,
1995. apocrypta, C. & E. 2409
                                         xiv. 47
                    ... 2410
1996. lixivia, Fr.
                                 2006. punctata, Cooke, Grev. xiv.
1997. bicincta, C. & P.... 2411
                                         47
1998. corymbosa, C. & E. 2412
                                 2007. æsculicola, Cooke, Grev.
1999. binoculata, Ellis ... 6093
                                         xiv. 47
2000. tecta, Cooke.
                                 2008. Bloxami, Cooke, Grev. xiv.
                     ... 6091
2001. leucopis, Fr.
                      ... 6094
                                         47
2002. stictostoma, Ellis
                                 2009. olivæstroma, Cooke, Grev.
                         6096
2003. cercophora, Ellis... 6097
                                         xiv. 48
2004. marchica, Rehm, Sydow,
                                 2010. fuscidula, Cooke, Grev. xiv.
        Exs. 553.
                                         48
            CHOROSTELLA.
                            Sporidia appendiculata.
                                                       ... 2426
2011. hystricula, S. & Sp. 2417
                                2019. taleola, Fr.
2012. castanea, Tul. ... 2418
                                 2020. oxyspóra, Peck. ... 2427
2013. leiphemoides, Fckl. 2419
                                2021. nidulans, Nssl. ... 2428
                                 2022. obscura, Peck. ... 2429
2014. sulphurea, Fckl.... 2421
2015. affinis, Sacc. ... 2422
                                 2023. Saccardiana, Kunze 2430
2016. decedens, Fr. ... 2423
                                2024. perjuncts, Nsl. ... 2431
                                2025. tessella, Pers. ... 2432
2017. tessera, Fr.
                     ... 2424
2018. syngenesia, Fr. ... 2425
                                2026. glyptica, B. & C.... 2433
       = appendiculosa, Awd.
                                2027. mucronata, Peck.
       = frangulæ, Pers.
                                2028. galericulata, Tul. 2435
                            DUBLE.
2029. chrysoides, Tul. ... 2436
                                3032. innata, B. & C. ... 2440
2030. convexa, Pr.
                     ... 2437
                                2033. tortuosa, Fr.
                                                       ... 2441
2031. castriformis, Pr.... 2438
                                 2034. ciliata, Pers.
                                   Sporidia triseptata.
  SUB.-GEN. 11. CALOSPORA, Sacc.
                                2043. pennsylvanica, B. &
2035. stilbostoma, Cooke 2382
                                                       ... 3700
       = rhois, Cooke
                                         C.
                                2044. secedens, M. & Fr. 3701
2036. detrusa, Fr.
                      ... 2401
2037. cratægi, Curr. ... 2405
                                2045. aculeans, Schw. ... 3703
2038. platanoides, Pers.
                         3695
                                       rufescens, Schw.
2039. Innesii, Curr. ... 3696
                                2046. gemmata, B. & C. 3704
                                2047. inconspicua, C. & E. 3706
2040. capsularis, Pers. ... 3697
2041. Zopfii, Kunze ... 3698
                                2048. aglæostoma, B. & Br. 3357
                                2049. strumellæformis,
2042. pustulata, Desm.... 2362
                                       Not.
                                                       ... 2377
 GEN. 2. MELANCONIS, Tul. Sacc. Syll. I., 602. Stroma valseum
```

nigricans v. flavidum. Perithecia circinantia. Sporidia uniseptata. hyalina v. fusca. Status conidicus Melanconium sistens.

> a. EU-MELANCONIS. Sporidiis muticis, hyalinis.

2050. stilbostoma, Fr. ... 2343 2052. carthusiana, Fckl. 2345 2051. modonia, Fr. ... 2344 2053. fennica, Karst. ... 2346

```
2054. asteropycnis,
                    Cr. 2347
                                2057. Everhardtii, Ell. Torr.
2055. dolosa, Fr.
                      ... 2348
                                         Cl., 1883, 117
2056. alniella, Rehm. Asco. 148
     b. MELANCONIDIUM.
                          Sporidiis appendiculatis, hyalinis.
2058. Alni. Tul.
                      ... 2349
                                 2060. occulta, Fr.
2059. thelebola, Fr.
                      ... 2350
                                   Sporidiis fuscis.
             c. MELANCONIELLA.
2061. spodiæi, Tul.
                      ... 2805
                                 2066. Meschuttii, Ell. & Ev.
2062. chrysostroma, Fr. 2806
                                         Bull. Torr. Cl., 1883, 117
2063. leucostroma, Niessl. 6122
                                 2067. biansata, Ell. & Ev. Bull.
2064. decorahensis, Ell. 6123
                                         Torr. Cl., 1883, 118
2065. apocrypta, Ell. ... 6124
    d. HERCOSPORA, Fr. Pycnidium Rabenhorstiam sistens.
2068. Tiliæ, Fr.
                      ... 2352
 GEN. 3. PSEUDOVALSA, Not. Stroma valsiforme, innatum.
Sporidia plerumque septata, fusca.
            * Sporidia continua, hyalino-apiculata.
2069. amygdalina, Cooke 1147
               * VALSARIA.
                             Sporidia uniseptata.
                                 2083. nigrificata, C. & E. 2834
2070. celtidis, Cooke ... 2808
2071. Notarisii, Mont. ... 2810
                                 2084. durissima, Fckl.... 2835
2072. Kunzeiana, Not.... 2815
                                 2085. fædans, Karst. ... 2836
                                 2086. Niesslii, Wint. ... 2837
2073. parmularia, Berk.... 2816
2074. melastroma, Fr. ... 2819
                                 2087. megalospora, Awd. 2838
2075. apatosa, C. & E.... 2822
                                 2088. donacina, Not. ... 2840
2076. Peckii, Howe, ... 2825
                                 2089. majuscula, C. & H., Grev.
2077. phlyctænoides, Mont. 2827
                                         xiii., 17.
2078. purpurascens, DC. 2828
                                 2090. cratægi, Wint., Grev. xiv.
2079. complexa, Mont.... 2829
                                         48
2080. oleifera, Tul. ... 2830
                                 2091. Caproni, Cooke, Grev. xiv.
2081. fulvo-pruinata, Berk. 2831
2082. clethricola, C. & E. 2833
                                 2092. bignoniæ, Schw. ... 4194
        AGLAOSPORA, Not.
                             Sporidia tri-vel pluriseptata.
                 a. Geminispora.
                                  Asci bispori.
2093. titan, B. & R.
                      ... 3350
                       b. Asci tetraspori.
                      .. 3346
2094. profusa, Not.
                                         = anomia, Fr.
        = seiridia, B. & C.
                                 2095. effusa, Rehm.
        = macrospora, B. & Br.
                                 2096. Malbrancheana,
        = Sartwelli, B. & C.
                                         Sacc.
                                                       ... 3348
        = ocellata, Schw.
```

c. Asci octospori.

† Sporidia mutica.

2097. lanciformis, Fr 3	3349 2102. xanthoxyli, Peck, 3	355,
2098. umbonata, Tul 3	3351 4	016.
2099. stigmoidea, C. & E. 3	3352 2103. sambucina, Peck 8	3356
2100. longipes, Tul 3	3353 2104. tubulosa, B. & C., 3	699,
2101. convergens, Tode. 3		358.

†† Sporidia hyalino-appendiculata.

2105. Berkeleyi, Tul 3359	2108. macrosperma, Tul. 3362
2106. aucta, B. & Br 3360	
2107. hapalocystis, B. & Br. 3361	

GEN. 4. FENESTELLA, Tul. Sacc. Syll. 11., 325.—Stroma corticale, valseum. Sporidia multiseptata, muriformia vel clathrata.

* EU-FENESTELLA. Sporidia colorata.

2111.	princeps, Tul	3995	2124.	salicis, Rehm	4008
2112.	tetratrupha, B. & Br.	3996	2125.	rostrata, Fckl	4009
2113.	minor, Tul	3997	2126.	Faberi, Kunze	4010
2114.	bipapillata, Tul	3998	2127.	betulæ, Nees	4011
2115.	media, Tul	3999	2128.	superficialis, C.&P.	4012
	phæospora, Sacc		2129.	vitellina, Mont	4013
	macrospora, Fckl.		2130.	castanicola, B. & C.	4014
	Mougeotii, Pers			frit, Sacc. (vix Fries)	
	melastoma, Fr			callispora, Duby.,	
2120.	vestita, Fr	4004		xiv. 48	
2121.	lycii, Duby	4005	2133.	hormospora, $B.$ \$ $C.$,	Grev.
	tumida, Pers			xiv. 48	
2123.	condensata, B. & C.	4007			

** CLETHRIDIUM. Sporidia hyalina.

2134. Burchelli, Cooke ... 4017 2135. schistostroma, Duby. 4504

FLORA VENETA CRITTOGAMICA (Bizzozero).—The first part of this work, consisting of 570 pages, octavo, contains the Fungi in a very compact form for reference, and clearly printed. The only disadvantage, and that a considerable one for British students, is that the descriptions are all in Italian, otherwise, as it contains measurements under every species, it would be exceedingly useful. It need scarcely be said that the Pyrenomycetes are classed fundamentally on the system propounded by Saccardo. There is a copious index, and the price is fifteen shillings.

NEW BRITISH FRESH-WATER ALGÆ.

Vaucheria spherospora. Nordst. Bot. Not., 1878, p. 177, t. 2.

Loosely exspitose, antheridia at the apex of longer or rarely of the shorter branches, slightly tumid, very often a little incurved, acuminate, furnished about the apex with two (rarely four) nearly opposite divergent conical processes, connected with the side or the base (at first with the apex) of the oogonium, by means of a short cell destitute of chlorophyll. Oogonium globose, or obovate-globose, oospore globose, chlorophyllose, membrane not thick, not entirely filling the oogonium.

Size.—Threads, ·026-·06 mm. diam. Oogonia, ·104-·136

mm. diam. Oospore, .088-.120 mm. diam.

On the mud at low water of the Thames at Kew. Commonly marine.

Found by Professor O. Nordstedt. August, 1885.

Palmodactylon subramosum. Nag.

This form, which we regard as a condition of *Hydrurus penicellatus*, has been found in Yorkshire by Mr. T. Hebden, of Keighley, as recorded in the Journal of the Quekett Microscopical Club.

Pomologists and Mycologists will alike be grieved to read the following sad announcement:—

HENRY GRAVES BULL, M.D.

(Of Hereford),

DIED ON SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 31, 1885,

AFTER A BRIEF ILLNESS,

Aged 67 years.

The great work which he laboured to perfect, "The Herefordshire Pomona," was just completed, and the smaller "Handbook" of the Apples and Pears of Herefordshire commenced, when he was suddenly struck down by a fearful and insidious disease. Those who have met him year by year at the Fungus Forays of the Woolhope Club, will ever remember his smiling face, his kindly and amiable disposition, and his indomitable energy. All that large number of survivors who had the privilege of his friendship will unite in the testimony that—

"We shall not look upon his like again."

BRAITHWAITE'S BRITISH MOSS FLORA.

We are happy to announce the appearance of the ninth part of this excellent work, and, in common with the majority of subscribers, can only hope that succeeding parts will be accelerated as much as possible. Having every sympathy with a business man who finds his leisure far too little for such a project, we nevertheless cannot conceal our anxiety for the more rapid progress of the work. The present part continues the Tortulaceæ, with four plates; the total number of which are now 36, and the letterpress reaches to page 244. The acknowledged merit of this Flora disarms criticism, and it is, in fact, just because it is so good, and so much wanted, that we cannot help regretting its slow progress. The next part is announced to contain eight plates, which will complete the first volume, "including one-half of our Acrocarpous Mosses." It would greatly increase the confidence of subscribers if the announcement could be made that this volume will reach its completion within the current year.

Fungi Moricolæ (A. N. Berlese).—Part 2 is fully as meritorious in execution as the first part, and contains 10 plates, of which seven belong to the Pyrenomycetes. We can add nothing to our previous estimate.

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BRITISH SPHÆROPSIDEÆ.

PROVISIONAL LIST OF SPECIES HITHERTO FOUND IN THE BRITISH ISLANDS.

By M. C. Cooke.

(Continued from p. 36.)

- 199. Diplodia amorphe, Wallr. Sacc. Syll. 1872. On Amorpha fruticosa. Kew.
- 200. Diplodia Scheidweileri (West) Sacc. Syll., 1830. On Tilia. Near Bristol (C.B.)
- Diplodia rosarum, West. Sacc. Syll. 1877.
 On roses.
- 202. Diplodia kerriæ, Berk. Sacc. Sýll. 1878. On Kerria japonica.
- 203. Diplodia cistina, Cke. Grev. XIV., 4. On Cistus laurifolius. Kew.
- 204. Diplodia rubi, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1879. On bramble. Kent; King's Cliffe; Barnet.
- 205. Diplodia Roumegueri, Sacc. Syll. 1884. On Prunus lauro-cerasus. Kew.
- 206. Diplodia crategi, West. Sacc. Syll. 1887. On Crategus. Kent.
- 207. Diplodia hedere, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1913.
 On twigs and leaves of ivy.
- 208. Diplodia mamillana, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1914. On Cornus. Mickleham.
- 209. Diplodia paupercula, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 1916. On Platanus, Batheaston.
- 210. Diplodia lonicera, Fckl. Saco. Syll. 1919. On honeysuckle. Kew.
- 211. Diplodia sambucina, Sacc. Syll. 1921. On Sambucus nigra. Kew.
- 212. Diplodia lantana, Fokl. Sacc. Syll. 1923.
 On Viburnum lantana. Darenth (F. B. 11., 620); Kew.
- 213. Diplodia paulowniæ, Cke. Grev. XIII., 96. On Paulownia imperialis. Kew.
- 214. Diplodia lilacis, West. Sacc. Syll. 1928. On Syringa vulgaris. Shrewsbury (F. B. 11., 626); King's Lynn.
- 215. Diplodia ligustri, West. Sacc. Syll. 1929.
 On Ligustrum vulgare. Darenth (F. B. 11., 621); Forden; Kew; Highgate.
- 216. Diplodia laurina, Sacc. Syll. 1937. On Laurus nobilis. Kew.

- 217. Diplodia elwagni, Pass. Sacc. Syll. 1941. On Elwagnus angustifolius. Kew.
- 218. Diplodia celtidis, Roum. Saco. Syll. 1944. On Celtis occidentalis. Kew.
- 219. Diplodia melena, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 1946. On elm branches.
- 220. Diplodia sycina, Mont. Sacc. Syll. 1948. On Ficus carica. King's Cliffe.
- 221. Diplodia mori, West. Sacc. Syll. 1956. On Morus alba. Kew.
- 222. Diplodia juglandis, Fr. Saco. Syll. 1962. On Juglans regia.
- 223. Diplodia populina, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1964. On Populus nigra.
- 224. Diplodia mutila, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1965. On Populus. Kent; Shrewsbury.
- 225. **Diplodia coryli**, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1967. On Corylus avellana.
- 226. Diplodia faginea, Fr. Saco. Syll. 1969. On Fagus sylvatica.
- 227. Diplodia salicina, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 292.
 On Salix. Forden (F. B. 11, 622).
- 228. Diplodia juniperi, West. Sacc. Syll. 1979. On Juniper. Stratford-on-Avon.
- 229. Diplodia sapinea, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1984. On Pinus. Terrington (F. B. 11., 17).
- 230. Diplodia microsporella, Sacc. Syll. 1986. On Ligustrum. Kew.
 - ** On leaves and fruits.
- 231. Diplodia taxi, Sow. Sacc. Syll. 1996. On yew leaves.
- 232. Diplodia conigena, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1998.
 On cones of Pinus sylvestris. Minstead (New Forest).
- 233. Diplodia ilicis, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2002. On holly leaves.
- 234. Diplodia hedericola, 8aoc. Syll. 2004. On ivy leaves.
- 235. Diplodia inconspicua, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 96. On box leaves. Kew.
- 236. Diplodia consors, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2019. On leaves of cherry laurel. Forden.
- 237. Diplodia tecta, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2020. On leaves of cherry laurel.
- 238. Diplodia malorum, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2021. On apples. King's Cliffe.

- 239. Diplodia magnoliæ, West. Sacc. Syll. 2024.
 On twigs and leaves of Magnolia grandiflora. Kew.
- 240. Diplodia arbuticola, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2028. On Arctostaphylos uva ursi. Scotland.

B. On herbaceous Dicotyledons.

- 241. Diplodia sarmentorum, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2035. On Menispermum canadense. Kew.
- 242. Diplodia humuli, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 2036. On Humulus lupulus.
- 243. Diplodia dulcamare, Fckl. Saco. Syll. 2044. On Solanum dulcamara.
- 244. Diplodia obsoleta, Karst. Sacc. Syll. 2045. On potato haulms. Aberdeen.
- 245. Diplodia vulgaris, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 2065. On herb stems.
- 246. Diplodia herbarum, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 2066. On Lappa, &c. Darenth (F. B. I., 339).
- 247. Diplodia smyrnii, Curr. in Herb. On Smyrnium. Lewes.

C. On Monocotyledons.

249. **Diplodia coryphæ**, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 96. On petioles of palms.

GEN. 4. MACRODIPLODIA, Sacc. Syll. III., 374.

Perithecia covered, corticolous, large (resembling Massaria), pierced. Sporules oblong, uniseptate, sooty brown, surrounded by a hyaline mucous stratum.

- 248. Macrodiplodia Curreyi, Sacc. Syll. 2089. On lime branches. Blackheath.
- 250. Macrodiplodia ulmi, Sacc. Syll. 2090.
 On elm branches. Kidbrooke; Jedburgh.

GEN. 5. DIPLODIELLA, Karst. Sacc. Syll. 111., 375.

Perithecia superficial, usually growing on wood, globose, papillate, black, smooth, subcarbonaceous. Sporules elliptical or oblong, uniseptate, coloured.

- 251. Diplodiella fibricola, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 2097. On poplar wood. King's Cliffe.
- 252. **Diplodiella oospora**, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 2098. On willow wood. King's Cliffe.
- 253. Diplodiella quercella, Sacc. Syll. 2099. On oak wood. Shere.
- 254. Diplodiella Cowdelli, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2105. On cotton cloth.



GEN. 6. BOTRYDIPLODIA, Sacc. Syll. 111.. 377.

Perithecia cæspitose, crowded together in a botryoid manner, erumpent, seated upon a definite stroma, between membranaceous and carbonaceous, often papillate. Sporules as in *Diplodia*.

- 255. Botrydiplodia confluens, B. & Br. Saoc. Syll. 2108. On Daphne laureola. Milton.
- 256. Botrydiplodia fraxini, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2110. On Fraxinus excelsior. Shrewsbury.
- 257. Botrydiplodia spheroides, Fr. Saoc. Syll. 2120. On Fraxinus. Shere.
- 258. Botrydiplodia pyrenophora, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2121.
 On pear and apple. King's Cliffe; Audley End.
- GEN. 7. **DIPLODINA**, West. Sacc. Syll. III., 411.

 Perithecia subcutaneous or erumpent, globose, papillate, black, smooth. Sporules ellipsoid-oblong, uniseptate, hyaline.
- 259. Diplodina salicis, West. Sacc. Syll. 2267. On Salix babylonica. Kew.
- 260. Diplodina deformis, Karst. Sacc. Syll. 2277. On Sambucus. Kew.
- Diplodina dracænicola, Sacc. Syll. 2279.
 On Dracæna leaves.
- 262. Diplodina ammophilæ, Trail. Grev. XIII., 96. On Ammophila. Aberdeen.

Sub-Fam. V. HENDERSONIÆ.

Perithecia as in Diplodiæ; sporules two or multiseptate, coloured or hyaline.

GEN. 1. HENDERSONIA, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 111., 418.

Perithecia subcutaneous, erumpent, or almost superficial, globose, papillate or depressed, membranaceous or subcarbonaceous, black. Sporules oblong or fusoid, 2 or many septate, olivaceous or sooty brown.

- I. EU-HENDERSONIA. Sporules of medium size, or small.
 - * Ramicolæ.
- 263. Hendersonia vagans, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 2290. On Fraxinus. Kew.
- 264. Hendersonia sarmentorum, West. Sacc. Syll. 2293.
 On Vitis. King's Lynn (F. B. 1., 623; 11., 23).
- 265. Hendersonia coronille, Cooke.
 On Coronilla emerus, and Baccharis halamifolia. Kew Gardens.
- 266. Hendersonia mammillana, Curr. Sacc. Syll. 2296. On Rhamnus.
- 267. Hendersonia rhamnicola, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 2297. On Rhamnus frangula.

- 268. Hendersonia Fiedleri, West. Sacc. Syll. 2299.
 On Cornus. Highgate.
- 269. Hendersonia lonicers, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2309. On Lonicera, Kew.
- 270. Hendersonia rubi, West. Sacc. Syll. 2316. On Rubus. On Rosa canina. Kew.
- 271. Hendersonia tiliæ, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 2318. On Tilia europæa. Kew.
- 272. **Hendersonia ambiens**, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 5. On Acer dasycarpum. Kew.
- 273. Hendersonia tamaricis, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 5. On Tamarix gallica. Kew.
- 274. Hendersonia exigua, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 2330. On bark. Edinburgh (F. B. 11., 24).

** Herbicolæ.

275. Hendersonia lirella, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 2361. On Spiræa ulmaria.

*** On Monocotyledons.

- 276. Hendersonia sparganii, Nieul. Sacc. Syll. 2377. On Sparganium. Aberdeen.
- 277. Hendersonia culmicola, Sacc. Syll. 2391. On culms of grass. Warwickshire.
- 278. Hendersonia culmiseda, Sacc. Syll. 2392. On Phragmites. Aberdeen.
- 279. Hendersonia equiseti, Trail. Grev. XIII., 96. On Equisetum. Aberdeen.
 - II. Sporocadus. Perithecia and sporules large.
- 280. **Hendersonia loricata**, S. & R. Sacc. Syll. 2410. On decorticated branches. Bristol.
- 281. Hendersonia ulmicola, Cke. Sacc. Syll. 2412. On Ulmus.
- 282. Hendersonia polycystis, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2414. On Betula.
- GEN. 2. **PROSTHEMIUM**, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. III., 444.

 Perithecia covered, carbonaceous, globose-depressed, black.

 Sporules multiseptate, united in a stellate capitulum, coloured; basidia obsolete or filiform.
- 283. Prosthemium betulinum, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. 2430. On Betula alba. Blackheath. Wiltshire.
- 284. Prosthemium stellare, Riess. Sacc. Syll. 2431. On Alnus glutinosa. Spye Park.



GEN. 3. STAGONOSPORA, Sacc. Syll. III., 445.

Perithecia innate or erumpent, globose, often papillate and pierced, black, membranaceous or subcarbonaceous. Sporules ellipsoid or elongated, 2 to many-septate, hyaline.

- * On Dicotyledons.
- 285. Stagonospora turgida, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2439. On Fraxinus. Twycross.
- 286. Stagonospora arcus, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2452. On Buxus. Batheaston.
- 287. Stagonospora princeps (B. & Br.). Sacc. Syll. 3171. On Fagus. Batheaston.
- 288. Stagonospora unica, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 2454. On wood.
- 289. Stagonospora strobilina, Curr. Sacc. Syll. 2457. On cones of Pinus maritima.
- 290. Stagonospora pini, Grove. Journ. Bot., 1885.On leaves of Pinus sylvestris.
 - ** On Monocotyledons.
- 291. Stagonospora typhoidearum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2465.
 On Typha and Sparganium. Wiltshire.
- 292. Stagonospora trimera, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 2469. On Juncus maritima.
- 293. Stagonospora caricis (Oud.). Sacc. Syll. 2471. On Carices. Aberdeen.
- 294. Stagonospora macropus, B& Br. Sacc. Syll. 2474.
 On Carex.
- 295. Stagonospora paludosa, Sacc. Syll. 2475. On Carex. Aberdeen.
- 296. Stagonospora eleocharidis, Trail. Grev. XIII., 97. On Eleocharis palustris. Aberdeen.
- 297. Stagonospora subseriata, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2478. On grasses. Wiltshire.
- 298. Stagonospora elegans, Berk. Cooke, Handbook, 1275.
 On reeds and grasses. Irstead; Lyndhurst; Northamptonshire.
- 299. Stagonospora epicalamia, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 2487. On reeds. N. Wootton.
- GEN. 4. CAMAROSPORIUM, Schulz. Sacc. Syll. III., 459.
 Perithecia subcutaneous, erumpent, globose, black, often papillate, membranaceous or subcoriaceous. Sporules ovoid, oblong or fusoid, 2 to many septate, muriform, coloured.
 - * On Dicotyledons.

Ramicolæ.

800. Camarosporium robinie, West. Sacc. Syll. 2491. On Robinia. Swanscombe (F. B. 1., 625).

- 301. Camaxosporium berberidis, Cooke. Grov. XIII., 97. On Berberis vulgaris, Kew.
- 302. Camarosporium limoniss, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 97. On Citrus trifoliata. Kew.
- 303. Camarosporium macrosporum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2501. On Philadelphus.
- 304. Camarosporium spirese, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 97.
 On Spiræa callosa and S. opulifolia. Kew.
- 305. Camarosporium cistinum, Cooke. Grev. xiv., 5. On Cistus laurifolius. Kew.
- 306. Camarosporium staphyleæ, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 5.
 On Staphylea pinnata and S. trifoliata. Kew.
 On Celtis occidentalis. Kew.
- 307. Camarosporium quercus, Sacc. Syll. 2515. On Quercus coccinea. Kew.
- 308. Camarosporium mori, Sacc. Syll. 2516. On Morus alba. Kew.

Foliicola.

- 309. Camarosporium oreades, D. R. & M. Sacc. Syll. 2526. On oak leaves.
 - ** On Monocotyledons and Acotyledons.
- 310. Camarosporium Stephensii, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2542. On Pteris aquilina. Leigh Wood.
- GEN. 5. DICHOMERA, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 111., 472.

 Perithecia immersed in a pulvinate erumpent Dothideaform stroma. Sporules globose or ellipsoid, 2-4 septate, muriform, or radiately or cruciately 3-6 septate, coloured.
- 311. Dichomera Saubinetii (Mont.). Sacc. Syll. 2547. On Rhamnus frangula. Highgate (F. B. 11., 619).
- 812. Dichomera salicina, Vize. Sacc. Syll. 2549. On Salix. Forden.
- 313. Dichomera mutabilis, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2550. On Platanus.

Sub-Fam. VI. CYTISPOROIDEÆ.

Stroma mostly verrucæform, many-celled within, perithecia formed from the stroma. Sporules unicellular, hyaline.

GEN. 1. RABENHORSTIA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 111., 243.

Stroma erumpent, globose, truncate, cellular within, coriaceocarbonaceous, the upper portion often falling away with the bark.

Sporules ovoid-oblong, continuous, hyaline. 314. Rabenhorstia tilim, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1427.

315. Rabenhorstia rudis, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1429 On laburnum. Regent's Park.

On lime branches.

GEN. 2. PLACOSPHERIA, Sacc. Syll. III., 244.

Stroma effused, black, often covered by the epidermis, distinctly or obsoletely cellular within. Sporules oblong, fusoid, or cylindrical, hyaline.

- 316. Placospheria enobrychidis (DC.). Sacc. Syll. 1439. On Lathyrus. Kew.
- 317. Placospheria corrugata, Karst. Sacc. Syll. 1445. On hard wood.

GEN. S. FUSICOCCUM, Corda. Sacc. Syll. 111., 247. Stroma subcutaneous, erumpent, convex or conical, subcoriaceous,

black, more or less distinctly cellular within. Sporules fusoid, continuous, hyaline, usually straight.

318. Fusicoccum fibrosum, Sacc. Syll. 1447. On Rhamnus cathartica.

319. Fusicoccum hapalocystis, Sacc. Syll. 1455. On Platanus.

GEN. 4. CYTISPORA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 252.

Stroma covered or erumpent, conical or verruciform, cellular within, cells often distinctly circinating. Sporules numerous, continuous, hyaline, oblong, sausage-shaped, expelled when moist in tendrils.

* Ramicolous.

- 320. Cytispora Hendersonii, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 1476. On Rosa arvensis.
- 321. Cytispora rhodophila, Saco. Syll. 1477. On Rosa canina.
- 322. Cytispora rosarum, Grev. Sacc. Syll. 1478. On Rosa canina.
- 323. Cytispora microspora, Corda. Sacc. Syll. 1480. On Amelanchier. Kew.
- 324. Cytispora rubescens, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1481. On Sorbus aucuparia, &c. Forden, (F. B. 11., 623.) King's Cliffe.
- 325. Cytispoza leucostoma, Pers. Sacc. Syll. 1483. On Prunus domestica, &c.
- 326. Cytispora microstoma, Sacc. Syll. 1486. On Prunus spinosa.
- 327. Cytispora atra, Bon. Sacc. Syll. 1504. On Morùs alba. Kew.
- 328. Cytispora occulta, Sacc. Syll. 1509. On Alnus glutinosa. Regent's Park.
- 329. Cytispora stellulata, Sacc. Syll. 1516. On Ulmus campestris.
- 830. Cytispora carbonacea, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1517. On Celtis occidentalis. Kew.

- 331. Cytispora nivea, Hoffm. Sacc. Syll. 1518. On Populus nigra, &c.
- 332. Cytispora chrysosperma, Pers. Sacc. Syll. 1519. On Populus alba, &c. Highgate (F. B. 11., 113); Shrewsbury; King's Cliffe; Glasgow.
- 333. Cytispora translucens, Sacc. Syll. 1522. On Salix babylonica.
- 334. Cytispora Schweinitzii, Sacc. Syll. 1523. On Salix fragilis and S. petiolaris. Kew.
- 335. Cytispora salicis, Rabh. Sacc. Syll. 1526. On Salix vitellina, S. alba, and S. fragilis. Kew.
- 336. Cytispora caprem, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1530. On Salix caprea.
- 337. Cytispora fugax, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1532.
 On Salix. Darenth (F. B. 11., 115).
- 338. Cytispora decipiens, Sacc. Syll. 1534. On Carpinus.
- 339. Cytispora guttifera, D.C. Sacc. Syll. 1539. On Corylus and Quercus.
- 340. Cytispora intermedia, Sacc. Syll. 1540. On Quercus. Kew.
- 341. Cytispora platani, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1557: On Platanus. Kew.
- 342. Cytispora leucosperma, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1561.
 On various trees. Highgate (F. B. 11., 114); Shrewsbury;
 King's Cliffe.
- 343. Cytispora Acharii, Sacc. Syll. 1559. On decorticated branches.
- 344. Cytispora flavovirens, Sacc. Syll. 1560. On Acer, &c. Kew.
- 345. Cytispora ceratophora, Sacc. Syll. 1562. On Quercus, Ulmus, &c. Whitehall; Kew.
- 346. Cytispora ambiens, Sacc. Syll. 1563. On Fraxinus, Betula, Negundo, &c. Kew.
- 347. Cytispora Curreyi, Sacc. Syll. 1566. On Abies, Larix, &c.
- 348. Cytispora abietis, Sacc. Syll. 1567. On Abies excelsa.
- 349. Cytispora Kunzei, Sacc. Syll. 1569. On Abies pectinata and A. excelsa.
- 350. Cytispora pini, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1571. On Pinus sylvestris. Twycross.
- 351. Cytispora carphosperma, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1504. On Tilia. Blackheath.
- 352. Cytispora hippophaes, Thum. Sacc. Syll. 1597. On Hippophae rhamnoides. Kew.

- 353. Cytispora euonymi, Cke. Grev. XIV., 4. On Euonymus americanus. Kew.
- 354. Cytispora staphylese, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 4.
 On Staphylea pinnata and S. trifoliata. Kew.
- 355. Cytispora jasmini, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 4. On Jasminum officinale. Kew.
 - ** Foliicolous.
- 356. Cytispora pinastri, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 1599. On leaves of Pinus sylvestris, &c.
- 357. Cytispora foliicola, Lib. Sacc. Syll. 1602.
 On leaves of Vinca. Aberdeen; Swanscombe.
- 358. Cytispora lauro-cerasi, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 1603. var. ramulorum, Sacc.
 On twigs of cherry laurel. Kew.
- 359. Cytispora palmarum, Cooke. Grev. XIV. On palm petioles. Kew.
- GEN. 5. CEUTHOSPORA, Grev. Sacc. Syll. III., 277.

 Stroma innato-erumpent, conical-truncate, subcoriaceous, cellular within (rarely 1-celled); ostiola often confluent in the centre. Sporules oblong-cylindrical, usually straight, hyaline, oozing out in tendrils.
- 360. Ceuthospora phacidioides, Grev. Sacc. Syll. 1618.
 On holly leaves. Highgate (F. B. 1., 158); Shrewsbury; Edinburgh; Bungay; Neatishead.
- 361. Geuthospora lauri, Grev. Sacc. Syll. 1628. On Laurus nobilis. Appin; Audley End; Forden; Northamptonshire.
- GEN. 6. **ERIOSPORA**, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. III., 600.

 Stroma depressed, multicellular within, cells subglobose. Sporules fasciculate, in fours or sixes, filiform, continuous, hyaline, seated on a short common sporophore, at length ejected from a common orifice.
- 362. Eriospora leucostoma, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3260. On dead leaves of Typha and Carex.
- GEN. 7. CYTISPORINA, Sacc. Syll. 111., 601. Stroma valsioid, verruciform, or effused, on bark or wood; perithecia subimmersed, ostiola various, often emergent. Sporules filiform, curved, hyaline, continuous.
- 363. Cytisporina stellulata, Sacc. Syll. 3268. On branches of Ulmus.
- GEN. 8. MICROPERA, Lev. Sacc. Syll. III., 604.

 Perithecia erumpenti-superficial, often densely cæspitose, suberous, or coriaceous, sometimes furfuraceous, globosely conic or somewhat elongated, ostiola spurious. Sporules fusoid-filiform, flexuous or curved, multiguttulate, hyaline, on short pedicels.

364. Micropera drupacearum, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 3281.
On bark of Prunus and Cerasus. Forden (F. B. 11., 618).

Sub-Fam. 7. PHYLLOSTICTE Æ.*

Epiphyllous, or chiefly so. Perithecia membranaceous, gregarious (often on definite spots), naked, opening by a pore. Sporules hyaline, continuous or septate.

GEN. 1. PHYLLOSTICTA, Pers. Sacc. Syll. III., 3.

Perithecia membranaceous, lenticular, covered by the cuticle, pierced with a punctiform pore. Sporules ovoid or oblong, continuous, hyaline, basidia very short or none.

- * On Arborescent Dicotyledons.
- 365. Phyllosticta pavis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2. On Pavia macrostachya. Kew.
- 366. Phyllosticta sanguinea, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 14. On Cotoneaster frigida. Kew.
- 367. Phyllosticta ruborum, Sacc. Syll. 30. On Rubus. Forden; Lyndhurst.
- 368. Phyllosticta rose, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 31. On rose leaves. Neatishead.
- 369. Phyllosticta cytisi, West. Sacc. Syll. 40. On laburnum. Highgate; Shere.
- 370. Phyllosticta aceris, Sacc. Syll. 61. On Acer campestris. Darenth.
- 371. Phyllosticta rhamni, West. Sacc. Syll. 62. On Rhamnus frangula. Lyndhurst.
- 372. Phyllosticta euonymi, Sacc. Syll. 68. On Euonymus europæus. Kew.
- 373. Phyllosticta tinea, Sacc. Syll. 75. On Viburnum tinus. Kew.
- 374. Phyllosticta ribicola, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 82. On Ribes rubrum.
- 375. Phyllosticta lauri, West. Sacc. Syll. 84. On Laurus nobilis. Swanscombe; Highgate.
- 376. Phyllosticta vulgaris, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 90.
 On honeysuckle. Ashmanhaugh; Shrewsbury; Twycross;
 Chingford.
- 377. Phyllosticta lonicere, West. Sacc. Syll. 90. On honeysuckle. Darenth; Tay, N.B.
- 378. Phyllosticta sambuci, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 95. On Sambucus. Shere; Whitehall.
- 379. Phyllosticta hedericola, D.R. & M. Sacc. Syll. 100. On ivy leaves. Highgate; Shrewsbury; Lyndhnrst.
- * This sub-family would have been better placed first, preceding Pho-moideæ.

- 380. Phyllosticta cornicola, D.C. Sacc. Syll. 103. On Cornus. King's Cliffe; Darenth; Chichester; Audley End.
- 381. Phyllosticta fraxinicola, Curr. Sacc. Syll. 106. On Fraxinus, Herb. Currey.
- 382. Phyllosticta ligustri, Sacc. Syll. 107. On privet leaves. Highgate; Shere; Kew.
- 383. Phyllosticta syrings, West. Sacc. Syll. 109. On Syringa vulgaris. Kew.
- 384. Phyllosticta phillyreæ, Sacc. Syll. 113. On Phillyrea. Kew.
- 385. Phyllosticta rhododendri, West. Sacc. Syll. 116. On rhododendron. Kew.
- 386. Phyllosticta arbuti, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 118. On Arbutus unedo. Highgate; Swanscombe; Kew.
- 387. Phyllosticta garryæ, C. & H. Sacc. Syll. 121. On Garrya elliptica. Kew.
- 388. Phyllosticta limbalis, Pers. Sacc. Syll. 124. On box leaves. Forden; Shere.
- 389. Phyllosticta Bolleana (Thum.). Sacc. Syll. 620. On Hoya carnosa. Neatishead.
- 390. Phyllosticta ilicicola, Fr. in Mong. & Nest. Exs. 975. On holly leaves. Kew.
- 391. Phyllosticta magnoliæ, var. Cookei, Sacc. Syll. 130. On Magnolia grandiflora. Kew.
- 392. Phyllosticta mahoniæ, Sacc. & Sp. Sacc. Syll. 131. On Mahonia aquifolia. Swanscombe; Kew; Shere.
- 393. Phyllosticta berberidis, West. Sacc. Syll. 134. On Berberis vulgaris. Darenth.
- 394. Phyllosticta asiatica, Cooke. Grev. XIII., 91. On Berberis asiatica. Kew.
- 395. Phyllosticta paulowniæ, Sacc. Syll. 139. On Paulownia imperialis. Kew.
- 396. Phyllosticta tilis, Sacc. & Sp. Sacc. Syll. 141. On Tilia europæa. Lyndhurst.
- 397. Phyllosticta sidecola, Cooke. Grev. xiv., 39. On Sida mepæa. Kew.
- 898. Phyllosticta betulina, Sacc. Syll. 170. On Betula alba. Wimbledon; Kew; Rednal; Fen End.
- 399. Phyllosticta populina, Sacc. Syll. 176. On Populus nigra. Holloway.
- 400. Phyllosticta maculæformis, Sacc. Syll. 189. On Castanea vesca. Darenth.
 - ** On Herbaceous Dicotyledons.
- 401. Phyllosticta ranunculorum, Sacc. Syll. 197. On Ranunculus repens. Abridge.
- 402. Phyllosticta calthecola, D.C. Sacc. Syll. 348. On Caltha palustris. Colney Hatch.

- 403. Phyllosticta helleborella, Sacc. Syll. 201. var. nigra, Cooke. On Helleborus niger. Kew.
- 404. Phyllosticta viole, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 203. On Viola odorata. Hampstead.
- 405. Phyllosticta helianthemi, Roum. Sacc. Syll. 204. On Helianthemum vulgare. Lyndhurst.
- 406. Phyllosticta brassicæ, Curr. Sacc. Syll. 207. On Brassica. Kew.
- 407. Phyllosticta erysimi, West. Sacc. Syll. 208. On Erysimum alliaria. Shere.
- 408. Phyllosticta epimedii, Sacc. Syll. 211. On Epimedium alpinum. Kew.
- 409. Phyllosticta impatientis, Kirch. Sacc. Syll. 346. On Impatiens parviflora. Kew.
- 410. Phyllosticta destructiva, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 214. On Malva sylvestris. Dartford; Kew; Lyndhurst.
- 411. Phyllosticta tormentille, Sacc. Syll. 216. On Tormentilla erecta. Lyndhurst.
- 412. Phyllosticta argentine, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 218. On Potentilla anserina. Twycross.
- 413. Phyllosticta fragaricola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 219.
 On strawberry leaves. Forden; Highgate.
- 414. Phyllosticta filipendulina, v. ulmariæ, Sacc. Syll. 222. On Spiræa ulmaria. Lyndhurst.
- 415. Phyllosticta medicaginis, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 228. On Medicago sativa. Dartford.
- 416. Phyllosticta vicio, Lib. Sacc. Syll. 232. On Vicia sepium. Sydenham.
- 417. Phyllosticta dianthi, West. Sacc. Syll. 237. On Dianthus barbatus. In gardens.
- 418. Phyllosticta cirsii, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 238. On Cirsium lanceolatum. Bungay.
- 419. Phyllosticta lappæ, Sacc. Syll. 242. On Lappa. Almond park, Salop.
- 420. Phyllosticta angelicæ, Sacc. Syll. 252. On Angelica sylvestris. Highgate.
- 421. Phyllosticta scrophulariæ, West. Sacc. Syll. 253. On Scrophularia. Dinmore.
- 422. Phyllosticta digitalis, Belly. Sacc. Syll. 256. On Digitalis. Shere; Lyndhurst.
- 423. Phyllosticta dulcamare, Sacc. Syll. 268. On Solanum dulcamara. Kew.
- 424. Phyllosticta glechomæ, Sacc. Syll. 270. On Glechoma hederacea. Lyndhurst; Kew.
- 425. Phyllosticta ajugæ, Saoc. & Sp. Sacc. Syll. 276. On Ajuga reptans. Lyndhurst.



- 426. Phyllosticta plantaginis, Saco. Syll. 290, On Plantago major. Kew; Shere; Swanscombe.
- 427. Phyllosticta mercurialis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 291. On Mercurialis. Darenth.
- 428. Phyllosticta humuli, Sacc. & Sp. Sacc. Syll. 293. On Humulus lupulus. Swanscombe.
- 429. Phyllosticta aizoon, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 39. On Sedum aizoon. Kew.
- 430. Phyllosticta atriplicis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 299. On Atriplex.
- 431. Phyllosticta polygonorum, Sacc. Syll. 300. On Polygonym persicaria. Irstead.
- 432. Phyllosticta podophylli, Curt. Sacc. Syll. 305. On Podophyllum peltatum. Kew.
- 433. Phyllosticta primulicola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 308. On Primula. Shrewsbury; Forden; Highgate; Mickleham; Shere; Ascot; Darenth; Irstead.
- 434. Phyllosticta lutetiana, Sacc. Syll. 309. On Circæa lutetiana. Kew; Dinmore.
- 435. Phyllosticta hydrophila, Speg. Sacc. Syll. 310. On Nymphæa alba. Kew.
 - ** On Monocotyledons and Acotyledons.
- 436. Phyllosticta ruscicola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 319. On Ruscus aculeatus. Swanscombe; Kew.
- 437. Phyllosticta cruenta, Fr. Sacc, Syll. 324. On Convallaria. Milton, Norths.
- 438. Phyllosticta alismatis, Sacc. & Sp. Sacc. Syll. 332. On Alisma plantago. Epping Forest.
- 439. Phyllosticta sagittariæ, Rabh. Sacc. Syll. 373. On Sagittaria. Bungay; Irstead.
- 440. Phyllosticta potamia, Cooks. Grev., xiv., 39. On Potamogeton. Lyndhurst; Epping Porest,
- GEN. 2. ASTEROMA, D.C. Sacc. Syll. III., 201.
 Perithecia minute, seated usually on radiating black fibrils.
 Sporules ovoid-oblong.
 - A. EU-ASTEROMA. Perithecia and sporules known.
- 441. Asteroma padi, Grev. Sacc. Syll. 1201.
 On leaves of Prunus padus. Edinbro'; Arisaig; Tay; Dee; Moray (N.B.).
 - B. ASTEROMATA DUBIA. Sporules unknown.
 - * On woody Dicotyledons.
- 442. Asteroma vagans, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1217. On leaves of various trees.
- 443. Asteroma pyri, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1219. On pear leaves. King's Cliffe.

- 444. Asteroma aceris, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 1234. On maple leaves. Darenth.
- 445. Asteroma obscurum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1236. On leaves of Cornus. Dartford.
- 446. Asteroma betulæ, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 1241. On leaves of Betulus. Wimbledon.
- 447. Asteroma salicis, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 1244. On willow leaves. Audley End.
- 448. Asteroma ulmi, Klot. Sacc. Syll. 1248.
 On elm leaves. Darenth; Highgate; North Highlands;
 Sanguhar; Aberdeen.
- 449. Asteroma hederæ, Desm. Exs. No. 774. On ivy leaves.
 - ** On herbaceous Dicotyledons.
- 450. Asteroma graphoides, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 1250. On leaves of Stellaria holostea.
- 451. Asteroma prunellæ, Purt. Sacc. Syll. 1257.
 On Prunella. Bagley Wood, Berks; Shotover Hill.
- 452. Asteroma Robergei, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1258. On Conium. King's Cliffe.
- 453. Asteroma solidaginis, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 40. On Solidago elliptica. Kew.
 - ** On fruits and galls.
- 454. Asteroma delicatulum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 1277. On Colutea arborescens. Kew.
 - ** On Monocotyledons.
- 455. Asteroma reticulatum, D.C. Sacc. Syll. 1280. On Convallaria. King's Cliffe.
 - C. ACTINONEMA, Fr. Sporidia septate.
- 456. Asteroma rosæ, Lib. Sacc. Syll 2257.
 On rose leaves. Neatishead; Shrewsbury; Forden; Twycross;
 King's Cliffe; Highgate; Bristol; Ascot; Chingford;
 Lyndhurst; Tay; Moray.
- 457. Asteroma crategi (?), Berk. Sacc. Syll. 2258. On pear leaves. King's Cliffe; Tonbridge.
- GEN. 3. DARLUCA, Cast. Sacc. Syll. III., 410.

 Perithecia superficial, usually parasitic on the sori of Uredines.

 Sporules oblong or fusoid, at length uniseptate, apiculate.
- 458. Darluca filum, Cast. Sacc. Syll. 2263. On Uredines. King's Lynn; King's Cliffe; Twycross.
- GEN. 4. ASCOCHTTA, Lib. Sacc. Syll. III., 384.
 Perithecia as in Phyllosticta. Sporules uniseptate.
- 459. Ascochyta metulispora, B. & Br Sacc. Syll. 2184.
 On ash leaves. Scotland.



- 460. Ascochyta rufomaculans, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 2183. On Vitis vinifera.
- 461. Ascochyta armoraciæ, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 2194. On horseradish leaves.
- 462. Ascochyta pisi, Lib. Sacc. Syll. 2197.
 On pods of common pea. King's Cliffe; Glamis.
- 463. Ascochyta dianthi, A. & S. Sacc. Syll. 2203.
 On Agrostemma and Dianthus. King's Cliffe; London;
 Tansor; Neatished; Appin; Perth.
- 464. Ascochyta pallor, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 2206. On bramble shoots. King's Cliffe.
- 465. Ascochyta teretiuscula, Sacc. & Roum. Sacc. Syll. 2243. On Luzula sylvatica. Aberdeen.

GEN. 4. SEPTORIA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 474.

Perithecia commonly seated on discoloured spots, membranaceous.

Sporules rod-like, or filiform, many-septate, or many-nucleate, hyaline.

A. On woody Dicotyledons.

- 466. Septoria tiliæ, West. Sacc. Syll. 2562. On lime leaves. Ascot.
- 467. Septoria incondita, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2576. On maple leaves.
- 468. Septoria esculi, Lib. (S. hippocastani, B. & Br.) Sacc. Syll. 2578, 2579.

 On horse-chestnut leaves. Albury; Audley End; Kew; Dun.
- 469. Septoria Badhami, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2581. On vine leaves. Shere; Twycross.
- 470. Septoria robinia, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2609. On Robinia leaves.
- 471. Septoria cytisi, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2611. On laburnum leaves. Highgate.
- 472. Septoria rosarum, West. Sacc. Syll. 2617. On rose leaves. Forden; Shere; Tay; Dec.
- 473. Septoria rubi, West. Sacc. Syll. 2619. On bramble leaves. Forden; Lyndhurst.
- 474. Septoria pyricola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2624.
 On apple and pear leaves. Shrewsbury; Shobden; Shere.
- 475. Septoria heders, Desm. Sacc, Syll. 2644.
 On ivy leaves. Shrewsbury; East Bergholt; Stratford-on-Avon; Tweed; Tay; Dee; Moray; Solway; Clyde; Ross (N.B.).
- 476. Septoria insularis, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 2646. On ivy leaves.
- 477. Septoria ribis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2649.
 On black current leaves. King's Cliffe; Norfolk; Tay.
- 478. Septoria cornicola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2652. On Cornus leaves. Darenth; Kew.

Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY AND ITS LITERATURE.

PRÆCURSORES AD MONOGRAPHIA POLYPORORUM.

(Continued from page 21.)

GEN. III. POLYSTICTUS. Fr. Nova Symb. 54.

Pileus coriaceus, inodermeus; strato intermedio fibrilloso, abeunte in hymenophorum, in quo pori successive a centro versus ambitum explicati; primitus superficiales, punctiformes, discreti, aperti, dein excavati congesti porosi, et pilei substantia verticaliter oppositi, trama ab hymenophoro formata. Vegetatio concentrica, zonata.

A. Perennes. Mesopodes vel pleuropodes, stipite anodermeo, contextu sporisque sub-ferrugineis. Stipes sæpe lateralis.

573 circinatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 530.

= dualis, Peck. 30th Report, N.Y., 44.

574 tomentosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 530.

575 Cumingii, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1842, 147.

576 Montagnei, Fr. Hym. Eur. 530.

577 luteo-nitidus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 175.

578 flavidus, Peck 26th Report N. Y. Mus. 68. 579 Kalchbrenneri, Fr. Hym. Eur. 531.

580 concinnus, Fr. Epicr. 436.

581 perennis, Fr. Hym. Eur. 531.

582 pictus, Schulz. Sturg. 485.

583 oblectans, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 51. = splendens, Peck, 26th Report, 68.

584 bulbipes, Fr. Plant Preiss. 135.

= cladonia, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 51.

= perdurans, Kalch. Grev. ix. 1.

585 fragilissimus, Mont. Syll. 163. 586 parvulus, Klot. Linn. 1833, 483.

= connatus, Schwz. Amer. Bor. 330.

= focicola, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 305.

587 substriatus, Rostk. t. 9.

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588 peronatus (Schulz.), Fr. Hym Eur. 532.
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589 carbonarius, Fr. Hym. Eur. 532.

590 salpinctus, Cooke Grev. viii. 142.

591 dependens, B. & C. Grev. i. 39.

B. Sacri. Pileus coriaceus vel papyraceus, aridus, zonatus. Stipes crustaceo-coriocatus.—Hornotini, Fr. Epic. 436.

592 sacer, Fr. Epicr. 436.

593 pulcher, Fr. Epicr. 437.

594 renatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 170.

595 partitus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 170.

596 parmula, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 173.

597 marasmoides, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 175. var. setipes, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 175.

598 passerinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 175.

599 perula, Fr. Epicr. 437.

600 incomtus, Fr. Epicr. 437.

601 quadrans, B. & Br. Trans. Linn. Soc. i. 400.

602 xanthopus, Fr. Epicr. 473.

= cupreo-nitens, Kalch. Myc. Univ. 1702. = crassipes, Curr. Linn. Trans. 1876, 122.

603 florideus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 137.

C. Discipedes. Pileus coriaceus, subreniformis, zonatus, stipite laterali (sæpe elongato), vulgo brevissimo, basi scutato-dilatato.

* DILATATI. Pileo sicco.

604 siennæcolor, Berk. in Herb.

605 flabelliformis (Klotsch.), Fr. Epicr. 444.

606 porphyrites, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 196. 607 Adami, Berk. in Cooke Enum. Poly. 137.

=dilatatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1846.

608 dilatatus Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 184.

609 mutabilis, B. & C. Grev. i. 38.

610 dealbatus, Rav. Fungi Car. iii. 10.

= Ravenalii, B. & C. Grev. i. 38.

611 xerophyllus, Berk. Fl. N. Zeal. ii. 178.

612 luteus, Nees. Nova Acta. N. C. xiii., t. 4, f. 2.

613 petaliformis, B. &. C. Linn. Journ. x, 307. 614 polygrammus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 307.

615 vernicipes, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 50.

616 carneo-niger, Berk. Grev. xii. 15.

617 nephridius, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 195.

618 stereoides, Berk. in Herb. 2448.

619 affinis (Nees.), Fr. Epic. 445. = Teysmanni, Berk. in. Herb. 2424.

620 caryophyllaceus, B. & C. in Herb. Berk. 2407.

621 gallinaceus, B. & Cke. Linn. Journ. xv. 379.

622 spathulatus (Hook.), Fr. Epic. 443.

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623 squamæformis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 139.
624 manubriatus, Lev. Zoll. Verz. 17.
625 intonsus, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 25.
626 crenatus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. x. 372.
627 unguicularis, Fr. Nova Symb. 60.
628 microloma, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 183.
629 pterygodes, Fr. Epic. 445.
630 nephelodes, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 125.
631 lacerus, Jungh. Fl. Java.
632 multiformis, Mont. Syll. 156.
633 cinerascens, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 184.
       = Leveillei, Cooke Enum. Poly. 144.
634 sideroides, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 182.
635 Blumei, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 185.
636 notopus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 194.
637 ostreatus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 128.
638 brachypus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 127.
639 lenziteus, Lev. Zoll. Verz. 17.
640 asper, Jungh. Fl. Java 60.
641 cycliscus, Mont. Syll. 164.
642 virgineus, Fr. Epic. 481.
       = conchifer, Schw. Syn. Car. 918.
643 ochrotinetus, B. & C. Amer. Acad. iv. 122.
644 albo-cervinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 234.
645 Dietrichseni, Fr. Nova Symb. 60.
646 cervino-nitens, Schwz. Ann. Nat. Hist. xii. 433.
647 Baurii, Kalch. Grev. x. 53.
648 brunneolus, Berk. Hook. Journ. iii. 187.
649 modestus (Kunze.), Fr. Epic. 444.
650 Menziesii, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiv. 46.
651 murinus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 185 (? = 648).
652 microcyclus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 188.
653 malaiensis, Cooke Grev. xiv. 13.
654 discipes, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 499.
655 peroxydatus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 38.
656 Königii, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1843, 373.
657 meleagris, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 42.
658 Hostmanni, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1842, 138.
       = inconspicuus, Miq. Bull. Neerl. (1839), 454.
659 confundens, Ces. Fung. Born.
660 brachyporus, Mont. Syll. 164.
661 nepalensis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 162.
662 libum, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiii. 163.
663 sanguineus, Fr. Epicr. 444 (not 127).
664 regius, Miq. Tidjsch. Wis. Amst. 1851, 191.
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- ** Hydrophili. Pileo hygrophani, siccitate incurvo.
- 665 russogramme, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 45.
- 666 rasipes, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 49.

- 667 hydrophilus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 306. 668 rigescens, Cooke Grev. xiv. 12.
- D. Prolificantes. Pileus coriaceus, tenuis, plus minus prolificanti, multiplex in stipitem indefinitum (subinde deficientum) plus minus protractus.
- 669 prolificans, Fr. Epic. 443.
- 670 xalapensis, Berk. Hook. Journ. i. 103.
- 671 laceratus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 392.
- 672 elongatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1842, 149.
 - = Hodgkinsoniæ, Kalch. Grev. x. 96.
- 673 nilgherrensis, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1842, 22.
- 674 ornithorhynchi, Kalch. Grev. x. 96.
- 675 Kurzianus, Cooke MSS.
 - = submembranaceus, Berk. Herb. No. 2796.
- 676 multilobus, Kalch. Grev. x. 96.
- 677 ilicincola, B. & C. in Rav. Fungi Car. v. 17.
- 678 Friesii (Klotsch.), Fr. Epic. 480.
- 679 Fockei, Mig. Tidj. Wetens. 1851, 190.
- 680 radiato-rugosus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. iii. 323.
- 681 flabellum, Mont. Cuba. t. xv. f. 2.
- 682 subpellucidus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 51.
- 683 exiguis, Cooke in Herb.
- 684 plicatus, Blume. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 185.
- 685 Gaudichaudi, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 185.
- 686 rheicolor, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 303.
- 687 Splitgerberi, Mont. Syll. 102.
- 688 gallopavonis, B. & Br. Linn. Trans. i.
- 689 nebularis, Cooke in Herb.
- 690 hinnuleus, B. & Cke. Linn. Journ. xv. 378.

Dubiæ.

- 691 pæcilus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. x. 372.
- 692 petalodes, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 198.
- E. Funales, Fr. Dimidiato, sessiles, strato intermedio hymenophoro coriaceo, superiori e fibris rudibus solutis umbricatis compacto.
- 693 mons-veneris, Jung. Fl. Java. 61.
- 694 leoninus, Klot. Linn. viii. 486.
- 695 leonotis, Kalch. Grev. iv. 73.
- 696 ursinus, Fr. Sys. Myc. i. 361.
- 697 funalis, Fr. Epic. 459.
- 698 stuppeus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. vii. 1841, 453.
- 699 ozonoides, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 166.
- 700 Fergussoni, Berk. in Herb. 3016.

- 701 Lindheimeri, B. & C. Grev. i. 66.
- 702 aculeifera, B. & C. Cuba Fungi, No. 305.
- 703 trichomallus, B. & M. Mont. Syll. 165.
- 704 holophæus, Mont. Syll. 163.
- 705 endothrix, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1857, 197.
- 706 cladotrichus, B. & C. Cuba Fungi, No. 225.
- 707 Perrotettii, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 195.

F. Stuposi. Pileo e flocculose glabrato, adpresseve villoso, inæquabili azono, contextu fibroso-lignoso aut stuppeo.

Pileo semper sicco, et a coriaceis zonis nullis discoloribus saltem manifestis diversi.

* Contextu albo.

708 cervinus (Schw.), Fr. Epic. 474.

709 ravidus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 566.

710 villosus, Fr. Epic. 474.

- 711 albidus, Trog. in Flora Schw. 435.
- 712 fibula, Fr. Hym. Eur. 567.
- 713 expansus, Fr. Epic. 475.

714 biformis (Klot.) Fr. Epic. 475.

= Carolinensis, B. & C., Hook. Journ. 1849. var. balsamiferæ, Klot. Linn. 1833.

715 fimbriatus, Fr. Epic. 476.

716 serialis, Fr. Sys. Myc. i. 370.

- 717 molliusculus, Berk Hook. Journ. 1847, 320.
- 718 gossypinus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1843, 124.
- 719 apalus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1843, 124.
- 720 hololeucus, Kalch. Hedw. xv. 114.
- 721 venulosus, Jung. Fl. Java 57.
- 722 hirtellus, Fr. Nova Symb. 66.
- 723 subflavus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 300.
- 724 nigrozonatus, Sauter Hedw. xv. 33.

725 proteiformis, Cooke MSS.

= proteus, Kalch. Grev. x. 102. (nec. Berk.)

726 Sullivanti, Mont. Syll. 163.

727 pergamenus, Fr. Epicr. 480.

= pseudopergamenus, Thum., Myc. Univ.

= Menandianus, Mont. Syll. 165.

** Contextu pallido.

- 728 seriatus, Kalch. Grev. x. 102.
- 729 actinobolus, Mont. Syll. 166.
- 730 sciurinus, Kalch. Pilz. Fl. Sib. 897.
- 731 scariosus, B. & C. Grev. i. 52.
- 732 cristatus, Cooke Grev. x. 132.
- 733 undigerus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 317.

- 734 acutus, Cooke Grev. x. 132.
- 735 extensus, Berk. in Herb. Hook.
- 736 versatilis, Berk. Hook. Journ. i. 450.

🚉 Contextu carneo v. lilacino.

- 737 pruinatus (Klot.), Fr. Epic. 473.
- 738 Feei, Fr. Epic. 476.
- 739 lilacino-gilvus, Berk. Ann. Sci. Nat. iii. 324.
- 740 Eucalypti, Kalch. Grev. iv. 73.
- 741 phæoporus, Mont. Syll. 165.

Contextu rubro v. purpureo.

- 742 cinnabarinus, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 371.
- 743 purpurascens (Hook.), Fr. Epic. 473.

** Contextu flavo v. aureo.

- 744 sordidulus, Berk. in Cke. Enum. 153.
 - = sordidus (B.), Fr. Nova Symb. 64.
- 745 sulfuratus, Fr. Nova Symb. 63.
- 746 aurantiacus, Peck. 26 Rep. 69.
- 747 radiatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 565.
 - = glomeratus, Peck. 24. Report 78.
- 748 nodulosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 566.
- 749 extenuatus, Mont. Syll. 166.
- 750 helvolus, Fr. Elen. 490.
- 751 chrysites, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 233.

*** Contextu fusco-ferrugineo.

- 752 triqueter (Secr.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 565.
- 753 leporinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 565.
- 754 vulpinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 565.
- 755 concrescens, Mont. Syll. 166.
- 756 campyloporus, Mont. Syll. 163.
- 757 inconstans, Kalch. Grev. x. 55.
- 758 proteus, Fr. Fungi Nat. 12. = Berk. Hook. Journ. 1843, 414.
- 759 Ecklonii, Berk. in Herb.
- 760 floccosus, Jungh. Fl. Java 49.
- 761 venustus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 55.
- 762 floridanus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. x. 376.
- 763 oniscus, Fr. Nova Symb. 66.
- 764 Lindbladii, Berk. Grev. i. 54.
- 765 indecorus, Jungh. Fl. Java 51.
- 766 nuceus, Fr. Nova Symb. 64.
- 767 corrugis, Fr. Nova Symb. 66.
- 768 chrysoleucus, Kalch. Grev. iv. 72. (=838.)
- 769 candicans, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1863, 295.

G. Coriacei. Pileo dimidiato, sessili, coriaceo, zonato, contextu tenaci floccoso.

A. Versicolores. Contextu albo.

* Genuini.

770 versicolor, Fr. Hym. Eur. 568. 771 fuscatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 569.

772 armenicolor, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 315.

773 pictilis, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 162.

774 rufopictus, B. & C. in Herb. Berk.

775 arenicolor B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 315.

776 plumbeus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 136.

777 cinerellus, Cooke Enum. Polyp. 135.

= cinereus. Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 140. 778 detonsus, Fries Epic. 478.

779 surinamensis, Miq. Bull. Neerl. Ind. 1839, 454.

780 illotus, Kalch. Grev. x. 102.

781 pavonius (Hook.) Fr. Epic. 477.

782 obstinatus, Cooke Grev. xii. 17.

** Hirsuti.

783 hirsutus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 567.

784 galbanatus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1842, 377.

785 velutinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 568.

= nigricans, Lasch.

= rugulosus, Lasch.

786 hirsutulus, Schw. Amer. Bor. 373.

787 pocas, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 51.

788 nigro-marginatus, Schw. Syn. Car. 912.

789 balsameus, Peck. 30th Report.

790 gausapatus, Kalch. Grev. x. 102.

791 zonatus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 568.

792 hædinus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 234.

793 glirinus, Kalch. Grev. iv. 72.

— murinus, Kalch.

794 cineraceus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 139.

795 cæsio-glaucus, Cooke Grev. x. 121.

796 galberulosus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 129.

797 limbatus, Fr. Epic. 479.

798 pectunculus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 138.

799 vellereus, Berk. Hook. Journ. i. 455.

800 Meyeni, Klotsch. Nova Acta. N.C. xix. 236.

801 pinsitus, Fr. Epicr. 479.

802 decipiens, Schw. Amer. Bor. 385.

803 hypothejus, Kalch. Grev. x. 102.

804 brunneoalbus, Fr. Nova Symb. 78.

— brunneoleucus, Berk. Hook. Journ. v. 4.

* Ectypi. Pileo glabrescente.

805 ectypus, B. & C. Grev. 1. 52.

806 trizonatus, Cke. Grev. xii. 17.

807 Kicksianus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1848, 122.

808 chartaceus, B. & C. Grev. i. 53.

809 gratus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 163.

810 Wynnei (B. & Br.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 569.

811 sobrius, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 316.

* Abietini.

812 arcticus, Fr. Epic. 479.

813 abietinus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 569.

814 abnormis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 186.

815 parvulus, Schw. Amer. Bor. 386.

816 Lundii, Fr. Epicr. 479.

817 umbonatus, Fr. Nova Symb. 71.

818 barbatulus, Fr. Nova Symb. 71.

819 cilicioides, Fr. Nova Symb. 71.

820 Sartwelli, B. & C. Grev. i. 51.

821 Hasseltii, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 187.

822 dissectus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 139.

823 convolutus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 186.

824 confertus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 187.

825 tristis, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 94.

826 stereoides, Fr. Hym. Eur. 569.

827 cyphelloides, Fr. Nova Symb. 72.

B. Scortei.

Contextu pallido.

828 cascus, Fr. Nova Symb. 72.

829 scorteus, Fr. Nova Symb. 73.

830 cingulatus, Fr. Epic. 476.

831 nigrocinctus, Berk. Ann. N. Hist. x. 377.

832 vittatus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 505. 833 myrrhinus, Kickx. Bull. Acad. Sci. Brux. v. 370.

834 psilodermus, Berk. & Mont. Syll. 167.

835 leiodermus, Mont. Syll. 168.

836 splendens, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844.

837 personatus, Berk. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 51.

838 peradeniæ, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 51. 839 coriaceus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 137.

840 unguiformis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 138.

841 inquinatus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 140.

842 lenis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1848, 122.

843 aleuritidis, Reich. Krypt, Hawai. 8.

844 planus, Peck. 31 Report N. Y. Mus. 37.

845 vernicifluus, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 254.

846 dubius, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1843, 374.

847 zeylanicus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1843, 377.

848 holotephrus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 315.

849 rigidus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 189.

850 Persoonii, Fr. (Dædalea sanguinea, Klot.).

851 Moseleii, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 40.

** Contextu carneo.

852 cupreus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 393.

853 cupreo-roseus, Berk. Lond. Journ. 1856, 233.

854 cupreo-vinosus, Berk. in Herb. Berk.

C. Lutescentes.

* Contextu fulvo-ferrugineo.

855 lutescens, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 71.

856 torridus, Fr. Epicr. 490.

857 cyclodes, Fr. Nova Symb. 74.

858 lanatus, Fr. Epicr. 490.

859 occidentalis (Klotsch.), Fr. Epic. 491.

= malachodermus, Fr. in Herb. Berk.

= substrigosus, Berk. in Herb.

860 rigidus, Berk. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1849, 240.

861 crocatus, Fr. Epicr. 477.

862 byrsinus, Mont. Cub. 391. (= 859.)

863 tephroleucus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 185.

864 neaniscus, Berk. in Herb.

865 comatus, Fr. Nova. Symb. 75.

866 Gerardi, Berk., in Herb. No. 2780.

867 corrugatus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 136.

868 sericellus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 125.

869 connexus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 135.

870 aculeatus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 137.

871 melaenus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 131.

872 Bonplandianus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 301.

873 cohærens, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 132.

874 limitatus, B. & C. Grev. i. 63.

875 callimorphus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 132.

876 Swartzianus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 132.

877 guadelupensis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 134.

878 polyzonus (*Pers.*), Fr. Epic. 477.

879 tricolor, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 134.

880 platypilus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 192.

** Contextu flavo vel aureo.

881 citreus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xiii. 162.

882 flavidus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 161.

883 xeranticus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 161.

* * Contextu olivaceo.

884 aratus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 53.

=Trametes acupunctatus, Berk. Linn. Journ. xIII, 164.

885 luteo-olivaceus, B. & Br. Linn. Trans. i. 402.

886 purpureo-fuscus, Cke. in Herb.

dubiæ.

887 rudis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 133. = subfulvus, Cke. Enum. Poly. 153.

888 spurcus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 135.

D. Caperati.

* Contextu fusco.

889 Hasskarlii, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 190.

890 tabacinus, Mont. Syll. 167.

891 iodinus, Mont. Syll. 167.

892 cichoraceus, Berk. Fr. Nova Symb. 76. — intybaceus, B. Hook. Journ. i. 149.

893 setiporus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1847, 505.

894 licnoides, Mont. Syll. 166.

895 spadiceus, Jungh. Fl. Java 54.

= Javanicus, Cooke, Enum. Poly.

896 badius, Berk. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846.

897 xerampelinus, Kalch. Grev. iv. 72.

898 aculeans, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 199.

899 xerophyllaceus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 199.

900 seytinus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. x. 1842. 901 caperatus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1839, 391.

902 cirrhiferus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 314.

903 sulcifer, B. & Cke. Linn. Journ. xv. 383.

904 vibratilis, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 314.

905 fulvitinctus, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 313.

906 lineatus (Pers.), Fr. Epic. 477.

907 phocinus, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 52.

908 phæus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 132.

909 fuscus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 137.

** Contextu purpureo-fusco.

910 æthiops, Cooke Grev. ix. 99.

H. Membranacei. Pileo papyraceo, tenuissimo, contextu toto longitudinaliter fibroso, nullo floccoso; poris brevissimis.

911 thelephoroides (Hook.), Fr. Epic. 473.

912 azureus Fr. Nova Symb. 77.

913 cinerascens (Schw.), Fr. Epic. 481.

914 sector (Ehr.), Fr. Epic. 480.

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915 bivalvis (Pers.), Fr. Epic. 480.
916 striatus, Fr. Epic. 480.
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917 Fernandesianus, Mont. Syll. 168.

918 Drummondi (Klot.), Fr. Epic. 481.

919 plumbosus, Fr. Nova Symb. 77.

920 papyraceus, Fr. Epic. 481.

921 breviporus, Cooke Grev. xii. 17.

922 membranaceus, Fr. Epic. 481.

923 submembranaceus, Sauter. Hedw. xv. 153.

924 tenuis, Link. in Berl. Mag.

925 tener, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 139.

926 cervino-gilvus, Jungh. Fl. Java 45.

927 vespilloneus, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 199.

928 tenuissimus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 188.

929 Braunii, Rabh. Fungi Eur. 2005.

I. Subresupinati. Pileo subresupinato vel margine reflexo.

930 catervatus, Berk. Fl. New Zeal. ii. 180.

931 beharensis, Berk. Hook. Journ 1852, 163.

932 niveus, Jungh. Fl. Java, 48.

933 bireflexus, B. & Br. Grev. x. 101.

984 eriophorus, B. & Br. Linn. Trans. ii. 60.

935 evolvens, Berk. Hook. Journ. 185.6, 253.

936 hymeninus, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1863, 295.

937 biferus, Berk. & Glaz. Vid. Med. Kjob. 1879, 31.

938 deglubens, B. & C. in Curt. Cat.

939 aggrediens, Berk. in Vid. Med. Kjob. 1879, 31.

940 undatus, Pers. Myc. Eur. t. 16, f. 3.

941 Broomei, Rabh. F. Eur. 2004.

942 Ravenelii, Berk. & Fr. in Nova Symb. 66.

943 polymorphus, Rostk. Poly. iv. t. 56. 944 latus, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. iii. 325.

945 placentæformis, B. & C. in Herb. Berk.

MICROTHAMNION VEXATOR, Cooke.

We regret to suppose that we have overlooked some previous description of this species. In "The Naturalist" for February, 1886, we note in a communication by W. B. Turner this species is cited as "Microthamnion vexator (Turner), Cooke," implying some previous description by Mr. Turner, of which we confess to be ignorant. Wishing to give all honour to whomsoever honour is due, we will correct this, provided Mr. Turner will oblige us with reference to the description which has precedence of ours under the above name. Otherwise, in the absence of such previous description, such an implication is scarcely justifiable.

HEPATICÆ OF AMAZON AND ANDES.*

No one possessing an interest in the Botany of the British Islands can look upon the volume now before us without a sigh of regret that the Hepaticæ of Great Britain are in a lamentable plight for lack of a monograph. It can hardly seem true that this part of our Flora has not been brought up to date for half a century, except a mere outline published at fourpence twenty years ago. It is true that a work was commenced by a very capable author a few years since, and collapsed at the fourth part; but wherefore it was never resumed, with all the plates ready, is a mystery never explained. Ill health and the encroachments of age are, we fear, strongly against the author of the present work being induced to supply the deficiency, which otherwise would be very safe in his hands.

It is many years since Mr. Richard Spruce made his remarkable collections of cryptogamic plants in South America, and through the latter portion of that time this work has been maturing itself in his mind, and we congratulate him on sufficient health and strength having been left to him to bring it thus far towards completion, for we are informed in a prefatory note that "the additional matter on the physical features of the regions explored, and their connection with the vegetation—especially the hepatic vegetation—with critical remarks on certain of the genera and species, the author proposes (if he is able to complete it) to issue in the shape of a supplement to the work."

We have no intention of entering upon any detailed critical examination of the work before us; indeed, such details would hardly commend themselves to the general reader, and, on the whole, we may assert, without contradiction, that not only is Mr. Spruce entirely at home with the Hepaticæ, but he has worked out his monograph carefully, and with a masterly hand. This volume will undoubtedly prove itself a worthy monument of his labours. may be that he has toiled through a long life in the pursuit of his favourite branches of Natural History, without much pecuniary remuneration or any great increment of worldly goods, yet he has the satisfaction of knowing that he has worked honestly and well. This volume, moderate in price, clear and neat in arrangement, typographical reproduction, and illustration, is recommended not only to all Natural History Societies, but to all individual naturalists who desire to have on their bookshelves the best works in all branches of systematic botany. And we venture to think that this will be one of the favoured few which will augment in value with the lapse of time.

^{* &}quot;Hepaticæ of the Amazon and of the Andes of Peru and Ecuador," by Richard Spruce, 588 pp., 22 plates, 8vo. Trübner and Co.

SOME EXOTIC FUNGI.

By M. C. COOKE.

INDIA.

Agaricus (Armillaria) rhizopus, Cooke.

Albidus. Pileo carnoso, e convexo expanso, obtuso, glabro, demum tessulato-sulcato, stipite farcto, subfistuloso, ventricoso, deorsum attenuato, radicato, demum strigoso, annulo amplo, infero, patente; lamellis leviter adnatis, subdistantibus, albidis.

On clay soil, left by falling of rivers, and mostly attached to roots of grass, sedges, &c. Delimitation Commission, Afghanistan,

1884-5. (J. E. T. Aitcheson, No 167.)

Pileus 1-2 in., stem 2-3 in. long, $\frac{1}{4}$ in. thick.

Agaricus (Collybia).

Beyond campanulate pileus, and stem much thickened downwards, nothing can be determined without further information. (Aitcheson, No. 172.)

Cronartium capparidis, Hobson.

Hypophyllum. Filamentis curvulis, intricatis, fuscis. Sporis ellipticis, utrinque subattenuatis fuscis ($\cdot 026 - \cdot 028 \times \cdot 014 - \cdot 017$ mm.). On leaves of Capparis. Belgaum, Bombay. (Maj.-Gen. Hobson.)

AUSTRALASIA.

Phyllosticta palmicola, Cke.

Maculis irregularibus, amphigenis, albido-cinereis, margine subelevato fusco; peritheciis subinnatis, atris, minutis, pertusis, plerumque numerosissimis. Sporulis elliptico-cylindraceis, hyalinis (·5×·2 mm.).

On palm leaves. Daintree, Australia.

Septoria Colensoi, Cooke.

Maculis suborbicularibus, albidis, margine elevato, purpureolineato. Peritheciis paucis, semi-immersis, punctiformibus, atris. Sporulis rectis flexuosisve, linearibus, multinucleatis, hyalinis $(.05 \times .001 \text{ mm.})$.

On thick leaves of unknown plant (suffruticose?). New Zealand. (Colenso, 6579.)

Uredo Celmisiæ, Cooke.

Epiphylla. Maculis obliteratis. Soris ellipticis, pallidis, epidermide diu clausâ, demum disrumpente. Sporulis ovalibus, subpellucidis, verruculosis (·03-·035 × ·02-·022 mm.).

On leaves of Celmisia coriacea. Arthur's Pass, New Zealand.

(Kirk, 252.)

Colour of the sporules, when fresh, not indicated.

Æcidium Discariæ, Cke.

Hypophyllum. Maculis orbicularibus, fuscis. Peridiis cupulæformibus, semi-immersis, congestis; margine fimbriato albo. Sporulis ovalibus, flavidis.

On Discaria leaves. Wellington, New Zealand. (Kirk, 215.)

Sphærella rubiginosa, Cke.

Epiphylla. Peritheciis sparsis, minutis, punctiformibus, sub-prominulis, atris. Ascis clavatis, sessilibus. Sporidiis ellipticis, obtusis, medio leniter constrictis, uniseptatis, chlorinis ($\cdot 01 \times \cdot 005$ mm.).

On dead leaves of Pittosporum rubiginosum. Johnston River,

Queensland.

Quite different from Sphærella pittospori, Cke., although the fructification is similar.

NORTH AMERICA.

Leptothyrium liriodendri, Cke.

Peritheciis in macula exarida fusca sparsis, epiphyllis, disciformibus, nitidis, plano-convexis, atris, minutis. Sporulis cylindraceis, curvulis rectisque, tenuibus, hyalinis (1005 × 1001 mm.).

On leaves of Liriodendron. Aiken, S. Car. (Ravenal, 2600.)

Associated with Hysterium maculare forma Liriodendri.

Phoma cerasina, Cooke.

Epiphylla. Peritheciis punctiformibus, densissime gregariis, semiimmersis, atris, nitidis, poro pertusis. Sporulis subcylindricis, utrinque rotundatis, rectis, enucleatis, hyalinis, '015-'016 × '0035 mm.

On dead leaves of Prunus lauro-cerasus. Aiken, S. Car.

(Ravenal, 2573 bis.)

NEW BRITISH FUNGI.

(Continued from p. 41.)

Phoma galacis, Cooke.

Spots irregular, pale brown or cinereous, without any distinct margin. Perithecia gregarious in dense patches, very minute ('08 mm. diam.), immersed at the base, punctiform, black, shining. Sporules cylindrical, rounded at the ends, 2-4 nucleate, hyaline ('012-'015 × '004 mm.).

On fading and dead leaves of Galax aphylla. Kew.

Phyllosticta pentestemonis. Cooke.

Spots irregular, brown, without distinct margin. Perithecia subimmersed, mostly concentrically disposed, sometimes scattered, punctiform, black. Sporules ovoid-oblong or elliptic, hyaline (.005 × .003 mm.).

On leaves of Pentestemon grandiflorus. Kew.

Ustilago marina, Durieu. Rabh. F. Eur., 1199.

Mycelium black, forming tubercles on the rhizomes. Spores of two forms, one globular or obtusely ovoid, or elongated (·01-·013 mm.), the other irregularly ovoid, elongated (·016 × ·01-·013 mm.), clear olive-brown, with a smooth epispore.—Waldh. Ustilag., No. 27.

On the rhizomes of Scirpus parvulus. Little Lea, near Poole, Dorset. (E. M. Holmes.)

HANDBOOK OF MOSSES.*

This very handy and useful little Handbook is really a wonderful shilling's worth, and gives an excellent introduction to the study of mosses. Any one who knows what a careful botanist Mr. Bagnall is would naturally expect from him a most trustworthy guide in his favourite pursuit. Amongst Bryologists, certainly, there will be very few who do not know our author by name or correspondence, and those who know him personally will feel pleased that he has overcome his diffidence and reserve so far as to publish this little "Handbook" for beginners. An enumeration of the successive chapters will give a fair synopsis of the work: Appliances and Material Required for the Study; Development; Moss Habitats; Classification; The Geographical Distribution of Mosses; Cultivation; Uses; Preparing Specimens for the Cabinet and Herbarium.

When we add that there are 39 woodcut illustrations, that the paper and printing is good, and the matter excellent, no one can hesitate to order copies, and present them to youths of both sexes, so as to induce a few, even if only a few, of the rising generation to acquire a taste for, and a desire to pursue still further, the study of mosses.

A NEW BRITISH LICHEN.

By the Rev. W. Johnson.

In recently examining a gathering of lichens made in Weardale, Durham, some time ago, I had the pleasure of turning up the following new species, which, as such, seems distinct and definite in its individual characteristics:—

Lecanora Weardalensis, Johns.

Thallus determinate, thin, smooth, rimulose, virescenti-cinerascent; apothecia immersed in thallus, then emergent, fuscous, with prominent depressed proper margin; thalline margin more or less circumscised; hymenium fuscescent; paraphyses slender, spores eight, rather large, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple, colourless; gelatina hymenia blue with iodine, then vinoso-fulvescent. Thallus K— C—.

On sandstone in subalpine places. Rare. Lanehead, Weardale, Durham, 1879.

^{* &}quot;Handbook of Mosses," by James E. Bagnall, A.L.S. Cloth, with cuts; 96 pp. Swan Sonnenschein and Co.

ILLUSTRATIONS OF BRITISH FUNGI.

The third and fourth volumes of this work are now completed with the 39th part, reaching 622 coloured plates of species belonging to the genus Agaricus. This will undoubtedly be the most complete illustrated work on the gill-bearing Hymenomycetes ever attempted, and with the fortieth part another two volumes, which it is hoped may conclude the present series, will be commenced. genera still remaining to be illustrated are Coprinus, Bolbitius, Cortinarius, Gomphidius, Paxillus, Hygrophorus, Lactarius, Russula, Cantharellus, Nyctalis, Marasmius, Lentinus, Panus, Xerotus, Tro-gia, Schizophyllum, and Lenzites. There must be some hesitation in affirming that such a number of genera can be compressed into two volumes, since calculation in advance is scarcely possible, but should it extend to three volumes, subscribers will surely prefer that alternative to bringing the work to a premature and imperfect conclusion. The Polyporei and Hydnei and other orders of the Hymenomycetes, might form the subjects of a second series, but on that point nothing can be determined until the present series is complete, which will probably occupy three years. The publication of the descriptions of species figured in the 3rd and 4th volumes is resumed at the end of the current number of this journal, and will be continued without intermission.

IRISH FUNGI.—We have received a "preliminary report on the Fungi of Glengariff and Killarney," by Greenwood Pim, M.A., F.L.S., and although very scanty, a good commencement, which we hope may lead to a more complete list. The Sphæropsideæ are represented by a single species, and the Hyphomycetes by two, hence it is very clear that a great deal still remains to be done.

British Desmids.—A circular has been issued with a proposal to commence a companion volume to Cooke's "Fresh Water Algæ," containing coloured figures and descriptions of the Desmids of Great Britain, as soon as sufficient subscribers can be obtained to warrant the venture. It is calculated to occupy about ten parts, each with eight plates, at five shillings per part, and may be concluded in about a year. The names of subscribers are being sent in very slowly, and unless the limit of 200 subscribers is obtained, the project will be abandoned. Numerous letters from all parts having been received urging the publication of such a work, the editor has resolved upon putting the question to a practical test whether the issue of such a volume would ensure sufficient support to secure him from pecuniary loss. All who are willing to assist should send their names immediately to the Editor, 146, Junction Road, London, N.

SYNOPSIS PYRENOMYCETUM.

(Continued from p. 56.)

2195. Eutypa viburni, Bork. in Herb. No. 8827. Sphæria viburni, Schwein. Syn. Car. No. 58.

Composita, bullosa, sub-epidermide lutescente assurgens, solis perforantibus epidermidem ostiolis nigris, stromate candido. Asci clavatis. Sporidiis allantoideis.

On branches of Viburnum prunifolium.

Pustules half an inch broad.

2181. Eutypa milliaria, var. leptoplaca, Cke. Sphæria leptoplaca, D. R. & Mont. in Herb. Berk. 8796.

Stromate effuso, pallide cinereo, peritheciis minoribus confertioribus, ostiolis densioribus, ut in typis semi-magnitudinis. Sporidiis ·005-·006 mm., vix excedentibus.

On the disc of branches.

2196. Eutypa lavatere, Duby. in Herb. Kewensis.

Late effusa, nigra, ligno immersa, peritheciis globosis, sparsis, ostiolis exsertis conicis, plerumque spiniformibus. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, utrinque nucleolatis ('0046 mm. long).

On stems of Lavatera arborea, near Cannes.

Fam. 7. EUTYPÆ. Stroma late et indefinite effusum, ex matrice plus v. minus mutata. Perithecia stromati immersa, plerumque dense et late gregaria.

GEN 1. CRYPTOVALSA, Ces. Stroma effusum, eutypeum. Asci polyspori. Sporidia allantoidea, hyalina.

2136. protracta, Pers	690	2144. Rabenhorstii, N	698
2137. ampelina, N	691	2145. arundinacea, S	699
2138. Nitschkei, Fckl	692	2146. depressa, Fr	700
2139. pruni, Fckl	693	2147. citri, Catt	701
2140. effusa, $Fckl$	694	2148. elevata, B	702
2141. uberrima, Tul			
		2150. eutypæformis, Sacc.	590 7
2143. extorris, Sacc	697		

GEN. 2. EUTYPA, Tul. Stroma late effusum, corticale v. ligneum; ostiola parva. Asci octospori. Sporidia allantoidea hyalina.

a. Ostiola radiatim sulcata.

2151. Acharii, Tul	618	2155. crustata, Fr	622
2152. tuyutensis, Speg	619	2156. subtecta, Fr	623
2153. aspera, Nke		2157. subcutanea, Wahl.	
2154. cyclospora, Nke	62 1	2158. polycocca, Fr	625

2159.	polymorpha, Nke.	626	2166.	ludebunda, Sacc	$\boldsymbol{632}$
	maura, Fr	627		arundinacea, Sacc.	633
	mela, Schw	4167		alsophila, $D.R. & M$.	634
	aulacostoma, Kze.	628		spinosa, Pers	635
	tetragona, Duby	629		(=limæformis, Sch	w.)
	referciens, Nke	630		anomala, Not	636
	leprosa, Pers	631		<u></u>	
	b. <i>C</i>	Istiola 1	on sul	cata.	
2171.	lata, Pers	637	2185.	leucostroma, M	651
	leioplaca, Fr	638	2186.	rhodi, Nke	652
	luteobasis, Ellis	639	2187.	ambigua, Kze	653
	scabrosa, Bull	640	2188.	velutina, Wallr	654
2175.	laevata, Nke	641	2189.	dimorpha, B. & C.	655
	prorumpens, Wallr.	642	2190.	comosa, Speg	656
2177.	flavo-virens, Tul.	643	2191.	heteracantha, Sacc.	657
	enteroxantha, B	644			5904
	macrospora, Nke	645	2193.	bellula, Desm	658
	mauroides, Nke	646	2194.	sepulta, B. & C	659
	nitida, Nke	647	2195.	sycina, Mont	660
	fraxini, Nke	648		julii, Fab	661
	milliaria, Fr	649	2197.	viburni (Schw.). B.	
	var. leptoplaca,	D. R.		Grev. xiv. 93	
	& M. Grev. x		2198.	lavateræ, Duby.	
2184.	aneirina, Somm			Grev. xiv. 93	
	•	Ostiolo	incert	a.	
2199.	microcarpa, Fr	662	2207.	urticaria, M	671
	penes, B. & Br	663		oppansa, Fr	4160
	phaselina, M	664		mori-rubræ, Schw.	
		CCE		alamama Calam	

2199. microcarpa, Fr	662	2207. urticaria, M	671
2200. penes, B. & Br		2208. oppansa, Fr	4160
2201. phaselina, M		2209. mori-rubræ, Schw.	4166
2202. micropuncta, Cke.	665	2210. elevans, Schw	4169
2203. micromeria, M	666	2211. denigrata, Schw	4170
2204. rhypodes, B & C	667	2212. confusa, Schw	4171
2205. ulicis (Fr.), Berk.	668	2213. allostoma, Schw	4196
2206. Crouani, Sacc	670	·	

GEN. 3. **DIAPORTHE**, Nthe. Sacc. Syll. 1., 606. Stroma eutypeum. Sporidia fusoidea vel subellipsoidea uniseptata, plerumque 4-guttata, hyalina, mutica, v. appendiculata.

* EUPORTHE. Peritheciis gregariis ligno superficie tandem denigrato intusque nigra circumscripto immersis.

a. In Dicotyledoneis arboreis.

2214.	eres, Nke.	•••	2443	2218.	abdita, S. &	s	. 2447
2215.	Malbranchei,	Sacc.	2444	2219.	orientalis, S.	& S	. 2448
22 16.	sordida, Nke.	•••	2445	2220.	spiculosa, A.	& S	. 2450
2217.	aucubæ, Sacc.		2446	2221.	sociabilis, N	ke	. 2449
	=insularis, B	erk.in	Herb.	2222.	tropicalis, Sp	eg	. 2451

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2223. tumulata, C. \notin E. 2452
                                  2247. coronillæ, Dy.
2224. valida, Nke.
                       ... 2453
                                  2248. castrensis, Speg. ... 2476
                                  2249. brachyceras, Sacc. 2477
2250. biglobosa, C. & E. 2478
2225. viticola, Nke.
                       ... 2454
2226. Badhami, Curr. ... 2455
2227. subpyramidata, B.
                                  2251. australis, S. & S. 2479
        фС.
                       ... 2456
                                  2252. americana, Speg.... 2480
2228. spinosula, K.
                       ... 2457
                                  2253. parabolica, Fckl.... 2481
2229. quilmensis, Speg ... 2458
                                  2254. Fuckelii, Kze.
                                                         ... 2482
2230. pulla, Nke.
                       ... 2459
                                  2255. sorbariæ, Nke.
                                                         ... 2483
2231. fallaciosa, Nke. ... 2460
                                  2256. simulans, Sacc. ... 2484
2232. protracta, Nke. ... 2461
                                  2257. japonica, Sacc. ... 2485
2233. petiolorum, S. &. S. 2462
                                  2258. semi immersa, Nke. 2486
2234. nigricolor, Nke. ... 2463
                                  2259. Cœmansii, Nke. ... 2487
2235. meridionalis, S. ... 2464
                                  2260. ceuthosporoides, B. 2488
2236. geographica, Fckl. 2465
                                  2261. samaricola, Plow.... 2489
2237. meduseæa, Nke. ... 2466
                                  2262. griseo-tingens, B. &
                                                         ... 2490
                                           C·
2238. gorgonoidea, C. & Hk.
         Grev. iii, 18.
                                  2263. pinophylla, P. & Pl. 2491
2239. fasciculata, Nke. ... 2467
                                  2264. conorum, Desm. ... 2492
2240. forabilis, Nke.
                                                         ... 2493
                       ... 2468
                                  2265. occulta, Fckl.
                       ... 2469
2241. floresiana, Sp.
                                  2266. concrescens, Schw. 4172
2242. extorris, S.
                       ... 2470
                                  2267. leucostroma,
                                                       Nke.
                                                          ... 1989
2243. culta, S. & S.
                       ... 2471
                                           Fckl.
                                  2268. ilicina, Cooke F.B.II.
2244. cryptica, Nke.
                       ... 2472
                                                              490
2245. crassicollis, Nke.... 2473
                                  2269. keulreuteriæ, Dur. 2643
2246. rhynchophora, Fab. 2474
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b. In Dicotyledoneis herbaceis.

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... 2514
2270. Berkeleyi, Desm.... 2494
                                 2290. adunca, Desm.
2271. fæniculacea, Nsl.... 2495
                                 2291. demissa, Sacc.
                                                        ... 2515
                                 2292. discors, Sacc.
2272. picea, P.
                      ... 2496
2273. nigrella, Awd.
                      ... 2497
                                 2293. euphorbiæ, Cke. ... 2517
                                 2294. incrustans, Nke. ... 2518
2274. tetraspora, Sacc.... 2498
                                 2295. minuscula, S. & S. 2519
2275. denigrata, Wint.... 2499
2276. Faberi, Kze.
                       ... 2500
                                 2296. muralis, Sp.
                                                       ... 2520
2277. inquilina, Wall. ... 2501
                                 2297. neapolitana, Sacc. 2521
2278. eburensis, Sacc. ... 2502
                                 2298. obsoleta, Sacc. ... 2522
                                                        ... 2523
2279. grammodes, Not...
                          2503
                                 2299. vincæ, Cke.
                                 2300. Desmazierii, Nsl... 2524
2280. orthoceros, Fr. \ldots 2504
2281. trinucleata, Not. ... 2505
                                 2301. salviæcola, C. & E. 2525
                                 2302. Tulasnei, Nke. ... 2526
2282. pholeodes, M.
                      ... 2506
2283. perexigua, Sacc. ... 2507
                                 2303. canina, Sacc.
                                                        ... 2527
2284. linearis, Nke.
                                 2304. semi insculpta, Sacc. 2528
                      ... 2508
                      ... 2509
                                 2305. pratensis, Sacc. ... 2529
2285. indica, S. & S.
2286. immersa, Fckl. ... 2510
                                 2306. Winteri, Kze.
                                                       ... 2530
                                 2307. Chailletii, Nke. ... 2531
                       ... 2511
2287. acus, Blox.
2288. arctii, Lasch.
                       ... 2512
                                 2308. dulcamaræ, Nke.
2289. phaceliæ, C. & Hk. 2513
                                 2309. pampeana, Speg.... 2533
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2310.	aculeata, Schz	2534	2315.	rubiæ, Fab	6101
	euspina, $C. \& E$			discrepans, Sacc	
	intermedia, Sacc		2317.	apiculosa, Ellis	6099
2313.	ambiens, Fck	2537	2318.	ceramblicola, B&Br	2415
2314.	hemicyrpta, D. R. &		2319.	characiæ, Fab	6100
	М			•	

In Monocotyledoneis et Acotyledoneis.

2320. gloriosa,	S. &	S.	253 8	2323. pantherina, B	2541
2321. asphodea,	Sacc.	•••	2539	2324. pachystoma, Lev	2542
2322. scandens,	S. 🚱	S.	2540		

* Tetrastaga. Peritheciis gregariis, cortice immutato vel denique atro-maculato immersis, intus sæpius linea nigra limitatis.

a. Arboricolæ et Fructicolæ.

2325. rudis, Fr 2543 2326. ligulata, Nke 2544	2356. tenuirostris, Nke. 2576
2326. ligulata, Nke 2544	2357. juglandina, Fckl 2577
2327. sarothamni, Awd. 2545	
2328, inæqualis, Curr 2546	2359. phillyreæ, Cke 2579
2000 (Dorycnii, M 2547	2360. resecans, Nke 2580
2329 {Dorycnii, M 2547 Dorycnea, Fab 2548	2361. occultata, Fr 2581
2330. seposita, Sacc 2549	2362. nodosa, Fckl 2582
2331. sophoræ, Sacc 2550	2363. obscurans, Sacc 2583
2332. occidentalis, S.&S. 2551	2364. scobina, Nke 2584
2333. mendax, Sacc 2552	
2334. disseminata, Sacc. 2553	
2335. compressa, Sacc 2554	2367. ciliaris, Curr 2586
2336. Wibbei, Nke 2555	2368. discutiens, B 2587
2337. Aubertii, West 2556	
2338. rostellata, Fr 2557	2370. Lebiseyi, Desm 2589
2339. gallophila, Ellis 2558	
2340. vepris, Lacr 2559	2372. blepharodes, B. & Br. 2591
2341. insignis, Fckl 2560	2373. Beckhausii, Nke 2592
2342. Zaviana, Sacc 2561	2374. circumscripta, Otth. 2593
2843. incarcerata, B.&Br. 2563	
2344. Murrayi, B. & C 2564	
2345. ambigua, Nke 2565	
2346. radula, Nke 2566	
2347. oligocarpa, Nke 2567	2379. retecta. $Fckl$ 2598
2348. viridarii, Sacc 2568	2380. spissa, S. & S 2599
2349. Rehmii, Nke 2569	2381. velata, P 2600
2350. cerasi, Fckl 2570	2382. Berlesiana, S. & R.
2351. Raveneliana, Thum. 2571	Fun. Gall. 2687
2352. quercus, Fckl 2572	2383. dolosa, S. & R. Fun.
2353. insularis, Nke 2573	
2354. multipunctata, Fckl. 2574	
2355. revellens, Nke 2575	

	•
2386. crustosa, S. & R 2603	2401. æsculi, C. & Hk. 2618
2387. nobilis, S. & S 2604	2402. coneglanensis, S. & S. 2619
2388. mahoniæ, Speg 2605	2403. minuta, Nke 2620
2389. pungens, Nke 2606	2404. carpinicola, Fckl. 2621
2390. mitis, Sacc 2607	2405. castaneta, Nke 2622
2391. Landeghemiæ, West 2608	2406 nithys Sacc 2623
2392. Laschii, Nke 2609	2407. quadrinucleata, Curr 2624
2393. importata, Nke 2610	Curr 2624
2394. putator, Nke 2611	2408. didymelloides,
2395. spins, Fckl 2612	Sacc. & M 6103
2396. Ĥumboldtiana, Speg. 2613	2409. incompta, Sacc 6104
2397. exasperans, Nke 2614	= margaritifera, Duby.
2398. macrostoma, Nke. 2615	2410. densissima, Ellis 6105
2399. scabra, Nke 2616	2411. Conradi, Ellis 6106
2400. medusina, Fr 2617	2412. terebinthi, Fab 6107
•	·
D. 11e	rbicolæ.
2413. mazzantioides, S.	2428. asparagi, Fckl 2640
ф S 2625	2429. exercitalis, Peck 2641
2414. maculosa, Sacc 2626	2430. vacillans, Not 2642
2415. epilobii, Cke 2627	2431. lirella, M. & N 2562
2416. striæformis, Fr 2628	2432. Id rryana, Sacc. &
2417. racemula, C. & P. 2629	Penz 6108
2418. oblita, S. & S 2630	2433. mucronulata, Sacc. 6109
2419. valerianæ, Fckl. 2631	2434. lupini, Hark. Bull.
2420. desmodii, Peck 1632	Cal. 1. 44
2421. desmodiana, C.&E. 2633	2435. asclepiadis, Ell. & Ev.
2422. sarmenticia, Sacc. 2634	Bull. Cal. 1. 44
2423. phaseolorum, B. & C. 2635	2436. geranii, Cke. & Hark.
2424. baccharidis, C. & E. 2636	Grev. xiv. 8
	2437. elephantina, & Cke. Hark.
2425. austro-americana, Speg 2637	Grev. xiv. 8
2426. aggerum, Sacc 2638	2438. immutabilis, C. & H.
2427. pardalota, M 2639	Grev. xiv. 9
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NEW BRITISH FRESH-WATER ALGÆ.

Merismopedia? paludosa, Bennett in Jour. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 4, t. 1, f. 1.

Each family composed of eight cells, closely packed together without intermediate spaces, and with no evident gelatinous envelope. Cells square in outline, with rounded corners, remarkably regular in form, and each divided into four; cell contents bluegreen.

Size. Length of colony, 50μ ; breadth, 25μ ; cells, $12\cdot 5\mu$ in length and breadth.

In bog pools. Loughrigg.

[This is just as possibly a species of *Tetrapedia* as of *Merismo-pedia*, and perhaps more so.]

Nestoc hyalinum, Bennett in Journ. Roy. Mior. Soc. 1886, p. 4, t. 1, f. 2, 3.

Free swimming, very minute. Gelatinous envelope globose or slightly ellipsoidal, 0.21 mm. in diameter, lamellose, perfectly colourless and transparent. Trichome single in each envelope, interwoven. Cells ellipsoidal or nearly globose, green, 5μ in diameter (about forty to the length of the envelope). Heterocysts intercalary, very few in number, three to four in each envelope, spherical, green, $6-7\mu$ in diameter.

In a bog pool. Loughrigg Fell.

[It is difficult to recognise any substantial specific difference between this and *N. minutissimum*, Kutz.].

Pediastrum compactum, Bennett Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 5, t. 1, f. 4, 5.

Cænobium oval and perfectly regular, 0.09-0.16 mm. in length (or probably more), rather more than half as broad as long. Periphery composed of 32 lunate cells (in the smaller specimens) with two somewhat divergent, very slender, tapering, not bidentate horns, quite as long as the cells themselves. Inner cells irregularly polygonal and densely packed, without any lacunæ, in 2-4 rows. Cænobium invested with a distinct gelatinous envelope. Endochrome yellow-green, that of peripheral cells of a deeper colour, which gives the appearance winder a low power, of a deep green border. Length of cells about 6μ .

Bog pools. Loughrigg.

Mesocarpus? neaumensis, Bennett Journ. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 15, t. 2 f. 31, 32.

Sterile cells, 25μ long by $20\text{-}25\mu$ broad. Endochrome in a single axile plate, with one row of large starch corpuscles, and numerous smaller ones. Conjugation lateral, between two adjacent cells. Fertile cells somewhat ventricose, 200μ long by 50μ broad at the widest part, connected with the adjoining empty cell by an elbow 50μ broad, across which the dividing septum reaches only about half way. Zygosperm oval, 90μ by 40μ , always nearer to the end of the cell where conjugation has taken place; cell wall of zygosperm quite smooth.

In a duck-pond. Neaum Crag, Skelwith Bridge.

Zygnema Hassallii, Bennett, l. c.

We have to thank Mr. Bennett for reminding us that Zygnema anomalum, Cooke "Fresh Water Algæ," is not the Zygnema anomalum, Kutzing, and therefore he substitutes the above name, which we do not accept. Kutzing's species was subsequent to Hassall's, was supposed by Kutzing to be the same as Hassall's species, and when we pointed out that it was not, it was our impression that it was Kutzing's specific name that should be changed (as it originated in an error of Kutzing) and not that of the true original Z. anomalum. To this we shall adhere, and recommend that the continental species shall abandon the name in favour of

Zygnema Kutzingii or any other, except the false name under which it has surreptitiously flourished.

Onychenema Mordstedtiana, Turner Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1865, 934 t. 15, f. 3.

Cells forming filaments of fifty or sixty cells or more, connected. by the curious sub-capitate claspers peculiar to this genus. Without these processes the cells resemble smooth Cosmaria, as they do not possess the hooklets (at the ends of the segments) which pertain to O. uncinatum, W., and O. læve, Nord. Chlorophyll con-

Size. $14\mu \log \times 18\mu$ broad. Gelatinous sheath, 36-40 μ broad, Isthmus, $3-4\mu$.

Strensall Common, near York.

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BRITISH SPHÆROPSIDEÆ.

PROVISIONAL LIST OF SPECIES HITHERTO FOUND IN THE BRITISH ISLANDS.

By M. C. COOKE.

(Continued from p. 76:)

- 479. Septoria viburni, West. Sacc. Syll. 2657.
 On Viburnum opulus. Hampstead; Darenth; Glamis.
- 480. Septoria stemmatea, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2660.
 On leaves of Vaccinium. Tay; Ross (N.B.).
- 481. Septoria unedonis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2661.
 On leaves of Arbutus unedo. Highgate; Dereham; Shrewsbury; Glasgow; Glamis.
- 482. Septoria fraxini, Fr. Saco. Syll. 2672.
 On ash leaves. Shere; Bungay; Tay; Moray (N.B.).
- 483. **Septoria ligustri**, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2681. On privet leaves. Kew.
- 484. Septoria salicicola, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 2711. On willow leaves. Audley End.
- 485. Septoria populi, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2712.
 On poplar leaves. Swanscombe; Holloway.
- 486. Septoria castanicola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2723.

 On chestnut leaves. Minstead; Bungay; Dinmore; Darenth; Ascot; Lyndhurst; Forres.
- 487. Septoria quercicola, Sacc. Syll. 2726. On oak leaves. Darenth.
- 488. Septoria alnicola, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 2735. On alder leaves. Shere.
 - B. On Herbaceous Dicotyledons.
- 489. Septoria astragali, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2748. On Astragalus. Darenth (F. B. 1., 141).
- 490. Septoria gei, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 2763.
 On Geum urbanum. Darenth (F. B. 1., 138); Lyndhurst;
 Shere; Brechin; Glamis; Dee (N.B.).
- 491. Septoria tormentillæ, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2766. On Tormentilla erecta. Bishop's Wood, Highgate.
- 492. Septoria fragarie, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2767. On Fragaria vesca, &c. Hampstead.
- 493. Septoria epilobii, West. Sacc. Syll. 2781.
 On Epilobium. Darenth; Shere; Lyndhurst; Twycross;
 Brechin; Moray (N.B.).
- 494. Septoria Enotheræ, West. Sacc. Syll. 2782.
 On Enothera biennis. Highgate; Whitehall (F. B. 1., 428).

- 495. Septoria geranii, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 2785. On Geranium Robertianum. Hackney.
- 496. Septoria hyperici, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2791.
 On Hypericum elodes. Lyndhurst.
 On H. montanum, &c. Dinmore; Ross; Appin; Glamis.
- 497. Septoria saponaria, D.C. Sacc. Syll. 2797. On Silene inflata. Leatherhead.
- 498. Septoria stellarie, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 2806. On Stellaria media. Forden; Forres; Aberdeen.
- 499. Septoria cerastii, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2808. On Cerastium. Menmuir.
- 500. Septoria scleranthi, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2810. On Scleranthus. Bungay.
- 501. Septoria viole, West. Sacc. Syll. 2811. On Viola. King's Cliffe.
- 502. Septoria lepidii. Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2817.
 On Lepidium. Penzance; New Pitsligo; near Glasgow;
 Montrose Basin.
- 503. Septoria chelidonii, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2827. On Chelidonium. Albury; Irstead; Kew; N. Wales.
- 504. Septoria anemones, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2828. On Anemone nemorosa. Highgate; Darenth.
- 505. Septoria hepaticæ, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2830. On Hepatica triloba. Forden.
- 506. Septoria ficarie, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2833. On Ficaria ranunculoides. Highgate (F. B. I., 131; II., 38); Moray; Tay; Dee; Clyde (N.B.).
- 507. Septoria hellebori, Thum. Sacc. Syll. 2840. On Helleborus niger. Kew.
- 508. Septoria clematidis, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 2841. On Clematis vitalba. Dartford; Tay.
- 509. Septoria sedi, West. Sacc. Syll. 2858. On Sedum. Bungay (F. B. I., 133).
- 510. Septoria heraclei, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2864.

 On Heracleum. Highgate (F. B. 1., 427); Forden; Shere; Bala; Glamis; Tay. Query—If not a good Phleospora?
- 511. Septoria podagrariæ, Lasch. Sacc. Syll. 2872.

 On Ægopodium. Whitehaven; Ashmanhaugh; Bungay (F. B. 1., 146); New Pitsligo; Tweed; Tay; Dee; Moray; Clyde (N.B.).
- 512. Septoria petroselini, Lib. Sacc. Syll. 2876. On parsley leaves. Glamis; Aberdeen.
- 513. Septoria hydrocotyles, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2881.
 On Hydrocotyle vulgaris. Epping (F. B. 1., 134; 11., 418);
 Aboyne; Rannoch.
- 514. Septoria eryngii, Pass. Sacv. Syll. 2883. On Eryngium. Near Liverpool.



- 515. Septoria menyanthes, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2887. On Menyanthes trifoliata. Bungay.
- 516. Septoria soldanelle, Berk. (Sacc. Syll. 2888?). On Soldanella. Swansea.
- 517. Septoria lysimachie, West. Succ. Syll. 2890. On Lysimachia. Darenth (F. B. 1., 142; 11., 31); Lyndhurst; Dee; Argyle.
- 518. Septoria veronicæ, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2896. On Veronica. Shere.
- 519. Septoria primule, Buckn. Grev. xvi., 40. On Primula. Near Bristol.
- 520. Septoria convolvuli, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2909.
 On Convolvulus arvensis. King's Cliffe; Hermitage; High-gate (F. B. 1., 127); Brentford.
- 521. Septoria calystegiæ, West. Sacc. Syll. 2910.
 On Calystegia sepium. Lyndhurst; Swansea.
- 522. Septoria verbenæ, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 2913.
 On V. officinalis. Abinger.
- 523. Septoria lavandulæ, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2914.
 On lavender. Swanscombe (F. B. 1., 139).
- 524. Septoria lamiicola, Sacc. Syll. 2916. On Lamium. Swanscombe (F. B. 1., 140); Oundle; Forden; Glamis.
- 525. Septoria heterochroa, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2917.
 On Malva. Neatishead; Shere; Findhaven.
- 526. Septoria galeopsidis, West. Sacc. Syll. 2923. On Galeopsis. Abridge.
- 527. Septoria stachydis, Rob. Sacc. Syll. 2925.
 On Stachys sylvatica. Shere; Glamis; Dee; Argyle.
- 528. Septoria lycopi, Pass. Sacc. Syll. 2928. On Lycopus europæus. Kew.
- 529. Septoria villarsiæ, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2933. On V. nymphoides. Ely.
- 530. Septoria virgaures. Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2960.
 On Solidago virgaurea. Darenth (F. B. I., 144; II., 419);
 Gannachy; Argyle.
- 531. Septoria doronici, Pass. Sacc. Syll. 2972. On D. pardalianches. Kew.
- 532. Septoria centaures, Roum. Sacc. Syll. 2989. On Centaurea nigra. Kew.
- 533. Septoria Mougeotii, Saoc. Syll. 2998. On Hieracium. Kew.
- 534. Septoria scabiosæcola, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 2999.
 On Scabiosa. Tunbridge Wells; Highgate; Glasgow;
 Glen Lochay; Dee; Argyle.
- 535. Septoria polygonorum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3009.
 On Polygonum. Stratford-on-Avon; Highgate; Twycross;
 Tay.

- 536. Septoria atriplicis, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3014. On Atriplex. Bristol.
- 537. Septoria urtice, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3018.
 On nettle. Forden; Neatished; Shere; Highgate (F. B. 1, 137); Tay; Dee; Clyde; Ross.
- 538. Septoria humuli, West. Sacc. Syll. 3020. On hop. Highgate; Dartford.
- 539. Septoria aristolochiæ, Saco. Syll. 3023. On A. clematitis. Kew.

C. On fruits.

540. Septoria Ralfsii, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3028. On decayed apples. Penzance.

D. On Monocotyledons.

- 541. Septoria tritici, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3042. On Glyceria. Lyndhurst.
- 542. **Septoria nodorum**, *Berk. Sacc. Syll.* 3044. On joints of wheat culms.
- 543. Septoria holci, Pass. Sacc. Syll. 3052. On Holcus. Lyndhurst.
- 544. Septoria graminum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3068.
 On leaves of grasses. King's Cliffe; Forden; Abinger;
 Lyndhurst; Forres.
- 545. Septoria gracillima Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 3072. On Carex. Near Edinburgh.
- 546. Septoria Traillii, Cooke. (Spores 120-130 × 3 m. 6-8 sept.) On Scirpus lacustris. Aberdeen (Prof. Traill).
- 547. Septoria junci, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3087. On J. maritima. Terrington.
- 548. Septoria menispora, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3089. On Typha. Spye Park.
- 549. Septoria majanthemi, West. Sacc. Syll. 3116. On Smilacina bifolia. Ken Wood; Hampstead.

E. On Acotyledons.

550. Septoria thecicola, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3133.
On capsules of Polytrichum. Aberdeen.

GEN. 5. PHLEOSPORA, Wallr. (Piptarthron, Mont.)
Perithecia imperfectly evolved, broadly pierced, subcuticular, formed from the changed substance of the matrix. Sporules fusoid, rod-shaped, thick, 2 or more septate, hyaline.

551. Phleespora aceris, Lib. Sacc. Syll. 3135.
On maple leaves. Forden; Darenth (F. B. 11., 40); King's Cliffe; Bangor; Glamis.

552. Phleospora mori, Mont. Sacc. Syll. 3136. On mulberry leaves, Clevedon.

- 553. Phleospora ulmi, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3138.
 On elm leaves. Chislehurst; Forden; Shere (F. B. 1., 207;
 11., 29); Hereford; Glasgow; Moray; Tay; Forth; Tweed;
 Solway; Clyde.
- 554. Phieospora oxyacanthe, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. 3139.
 On hawthorn. Albury (F. B. I., 201); Bungay; Appin;
 Glamis.

Fam. 2. NECTRIOIDEÆ, Sacc. Syll. 111., 613.

Perithecia and stroma (when present) fleshy or waxy, brightly coloured, globose, or rarely hysteriform, or somewhat cup-shaped. Sporules various, hyaline.

GEN. 1. ZYTHIA, Fr.

Perithecia erumpent or subsuperficial, globose, more or less distinctly papillate, waxy or soft, whitish, rosy, reddish or orange. Sporules ovoid or oblong, continuous, hyaline.

555. Zythia leucoconia (B. & Br.), Sacc. Syll. 3298. On beetroot. King's Cliffe.

GEN. 2. POLYSTIGMINA, Sacc.

Stroma growing on leaves, subdiscoid, convexo-plane, rather fleshy, bright reddish, many-celled within. Sporules filiform, continuous, hyaline.

556. Polystigmina rubra (Desm.), Sacc. Syll. 3326.
On leaves of Prunus domestica and P. spinosa. Lampeter;
East Bergholt: Bungay; Thirsk.

Fum. 3. LEPTOSTROMACEÆ, Sacc. Syll. 111., 625.

Perithecia more or less distinctly dimidiate, scutiform, astomous or ostiolate, or splitting longitudinally, membranaceous or carbonaceous, black, erumpent or superficial.

GEN. 1. LEPTOTHYRIUM, Kunze.

Perithecia dimidiate, scutiform, membranaceo-carbonaceous, black, astomous, or splitting, then circumscissile. Sporules ovoid-oblong or fusiform, continuous, hyaline.

557. Leptothyrium periclymeni, Desm. (pictum, B.), Sacc. Syll. 3330.

On honeysuckle leaves. Twycross; Glamis.

558. Leptothyrium alneum (Lev.), Sacc. Syll. 3333.
On alder leaves. Edinbro' (F. B. 1., 432); Perth.

559. Leptothyrium quercinum (Lasch.), Sacc. Syll. 3340.
On oak leaves. Darenth.

560. Leptothyrium castanes, Spr. Sacc. Syll. 3341. On chestnut leaves. Shere; Darenth; Lyndhurst.

561. Leptothyrium medium, Cke. Grev. XIII., 98. On oak leaves. Gomshall. var. castanæcola, Che. Grev. XIII., 98. On chestnut leaves. Darenth.

- 562. Leptothyrium rubi (Duby.), Sacc. Syll. 3345. On bramble leaves. Darenth.
- 563. Leptothyrium acerinum (Kunze.), Sacc. Syll. 3351. On Acer leaves. Shere; Neatishead,
- 564. Leptothyrium asterinum, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 3363. On Aster tripolium. Fleetwood.
- 565. Leptothyrium vulgare, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3370. On herb stems. Southgate.
- 566. Leptothyrium litigiosum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3385.
 On ferns. Darenth (F. B. 1., 335); Westwater; Shrewsbury; Lyndhurst.

GEN. 2. PIGGOTIA, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. III., 636.

Perithecia flattened, unequal, thinly membranaceous, at first covered by the very thin cuticle. Sporules oblong or somewhat cylindrical, continuous, hyaline or yellowish.

567. Piggotia astroidea, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3387.
On elm leaves. Highgate; Stoke Edith; Twycross.

GEN. 3. MELASMIA, Lev. Sacc. Syll. III., 637.

Perithecia dimidiate, plane, astomous or rimose, membranaceous, black, stroma effused, becoming blackened, often innate. Sporules sausage-shaped, continuous, hyaline.

- 568. **Melasmia acerina**, *Lev. Sacc. Syll.* 3390. On maple leaves. Very common.
- 569. Melasmia punctata, Sacc. Syll. 3391.
 On maple leaves. Norfolk; Roslyn.

GEN. 4. LEPTOSTROMA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 639.

Perithecia dimidiate, flattened, elongated, black, often shining, more or less splitting in a hysteriform manner. Sporules ovoid-oblong or allantoid, continuous, hyaline.

- 570. Leptostroma virgultorum, Sacc. Syll. 3399.
 On bramble twigs. Fineshade; Bungay; Weybridge; Barnet; Cotterstock.
- 571. Leptostroma scirpinum, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3427. On Scirpus, &c. Berwick.
- 572. Leptostroma caricinum, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3431.
 On Carices. Cloud Wood; Glamis.
- 573. Leptostroma pteridis, Ehr. Sacc. Syll. 3433. On Pteris.
- 574. Leptostroma filicinum, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3434, On Pteris. Shrewsbury; Highgate (F. B. 1., 334); Forden; Appin; Glasgow; Edinbro'; Berwick; Twycross; Darenth; Lyndhurst; Kew.
- 575. Leptostroma herbarum, Link. Sacc. Syll. 3436. On herb stems. Kinross; Berwick.

576. Leptostxoma spixese, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3440.
On Spiræa ulmaria. Forden; Southgate; King's Cliffe;
Berwick; Perth; Appin; Baldovan.

GEN. 5. LABRELLA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 647.

Perithecia innate, often spurious, black, rounded or unequal, dehiscing with a fissure. Sporules oblong, fusiform, or globose, continuous, hyaline.

577. Labrella coryli (Rob.), Sacc. Syll. 3453.

On hazel leaves. Highgate (F. B. 1., 154); Swanscombe.

GEN. 6. DISCOSIA, Lib. Sacc. Syll. 111., 653.

Perithecia dimidiate, disciform, subsuperficial, soon falling away, black, often shining, astomous or ostiolate, membranaceous. Sporules oblong, allantoid, two or many septate, often three septate, with a cilium at each end, hyaline.

578. Discosia artocreas (Tode.), Sacc. Syll. 3485.
On leaves, Fagus, &c. Shere; Perth.

579. Discosia alnea (Pers.), Sacc. Syll. 3486.
On alder leaves. Appin; Edinbro'.

GEN. 7. ACTINOTHYRIUM, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. 111., 658.

Perithecia dimidiate, clypeate, rather fugitive, not, or scarcely gaping, membranaceous, with a radiating fimbriate margin. Sporules filiform, hamate, hyaline.

580. Actinothyrium graminis, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. 3507. On grasses. Shere; Appin.

GEN. 8. LEPTOSTROMELLA, Sacc. Syll. 111., 659.

Perithecia covered by the epidermis, then subsuperficial, elongated, depressedly convex, somewhat carbonaceous, black, splitting with a more or less manifest longitudinal fissure. Sporules rodlike or filiform, continuous or septate, hyaline.

581. Leptostromella juncinum, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3516.
On rushes. Norfolk (F.B. 1., 433); King's Cliffe; Leicester.
582. Leptostromella pteridina, Sacc. Syll. 3517.

On Pteris. Shere.

Fam. 4. EXCIPULACEÆ, Sacc. Syll. 111., 664.

Perithecia cup-shaped, or patellate, or excipuliform, or hysteriform, at first somewhat spherical, but soon broadly open, membranaceous or carbonaceous, black, erumpent or superficial, smooth or hairy.

GEN. 1. EXCIPULA, Fr. Sacc. Syll. III., 665.

Perithecia innato-erumpent, excipuliform or cup-shaped, membranaceous or rather coriaceous, black, smooth, with an entire orbicular mouth. Sporules oblong or elongated, continuous, hyaline.

583. Excipula petiolicola, Fekl. Sacc. Syll. 3526. On petioles of Tilia.

GEN. 2. DISCULA, Saco. Syll. III., 674,

Perithecia disc-shaped, or patellate, often imperfect, covered by the epidermis, which at length splits into teeth. Sporules ellipsoid or oblong, continuous, hyaline or slightly coloured.

- 584. Discula platyspora (B. & Br.), Sacc. Syll. 3565. On branches of Platanus. Batheaston.
- 585. Discula microsperma (B. & Br.), Sacc. Syll. 3571. On twigs of Salix.
- 586. Discula Desmazierii (B. & Br.), Sacc. Syll. 3932. On branches of Tilia. Kew.
- GEN. 3. SPORONEMA. Desm. Sacc. Syll. III., 677.

Perithecia covered by the epidermis, then erumpent, at first closed, at length splitting into numerous teeth. Nucleus discoid, rather soft. Sporules ovoid or cylindrical, continuous, hyaline.

- 587. Sporonema phacidioides, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3584. On leaves of Medicago.
- 588. Sporonema obturata (Fr.), Sacc. Syll. 3588. On ling.
- 589. Sporonema strobilinum, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3590. On fir and larch scales. Highgate (F. B. 1, 341).
- GEN. 4. PSILOSPORA, Rabh. Sacc. Syll. III., 679.

Perithecia innato-superficial, oblong or unequal, somewhat twolipped, black, often densely gregarious, on living bark. Sporules ellipsoid or oblong, continuous, hyaline.

- 590. Psilospora faginea, Rab. Sacc. Syll. 3594. On bark of Fagus. Epping.
- 591. Psilospora quercus, Rabh. Sacc. Syll. 3595.
 On oak bark. Lyndhurst; Epping; Leicester.
- GEN. 5. AMEROSPORIUM, Speg. Sacc. Syll. 111., 680. Perithecia somewhat cup-shaped, setulose. Sporules cylindrically elliptical, not ciliate.
- 592. Amerosporium congregatum (Cooke), Sacc. Syll. 3598. On Euphorbia sylvatica. Darenth.
- 593. Amerosporium macrotrichum (B. & Br.), Sacc. Syll. 3602. On branches of Ulex.
- 594. Amerosporium chætostroma (B. & Br.), Sacc. Syll. 3604. On ash branches. Somerset.

GEN. 6. DINEMASPORIUM, Lev. Sacc. Syll. III., 683.
Perithecia cup-shaped, superficial, black, clad with rigid brown setæ. Sporules oblong or sausage-shaped, continuous, hyaline, ciliate at each end.

- 595. Dinemasporium graminum, Lev. Sacc. Syll. 3610. On grasses. Forden; Northamptonshire.
- 596. Dinemasporium strigosum (Fr.), Sacc. Syll. 3611. On culms of grass. Appin.

Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY AND ITS LITERATURE.

PRÆCURSORES AD MONOGRAPHIA POLYPORORUM.

(Continued from page 87.)

GEN. IV. PORIA. Pers. Syn. p. 542.

Resupinata, effusa, superne porosa. Pileo plerisque obliterato. Substantia carnosa, stuposa, coriacea, vel membranacea.

A. Mollusci. Pileus late expansus, carnosus, mollis, poris plerisque minutis, æqualibus, rotundatis.

* Poris persistenter albis.

+ hymenio fatiscente.

946 vulgaris, Fr. Hym. Eur. 578.

947 mollusca, Fr. Hym. Eur. 578.

948 elachista, Berk. in Cke. Syn. Poly. 138.
— minimus, Rav. Grev. i. 65.

949 hyalina, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 255.

950 interna, Schw. Amer. Bor. 469.

951 rivulosa, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 318.

952 sassafras, Schw. Amer. Bor. 437.

. 953 subvincta, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 53.

954 hybrida (Sow.), Fr. Hym. Eur. 581.

†† hymenio vix fatiscente.

955 mucida, Pers. Syn. 546.

956 medulla-panis, Pers. Syn. 544.

957 calcea, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 55.

958 niphodes, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 55.

** Poris albis, demum ochraceo-pallidis.

959 vitræa, Pers. Obs. i. 15.

= xylostromeus, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 112.

960 hydnophora, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 55.

961 tarda, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1845, 56.

Digitized by Google

962 tuberculosa, Pers. Obs. i. 14.

963 deglubens, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 235.

964 cremor, B. & C. Grev. i. 54.

965 lacrymans, Sauter. Hedwigia. xv. 150.

966 hypolateritia, Berk in Herb. No. 2856.

967 subliberata, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 318.

968 fulgens, Rost. Poly. iv. t. 63.

969 eupora, Karst. Not. Soc. Fenn. ix. 360.

970 Rostafinskii, Karst. Fl. Fenn. iii. 274.

971 nitida, Fr. Hym. Eur. 574.

972 callosa, Fr. Hym. Eur. 577.

973 obducens, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 104.

*** Poris flavidis vel aureis.

974 fusco-marginata Berk. in Herb. No. 2857.

975 attenuata, Peck. 26th Report, p. 70.

976 parilis, Fr. Plant. Preiss. 136.

977 Læstadii, B. & Fr. Grev. xii. 69.

978 crocipora, B. & C. in Curt. Cat. = croceus, Schw.

979 auriculæformis, Jungh. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 194.

980 vitellina, Schw. in Fr. Epic. 483.

981 phlebiæformis, Berk. in Herb. 2833 (Cuba).

982 tegillaris, Berk. in Herb. No. 2855.

** Poris carneis.

983 cincta, Berk. Outl. 250.

984 makraulos, Rost. Poly. iv. 55.

985 rhodella, Fr. Hym. Eur. 573.

986 epilintea, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 55. = rufo-lateritius, Kalch. Grev. x. 104.

987 vincta, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1852, 196.

988 hyposclera, Berk. Grev. x. 103.

989 carneo-pallens, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1856, 237.

990 roseo-alba, Jungh Fl. Java 43.

991 placenta, Fr. Hym. Eur. 572.

992 rixosa, Karst. in Thum. Myc. Univ. 1204.

*** Poris rubris.

993 fusco-carnea, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 97.

994 cruentata, Mont. Syll. 161.

995 juglandina, Schw. Syn. Car. 926.

996 spissa, Fr. Elen. i. 111.

997 rufa, Fr. Hym. Eur. 573.

= hamatodes, Rost. Poly. iv. t 62.

*** Poris purpureis violaceisve.

998 atro-vinosa, Cke. Grev. x. 131.

999 nigro-purpurea, Schw. Syn. Car. 925.

*** Poris griseis, cinereisve.

- 1000 favillacea, B. & C. Grev. i. 53.
- 1001 Salleana, Berk. in Herb. No. 2826.
- 1002 cinerea, Schw. Amer. Bor. 440.
- 1003 tephropora, Mont. Syll. 161.
 - = surinamensis, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. xx. 363.
- 1004 Victoriæ, Berk. Grev. x. 103.
- 1005 livida, Cke. Grev. x. 131.
- 1006 caryæ, Schw. Amer. Bor. 441.
- 1007 gallogrisea, Berk. in Herb. No. 2863.
- 1008 Lindbladii, B. Grev. i. 54.
- 1009 sarawacensis, B & Ces. in Herb. No. 2936.

**** Poris fuligineis nigrescentibus.

- 1010 niger, Berk. Hook. Journ. iv. 304.
- 1011 fuligo, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 53.
- 1012 ravenalæ, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 53.
- 1013 luctuosa, Ces. Fungi Born.

***** Poris fuscis v cinnamomeis.

- 1014 emollita, Fr. Hym. Eur. 571.
- 1015 Blyttii, Fr. Hym. Eur. 571.
- 1016 Wirtgeni, Fr. Hym. Eur. 570.
- 1017 floccosa, Fr. Hgm. Eur. 572.
- 1018 benetosta, Berk. Linn. Journ. xvi. 52.
- 1019 fusco-lutescens, Fckl. Symb. 18.

***** Poris ferrugineis v. spadiceis.

- 1020 unita, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 93.
- 1021 sorbicola, Wein. Fr. Hym. Eur. 570.
- 1022 Carteri, Berk. in Herb. No. 2806.
- 1023 punctata, Fr. Hym. Eur. 572.
- 1024 collabens, Fr. Hym. Eur. 572.
- 1025 geogena, B. & C. in Herb. Berk. 2827.
- 1026 umbrina, Rost. Poly. 27 t. 6.
- 1027 rufitincta, B. & C. in Herb. Kewensis (Cuba).

B. Vaporarii. Pileus late expansus, carnosus, poris inæqualibus, angulatis, vulgo majusculis.

* Poris persistenter albis.

- 1028 radula, Fr. Hym. Eur. 578.
- 1029 candidissima, Schw. Amer. Bor. 468.
 - 1030 papyracea, Schw. Amer. Bor. 442.
 - 1031 xylostromatis, Fckl. Supp. 86.
 - 1032 bullosa, Wein. Ross. 336.
 - 1033 vaporaria, Fr. Hym. Eur. 579. — cellaris, Lib. Crypt. Exs.

1034 salviæ, B. & C. Grev. i. 54.

1035 hibernica, B. & Br. Dec. Fungi No. 1291.

1036 Gordoniensis, B. & Br. Dec. Fungi No. 1023.

1037 Vaillantii, Fr. Hym. Eur. 579.

1038 clathrata, B. & C. Grev. i. 54.

1039 pinguedinis, Gaill. ex herb. Desmazieres.

** Poris albido-lutescentibus, vel decolorantibus.

1040 sanguinolenta, Fr. Hym. Eur. 578.

1041 flavipora, B. & C. in Herb. Berk. 2839.

1042 dentipora, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 104.

1043 hians, Karst. F. Fenn. 619.

1044 chrysoloma, Fr. Hym. Eur. 574.

1045 bombycina, Fr. Hym. Eur. 575.

= racodioides, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 113?

1046 hymenocystis, B. & Br. Ann. N. Hist. 1810.

1047 auricoma, Lev. in Herb. Berk.

1048 aneirina, Somm. Lapp. 276.

1049 ramentacea, B. & Br. Ann. Nat. Hist. No. 1809.

1050 dryina, B. & Cke. Grev. vi. 130.

1051 membranicincta, Berk. in Herb. No. 2909.

1052 metamorphosa, Fckl. Symb. Myc. App. iii. 5.

1053 carbæformis, B. & C. Grev. i. 53.

1054 variecolor, Karst. in Thum. Myc. Un. 1803.

1055 viridans, B. & Br. Dec. Fungi 347.

1056 aprica, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 254. 1057 late marginata, Mont. Syll. 163.

1058 leucolomea, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 140.

1059 Rennyi, B. & Br. Ann. Nat. Hist. No. 1433.

1060 xantha, Fr. Hym. Eur. 574.

1061 aurantio-pallens, B & C. Grev. i. 53.

* Poris subaureis.

1062 merulina, Berk. Fl. Tasm. 254.

1063 mellea, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 53.

1064 chrysea, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 301.

** Poris carneis v. rubris.

1065 incarnata, Alb. & Schw. Consp. 250.

1066 micans, Ehr. Sylv. Ber. 30.

1067 porriginosa, Berk. in Herb. No. 2934.

1068 pyrrhopora, Mont. Syll. 162.

1069 salmonicolor, B. & C. Grev. i. 53.

1070 oxydata, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 317.

*** Poris purpureis violaceisve.

1071 violacea, Fr. Hym. Eur. 572.

1072 purpurea, Fr. Hym. Eur. 572.

*** Poris cinerascentibus vel nigrescentibus.

1073 Nordmanni, Lev. in Demid. Voy. ii. 93, t. 1, f. 1. 1074 carbonacea, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 317.

**** Poris olivaceis.

1075 chrysobapha, B. & C. Grev. i. 53. 1076 cerea, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1852, 163.

**** Poris fuscis v. cinnamomeis.

1077 suberis, Mont. Syll. 162.

1078 superficialis, Schw. Syn. Car. 924.

1079 disciformis, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 193.

***** Poris ferrugineis v. spadiceis.

1080 portoricensis, Fr. Epic. 483.

1081 subspadicea, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 378.

1082 argillacea, Cke. Grev. vii. 1.

1083 decolorans, Schw. Amer. Bor. 467.

C. Rigidi. Pileus effusus, coriaceus, siccus, tenax; poris majusculis, rotundatis subhexagonis vel angulatis, subæqualibus; dissepimentis curtis rigidis.

Poris albis,

1084 leucoplaca, Berk. Fl. N. Zeal. ii. 180.

1085 corticola, Fr. Hym. Eur. 580.

** Poris albis decolorantibus.

1086 sinuosa, Fr. Hym. Eur. 576.

1087 rhododendri, Schw. Am. Bor. 436.

1088 interrupta, B. & Br. Linn. Journ.

1089 alabamæ, B. & Cke. Grev. vi. 130.

1090 Beaumontii, B. & C. in Herb. Berk. 2919.

1091 pulchella, Schw. Amer. Bor. 426. = xanthus, Schw. Amer. Bor. 424.

1092 holoxantha, B.& Cke. in Rav. Amer. Fungi. No. 213.

1093 omæma, Berk. in Herb. No. 2837 (U. States).

1094 tomentocincta, B. & Rav. in Herb. Berk. 2858.

1095 xantholoma, Schw. Amer. Bor. 435.

1096 subaurantia, Berk. in Herb. 2859.

1097 limitata, B. & C. Grev. i. 54 (nec. i. 66).

1098 melanoleuca, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 141.

*** Poris lignicoloribus vel cervinis.

1099 diversipora, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 53.

1100 cavernulosa, Berk. Linn. Journ. 1856, 235.

1101 subfusco-flavida, Rost. Poly. 27 t. 11.

1102 favescens, Schw. Amer. Bor. 413.

- 1103 hydnopora, B. &. Glaz. Videns. Med. Kjob. 1879, 31.
- 1104 hyperborea, Berk. in Herb. Kewensis (Arctic America).
- 1105 variolosa, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 52.
 - *** Poris carneis vel rufis.
- 1106 anæctopora, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 318.
 - *** Poris flavidis.
- 1107 chromatica, B. & Cke. Linn. Journ. xv. 384.
 - *** Poris fuscis v. cinnamomeis.
- 1108 lævigata, Fr. Hym. Eur. 571.
- 1109 palmicola, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 317.
- 1110 apposita, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1846, 141.
 - **** Poris ferrugineis vel spadiceis.
- 1111 ferruginosa, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 378. = corium, Kunze in Herb. Berk.
- 1112 subiculosa, Peck 31 Report 37.
- 1113 contigua, Fr. Syst. Myc. i. 378.
- 1114 viticola, Schw. Amer. Bor. 423.
- 1115 eryptacantha, Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. v. 369.
- 1116 byssogena, Jungh. Fl. Java 43.
- 1117 orbicularis, Berk. Ann. Nat. Hist. iii. 324.
- D. Reticulati. Pileus irregulariter effusus, plerumque incrustans, tenuis, membranaceus. Poris majusculis, distantibus, cupulæformibus, dissepimentis brevissimis subvenulosis.
 - * Poris persistenter albis.
- 1118 dictyopora, Che. Grev. xii. 17.
- 1119 incrustans, B. & C. Grev. i. 54.
- 1120 reticulata, Fr. Hym. Eur. 580.
- 1121 calcea, Schw. Amer. Bur. 448.
- 1122 farinella, Fr. Hym. Eur. 579.
- 1123 collabefacta, B. & Br. Ann. Nat. Hist. No. 1432.
- 1124 fatiscens, B. & Rav. Grev. i. 65.
- 1125 blepharistoma, B. & Br. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1434.
- 1126 leptoderma, B. & Br. Linn. Journ. xiv. 54.
 - ** Poris albis decolorantibus.
- 1127 arenaria, Klot. in Fr. Epicr. 487.
- 1128 tenella, B. & Cke. Grev. vi. 81.
- 1129 tenuis, Schw. Amer. Bor. 456.
- 1130 cincinnati, Berk. in Herb. No. 2920.
- 1131 porotheloides, B. & C. in Herb. Berk. 2889.
- 1132 xylostromatoides, Berk. Hook. Journ. 1843, 638.
- 1133 vesiculosa, B. & C. Grev. i. 65.

- 1134 semitincta, Peck 31st Report, 37.
- 1135 indurata, Peck 31st Report, 37.
- 1136 subgelatinosa, B. & Br. Ann. Nat. Hist. 1569.
- 1137 terrestris, Fr. Hym. Eur. 576.

_ Poris carneis vel rubris.

- 1138 pellicula, Jungh. Fl. Java 44.
- 1139 Archeri, Berk. Fl. Tasm. ii. 255.
- 1140 crustacea, Lev. Ann. Sci. Nat. 1844, 193.

Poris ferrugineis v. spadiceis.

- 1141 tenerrima, B. & Rav. Grev. i. 65.
- 1142 nebulosa, B. & C. Linn. Journ. x. 317.

Ε. Species incertæ sedis.

- 1143 bathypora, Rost. Poly. 4 t. 59.
- 1144 epiptelia, Fr. Mon. ii. 270.
- 1145 megalopora, Pers. Myc. Eur. ii. 88.

N.B.—Corrections, explanations, and additions to these lists are reserved for the next number of this journal.

FUNGI OF NEW GUINEA.

By M. C. Cooke.

HYMENOMYCETES.

Schizophyllum commune, Fr. S. Coast. (Armit.)

Panus torulosus, Fr. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)

- Lentinus Lecomtei, Fr. S. East Coast. (Armit.) tener, Kl. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
 - calvescens, Berk. S. Coast. (Armit.) pergamenus, Lev. S.E. Coast. (Armit.) ,,

 - subnudus, Berk. Strickland River (59). ,,
 - inquinans, Berk. Strickland River (60). ,,
 - radicatus, Cooke. Strickland River.
 - ,, velutinus, Fr. S.E. Coast; Fly River (118); St. George's River; S.E. Coast. (Armit.)

Lenzites corrugata, Kl. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)

- applanata, Fr. Jala River.
 - deplanata, Fr. S.E. Coast; St. George's River. ,,
- aspera, Kl. Jala River. Polyporus (Melan) elegans, Fr. S. Coast. (Armit.)
 - (Petal) grammocephalus, B. Strickland River.
 - (Petal) russiceps, B. & Br. Strickland River; Fly River.

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Polyporus (Moll.) verecundus, B. & C. Strickland River.
          (Dichr.) rubidus, B. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
    "
          (Dichr.) scruposus, Fr. S.E. Coast.
                                                  (Armit.)
    ,,
          (Dichr.) isidioides, B. S.E. Coast.
                                                (Armit.)
    ,,
                                  S.E. Coast.
          (Dichr.) demissus, B.
                                                 (Armit.)
           (Hisp.) cuticularis, Fr.
                                    Strickland River.
    ,,
                                    S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
          (Sub.) portentosus), B.
    ,,
           (Lign.) auberianus, Mont.
                                       Strickland River.
    ,,
          (Lign.) zonalis, B. S.E. Coast.
                                             (Armit.)
    ••
           (Lign.) anebus, B.
                               Strickland River.
    "
           (Lign.) atypus, Lev.
                                 Strickland River.
    ••
           (Lign.) vinosus, Berk. S.E. Coast.
    ,,
                                             (Armit.)
Fomes (Mes.) rugosus, Nees.
                               S.E. Coast.
       (Pleur.) longipes, Lev.
                                Strickland River.
   ,,
       (Pleur.) lucidus, Fr.
                              S.E. Coast.
   ,,
        (Pleur.) superpositus, B. Strickland River.
   ,,
       (Meris.) senex, Nees.
                               Strickland River.
   ,,
       (Foment) australis, Fr. Strickland River; S.E. Coast.
       (Foment) nigrolaccatus, Cke. S.E. Coast.
   ,,
       (Foment) fomentarius, Fr. Strickland River.
       (Foment) scalaris, B.
                              S.E. Coast.
                                            (Armit.)
   ,,
       (Foment) pyrrhocreas, Cke.
                                     S.E. Coast.
   ,,
        (Imp.) holosclerus, B.
                                S.E. Coast.
   91
       (Imp.) spadiceus, B.
                              Strickland River.
   ,,
       (Imp.) inflexibilis, B.
                               Strickland River.
   "
       (Imp.) pectinatus, Kl.
                                S.E. Coast.
   •
       (Imp.) caliginosus, B.
                                S.E. Coast.
   ••
       (Imp.) loricatus, P.
                             Strickland River.
   ,,
       (Lævi) connatus, Fr.
                               Strickland River.
   "
       (Lævi) hemitephrus, B.
                                 S.E. Coast.
   29
       (Lævi) ferreus, B. Strickland River; Fly River.
   99
       (Lævi) incrassatus, B.
                                S.E. Coast.
   ,,
       (Resup.) bistratosus, B. & Cke.
                                        Strickland River.
Polystictus (Sacri) xanthopus, Fr.
                                       Strickland River; Fly
              River.
           (Disci) flabelliformis, Kl.
           (Disci) Adami, B. S.E. Coast.
    ,,
           (Disci) nephridius, B. Strickland River; Fly River.
    ,,
           (Disci) affinis, Nees.
           (Disci) squamæformis, B.
                                       S.E. Coast.
    ,,
           (Disci) virgineus, Fr. Strickland River.
    22
           (Disci) microcyclus, Lev.
                                       S.E. Coast.
    ,,
            (Disci) malaiensis, Cke.
                                      Strickland River.
    ,,
           (Disci) meleagris, B.
                                  Strickland River; Fly River.
           (Disci) Hostmanni, B.
                                    Strickland River.
    ,,
           (Disci) Menziesii, B. Strickland River.
    ,,
           (Disci) sanguineus, Fr.
                                         St. George's River;
    ,,
              Strickland River.
           (Disci) russogramme, B.
    2,
```

```
Polystictus (Disci) rasipes, B. S.E. Coast.
           (Prolif.) elongatus, B. S.E. Coast.
    ,,
           (Stup.) Feei, Fr. Astrolabe.
    ,,
           (Coria) pictilis, B. S.E. Coast.
    ,,
           (Coria) obstinatus, Cke. Strickland River.
    "
           (Coria) hirsutus, Fr. St. George's River.
    ,,
           (Coria) Persoonii, Fr. St. George's River.
    ,,
           (Coria) occidentalis, Fr. S.E. Coast.
    ,,
           (Coria) Haskarlii, Lev. Strickland River.
Poria (Vapo) Lindbladii, Berk. S.E. Coast.
" (Rigidi) corticola, Fr. Strickland River.
Dædalea inconcinna, Berk. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
Trametes Mulleri, Berk. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
          Sprucei, Berk. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
        lactinea, Berk. Strickland River (55).
Hexagona apiaria, Fr. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
           favoloides, Cooke. Strickland River.
           polygramma, M. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
    ,,
          tenuis, Hook. Strickland River, 34. (Armit.)
Favolus alutaceus, B. & M. Strickland River (21).
        multiplex, Lev. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
        Brasiliensis, Lev. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
Laschia tremellosa, Fr. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)
Hydnum (Apus) luteovirens, Ces. S.E. Coast.
Irpex flavus, Jungh. S.E. Coast.
Cladoderris dendritica, P. Strickland River.
Thelephora lamellata, B. S. Coast. (Armit.)
           regularis, Schw. Strickland River.
Lachnocladium furcellatum, Lev. Fly River.
Stereum (Mes.) elegans, Fr. S.E. Coast.
         (Mes.) Mellisii, B. S.E. Coast.
   "
         (Mes.) Thozetii, B. S.E. Coast.
   ,,
         (Mes.) cyathiforme, Fr. S.E. Coast.
   ,,
         (Apus) lobatum, Kze. Fly River; Strickland River;
            Astrolabe; S. Coast.
         (Apus) Boryanum, Fr. S.E. Coast.
(Apus) involutum, Kl. Fly River; Strickland River
   ,,
   ,,
         (Apus) bicolor, Fr. S.E. Coast.
Hymenochæte phæa, B. Strickland River.
Corticium læve, Fr. Strickland River.
        cœruleum, Fr. Strickland River.
Dictyonema membranacea, Ag. Strickland River; S.E. Coast.
Hirneola auricula judaæ, Fr. Strickland River.
         polytricha, M. S.E. Coast.
   ,,
                     GASTEROMYCETES.
```

Scleroderma bovista, Fr. Strickland River; S.E. Coast. (Armit).

MYXOMYCETES.

Stemonitis fusca, Roth. Strickland River.

DISCOMYCETES.

Peziza (Trichoscypha) Hindsii, B. Fly River; Strickland River; S.E. Coast.

Pyrenomycetes.

Xylaria dealbata, B. & C. Strickland River.

" allantoidea, M. Strickland River.

, involuta, Kl. S.E. Coast. (Armit.)

Lentinus radicatus, Cooke.

Pileo infundibuliformi, carnoso, rigido, pallido-ochraceo, brevissime velutino, levi (4-5 unc. diam.). Stipite deorsum incrassato, concolore, velutinoque, solido (4 unc. long, \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{2} unc. lat.), radicato (ad 2 unc. long). Lamellis linearibus, angustis (vix 1 lin.) decurrentibus, confertis, postice lineatis.

On the ground. Strickland River; New Guinea.

Hexagona favoloides, Cooke.

Pileo reniformi, sessili, ochraceo albo, velutino, subplano (2-3 unc. lat.), postice crassiusculo ($\frac{1}{3}$ in.), margine subacuto. Hymenio convexo. Poris magnis, hexagonoideis ($\frac{1}{6}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ unc. lat.) obtusis, profundis, ad periphericis minoribus.

On wood. Strickland River; New Guinea (No. 20).

FLORA OF BRITISH FUNGI.

The first volume of the work which we announced two years ago under the above title has just been issued under the name of "Hymenomycetes Britannici, British Fungi (Hymenomycetes)." There are reasons, not far to seek, why we should hesitate to pronounce any opinion on this volume, which, being written for scholars rather than for mycologists, omits the following species mostly figured in the 3rd and 4th vols. of "Illustrations of British Fungi":—

Agaricus	(Pluteus)	ephebius, Fr. Grev. xiii, 90,	
Ū	` ,	$Illust.\ t.$	517
**	,,	pellitus, Pers. Grev. xiv, 37	597
,,	,,	semibulbosus, $Lasch\ Grev.$, xiii, 89	518
,,	,,	violarius, Massee Grev. xiii, 89	518
,,	,,	roseo-albus, Fr. Grev. xiv, 37	59 8
,,	"	liquescens, Cooke Grev. xiv, 121	581
"	(Acetabula	ria) acetabulosus (Sow.) B. & Br.	
		Ann. N.H.: No. 1859	345
"	(Pholiota)	cruentatus, $C. \& S. \dots \dots$	502
"	(Inocybe)	incarnatus, Bres. Grev. xiii, 58	473
"	,,	schistus, Cke	504
	"	margarispora, B	505
"		perbrevis, Weinm. Grev. xiii, 90	519
"	"	Porbrotta, troutine arout min, oo	0.0

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Agaricus	(Flammula)	clitopilus, Cooke Grev. xiii, 59	500
"	"	filius, Fr. Ic. Grev. xiii, 45	432
,,	,, .	ochrochlorus, Fr. Grev. xiv, 37	616
,,	(Naucoria)	glandiformis, C.&S. Grev. xiii, 59	4 90
,,	,,,	arvalis, Sm. Grev. xiii, 59	4 79
"	"	latissimus, Cke. Grev. xiii, 60	482
"	,,	porriginosus, Fr	510
,,		trigonophyllus, Fr	4 83
,,	` ,,	pellucidus, Bull	
"	(Crepidotus) palmatus, Bull, B. & Br. Ann.	
,,	(- 1	Nat. Hist. No. 1855	
,,	••	epigæus, P. Grev. x, 152	516
"	(Psalliota)	augustus, Fr. Grev. xiii, 90	521
,,	` "	pratensis, Schæff Grev. xiii, 90	525
"	"	subgibbosus, Fr. Grev. xiii, 91	532
,,		Algeriensis, Fr	618
"		coronillus, Bull	535
"	"	luteo-nitens, Fr	604
		spintriger, Fr. W. G. S. in	
"	"	Gard. Chron	542
		hypsipus, Fr. Grev xiv, 38	619
"	(Hypholoms	a) punctulatus, Kalch	587в
"	(III) photomic	œdipus, Cke	587A
",	(Psilocybe)	sarcocephalus, Fr. Gard. Chron.	00,11
"	(1 51100) 50)		7,620
		subericæus, Fr. Grev. xii, 67	588
"	"	canofaciens, Cke	COL
,,	(Panthyrn)	pellospermus, Bull Grev. xii, 67	
"		fatuus, Fr	~~~
"	"	helobius, Kalch. Grev. xiii, 45	579
"	"	neionius, mawii. Greo. XIII, 40	018

Hence there are two subgenera omitted, and 39 species of the genus Agaricus with coloured spores. The omissions amongst the white-spored species are far less numerous, and might be the result of accident.

Of the species included there are two which call for special remark—

Agaricus (Inocybe) echinatus (Roth), Cooke Illust, t. 395.

This species will be found under page 308, as Agaricus

(Psaliota) echinatus, Roth.

We decline to express any opinion here as to which is correct, but probably it will be conceded that both are not equally accurate. Any one desirous of forming an opinion should consult Professor Saccardo's exhaustive treatise "Interno all' Agaricus echinatus (Roth)" in the "Bulletino della Soc. Veneto Trentina di Scienze naturali in Padova," No. 7, for 1879. In this treatise the author shows satisfactorily that the proper position for this species is in the subgenus Inocybe, and his views are generally accepted on the continent.

The other species which finds a place in the above work as—Agaricus (Stropharia) obturatus, Fr. (see page 311), to illustrate which reference must be made to Bresadola's "Fungi Tridentini," part iv-v, pp. 56, whence it is clear that Fries, as in some other instances, failed to appreciate correctly the species figured by Bulliard, and hence the three consecutive Ag. coronillus, Ag. obturatus, and Ag. melaspermus are confused and mixed up. This will be elucidated a little by reproducing Bresadola's observations, as published, leaving "scholars to examine and compare the descriptions in the original language."

Stropharia melasperma, Bull. f. 540; Quel. Jur. t. 24, f. 3; Bres. Trent. t. lxi.

Pileus carnosus e convexo planus, subdepressus, mollis, laevis, viscidulus, mox siccus, saepeque epidermide areolato-diffracta, albidus, centro stramineus $3\frac{1}{2}\cdot 4\frac{1}{2}$ cm. latus; lamellæ confertæ, ventricosæ, postice sinuato-adnatæ ex albido violaceo-cinereæ, demum cinereo-nigricantes; stipes albus, farctus, subæqualis, e sericeo-fibrilloso glabrescens, apice striatus 4-6 cm. longus 6-7 mm. crassus; annulus albus, stipiti adhærens, supra dimidium striato-sulcatus, infra laevis, deciduus. Caro pilei alba, stipitis demum substraminea vix odora. Sporæ in cumulo compacto fuscæ, sub micr. fuscidulæ, ovoideæ 10×6 mmm.; basidia clavata $22\text{-}28\times 8$ mmm.

Aestate, autumno. Locis herbidis, pascuis etc. raro.

Fungus hicce in Europa boreali haud videtur obvius; nam species, quae sub hoc nomine a Fries in Monogr. i, p. 413, Icon. Select. t. 130, f. 2, et Hymen. Europ., p. 285, describitur et pingitur, nihil aliud est quam Stropharia coronilla, Bull. Genuina Stropharia melasperma, Bull., neque pileo ochraceo, neque lamellis purpureis gaudet, prouti Fries suum Ag. melaspermum describit; hae notae e contra Ag. coronillo, Bull., conveniunt, cujus, ut melius in posterum distinguatur, hic novam diagnosim simul cum synonimia exhibemus.

Stropharia coronilla, Bull., tab. 597. Quélet Jur. tab, 14, f. 7. Agaricus phaeosporus, Fr. Monogr. i, p. 413. Agaricus melaspermus, Fr. Hym. Europ. p. 285, No. 1071. Ejusd. Icon. select. ii, p. 30, tab. 130, f. 2. Ag. coronillus, Fr. Hymen. Europ. p. 285. Ag. obturatus, Kalchbr. Icon. Ung. p. 31, tab. xvii, f. 2. Saccardo Myc. Ven. Spec., tab. iv, fig. 21-23.

Pileus carnosus ex hemisphaerico explanato-convexus, laevis, subviscidus, ochraceo-fulvus, subexpallens, margine primitus albo-floccoso, 3-5 cm. latus; lamellae confertae, postice sinuato-adnatae, ex albido purpureo-violaceae, demum nigricantes, acie albida sub lente pruinata; stipes albus e farcto subcavus, fibrillosus, deorsum attenuatus, basi aequali, vel bulbillosa, 4-5 cm. longus, 3-5 mm. crassus; annulus stipiti adhaerens, in medio turgide elatus, parte superiore sulcato-plicata, plicis albis, demum e sporis violaceis. Caro alba, odore subraphanoideo praedita. Sporae in cumulo purpureae, sub micr. subrufescentes, 8-10×5 mmm.; basidia clavata 20-40×5-10; cistidia fusoideo-ventricosa apicem versus constricta.

Per annum in herbidis juxta vias in tota regione tridentina frequenter obvius, ut plurimum solitarius.

Hujus speciei iconem non damus, quia jam apud auctores l. c. bene est delineata. Kalchbrenner et Fries recte habitum referunt; Quélet vero etiam annulum optime repræsentat.

As to Agaricus (Clitopilus) carneo-albus, With (p. 205) we venture to think that the figures quoted "Kalchbr. Hung. t. 22, f. 2," are simply misleading, and do not represent Withering's

species at all.

If scholars choose to substitute "Psaliota" for Psalliota, or prefer "crustiliniformis" to "crustuliniformis;" and "alkalinus" to "alcalinus" as Fries wrote it, or to write "petigenosus" for "petiginosus" the mycologists will not quarrel with them, since all cliques have their idiosyncrasies. But we doubt if zoologists would so readily admit that "nitella" is a squirrel so long as Myoxus nitela can be found in Europe to bear witness in their favour.

For the rest—"Let every man be fully persuaded in his own mind."

BRITISH FRESH WATER ALGÆ.

(Continued from p. 99).

Mesotenium de Greyi, Turner Naturalist 1886, 34, t. 1, f. 1.

Frond cylindrical, straight, rarely curved, smooth, elongate; no apparent constriction; not tapering at all towards the ends, which are more or less broadly rounded.

Size. 76-104 μ long \times 20-23 μ broad.

Blubberhouses Moor.

Tetmemorus penioides, Bennett Journ. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 13, t. 2, f. 26.

Frond about the size of T. granulatus, 190μ long by 47.5 broad, linear elliptic, distinctly notched at each extremity, but without any lip-like process. Margin continuous, with scarcely any constriction. Cell wall not punctated or granulated.

Among Sphagnum. Furness Fells, Lancashire.

Micrasterias cornuta, Bennett Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 7, t. 1, f. 6.

Frond oval, very large, 0.355 mm. in length, 0.305 mm. in breadth. The two terminal lobes urn-shaped, very light green, slightly projecting beyond the margin, and quite distinct for their whole length, reaching down to an oval quite colourless piece in the centre; ends of terminal lobes colourless, concave, not dentate or fimbriate. Each quarter with two deep and three less deep incisions. Margin $27.5~\mu$ wide, perfectly colourless, consisting of six distinct pieces, each with a deep indentation.

Stream between Codale and Stickle Tarns, at an elevation of

about 1,800 feet.

Euastrum ornithocephalum, Bennett Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 9, t, 1, f. 12.

Front minute, $57 \mu \log_3 30 \mu$ broad. Each frustule with a basal and central rounded lobe and a terminal lobe moderately deeply divided vertically, and with a single projecting tooth, the lobe resembling a bird's head. Sutural division somewhat shallow. Cell wall tuberculated.

Bog pool. Loughrigg.

Near E. rostratum and E. pseudo-elegans, Turn, but somewhat larger; the terminal lobe resembling that of E. elegans.

Euastrum Lundellii, Bennett Journ. Roy. Mior. Soc. 1886, p. 9, t. 1, f. 13. E. binale γ elobatum, Lund. Desm. Suec. p. 23, t. 2, f. 7.

. Frond very minute, $28 \mu \log_2 14 \mu$ broad, truncately elliptical in outline. Frustule 3-lobed; terminal lobe truncate, gibbous, slightly concave, entire, 11μ broad. Sutural constriction deep. Each frustule with a moderately conspicuous projection in the centre.

Among Sphagnum. Loughrigg.

Gosmarium Wittrockii, Lund. Desm. Suec. p. 31, t. 3, f. 14. Bennett Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, t. 1, f. 15.

Frond very minute, shape of *C. margaritiferum*, but not crenulated, nearly circular in outline, 25 μ long, 22·5 μ broad; the two frustules slightly unequal; constriction deep; isthmus 10 μ broad. Cell wall not punctated, perfectly smooth.

In bog pools. Loughrigg.

Cosmarium oblongum, Bennett Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 10, t. 1 f. 16. Cosmarium sp., Reinsch. Contr. 82, t. 42, f. 3.

Frond minute, 55μ long, 22μ broad at its broadest part; each frustule elliptical, longer than broad, equally rounded at the base and the apex; isthmus 11μ broad. Cell wall not punctated, perfectly smooth.

Bog pools. Loughrigg.

Xanthidium spinulosum, Bennett Journ. Roy. Mior. Soc. 1886, p. 11, t. 2, f. 17.

Frond moderately large, shape of X. fasciculatum; each frustule elliptical or slightly hexagonal, $80~\mu$ long by $40~\mu$ deep; isthmus $60~\mu$. Each frustule furnished with four pairs of geminate curved spines, about $25~\mu$ long; the whole of the rest of the edge ciliated with closely-set spines or teeth, in one specimen about $12~\mu$ long, in another specimen much shorter. Endochrome very granular, with a lighter, less granular portion in the centre of each frustule.

Stream between Codale and Stickle Tarns, at an elevation of about 1,800 feet.

Staurastrum bullosum, Bennett Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 11, t. 2, f. 18-20.

Frond moderately large; each frustule elliptical, more than twice as long as broad; $85 \mu \log_3 38 \mu$ wide, triangular in front view, united by a narrow isthmus, 35μ wide. Each frustule with a hemispherical projection, which is very conspicuous, especially on

front view. Frond and projection uniformly verrucose. Both frond and projection fringed with colourless, equidistant, unbranched, subulate spines.

Amongst moss in stream flowing out of Loughrigg Tarn and

elsewhere.

Staurastrum tuberculatum, Bennett Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc. 1886, p. 12, t. 2, f. 24.

Frond moderately large, $70~\mu$ long by 55 μ broad; each frustule nearly hexagonal in shape, $37~\mu$ broad at the apex, $30~\mu$ at the isthmus; the terminal and upper lateral edges nearly straight or slightly convex, the lower lateral edges concave. The whole margin, except the lower lateral edges, rough with pearly granules, which are larger at the corners. Surface of frond tuberculated.

Bog pool. Loughrigg.

Staurastrum quadri-spinatum, Turner Naturalist 1886, p. 35, t. 1, f. 4. Medium size, much longer than broad; frond smooth or lightly punctate; each angle of the segments bearing four stout divergent spines; ends of segments slightly concave; sinus wide, expanding rapidly.

Size. 34 μ long, 26 μ broad; isthmus 8 μ ; spines 10 μ .

Trelleck Common, Monmouth.

BRITISH SPHÆROPSIDEÆ.

PROVISIONAL LIST OF SPECIES HITHERTO FOUND IN THE BRITISH ISLANDS.

By M. C. COOKE.

(Concluded from p. 108.)

MELANCONIEÆ, Berk.

Without perithecia, nestling beneath the cuticle through which the sporules partly issue in erumpent black or coloured masses or tendrils, sporules various, hyaline or coloured.

A. HYALOSPORÆ. Sporules hyaline.

GEN. 1. GLEOSPORIUM, Desm. Sacc. Syll. III., 699.

Pustules subcuticular, disciform or pulvinate, at length often erumpent. Conidia ovate-oblong, continuous, hyaline, often oozing out in tendrils or globules.

A. On leaves of Dicotyledons.

606. Glocsporium aquilegiæ, Thum. Sacc. Syll. 3660. On Aquilegia. Kew.

607. Gleosperium ficarie, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 3661. On Ficaria. Forden.

- 608. Glæosporium berberidis, Cke. Grev. XIII., 98. On B. asiatica. Kew.
- 609. Glassporium concentricum (Grev.), Sacc. Syll. 3665. On cabbage leaves. Edinbro'; Northamptonshire.
- 610. Glæosporium violæ, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3668. On Viola odorata. Glamis.
- 611. Glæosporium Hendersonii, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3673. On orange leaves. Milton.
- 612. Glæosporium cytisi, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3686. On laburnum leaves. Glamis.
- 613. Glæssporium fragariæ (Lib.), Sacc. Syll. 3690. On strawberry leaves. Hampstead (F.B. I., 153); Twycross.
- 614. Gleosporium ribis (Lib.), Sacc. Syll. 3694.
 On red currant leaves. Twycross; Neatishead (F.B. 1., 151); Shrewsbury; Lancashire.
- 615. Gloosporium paradoxum, De Not. Sacc. Syll. 3697.
 On ivy leaves. Twycross; Den of Airlie; Stratford-on-Avon.
- 616. Glæosporium nervisequum (Fckl.), Sacc. Syll. 3716. On Platanus. Holm Lacey.
- 617. Gloosporium platani (Mont.), Sacc. Syll. 3717. On Platanus.
- 618. Gleosporium tremulæ (Lib.), Sacc. Syll. 3719. On aspen leaves.
- 619. Glosporium carpini (Lib.), Sacc. Syll. 3722. On Carpinus. Hampstead (F. B. I., 430).
- 620. Glæosporium fagi (Desm.), Sacc. Syll. 3728. On beech leaves. Epping Forest.
- 621. Gleosporium umbrinellum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3731. On oak leaves.

B. On fruits of Dicotyledons.

- 622. Glæssporium Lindemuthianum, Sacc. Syll. 3747. On legumes. Sibbertoft, Suffolk.
- 623. Glæosporium fructigenum, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 8751. On decaying pears. Woodnewton.
- 624. Glæosporium læticolor, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 3753. On peaches, melons, &c. King's Cliffe.
- 625. Gloosporium orbiculare, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 3759. On gourds. King's Cliffe.
- GEN. 2. MYXOSPORIUM, Link. Sacc. Syll. 111., 722.

Pustules or nuclei nestling beneath the epidermis of trees, soft when moist, pallid or reddish, conidia ovoid, hyaline or pale.

- 626. Myxosporium griseum (Pers.), Sacc. Syll. 3793. On Corylus. Hatton.
- 627. Myxosporium croceum (Pers.), Sacc. Syll. 3804. On branches. Carlisle.

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- 628. Myxosporium dracænicolum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3805. On Dracæna.
- GEN. 3. MYXORMIA, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 111., 734.

Pustules circumscribed by densely compacted threads, erumpent almost superficial, disciform or scutellate. Conidia oblong, connected by a narrow isthmus into a chain, hyaline.

- 629. Myxormia atroviridis, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3837. On Aira cæspitosa. Batheaston.
- GEN. 4. BLOXAMIA, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. III., 734.

Pustules minute, almost superficial, truncate, firmer at the base, black, delicate at the apex and pale, and evanescent, hence excipuliform. Conidia catenulate, somewhat cubical, hyaline.

630. Bloxamia truncata, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3839. On Ulmus. Batheaston.

GEN 5. CYLINDROSPORIUM, Ung. Sacc. Syll. III., 737.

Pustules or nuclei subepidermical, white or pallid, disciform or somewhat effused. Conidia filiform, continuous, hyaline, often flexuous.

- 631. Cylindrosporium ficariæ, Berk. Sacc. Syll. 3848.

 On Ficaria. Northamptonshire; Shrewsbury, Highgate
 (F. B. 11., 172).
- 632. Cylindrosporium niveum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3849. On Caltha. New Pitsligo.
- 633. Cylindrosporium ranunculi (Bon.), Sacc. Syll. 3850. On Ranunculus and Caltha. Lyndhurst.
- 634. Cylindrosporium valerianæ, Speg. On V. officinalis. Aberdeen.
- 635. Cylindrosporium rhabdosporum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 3860. On Plantago. Glamis.
- GEN. 6. CRYPTOSPORIUM, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. III., 740.

Pustules or nuclei, discoid conical, covered by the epidermis, erumpent in the centre, sometimes included in a pseudo-perithecium formed from the matrix. Conidia fusiform-falcate, rather large, continuous, hyaline.

- 636. Cryptosporium Neesii, Corda. Sacc. Syll. 3866. On alder branches. Easton; Blackheath.
- 637. Cryptosporium amygdalinum, Sacc. Syll. 3872. On hornbeam twigs. Darenth.
- 638. Cryptosporium coronatum, Fckl. Sacc. Syll. 3876. On poplar twigs. Highgate.
- 639. Cryptosporium hippocastani, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 4. On horse chestnut. Kew.

GEN. 7. LIBERTELLA, Desm. Sacc Syll. III., 744.

Pustules or nuclei of variable form, long, covered by the epidermis, often at length erumpent in bright-coloured tendrils. Conidia filiform, bent, long, continuous, hyaline.

640. Libertella faginea, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3892.

On Fagus sylvatica. Abinger.

641. Libertella rosse, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3894.
On rose twigs. King's Cliffe; Berwick; Kew.

642. Libertella betulina, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3897. On birch bark. Glamis.

GEN. 8. NEMASPORA, Pers. Sacc. Syll. III., 746.

Pustules or nuclei variable in form, long time covered by the epidermis, bright coloured, rather gelatinous. Conidia sausageshaped, rather short, continuous, hyaline, often expelled in tendrils.

643. Memaspora microspora, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 3910. On branches. Highgate; Mickleham.

GEN. 9. MARSONIA, Fisch. Sacc. Syll. III., 767.

Pustules always or for a long time covered by the cuticle, globose-discoid, pallid. Conidia ovoid or oblong, uniseptate, hyaline.

644. Marsonia populi (Lib.), Sacc. Syll. 4024. On poplar leaves. Rushton.

645. Marsonia juglandis (Lib.), Sacc. Syll. 4028. On walnut leaves. Neatishead; Fern.

646. Marsonia potentilla (Desm.), Sacc. Syll. 4037. On Potentilla leaves.

B. PHEOSPORE. Sporules coloured.

GEN. 10. MELANCONIUM, Link. Sacc. Syll. 111., 749.

Pustules or nuclei subcutaneous, conical or disciform, black. Conidia acrogenous, globose then oblong, continuous, sooty brown, at length erumpent in black masses or tendrils, staining the matrix.

- 647. Melanconium magnum (Grev.), Sacc. Syll., 3946. On walnut branches. Gopsall.
- 648. Melanconium elevatum, Corda. Sacc. Syll. 3950. On oak branches. Langridge.
- 649. Melanconium spheroideum, Link. Sacc. Syll. 3959. On alder. Kew; Forden.
- 650. Melanconium bicolor, Nees. Sacc. Syll. 3963. On bark of Betula, Carpinus, Quercus. Hermitage; Kew; Thorney; Hampstead.
- 651. Melanconium betulinum, Sch. & K. Sacc. Syll. 3955. On bark of Betula alba. Twycross.
- 652. Melanconium spherospermum (Pers.), Sacc. Syll. 3989. On reeds. Tansor.

GEN. 11. CRYPTOMELA, Sacc. Syll. III., 760.

Pustules or nuclei subcutaneous or at length erumpent, black, minute. Conidia fusoid, often curved, black.

653. Cryptomela caricis (Corda), Sacc. Syll. 3992 On Carices. Orton; Spye Park.

GEN. 12. CHEIROSPORA, Fr. (Thyrsidium, Mont.), Sacc. Syll. III., 761.

Stroma gelatinous, subcortical, covered by the epidermis, at length by its rupture erumpent, inky black, basidia branched, hyaline, radiating. Conidia globose, concatenate, dingy olive, agglomerated in terminal subglobose heads.

654. Cheirospora hedericola (Not.), Sacc. Syll. 3998.

On ivy. Highgate; Kew; King's Lynn; Eastbourne.

655. Cheirospora botryospora, Fr. Sacc. Syll. 3999. On beech. Bristol; Batheaston; Weybridge.

GEN. 13. DIDYMOSPORIUM, Nees. Sacc. Syll. III., 763.

Pustules globose or oblong, soon erumpent. Conidia oblong or fusoid, uniseptate, brown or sooty, often shortly stipitate.

656. Didymosporium profusum, Grev. Sacc. Syll. 4009.

On Fagus and Acer. Scotland.

(We have never yet seen septate conidia in original specimens.)

GEN. 14. STILBOSPORA (Pers.), Sacc. Syll. III., 771.

Pustules subcutaneous, conoid or disciform, black. Conidia oblong or fusoid, 2 or many septate, sooty brown, at length expelled in tendrils.

657. Stilbospora thelebola, Sacc. Syll. 4042.

On Alnus.

658. Stilbospora angustata, Pers. Sacc. Syll. 4045. On Carpinus. Northamptonshire.

659. Stilbospora macrosperma, Pers. Sacc. Syll. 4046.

On oak branches. Thringstone; Bergholt; Appin; Elmstead.

GEN. 15. CORYNEUM, Nees. Sacc. Syll. III., 774.

Pustules disciform or pulvinate, subcutaneous then erumpent, black, compact. Conidia oblong or fusoid, 2 or many septate, sooty brown, never expelled in tendrils.

[Coryneum Beyerinckii, Oud?]

- 660. Coryneum microstictum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 4059. On Rosa, Rubus, &c. Bristol; Batheaston; Glamis.
- 661. Coryneum cistinum, Cooke. Grev. XIV., 5. On Cistus laurifolius. Kew.
- 662 Coryneum macrospermum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 4066. On Alnus.
- 663. Coryneum compactum, B. & Br. Sacc. Syll. 4068. On Ulmus. Wraxall.
- 664. Coryneum umbonatum, Nees. Sacc. Syll. 4070. On Ulmus and Quercus. Kew.

- 665. Coryneum pulvinatum, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. 4071. On Tilia, &c. Twycross; Burleigh Park.
- 666. Coryneum Kunzei, Corda. Sacc. Syll. 4074.
 On Quercus. Rudloe; Ross; Penzance; Blackheath; Chislehurst.

var Salicis.

On Salix Smithiana. Kew.

- 667. Coryneum disciforme, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. 4075.
 On Tilia, Quercus, and Betula. Wiltshire; Highgate.
- 668. Coryneum Notarisianum, Sacc. Syll. 4076. On Betula papyrifera. Kew.

GEN. 16. SCOLECOSPORIUM, Lib. Sacc. Syll. III., 782.

Pustules subcutaneous, then erumpent, pulvinate, compact, black. Conidia fusoid, sooty brown, many septate, attenuated at the apex into a curved pale beak.

669. Scolecosporium fagi, Lib. Sacc. Syll. 4094.

On Fagus. Northamptonshire; North Wootton; Weybridge.

GEN. 17. ASTEROSPORIUM, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. III., 782.

Pustules pulvinate, erumpent, black. Conidia stellately lobed, brown, lobes attenuated outwards, many septate.

670. Asterosporium Hoffmanni, Kunze. Sacc. Syll. 4095.

On Fagus, Betula, &c. Highgate; King's Cliffe; Wansford; Kew; Weybridge; Abinger; Shere.

GEN 18. PESTALOZZIA, DeNot. Sacc. Syll. III., 784.

Pustules subcutaneous, afterwards erumpent, disciform or pulvinate, black. Conidia oblong, 2 or many septate, coloured, very rarely hyaline, apex hyaline, bearing one or many cilia. Basidia hyaline.

- 671. Pestalozzia funerea, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 4135. On Coniferæ, &c. Hatton; Stratford-on-Avon.
- 672. Pestalozzia Guepini, Desm. Sacc. Syll. 4146.
 On Camellia and Rhododendron. Kew; Milton; Forden; Rugby.
- 673. Pestalozzia lignicola, Cooke. Sacc. Syll. 4147. On chips.

GEN. 19. STEGANOSPORIUM, Corda. Sacc. Syll. III., 803.

Pustules subcutaneous, at length erumpent, black, pulvinate, compact. Conidia solitary (not concatenate), ovoid or pear-shaped, 2 or many septate, and muriform.

- 674. Steganosporium pyriforme (Hoffm.), Sacc. Syll. 4195.
 On bark. King's Cliffe; Twycross; Jedburgh; Coed Coch;
 Oundle.
- 675. Steganosporium cellulosum, Corda. Sacc. Syll. 4200. On bark of Tilia. Weybridge; Forden; Kew.

SOME EXOTIC FUNGI.

(Continued from p. 90.)

Agaricus (Naucoria) acutus, Cooke.

Pileo carnoso, conico-campanulato, acuto umbonato, glabro, lævi, opaco, ochraceo (3-5 mm. lat.); stipite gracili, fistuloso (1 unc. long, ½ mm. crass.), adpresse fibrilloso, æquali, albido-flavescente; lamellis adnatis, subconfertis, lutescenti-cinnamomeis, acie pallidiore.

On rotten logs. New Zealand (Colenso 48, 88). Allied to Agaricus camerinus and Ag. triscopus.

Hydnum (Resupinatum) tabacinum, Cooke.

Subiculo effuso, adnato, tomentoso, subferrugineo; aculeis subconfertis, crassinsculis, rigidis, conicis, acutis, farinaceo-pul-yerulentibus, concoloribus.

On rotten logs. New Zealand (Colenso 150).

Allied to H. Weinmanni and H. ferruginosum, but with stouter and more rigid teeth. The subiculum fibrous, somewhat woolly at the margin.

Cyphella filicola, Cooke.

Albida; cupulis subdiscoideis, concavis (1 mm. lat.) lævibus, glabris, subtus marginali affixis, latero altero incurvis, margine integro, vel bicuspidato; sporis ellipticis, hyalinis ('012 × '004 mm.).

On fronds of Hymenophyllum. New Zealand (Dr. Ralph).

Napier, New Zealand (Colenso 80).

On Adiantum. Walhalla, Gipps Land (Tisdale 28).

Coleosporium Fuchsiæ, Cooke.

Epiphyllum. Maculis parvulis, ochraceo-fuscis, angulatis vel confluentibus; soris gregariis, erumpentibus, demum epidermide ruptâ cinctis. Conidiis ovalibus (30-40 \times 20-22 μ) verrucosis, aurantio-fuscis.

On living leaves of Fuchsia excorticata. New Zealand (Kirk

268).

Septeria coprosmæ, Cooke.

Maculis orbicularibus, minutis, pallidis, nigro-limitatis; peritheciis paucis, semi-immersis, atris, pertusis; sporulis cylindraceis, flexuosis, obsolete guttulatis, hyalinis $(30 \times 2 \mu)$.

On fading and dead leaves of Coprosma. New Zealand

(Colenso 336).

Leptothyrium panacis, Cooke.

Peritheciis gregariis, vel sparsis, punctiformibus, scutiformibus, membranaceis, orbicularibus, atro-fuscis. Sporulis minutis. cylindraceis, rectis vel leniter curvulis, hyalinis $(7 \times 2 \mu)$.

On upper face of fading leaves of Panax arboreum. New

Zealand (Colenso 341).

Chiefly on the midrib and principal veins.

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Cylindrosporium nanum, Cooke.

Hypophyllum. Maculis angulatis, nervulis limitatis, canescentibus, acervulis minutis, albidis, conidiis, cylindraceis, rectis, hyalinis, denique emergenti-superficialibus (8-10 \times 1 μ).

On living leaves of Juglans. New Zealand (Kirk 254).

Allied to C. microspermum, Speg.

Ovularia malorum, Cooke.

Hypophylla. Maculis effusis, confluentibus, albidis, subfarinosis, hyphis brevibus, conidiis ellipticis, hyalinis (10-12 \times 4-5 μ).

On living leaves, petioles, &c., principally young shoots of

apple. New Zealand (Kirk 271, 272).

Spherella Weinmannie, Cooke.

Epiphylla. Peritheciis gregariis, subglobosis, atris, semiimmersis, punctiformibus, pertusis. Ascis clavatis. Sporidiis lanceolatis, uniseptatis ('015-'018 × '004 mm.) hyalino-luteolis.

On dead leaves of Weinmannia racemosa. New Zealand

(Colenso 215).

Asterina reptans, B. & C.

Stylospores; cylindrical, slightly curved, almost linear (10 \times

 1μ), hyaline.

This condition would fall into the Leptostromaceæ perhaps as a species of Leptothyrium rather than Melasmia, to either of which it is allied.

Common on various coriaceous leaves, such as *Panax*, *Knightia*, &c. New Zealand (*Colenso*).

SACCARDO, SYLLOGE FUNGORUM, VOL. IV.

The fourth volume of Professor Saccardo's book has just come to hand, including the Hyphomycetes. Undoubtedly this was the most critical and difficult of any of the sections with which our author has been called upon to deal, and we venture to think that, on the whole, he has achieved as much success as he could have hoped for. Only by practical test of experience will its real value be determined.

This volume enumerates 3,583 species, which are classed under four families—1, *Mucedinew*, or the white moulds; 2, *Dematiew*, the black moulds; 3, *Stilbew*, of which the old genus *Stilbum* is the type; and, 4, *Tuberculariew*, including such verruciform genera as *Tubercularia*. This arrangement, so far, indicates no new departure, and, we think, will commend itself as the best course which could have been adopted.

It would be manifestly unjust to venture any observations of a critical nature upon a work which has been before us but a few hours. It may be that, upon closer acquaintance with the details, we may be able to trace species of which we find at present no indication in the "Index." Under any circumstances this has been a weakness in the work, that the Index is very far from perfect, and we fear, from one or two trials, that where former volumes were weak the present is not strong. Nevertheless, although it is quite possible that in some instances we shall not feel disposed entirely to agree with Professor Saccardo when we come to use the book for working purposes, we take no exception to the arrangement he has adopted, or the general manner in which he has carried it out, unless it be here and there a suspicion of more genera than seem to be necessary.

A singular typographical error in the heading of the pages, commencing at page 239 and continued for fifty pages, is very misleading, and should have been avoided in a work of this

kind, where so much depends on ready reference.

COOKE'S HERBARIUM OF FUNGI.

The whole of M. C. Cooke's extensive Herbarium of Fungi has been acquired for the nation, and has been transferred to the Herbarium of the Royal Gardens at Kew, where it is in close proximity to the Herbarium of the Rev. M. J. Berkeley, which it even exceeds in numerical extent. It will be a source of gratification to mycologists that these two, the largest and most complete collections of Fungi ever made in this country, should have become public property, and may hereafter be consulted by Botanists from all parts of the world. The Herbarium of the Rev. M. J. Berkeley will be maintained distinct, but the other is in course of incorporation with the General Herbarium of Fungi.

FIGURES OF CORTINARII.

A good opportunity now presents itself for mycologists who are specially interested in the species of the large and difficult genus Cortinarius, to commence taking the "Illustrations of British Fungi" from part 42 onwards, by which means they will obtain figures of Coprinus and Cortinarius. Those for whom the entire work may appear too extensive and expensive, may obtain this portion, which will not exceed a single volume, and thus far it will be complete in itself, although the plates are numbered consecutively in continuation from the earlier portion of the work. Good figures are indispensable for the successful study of the species of this large genus, which will commence with part 44, as Coprinus commences with part 42, and occupies two parts.

NEW BRITISH FUNGI.

(Continued from p. 90.)

Haplographium bicolor, Grove Sci. Goss., Sept. 1885, figs. 127, 128. Stems effused, gregarious, occasionally two or three connate at the base, erect, straight, $\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$ mm. high, rigid, blackish-brown, opaque, paler and rounded above, bulbous below; head pale, honey-coloured, obovate, the lower part composed of dense per-

noney-coloured, obovate, the lower part composed of dense persistent radiating, twice penicillately branched threads; spores, oblong or ovate, hyaline, subacute (4-5 μ long).

On rotting wood. Birmingham. (W. B. Grove.)

Saccharomyces glutinis (Fries). Cohn. Beitr. I., 187. Cells round, oval, oblong, elliptic, to shortly cylindrical, 5-11 μ long, about 4 μ broad, isolated or united in twos, solder many treather. Cell membrane and contents colorwing.

5-11 μ long, about 4 μ broad, isolated or united in twos, seldom more together. Cell membrane and contents colourless when fresh, but when moistened again after drying with a faintly reddish central nucleus.—Grove Synopsis, p. 63, fig. 66.

On leaves, petioles, and bulbs of *Eucharis*, Sutton Coldfield (W. B. G.). On *Eucharis subedentata* and *Hymenocallis adnata*. Kew Gardens.

Ovularia Doronici, Sacc. Mich. 11., 638.

Hypophyllous, somewhat effused, whitish. Threads rather fasciculate, erect, $30\text{-}40 \times 3$, continuous, hyaline, shortly branched above or denticulate; conidia oblong or subfusoid (? cylindrical), often catenulate, rather acute at each extremity, $12\text{-}15 \times 4\text{-}5$, hyaline.

On living leaves of *Doronicum*. Forres. (Rev. J. Keith.) The Scotch specimens differ in the conidia, being more accurately described as cylindrical and narrower. $12-15 \times 2-3 \mu$.

Septoria adoxæ, Fckl. Symb. App. II., 21.

Perithecia, scattered or subgregarious, sometimes seated on bleached spots, at length free, black, obtusely conical, flattened at the base, minute; ostiolum obtuse, perforate; sporules cylindrical, often straight, 2-3 celled, hyaline, $32-36\times4~\mu$, hyaline.—Sacc. Syll. III., 543, No. 2945.

On leaves of Adoxa. Forres. (Rev. J. Keith.)

Ramularia adoxe, (Rabh.), Sacc. Syll. Iv., 206. Tufts on the under surface, punctiform and confluent, whitish or hoary, threads simple, slightly denticulate, $45-60 \times 3-4 \mu$, hyaline, conidia cylindrical, rod-shaped or elongated, fusiform, simple (? one to three septate), $15-33 \times 4-6 \mu$. Fusidium adoxæ, Rabh. in Herb. Myc. II., No. 598.

On living leaves of Adoxa. Forres. (Rev. J. Keith.)

This can hardly be different from Ramularia adoxæ, Sacc. Syll. Iv., 206, which is said to have simple conidia, whereas in our specimens they are 1-3 septate.

- Oospora rosella, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 163. On horse dung. Edgbaston.
- Oospora candidula, Sacc. Fungi Ital., 1880. Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 163. On Tubercularia vulgaris, &c. Sutton.
- Oospora fusca, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 163. On Bulgaria inquinans. Sutton.
- Fusidium viride, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 164.
 On dead stems of Heracleum. Bradnock's Marsh.
- Gephalosporium acremonium, Corda Ic. III., t. 2, f. 29. Grove Journ.

 Bot., 1885, 164.

On stems of Rubus, Heracleum, and on rotting wood.

- Aspergillus spiralis, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 164. On phial cork. Birmingham.
- Gliocladium penicilloides, Corda Ic. IV., f. 92. Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 164.

 On hymenium of old Stereum. Trickley coppice.
- Spicaria elegans, Harz. Hypho., 51. Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 165. On dead moss and rotting wood. Sutton.
- Dactylella rhombospora, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 166, t. 257, f. 4. On rotten wood. Selly Oak.
- Hyalopus atex, Corda Ic. IV., 89. Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 166. On decayed wood. Sutton.
- Haplographium bicolor, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 167. On rotten wood. New Park, Middleton.
- Chalaxa longissima, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 167, t. 257, f. 8. On rotten wood. Trickley Coppice.
- Diplococcium spicatum, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 167, t. 257, f. 7. On rotten wood. Sutton.
- Helminthosporium cylindricum, Corda in Sturm. XI., t. 11. Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 168. On dead wood. Twycross (Bloxam), Witton. (W. B. G.)
- Helminthosporium inconspicuum, C. & E. Grev. VI., 88, t. 99, f. 19. var. Britannicum. Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 168.

On grasses. Salford Priors.

- Acrothecium tenebrosum, Sacc. Mich. I., 74. Grove. Journ. Bot., 1885, 168.

 On dead wood. Kenilworth, Sutton.
- On dead wood. Kenilworth, Sutton.
- Pachnocybe clavulata, Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 168, t. 256, f. 10.
 On rotten wood. Hampton in Arden.
- Epicoccum granulatum, Penz. F. Agr. Grove Journ. Bot., 1885, 169.
 On culms and sheaths of Dactylis. Three Shire Oak.

WOOLHOPE CLUB FORAY.—The annual Foray is fixed this year to take place at Hereford, on Thursday, October 7th.

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APPENDIX, containing revised diagnoses of the Hymenomycetes in "Cooke's Handbook" to accompany the "Illustrations" paged separately, in continuation, pp. 113 to 144.





